i	
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to mental health and substance abuse;
3	amending s. 29.004, F.S.; including services provided
4	to treatment-based mental health programs within case
5	management funded from state revenues as an element of
6	the state courts system; amending s. 39.001, F.S.;
7	providing legislative intent regarding mental illness
8	for purposes of the child welfare system; amending s.
9	39.407, F.S.; requiring assessment findings to be
10	provided to the plan that is financially responsible
11	for a child's care in residential treatment under
12	certain circumstances; amending s. 39.507, F.S.;
13	providing for consideration of mental health issues
14	and involvement in treatment-based mental health
15	programs in adjudicatory hearings and orders;
16	providing requirements for certain court orders;
17	amending s. 39.521, F.S.; providing for consideration
18	of mental health issues and involvement in treatment-
19	based mental health programs in disposition hearings;
20	providing requirements for certain court orders;
21	amending s. 394.455, F.S.; defining terms; revising
22	definitions; amending s. 394.4573, F.S.; requiring the
23	Department of Children and Families to submit a
24	certain assessment to the Governor and the Legislature
25	by a specified date; redefining terms; providing
26	essential elements of a coordinated system of care;
27	providing requirements for the department's annual
28	assessment; authorizing the department to award
29	certain grants; deleting duties and measures of the

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30 department regarding continuity of care management 31 systems; amending s. 394.4597, F.S.; revising the prioritization of health care surrogates to be 32 selected for involuntary patients; specifying certain 33 34 persons who are prohibited from being selected as an 35 individual's representative; amending s. 394.4598, 36 F.S.; specifying certain persons who are prohibited 37 from being appointed as a person's guardian advocate; amending s. 394.462, F.S.; requiring that counties 38 39 develop and implement transportation plans; providing 40 requirements for the plans; revising requirements for transportation to receiving facilities and treatment 41 42 facilities; deleting exceptions to such requirements; amending s. 394.463, F.S.; authorizing county or 43 44 circuit courts to enter ex parte orders for involuntary examinations; requiring a facility to 45 46 provide copies of ex parte orders, reports, and 47 certifications to managing entities and the department, rather than the Agency for Health Care 48 49 Administration; requiring the managing entity and department to receive certain orders, certificates, 50 51 and reports; requiring the managing entity and the 52 department to receive and maintain copies of certain 53 documents; prohibiting a person from being held for 54 involuntary examination for more than a specified period of time; providing exceptions; requiring 55 56 certain individuals to be released to law enforcement 57 custody; providing exceptions; amending s. 394.4655, 58 F.S.; providing for involuntary outpatient services;

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59	requiring a service provider to document certain
60	inquiries; requiring the managing entity to document
61	certain efforts; making technical changes; amending s.
62	394.467, F.S.; revising criteria for involuntary
63	inpatient placement; requiring a facility filing a
64	petition for involuntary inpatient placement to send a
65	copy to the department and managing entity; revising
66	criteria for a hearing on involuntary inpatient
67	placement; revising criteria for a procedure for
68	continued involuntary inpatient services; specifying
69	requirements for a certain waiver of the patient's
70	attendance at a hearing; requiring the court to
71	consider certain testimony and evidence regarding a
72	patient's incompetence; amending s. 394.46715, F.S.;
73	revising rulemaking authority of the department;
74	amending s. 394.656, F.S.; revising the membership of
75	the Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance
76	Abuse Statewide Grant Review Committee; providing
77	duties for the committee; authorizing a not-for-profit
78	community provider or managing entity to apply for
79	certain grants; revising eligibility for such grants;
80	defining a term; creating s. 394.761, F.S.;
81	authorizing the agency and the department to develop a
82	plan for revenue maximization; requiring the plan to
83	be submitted to the Legislature by a certain date;
84	amending s. 394.875, F.S.; requiring the department to
85	modify licensure rules and procedures to create an
86	option for a single, consolidated license for certain
87	providers by a specified date; amending s. 394.9082,
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88 F.S.; providing a purpose for behavioral health 89 managing entities; revising definitions; providing 90 duties of the department; requiring the department to revise its contracts with managing entities; providing 91 92 duties for managing entities; renaming the Crisis Stabilization Services Utilization Database as the 93 94 Acute Care Utilization Database and requiring certain 95 substance abuse providers to provide utilization data; deleting provisions relating to legislative findings 96 97 and intent, service delivery strategies, essential 98 elements, reporting requirements, and rulemaking 99 authority; amending s. 397.311, F.S.; defining the 100 terms "informed consent" and "involuntary services"; 101 revising the definition of the term "gualified professional"; conforming a cross-reference; amending 102 103 s. 397.675, F.S.; revising the criteria for 104 involuntary admissions due to substance abuse or co-105 occurring mental health disorders; amending s. 106 397.679, F.S.; specifying the licensed professionals 107 who may complete a certificate for the involuntary 108 admission of an individual; amending s. 397.6791, 109 F.S.; providing a list of professionals authorized to 110 initiate a certificate for an emergency assessment or 111 admission of a person with a substance abuse disorder; 112 amending s. 397.6793, F.S.; revising the criteria for 113 initiation of a certificate for an emergency admission 114 for a person who is substance abuse impaired; amending 115 s. 397.6795, F.S.; revising the list of persons who may deliver a person for an emergency assessment; 116

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117	amending s. 397.681, F.S.; prohibiting the court from
118	charging a fee for involuntary petitions; amending s.
119	397.6811, F.S.; revising the list of persons who may
120	file a petition for an involuntary assessment and
121	stabilization; amending s. 397.6814, F.S.; prohibiting
122	a fee from being charged for the filing of a petition
123	for involuntary assessment and stabilization; amending
124	s. 397.6819, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of
125	service providers who admit an individual for an
126	involuntary assessment and stabilization; requiring a
127	managing entity to be notified of certain
128	recommendations; amending s. 397.695, F.S.;
129	authorizing certain persons to file a petition for
130	involuntary outpatient services of an individual;
131	providing procedures and requirements for such
132	petitions; amending s. 397.6951, F.S.; requiring that
133	certain additional information be included in a
134	petition for involuntary outpatient services; amending
135	s. 397.6955, F.S.; requiring a court to fulfill
136	certain additional duties upon the filing of a
137	petition for involuntary outpatient services; amending
138	s. 397.6957, F.S.; providing additional requirements
139	for a hearing on a petition for involuntary outpatient
140	services; amending s. 397.697, F.S.; authorizing a
141	court to make a determination of involuntary
142	outpatient services; authorizing a court to order a
143	respondent to undergo treatment through a privately
144	funded licensed service provider under certain
145	circumstances; prohibiting a court from ordering
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146	involuntary outpatient services under certain
147	circumstances; requiring the service provider to
148	document certain inquiries; requiring the managing
149	entity to document certain efforts; requiring a copy
150	of the court's order to be sent to the department and
151	managing entity; providing procedures for
152	modifications to such orders; amending s. 397.6971,
153	F.S.; establishing the requirements for an early
154	release from involuntary outpatient services; amending
155	s. 397.6975, F.S.; requiring the court to appoint
156	certain counsel; providing requirements for hearings
157	on petitions for continued involuntary outpatient
158	services; requiring notice of such hearings; amending
159	s. 397.6977, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes
160	made by the act; creating s. 397.6978, F.S.; providing
161	for the appointment of guardian advocates if an
162	individual is found incompetent to consent to
163	treatment; providing a list of persons prohibited from
164	being appointed as an individual's guardian advocate;
165	providing requirements for a facility requesting the
166	appointment of a guardian advocate; requiring a
167	training course for guardian advocates; providing
168	requirements for the training course; providing
169	requirements for the prioritization of individuals to
170	be selected as guardian advocates; authorizing certain
171	guardian advocates to consent to medical treatment;
172	providing exceptions; providing procedures for the
173	discharge of a guardian advocate; amending s. 409.967,
174	F.S.; requiring managed care plans to provide for
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175	quality care; amending s. 409.973, F.S.; providing an
176	integrated behavioral health initiative; amending s.
177	491.0045, F.S.; revising registration requirements for
178	interns; repealing s. 394.4674, F.S., relating to the
179	comprehensive plan and report on the
180	deinstitutionalization of patients in a treatment
181	facility; repealing s. 394.4985, F.S., relating to the
182	implementation of a districtwide information and
183	referral network; repealing s. 394.745, F.S., relating
184	to the annual report on the compliance of providers
185	under contract with the department; repealing s.
186	397.331, F.S., relating to definitions and legislative
187	intent; repealing part IX of chapter 397, consisting
188	of ss. 397.801, 397.811, and 397.821, F.S., relating
189	to substance abuse impairment services coordination;
190	repealing s. 397.901, F.S., relating to prototype
191	juvenile addictions receiving facilities; repealing s.
192	397.93, F.S., relating to target populations for
193	children's substance abuse services; repealing s.
194	397.94, F.S., relating to the information and referral
195	network for children's substance abuse services;
196	repealing s. 397.951, F.S., relating to substance
197	abuse treatment and sanctions; repealing s. 397.97,
198	F.S., relating to demonstration models for children's
199	substance abuse services; repealing s. 397.98, F.S.,
200	relating to utilization management for children's
201	substance abuse services; amending ss. 39.407,
202	212.055, 394.4599, 394.495, 394.496, 394.9085,
203	397.321, 397.405, 397.407, 397.416, 397.4871, 409.966,
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204	409.972, 440.102, 744.704, and 790.065, F.S.;
205	conforming cross-references; requiring the Department
206	of Children and Families to create a workgroup on the
207	use of advance directives for substance use disorders;
208	requiring a report to the Governor, President of the
209	Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives;
210	providing an effective date.
211	
212	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
213	
214	Section 1. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (10) of
215	section 29.004, Florida Statutes, to read:
216	29.004 State courts systemFor purposes of implementing s.
217	14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of the state
218	courts system to be provided from state revenues appropriated by
219	general law are as follows:
220	(10) Case management. Case management includes:
221	(e) Service referral, coordination, monitoring, and
222	tracking for mental health programs under chapter 394.
223	
224	Case management may not include costs associated with the
225	application of therapeutic jurisprudence principles by the
226	courts. Case management also may not include case intake and
227	records management conducted by the clerk of court.
228	Section 2. Subsection (6) of section 39.001, Florida
229	Statutes, is amended to read:
230	39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and
231	screening
232	(6) MENTAL HEALTH AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES

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(a) The Legislature recognizes that early referral and
 comprehensive treatment can help combat <u>mental illness and</u>
 substance abuse <u>disorders</u> in families and that treatment is
 cost-effective.

(b) The Legislature establishes the following goals for the
 state related to mental illness and substance abuse treatment
 services in the dependency process:

240

1. To ensure the safety of children.

241 2. To prevent and remediate the consequences of <u>mental</u> 242 <u>illness and</u> substance abuse <u>disorders</u> on families involved in 243 protective supervision or foster care and reduce <u>the occurrences</u> 244 <u>of mental illness and</u> substance abuse <u>disorders</u>, including 245 alcohol abuse <u>or other related disorders</u>, for families who are 246 at risk of being involved in protective supervision or foster 247 care.

3. To expedite permanency for children and reunify healthy,intact families, when appropriate.

250

4. To support families in recovery.

251 (c) The Legislature finds that children in the care of the 252 state's dependency system need appropriate health care services, 253 that the impact of mental illnesses and substance abuse on 254 health indicates the need for health care services to include 255 treatment for mental health and substance abuse disorders for 256 services to children and parents where appropriate, and that it 257 is in the state's best interest that such children be provided 258 the services they need to enable them to become and remain 259 independent of state care. In order to provide these services, 260 the state's dependency system must have the ability to identify and provide appropriate intervention and treatment for children 261

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262 with personal or family-related mental illness and substance 263 abuse problems.

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature to encourage the 264 265 use of the mental health programs established under chapter 394 266 and the drug court program model established under by s. 397.334 267 and authorize courts to assess children and persons who have 268 custody or are requesting custody of children where good cause 269 is shown to identify and address mental illnesses and substance 270 abuse disorders problems as the court deems appropriate at every 271 stage of the dependency process. Participation in treatment, including a treatment-based mental health court program or a 272 273 treatment-based drug court program, may be required by the court 274 following adjudication. Participation in assessment and 275 treatment before prior to adjudication is shall be voluntary, 276 except as provided in s. 39.407(16).

(e) It is therefore the purpose of the Legislature to
provide authority for the state to contract with <u>mental health</u>
<u>service providers and</u> community substance abuse treatment
providers for the development and operation of specialized
support and overlay services for the dependency system, which
will be fully implemented and used as resources permit.

(f) Participation in <u>a treatment-based mental health court</u> program or <u>a</u> the treatment-based drug court program does not divest any public or private agency of its responsibility for a child or adult, but is intended to enable these agencies to better meet their needs through shared responsibility and resources.

289 Section 3. Paragraph (c) of subsection (6) of section 290 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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291 292

39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse 293 examination of person with or requesting child custody.-

294 (6) Children who are in the legal custody of the department may be placed by the department, without prior approval of the 295 296 court, in a residential treatment center licensed under s. 297 394.875 or a hospital licensed under chapter 395 for residential 298 mental health treatment only pursuant to this section or may be 299 placed by the court in accordance with an order of involuntary 300 examination or involuntary placement entered pursuant to s. 301 394.463 or s. 394.467. All children placed in a residential 302 treatment program under this subsection must have a guardian ad 303 litem appointed.

304 (c) Before a child is admitted under this subsection, the 305 child shall be assessed for suitability for residential 306 treatment by a qualified evaluator who has conducted a personal 307 examination and assessment of the child and has made written 308 findings that:

309 1. The child appears to have an emotional disturbance 310 serious enough to require residential treatment and is 311 reasonably likely to benefit from the treatment.

312 2. The child has been provided with a clinically 313 appropriate explanation of the nature and purpose of the 314 treatment.

3. All available modalities of treatment less restrictive 315 316 than residential treatment have been considered, and a less 317 restrictive alternative that would offer comparable benefits to the child is unavailable. 318

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320 A copy of the written findings of the evaluation and suitability 321 assessment must be provided to the department, and to the guardian ad litem, and, if the child is a member of a Medicaid 322 323 Managed Health Care Plan, to the plan that is financially 324 responsible for the child's care in residential treatment, any 325 of whom must be provided who shall have the opportunity to 326 discuss the findings with the evaluator. 327 Section 4. Subsection (10) of section 39.507, Florida 328 Statutes, is amended to read: 329 39.507 Adjudicatory hearings; orders of adjudication.-330 (10) After an adjudication of dependency, or a finding of 331 dependency in which where adjudication is withheld, the court may order a person who has, custody or is requesting, custody of 332 333 the child to submit to a mental health or substance abuse 334 disorder assessment or evaluation. The order may be made only 335 upon good cause shown and pursuant to notice and procedural 336 requirements provided under the Florida Rules of Juvenile 337 Procedure. The assessment or evaluation must be administered by 338 an appropriate a qualified professional, as defined in s. 339 394.455 or s. 397.311. The court may also require such person to 340 participate in and comply with treatment and services identified 341 as necessary, including, when appropriate and available, 342 participation in and compliance with a mental health program 343 established under chapter 394 or a treatment-based drug court program established under s. 397.334. In addition to supervision 344 345 by the department, the court, including a treatment-based mental health court program or a the treatment-based drug court 346 347 program, may oversee the progress and compliance with treatment by a person who has custody or is requesting custody of the 348

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349 child. The court may impose appropriate available sanctions for 350 noncompliance upon a person who has custody or is requesting 351 custody of the child or make a finding of noncompliance for 352 consideration in determining whether an alternative placement of 353 the child is in the child's best interests. Any order entered 354 under this subsection may be made only upon good cause shown. 355 This subsection does not authorize placement of a child with a 356 person seeking custody, other than the parent or legal 357 custodian, who requires mental health or substance abuse 358 disorder treatment.

- 359 Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section360 39.521, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 361

39.521 Disposition hearings; powers of disposition.-

362 (1) A disposition hearing shall be conducted by the court, 363 if the court finds that the facts alleged in the petition for 364 dependency were proven in the adjudicatory hearing, or if the 365 parents or legal custodians have consented to the finding of 366 dependency or admitted the allegations in the petition, have 367 failed to appear for the arraignment hearing after proper 368 notice, or have not been located despite a diligent search 369 having been conducted.

(b) When any child is adjudicated by a court to be dependent, the court having jurisdiction of the child has the power by order to:

373 1. Require the parent and, when appropriate, the legal 374 custodian and the child to participate in treatment and services 375 identified as necessary. The court may require the person who 376 has custody or who is requesting custody of the child to submit 377 to a mental illness or substance abuse <u>disorder</u> assessment or

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378 evaluation. The order may be made only upon good cause shown and 379 pursuant to notice and procedural requirements provided under 380 the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure. The assessment or 381 evaluation must be administered by an appropriate a qualified 382 professional, as defined in s. 394.455 or s. 397.311. The court 383 may also require such person to participate in and comply with 384 treatment and services identified as necessary, including, when appropriate and available, participation in and compliance with 385 386 a mental health program established under chapter 394 or a 387 treatment-based drug court program established under s. 397.334. 388 In addition to supervision by the department, the court, 389 including a treatment-based mental health court program or a the 390 treatment-based drug court program, may oversee the progress and compliance with treatment by a person who has custody or is 391 requesting custody of the child. The court may impose 392 393 appropriate available sanctions for noncompliance upon a person 394 who has custody or is requesting custody of the child or make a 395 finding of noncompliance for consideration in determining 396 whether an alternative placement of the child is in the child's 397 best interests. Any order entered under this subparagraph may be 398 made only upon good cause shown. This subparagraph does not 399 authorize placement of a child with a person seeking custody of 400 the child, other than the child's parent or legal custodian, who 401 requires mental health or substance abuse treatment.

402 2. Require, if the court deems necessary, the parties to403 participate in dependency mediation.

3. Require placement of the child either under the
protective supervision of an authorized agent of the department
in the home of one or both of the child's parents or in the home

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407 of a relative of the child or another adult approved by the 408 court, or in the custody of the department. Protective 409 supervision continues until the court terminates it or until the 410 child reaches the age of 18, whichever date is first. Protective 411 supervision shall be terminated by the court whenever the court 412 determines that permanency has been achieved for the child, 413 whether with a parent, another relative, or a legal custodian, 414 and that protective supervision is no longer needed. The 415 termination of supervision may be with or without retaining jurisdiction, at the court's discretion, and shall in either 416 417 case be considered a permanency option for the child. The order 418 terminating supervision by the department must shall set forth 419 the powers of the custodian of the child and shall include the 420 powers ordinarily granted to a guardian of the person of a minor 421 unless otherwise specified. Upon the court's termination of 422 supervision by the department, no further judicial reviews are 423 not required if, so long as permanency has been established for 424 the child. 425 Section 6. Section 394.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to 426 read:

394.455 Definitions.—As used in this part, unless the
context clearly requires otherwise, the term:

(1) "Access center" means a facility staffed by medical, behavioral, and substance abuse professionals which provides emergency screening and evaluation for mental health or substance abuse disorders and may provide transportation to an appropriate facility if an individual is in need of more intensive services.
(2) "Addictions receiving facility" is a secure, acute care

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436	facility that, at a minimum, provides emergency screening,
437	evaluation, detoxification and stabilization services; is
438	operated 24 hours per day, 7 days per week; and is designated by
439	the department to serve individuals found to have substance
440	abuse impairment who qualify for services under this part.
441	(3)(1) "Administrator" means the chief administrative
442	officer of a receiving or treatment facility or his or her
443	designee.
444	(4) "Adult" means an individual who is 18 years of age or
445	older or who has had the disability of nonage removed under
446	chapter 743.
447	(5) "Advanced registered nurse practitioner" means any
448	person licensed in this state to practice professional nursing
449	who is certified in advanced or specialized nursing practice
450	<u>under s. 464.012.</u>
451	<u>(6)</u> "Clinical psychologist" means a psychologist as
452	defined in s. 490.003(7) with 3 years of postdoctoral experience
453	in the practice of clinical psychology, inclusive of the
454	experience required for licensure, or a psychologist employed by
455	a facility operated by the United States Department of Veterans
456	Affairs that qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility
457	under this part.
458	(7) (3) "Clinical record" means all parts of the record
459	required to be maintained and includes all medical records,
460	progress notes, charts, and admission and discharge data, and
461	all other information recorded by a facility <u>staff</u> which
462	pertains to the patient's hospitalization or treatment.
463	<u>(8)</u> "Clinical social worker" means a person licensed as
464	a clinical social worker under <u>s. 491.005 or s. 491.006</u> chapter
1	Page 16 of 137

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465	491 .
466	<u>(9)(5) "Community facility" means <u>a</u> any community service</u>
467	provider <u>that contracts</u> contracting with the department to
468	furnish substance abuse or mental health services under part IV
469	of this chapter.
470	<u>(10)(6) "Community mental health center or clinic" means a</u>
471	publicly funded, not-for-profit center <u>that</u> which contracts with
472	the department for the provision of inpatient, outpatient, day
473	treatment, or emergency services.
474	(11)(7) "Court," unless otherwise specified, means the
475	circuit court.
476	(12) (8) "Department" means the Department of Children and
477	Families.
478	(13) "Designated receiving facility" means a facility
479	approved by the department which may be a public or private
480	hospital, crisis stabilization unit, addictions receiving
481	facility and provides, at a minimum, emergency screening,
482	evaluation, and short-term stabilization for mental health or
483	substance abuse disorders, and which may have an agreement with
484	a corresponding facility for transportation and services.
485	(14) "Detoxification facility" means a facility licensed to
486	provide detoxification services under chapter 397.
487	(15) "Electronic means" is a form of telecommunication
488	which requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio
489	communication when being used to conduct an examination by a
490	qualified professional.
491	(16) (9) "Express and informed consent" means consent
492	voluntarily given in writing, by a competent person, after
493	sufficient explanation and disclosure of the subject matter

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494 involved to enable the person to make a knowing and willful 495 decision without any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress, or 496 other form of constraint or coercion.

(17) (10) "Facility" means any hospital, community facility, 497 498 public or private facility, or receiving or treatment facility 499 providing for the evaluation, diagnosis, care, treatment, 500 training, or hospitalization of persons who appear to have a 501 mental illness or who have been diagnosed as having a mental 502 illness or substance abuse impairment. The term "Facility" does 503 not include a any program or an entity licensed under pursuant 504 to chapter 400 or chapter 429.

505 <u>(18) "Governmental facility" means a facility owned,</u> 506 <u>operated, or administered by the Department of Corrections or</u> 507 <u>the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.</u>

508 <u>(19)</u> (11) "Guardian" means the natural guardian of a minor, 509 or a person appointed by a court to act on behalf of a ward's 510 person if the ward is a minor or has been adjudicated 511 incapacitated.

512 <u>(20) (12)</u> "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by a 513 court to make decisions regarding mental health <u>or substance</u> 514 <u>abuse</u> treatment on behalf of a patient who has been found 515 incompetent to consent to treatment pursuant to this part. The 516 guardian advocate may be granted specific additional powers by 517 written order of the court, as provided in this part.

518 <u>(21)(13)</u> "Hospital" means a <u>hospital</u> facility as defined in 519 s. 395.002 and licensed under chapter 395 and part II of chapter 520 408.

521 (22) (14) "Incapacitated" means that a person has been 522 adjudicated incapacitated pursuant to part V of chapter 744 and

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523	a guardian of the person has been appointed.
524	(23) (15) "Incompetent to consent to treatment" means <u>a</u>
525	<u>state in which</u> that a person's judgment is so affected by <u>a</u> his
526	or her mental illness <u>or a substance abuse impairment,</u> that <u>he</u>
527	<u>or she</u> the person lacks the capacity to make a well-reasoned,
528	willful, and knowing decision concerning his or her medical, or
529	mental health, or substance abuse treatment.
530	(24) "Involuntary examination" means an examination
531	performed under s. 394.463 or s. 397.675 to determine whether a
532	person qualifies for involuntary services.
533	(25) "Involuntary services" in this part means court-
534	ordered outpatient services or inpatient placement for mental
535	health treatment pursuant to s. 394.4655 or s. 394.467.
536	(26) (16) "Law enforcement officer" has the same meaning as
537	provided means a law enforcement officer as defined in s.
538	943.10.
539	(27) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person
540	licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under s.
541	<u>491.005 or s. 491.006.</u>
542	(28) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed to
543	practice mental health counseling under s. 491.005 or s.
544	<u>491.006.</u>
545	<u>(29)</u> (17) "Mental health overlay program" means a mobile
546	service that which provides an independent examination for
547	voluntary <u>admission</u> admissions and a range of supplemental
548	onsite services to persons with a mental illness in a
549	residential setting such as a nursing home, <u>an</u> assisted living
550	facility, or an adult family-care home $_{m au}$ or ${ m a}$ nonresidential
551	setting such as an adult day care center. Independent

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examinations provided pursuant to this part through a mental health overlay program must only be provided under contract with the department for this service or be attached to a public receiving facility that is also a community mental health center.

557 (30) (18) "Mental illness" means an impairment of the mental 558 or emotional processes that exercise conscious control of one's 559 actions or of the ability to perceive or understand reality, 560 which impairment substantially interferes with the person's 561 ability to meet the ordinary demands of living. For the purposes 562 of this part, the term does not include a developmental 563 disability as defined in chapter 393, intoxication, or 564 conditions manifested only by antisocial behavior or substance 565 abuse impairment.

566 <u>(31) "Minor" means an individual who is 17 years of age or</u> 567 <u>younger and who has not had the disability of nonage removed</u> 568 <u>pursuant to s. 743.01 or s. 743.015.</u>

569 (32) (19) "Mobile crisis response service" means a 570 nonresidential crisis service attached to a public receiving 571 facility and available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, through 572 which provides immediate intensive assessments and 573 interventions, including screening for admission into a mental 574 health receiving facility, an addictions receiving facility, or a detoxification facility, take place for the purpose of 575 576 identifying appropriate treatment services.

577 <u>(33)</u> (20) "Patient" means any person, with or without a co-578 <u>occurring substance abuse disorder</u> who is held or accepted for 579 mental health treatment.

580

(34) (21) "Physician" means a medical practitioner licensed

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581 under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience in the 582 diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous disorders or a 583 physician employed by a facility operated by the United States 584 Department of Veterans Affairs or the United States Department 585 <u>of Defense</u> which qualifies as a receiving or treatment facility 586 under this part.

587 <u>(35) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under</u> 588 <u>chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has experience in the diagnosis</u> 589 <u>and treatment of mental disorders.</u>

590 <u>(36)(22)</u> "Private facility" means any hospital or facility 591 operated by a for-profit or not-for-profit corporation or 592 association which that provides mental health or substance abuse 593 services and is not a public facility.

594 <u>(37)(23)</u> "Psychiatric nurse" means an advanced registered 595 nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 who has a master's 596 or doctoral degree in psychiatric nursing, holds a national 597 advanced practice certification as a psychiatric mental health 598 advanced practice nurse, and has 2 years of post-master's 599 clinical experience under the supervision of a physician.

600 <u>(38) (24)</u> "Psychiatrist" means a medical practitioner 601 licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has primarily 602 diagnosed and treated mental and nervous disorders for <u>at least</u> 603 <u>a period of not less than</u> 3 years, inclusive of psychiatric 604 residency.

605 <u>(39)(25)</u> "Public facility" means <u>a</u> any facility that has 606 contracted with the department to provide mental health services 607 to all persons, regardless of their ability to pay, and is 608 receiving state funds for such purpose.

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(40) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a

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610 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a 611 professional licensed under chapter 490.003(7) or chapter 491; a 612 psychiatrist licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; or a 613 psychiatric nurse as defined in subsection (37). 614 (41)(26) "Receiving facility" means any public or private

615 facility <u>or hospital</u> designated by the department to receive and 616 hold <u>or refer, as appropriate</u>, involuntary patients under 617 emergency conditions or for <u>mental health or substance abuse</u> 618 psychiatric evaluation and to provide short-term treatment <u>or</u> 619 <u>transportation to the appropriate service provider</u>. The term 620 does not include a county jail.

621 (42) (27) "Representative" means a person selected to
622 receive notice of proceedings during the time a patient is held
623 in or admitted to a receiving or treatment facility.

624 (43)(28)(a) "Restraint" means: a physical device, method, 625 or drug used to control behavior.

626 (a) A physical restraint, including is any manual method or 627 physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached 628 or adjacent to an the individual's body so that he or she cannot 629 easily remove the restraint and which restricts freedom of 630 movement or normal access to one's body. Physical restraint includes the physical holding of a person during a procedure to 631 forcibly administer psychotropic medication. Physical restraint 632 633 does not include physical devices such as orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and bandages, 634 635 supportive body bands, or other physical holding when necessary 636 for routine physical examinations and tests or for purposes of 637 orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical treatment, when 638 used to provide support for the achievement of functional body

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639 position or proper balance, or when used to protect a person 640 from falling out of bed. (b) A drug or used as a restraint is a medication used to 641 642 control a the person's behavior or to restrict his or her 643 freedom of movement which and is not part of the standard 644 treatment regimen of a person with a diagnosed mental illness 645 who is a client of the department. Physically holding a person 646 during a procedure to forcibly administer psychotropic 647 medication is a physical restraint. (c) Restraint does not include physical devices, such as 648 649 orthopedically prescribed appliances, surgical dressings and 650 bandages, supportive body bands, or other physical holding when 651 necessary for routine physical examinations and tests; or for purposes of orthopedic, surgical, or other similar medical 652 653 treatment; when used to provide support for the achievement of 654 functional body position or proper balance; or when used to 655 protect a person from falling out of bed. (44) "School psychologist" has the same meaning as in s. 656 657 490.003. 658 (45) (29) "Seclusion" means the physical segregation of a 659 person in any fashion or involuntary isolation of a person in a 660 room or area from which the person is prevented from leaving. The prevention may be by physical barrier or by a staff member 661 who is acting in a manner, or who is physically situated, so as 662

664 purposes of this <u>part</u> chapter, the term does not mean isolation 665 due to a person's medical condition or symptoms.

to prevent the person from leaving the room or area. For

666 (46)(30) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Children and 667 Families.

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668 (47) "Service provider" means a receiving facility, any 669 facility licensed under chapter 397, a treatment facility, an 670 entity under contract with the department to provide mental 671 health or substance abuse services, a community mental health 672 center or clinic, a psychologist, a clinical social worker, a 673 marriage and family therapist, a mental health counselor, a 674 physician, a psychiatrist, an advanced registered nurse 675 practitioner, a psychiatric nurse, or a qualified professional 676 as defined in this section.

677 (48) "Substance abuse impairment" means a condition
 678 involving the use of alcoholic beverages or any psychoactive or
 679 mood-altering substance in such a manner that a person has lost
 680 the power of self-control and has inflicted or is likely to
 681 inflict physical harm on himself or herself or others.

(49) (31) "Transfer evaluation" means the process by which \overline{r} 682 683 as approved by the appropriate district office of the 684 department, whereby a person who is being considered for 685 placement in a state treatment facility is first evaluated for 686 appropriateness of admission to a state treatment the facility 687 by a community-based public receiving facility or by a community 688 mental health center or clinic if the public receiving facility 689 is not a community mental health center or clinic.

690 <u>(50)</u> (32) "Treatment facility" means <u>a</u> any state-owned, 691 state-operated, or state-supported hospital, center, or clinic 692 designated by the department for extended treatment and 693 hospitalization, beyond that provided for by a receiving 694 facility, of persons who have a mental illness, including 695 facilities of the United States Government, and any private 696 facility designated by the department when rendering such

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697 services to a person pursuant to the provisions of this part.
698 Patients treated in facilities of the United States Government
699 shall be solely those whose care is the responsibility of the
700 United States Department of Veterans Affairs.

701 (51) "Triage center" means a facility that is designated by 702 the department and has medical, behavioral, and substance abuse 703 professionals present or on call to provide emergency screening 704 and evaluation of individuals transported to the center by a law 705 enforcement officer.

706 (33) "Service provider" means any public or private 707 receiving facility, an entity under contract with the Department 708 of Children and Families to provide mental health services, a 709 clinical psychologist, a clinical social worker, a marriage and 710 family therapist, a mental health counselor, a physician, a 711 psychiatric nurse as defined in subsection (23), or a community 712 mental health center or clinic as defined in this part.

713 (34) "Involuntary examination" means an examination 714 performed under s. 394.463 to determine if an individual 715 qualifies for involuntary inpatient treatment under s. 716 394.467(1) or involuntary outpatient treatment under s. 717 394.4655(1).

718 (35) "Involuntary placement" means either involuntary 719 outpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.4655 or involuntary 720 inpatient treatment pursuant to s. 394.467.

721 (36) "Marriage and family therapist" means a person 722 licensed as a marriage and family therapist under chapter 491. 723 (37) "Mental health counselor" means a person licensed as a 724 mental health counselor under chapter 491.

(38) "Electronic means" means a form of telecommunication

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726 that requires all parties to maintain visual as well as audio 727 communication. Section 7. Section 394.4573, Florida Statutes, is amended 728 729 to read: 730 394.4573 Coordinated system of care; annual assessment; 731 essential elements Continuity of care management system; 732 measures of performance; system improvement grants; reports.-On 733 or before October 1 of each year, the department shall submit to 734 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 735 the House of Representatives an assessment of the behavioral 736 health services in this state in the context of the No-Wrong-737 Door model and standards set forth in this section. The 738 department's assessment shall be based on both quantitative and 739 qualitative data and must identify any significant regional 740 variations. The assessment must include information gathered 741 from managing entities; service providers; facilities performing acute behavioral health care triage functions for the community; 742 743 crisis stabilization units; detoxification units; addictions 744 receiving facilities and hospitals, both public and private; law 745 enforcement; judicial officials; local governments; behavioral 746 health consumers and their family members; and the public. 747 (1) As used in For the purposes of this section: 748 (a) "Case management" means those direct services provided 749 to a client in order to assess his or her activities aimed at 750 assessing client needs, plan or arrange planning services, 751 coordinate service providers, link linking the service system to 752 a client, monitor coordinating the various system components, 753 monitoring service delivery, and evaluate patient outcomes 754 evaluating the effect of service delivery.

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755 (b) "Case manager" means an individual who works with 756 clients, and their families and significant others, to provide 757 case management. 758 (c) "Client manager" means an employee of the managing 759 entity or entity under contract with the managing entity 760 department who is assigned to specific provider agencies and 761 geographic areas to ensure that the full range of needed 762 services is available to clients. 763 (d) "Coordinated system Continuity of care management system" means a system that assures, within available resources, 764 765 that clients have access to the full array of behavioral and 766 related services in a region or community offered by all service 767 providers, whether participating under contract with the 768 managing entity or another method of community partnership or 769 mutual agreement within the mental health services delivery 770 system. 771 (e) "No-Wrong-Door model" means a model for the delivery of 772 acute care services to persons who have mental health or 773 substance abuse disorders, or both, which optimizes access to 774 care, regardless of the entry point to the behavioral health 775 care system. 776 (2) The essential elements of a coordinated system of care 777 include: 778 (a) Community interventions, such as prevention, primary 779 care for behavioral health needs, therapeutic and supportive 780 services, crisis response services, and diversion programs. 781 (b) A designated receiving system shall consist of one or 782 more facilities serving a defined geographic area and 783 responsible for assessment and evaluation, both voluntary and

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784 involuntary, and treatment or triage for patients who present 785 with mental illness, substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring 786 disorders. A county or several counties shall plan the 787 designated receiving system through an inclusive process, that 788 includes the managing entity and is open to participation from 789 individuals with behavioral health needs, their families, 790 providers, law enforcement, and other parties. The county or 791 counties, in collaboration with the managing entity, shall 792 document the designated receiving system through memorandum of 793 agreement or other binding arrangements. The county or counties 794 and the managing entity shall approve the designated receiving system by October 31, 2017, and the county or counties shall 795 review, update as necessary, and reapprove the designated 796 797 receiving system at least once every three years. The designated 798 receiving system shall function as a no-wrong-door model and may 799 be organized in any manner which functions as a no-wrong-door 800 model that responds to individual needs and integrates services among various providers. Such models include but are not limited 801 802 to: 803 1. A central receiving system, which consists of a 804 designated central receiving facility that serves as a single 805 entry point for persons with mental health or substance abuse 806 disorders, or both. The central receiving facility must be capable of assessment, evaluation, and triage or treatment for 807 808 various conditions and circumstances. 809 2. A coordinated receiving system, which consists of 810 multiple entry points that are linked by shared data systems, 811 formal referral agreements, and cooperative arrangements for 812 care coordination and case management. Each entry point must be

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813	a designated receiving facility and must provide or arrange for
814	necessary services following an initial assessment and
815	evaluation.
816	3. A tiered receiving system, which consists of multiple
817	entry points, some of which offer only specialized or limited
818	services. Each service provider must be classified according to
819	its capabilities as either a designated receiving facility, or
820	another type of service provider such as a residential
821	detoxification center, triage center, or an access center. All
822	participating service providers must be linked by methods to
823	share data that are compliant with both state and federal
824	patient privacy and confidentiality laws, formal referral
825	agreements, and cooperative arrangements for care coordination
826	and case management. An accurate inventory of the participating
827	service providers which specifies the capabilities and
828	limitations of each provider must be maintained and made
829	available at all times to all first responders in the service
830	area.
831	(c) Transportation in accordance with a plan developed
832	under s. 394.462.
833	(d) Crisis services, including mobile response teams,
834	crisis stabilization units, addiction receiving facilities, and
835	detoxification facilities.
836	(e) Case management, including intensive case management
837	for individuals determined to be high-need or high-utilization
838	individuals under s. 394.9082(2)(e).
839	(f) Outpatient services.
840	(g) Residential services.
841	(h) Hospital inpatient care.

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842	(i) Aftercare and other post-discharge services.
843	(j) Medication-assisted treatment and medication
844	management.
845	(k) Recovery support, including housing assistance and
846	support for competitive employment, educational attainment,
847	independent living skills development, family support and
848	education, and wellness management and self-care.
849	(3) The department's annual assessment must compare the
850	status and performance of the extant behavioral health system
851	with the following standards and any other standards or measures
852	that the department determines to be applicable.
853	(a) The capacity of the contracted service providers to
854	meet estimated need when such estimates are based on credible
855	evidence and sound methodologies.
856	(b) The extent to which the behavioral health system uses
857	evidence-informed practices and broadly disseminates the results
858	of quality improvement activities to all service providers.
859	(c) The degree to which services are offered in the least
860	restrictive and most appropriate therapeutic environment.
861	(d) The scope of system-wide accountability activities used
862	to monitor patient outcomes and measure continuous improvement
863	in the behavioral health system.
864	(4) Subject to a specific appropriation by the Legislature,
865	the department may award system improvement grants to managing
866	entities based on the submission of a detailed plan to enhance
867	services, coordination, or performance measurement in accordance
868	with the model and standards specified in this section. Such a
869	grant must be awarded through a performance-based contract that
870	links payments to the documented and measurable achievement of

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871	system improvements The department is directed to implement a
872	continuity of care management system for the provision of mental
873	health care, through the provision of client and case
874	management, including clients referred from state treatment
875	facilities to community mental health facilities. Such system
876	shall include a network of client managers and case managers
877	throughout the state designed to:
878	(a) Reduce the possibility of a client's admission or
879	readmission to a state treatment facility.
880	(b) Provide for the creation or designation of an agency in
881	each county to provide single intake services for each person
882	seeking mental health services. Such agency shall provide
883	information and referral services necessary to ensure that
884	clients receive the most appropriate and least restrictive form
885	of care, based on the individual needs of the person seeking
886	treatment. Such agency shall have a single telephone number,
887	operating 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, where practicable,
888	at a central location, where each client will have a central
889	record.
890	(c) Advocate on behalf of the client to ensure that all
891	appropriate services are afforded to the client in a timely and
892	dignified manner.
893	(d) Require that any public receiving facility initiating a
894	patient transfer to a licensed hospital for acute care mental
895	health services not accessible through the public receiving
896	facility shall notify the hospital of such transfer and send all
897	records relating to the emergency psychiatric or medical
898	condition.
899	(3) The department is directed to develop and include in

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900	contracts with service providers measures of performance with
901	regard to goals and objectives as specified in the state plan.
902	Such measures shall use, to the extent practical, existing data
903	collection methods and reports and shall not require, as a
904	result of this subsection, additional reports on the part of
905	service providers. The department shall plan monitoring visits
906	of community mental health facilities with other state, federal,
907	and local governmental and private agencies charged with
908	monitoring such facilities.
909	Section 8. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2) of
910	section 394.4597, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
911	394.4597 Persons to be notified; patient's representative
912	(2) INVOLUNTARY PATIENTS
913	(d) When the receiving or treatment facility selects a
914	representative, first preference shall be given to a health care
915	surrogate, if one has been previously selected by the patient.
916	If the patient has not previously selected a health care
917	surrogate, the selection, except for good cause documented in
918	the patient's clinical record, shall be made from the following
919	list in the order of listing:
920	1. The patient's spouse.
921	2. An adult child of the patient.
922	3. A parent of the patient.
923	4. The adult next of kin of the patient.
924	5. An adult friend of the patient.
925	6. The appropriate Florida local advocacy council as
926	provided in s. 402.166.
927	(e) The following persons are prohibited from selection as
928	a patient's representative:

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929 1. A professional providing clinical services to the 930 patient under this part. 931 2. The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary 932 examination of the patient, if the examination was initiated by professional certificate. 933 934 3. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the 935 facility providing the examination of the patient. 936 4. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of a 937 treatment facility providing treatment for the patient. 938 5. A person providing any substantial professional services 939 to the patient, including clinical services. 940 6. A creditor of the patient. 941 7. A person subject to an injunction for protection against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of 942 943 injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was 944 the petitioner. 945 8. A person subject to an injunction for protection against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating violence 946 947 under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is temporary 948 or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner A 949 licensed professional providing services to the patient under 950 this part, an employee of a facility providing direct services 951 to the patient under this part, a department employee, a person 952 providing other substantial services to the patient in a 953 professional or business capacity, or a creditor of the patient 954 shall not be appointed as the patient's representative. 955 Section 9. Present subsections (2) through (7) of section 956 394.4598, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (3) through (8), respectively, a new subsection (2) is added to that 957

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958	section, and present subsections (3) and (4) of that section are
959	amended, to read:
960	394.4598 Guardian advocate
961	(2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment
962	as a patient's guardian advocate:
963	(a) A professional providing clinical services to the
964	patient under this part.
965	(b) The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary
966	examination of the patient, if the examination was initiated by
967	professional certificate.
968	(c) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
969	facility providing the examination of the patient.
970	(d) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of a
971	treatment facility providing treatment of the patient.
972	(e) A person providing any substantial professional
973	services, excluding public and professional guardians, to the
974	patient, including clinical services.
975	(f) A creditor of the patient.
976	(g) A person subject to an injunction for protection
977	against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
978	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was
979	the petitioner.
980	(h) A person subject to an injunction for protection
981	against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating
982	violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is
983	temporary or final, and for which the patient was the
984	petitioner.
985	(4)-(3) In lieu of the training required of guardians
986	appointed pursuant to chapter 744, Prior to a guardian advocate

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987 must, at a minimum, participate in a 4-hour training course 988 approved by the court before exercising his or her authority \overline{r} 989 the guardian advocate shall attend a training course approved by 990 the court. At a minimum, this training course, of not less than 991 4 hours, must include, at minimum, information about the patient 992 rights, psychotropic medications, the diagnosis of mental 993 illness, the ethics of medical decisionmaking, and duties of 994 guardian advocates. This training course shall take the place of 995 the training required for guardians appointed pursuant to 996 chapter 744.

(5) (4) The required training course and the information to 997 998 be supplied to prospective quardian advocates before prior to 999 their appointment and the training course for guardian advocates 1000 must be developed and completed through a course developed by the department, and approved by the chief judge of the circuit 1001 1002 court, and taught by a court-approved organization, which-1003 Court-approved organizations may include, but is are not limited to, a community college community or junior colleges, a 1004 1005 guardianship organization guardianship organizations, a and the 1006 local bar association, or The Florida Bar. The training course 1007 may be web-based, provided in video format, or other electronic means but must be capable of ensuring the identity and 1008 1009 participation of the prospective guardian advocate. The court 1010 may, in its discretion, waive some or all of the training 1011 requirements for quardian advocates or impose additional 1012 requirements. The court shall make its decision on a case-by-1013 case basis and, in making its decision, shall consider the 1014 experience and education of the guardian advocate, the duties 1015 assigned to the guardian advocate, and the needs of the patient.

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1016 Section 10. Section 394.462, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1017 1018 394.462 Transportation.-A transportation plan must be 1019 developed and implemented by each county, in consultation with 1020 the managing entity and in accordance with this section. A 1021 county may enter into a memorandum of understanding with the 1022 governing boards of nearby counties to establish a shared 1023 transportation plan. When multiple counties enter into a 1024 memorandum of understanding for this purpose, the counties shall 1025 provide a copy of the agreement to the managing entity. The 1026 transportation plan shall describe methods of transport to a 1027 facility within the designated receiving system for individuals 1028 subject to involuntary examination under s. 394.463 or 1029 involuntary assessment and stabilization under s. 397.675, and 1030 may identify responsibility for transportation between 1031 participating facilities when necessary and agreed to by the 1032 facility. The plan may rely on emergency medical transport 1033 services or private transport companies as appropriate. The plan 1034 shall comply with the transportation provisions of ss. 394.462, 1035 397.6772, 397.6795, 397.6822, and 397.697. 1036 (1) TRANSPORTATION TO A RECEIVING FACILITY.-1037 (a) Each county shall designate a single law enforcement 1038 agency within the county, or portions thereof, to take a person 1039 into custody upon the entry of an ex parte order or the 1040 execution of a certificate for involuntary examination by an 1041 authorized professional and to transport that person to an 1042 appropriate facility within the designated receiving system the 1043 nearest receiving facility for examination. 1044 (b)1. The designated law enforcement agency may decline to

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transport the person to a receiving facility only if: a.1. The jurisdiction designated by the county has contracted on an annual basis with an emergency medical transport service or private transport company for transportation of persons to receiving facilities pursuant to this section at the sole cost of the county; and

b.2. The law enforcement agency and the emergency medical transport service or private transport company agree that the continued presence of law enforcement personnel is not necessary for the safety of the person or others.

2.3. The entity providing transportation jurisdiction designated by the county may seek reimbursement for transportation expenses. The party responsible for payment for such transportation is the person receiving the transportation. The county shall seek reimbursement from the following sources in the following order:

a. From a private or public third-party payor an insurance company, health care corporation, or other source, if the person receiving the transportation has applicable coverage is covered by an insurance policy or subscribes to a health care corporation or other source for payment of such expenses.

b. From the person receiving the transportation.

c. From a financial settlement for medical care, treatment, hospitalization, or transportation payable or accruing to the injured party.

(c) (b) A Any company that transports a patient pursuant to this subsection is considered an independent contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified transport transportation of the patient. Such company must be insured and

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1074 provide no less than \$100,000 in liability insurance with 1075 respect to the transport transportation of patients.

076 <u>(d) (c)</u> Any company that contracts with a governing board of a county to transport patients shall comply with the applicable rules of the department to ensure the safety and dignity of the patients.

(e) (d) When a law enforcement officer takes custody of a person pursuant to this part, the officer may request assistance from emergency medical personnel if such assistance is needed for the safety of the officer or the person in custody.

(f) (e) When a member of a mental health overlay program or a mobile crisis response service is a professional authorized to initiate an involuntary examination pursuant to s. 394.463 or s. <u>397.675</u> and that professional evaluates a person and determines that transportation to a receiving facility is needed, the service, at its discretion, may transport the person to the facility or may call on the law enforcement agency or other transportation arrangement best suited to the needs of the patient.

1093 <u>(g) (f)</u> When any law enforcement officer has custody of a 1094 person based on either noncriminal or minor criminal behavior 1095 that meets the statutory guidelines for involuntary examination 1096 under this part, the law enforcement officer shall transport the 1097 person to <u>an appropriate</u> the nearest receiving facility <u>within</u> 1098 the designated receiving system for examination.

1099 (h) (g) When any law enforcement officer has arrested a 1100 person for a felony and it appears that the person meets the 1101 statutory guidelines for involuntary examination or placement 1102 under this part, such person must shall first be processed in

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1103 the same manner as any other criminal suspect. The law 1104 enforcement agency shall thereafter immediately notify the 1105 appropriate nearest public receiving facility within the 1106 designated receiving system, which shall be responsible for 1107 promptly arranging for the examination and treatment of the person. A receiving facility is not required to admit a person 1108 1109 charged with a crime for whom the facility determines and 1110 documents that it is unable to provide adequate security, but 1111 shall provide mental health examination and treatment to the 1112 person where he or she is held.

1113 (i) (h) If the appropriate law enforcement officer believes 1114 that a person has an emergency medical condition as defined in 1115 s. 395.002, the person may be first transported to a hospital 1116 for emergency medical treatment, regardless of whether the 1117 hospital is a designated receiving facility.

1118 <u>(j)</u> (i) The costs of transportation, evaluation, 1119 hospitalization, and treatment incurred under this subsection by 1120 persons who have been arrested for violations of any state law 1121 or county or municipal ordinance may be recovered as provided in 1122 s. 901.35.

1123 <u>(k) (j)</u> The nearest receiving facility within the designated 1124 receiving system must accept, pursuant to this part, persons 1125 brought by law enforcement officers, an emergency medical 1126 transport service, or a private transport company for 1127 involuntary examination.

1128 <u>(1) (k)</u> Each law enforcement agency <u>designated pursuant to</u> 1129 <u>paragraph (a)</u> shall <u>establish a policy that</u> develop a memorandum 1130 of understanding with each receiving facility within the law 1131 enforcement agency's jurisdiction which reflects a single set of

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1132 protocols <u>approved by the managing entity</u> for the safe and 1133 secure transportation of the person and transfer of custody of 1134 the person. These protocols must also address crisis 1135 intervention measures.

1136 (m) (1) When a jurisdiction has entered into a contract with 1137 an emergency medical transport service or a private transport 1138 company for transportation of persons to receiving facilities 1139 within the designated receiving system, such service or company shall be given preference for transportation of persons from 1140 1141 nursing homes, assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, or adult family-care homes, unless the behavior of the 1142 1143 person being transported is such that transportation by a law enforcement officer is necessary. 1144

1145 <u>(n) (m) Nothing in This section may not shall</u> be construed 1146 to limit emergency examination and treatment of incapacitated 1147 persons provided in accordance with the provisions of s. 1148 401.445.

1149

(2) TRANSPORTATION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.-

1150 (a) If neither the patient nor any person legally obligated 1151 or responsible for the patient is able to pay for the expense of transporting a voluntary or involuntary patient to a treatment 1152 facility, the transportation plan established by the governing 1153 board of the county or counties must specify how in which the 1154 1155 hospitalized patient will be transported to, from, and between 1156 facilities in a is hospitalized shall arrange for such required 1157 transportation and shall ensure the safe and dignified manner 1158 transportation of the patient. The governing board of each 1159 county is authorized to contract with private transport companies for the transportation of such patients to and from a 1160

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treatment facility.

(b) <u>A</u> Any company that transports a patient pursuant to this subsection is considered an independent contractor and is solely liable for the safe and dignified transportation of the patient. Such company must be insured and provide no less than \$100,000 in liability insurance with respect to the <u>transport</u> transportation of patients.

(c) <u>A</u> Any company that contracts with <u>one or more counties</u> the governing board of a county to transport patients <u>in</u> accordance with this section shall comply with the applicable rules of the department to ensure the safety and dignity of the patients.

(d) County or municipal law enforcement and correctional
personnel and equipment <u>may</u> shall not be used to transport
patients adjudicated incapacitated or found by the court to meet
the criteria for involuntary placement pursuant to s. 394.467,
except in small rural counties where there are no cost-efficient
alternatives.

(3) TRANSFER OF CUSTODY.-Custody of a person who is
transported pursuant to this part, along with related
documentation, shall be relinquished to a responsible individual
at the appropriate receiving or treatment facility.

(4) EXCEPTIONS. An exception to the requirements of this section may be granted by the secretary of the department for the purposes of improving service coordination or better meeting the special needs of individuals. A proposal for an exception must be submitted by the district administrator after being approved by the governing boards of any affected counties, prior to submission to the secretary.

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1190	(a) A proposal for an exception must identify the specific
1191	provision from which an exception is requested; describe how the
1192	proposal will be implemented by participating law enforcement
1193	agencies and transportation authorities; and provide a plan for
1194	the coordination of services such as case management.
1195	(b) The exception may be granted only for:
1196	1. An arrangement centralizing and improving the provision
1197	of services within a district, which may include an exception to
1198	the requirement for transportation to the nearest receiving
1199	facility;
1200	2. An arrangement by which a facility may provide, in
1201	addition to required psychiatric services, an environment and
1202	services which are uniquely tailored to the needs of an
1203	identified group of persons with special needs, such as persons
1204	with hearing impairments or visual impairments, or elderly
1205	persons with physical frailties; or
1206	3. A specialized transportation system that provides an
1207	efficient and humane method of transporting patients to
1208	receiving facilities, among receiving facilities, and to
1209	treatment facilities.
1210	(c) Any exception approved pursuant to this subsection
1211	shall be reviewed and approved every 5 years by the secretary.
1212	Section 11. Subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida
1213	Statutes, is amended to read:
1214	394.463 Involuntary examination
1215	(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION
1216	(a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one
1217	of the following means:
1218	1. A <u>circuit or county</u> court may enter an ex parte order
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1219 stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination and specifying, giving the findings on 1220 1221 which that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for 1222 involuntary examination must be based on written or oral sworn 1223 testimony that includes specific facts that support the 1224 findings, written or oral. If other, less restrictive, means are 1225 not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 1226 evaluation, a law enforcement officer, or other designated agent of the court, shall take the person into custody and deliver him 1227 1228 or her to an appropriate the nearest receiving facility within 1229 the designated receiving system for involuntary examination. The 1230 order of the court shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. A No fee may not shall be charged for the 1231 1232 filing of an order under this subsection. Any receiving facility 1233 accepting the patient based on this order must send a copy of 1234 the order to the managing entity in the region Agency for Health 1235 Care Administration on the next working day. The order may be 1236 submitted electronically through existing data systems, if 1237 available. The order shall be valid only until the person is 1238 delivered to the appropriate facility executed or, if not 1239 executed, for the period specified in the order itself, 1240 whichever comes first. If no time limit is specified in the order, the order shall be valid for 7 days after the date that 1241 the order was signed. 1242

1243 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who 1244 appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into 1245 custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to 1246 the <u>appropriate nearest receiving</u> facility <u>within the designated</u> 1247 <u>receiving system</u> for examination. The officer shall execute a

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1248 written report detailing the circumstances under which the 1249 person was taken into custody, which must and the report shall 1250 be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any receiving 1251 facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a 1252 copy of the report to the department and the managing entity 1253 Agency for Health Care Administration on the next working day. 1254 3. A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or 1255 1256 clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he 1257 or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and 1258 finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for 1259 involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which that conclusion is based. If other, less restrictive means, such 1260 1261 as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, are not 1262 available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 1263 evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take into custody 1264 the person named in the certificate into custody and deliver him 1265 or her to the appropriate nearest receiving facility within the 1266 designated receiving system for involuntary examination. The law 1267 enforcement officer shall execute a written report detailing the 1268 circumstances under which the person was taken into custody. The 1269 report and certificate shall be made a part of the patient's 1270 clinical record. Any receiving facility accepting the patient 1271 based on this certificate must send a copy of the certificate to 1272 the managing entity Agency for Health Care Administration on the 1273 next working day. The document may be submitted electronically 1274 through existing data systems, if applicable.

1275 (b) A person <u>may shall</u> not be removed from any program or 1276 residential placement licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429

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1277 and transported to a receiving facility for involuntary 1278 examination unless an ex parte order, a professional 1279 certificate, or a law enforcement officer's report is first 1280 prepared. If the condition of the person is such that 1281 preparation of a law enforcement officer's report is not 1282 practicable before removal, the report shall be completed as 1283 soon as possible after removal, but in any case before the 1284 person is transported to a receiving facility. A receiving 1285 facility admitting a person for involuntary examination who is 1286 not accompanied by the required ex parte order, professional 1287 certificate, or law enforcement officer's report shall notify 1288 the managing entity Agency for Health Care Administration of 1289 such admission by certified mail or by e-mail, if available, by 1290 no later than the next working day. The provisions of this 1291 paragraph do not apply when transportation is provided by the 1292 patient's family or guardian.

(c) A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may serve and execute such order on any day of the week, at any time of the day or night.

(d) A law enforcement officer acting in accordance with an ex parte order issued pursuant to this subsection may use such reasonable physical force as is necessary to gain entry to the premises, and any dwellings, buildings, or other structures located on the premises, and to take custody of the person who is the subject of the ex parte order.

(e) The <u>managing entity and the department</u> Agency for
Health Care Administration shall receive and maintain the copies
of ex parte petitions and orders, involuntary outpatient

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1306 services placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.4655, 1307 involuntary inpatient placement orders issued pursuant to s. 394.467, professional certificates, and law enforcement 1308 1309 officers' reports. These documents shall be considered part of 1310 the clinical record, governed by the provisions of s. 394.4615. 1311 These documents shall be used to The agency shall prepare annual 1312 reports analyzing the data obtained from these documents, without information identifying patients, and shall provide 1313 copies of reports to the department, the President of the 1314 1315 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 1316 minority leaders of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

1317 (f) A patient shall be examined by a physician or τ a 1318 clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing 1319 within the framework of an established protocol with a 1320 psychiatrist at a receiving facility without unnecessary delay 1321 to determine if the criteria for involuntary services are met. 1322 Emergency treatment may be provided and may, upon the order of a 1323 physician, if the physician determines be given emergency 1324 treatment if it is determined that such treatment is necessary 1325 for the safety of the patient or others. The patient may not be 1326 released by the receiving facility or its contractor without the 1327 documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist 1328 or, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital 1329 or health system, the release may also be approved by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an 1330 1331 established protocol with a psychiatrist, or an attending 1332 emergency department physician with experience in the diagnosis 1333 and treatment of mental illness and nervous disorders and after 1334 completion of an involuntary examination pursuant to this

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1335 subsection. A psychiatric nurse may not approve the release of a 1336 patient if the involuntary examination was initiated by a 1337 psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating 1338 psychiatrist. However, a patient may not be held in a receiving 1339 facility for involuntary examination longer than 72 hours. 1340 (g) A person may not be held for involuntary examination 1341 for more than 72 hours from the time of his or her arrival at 1342 the facility unless one of the following actions is taken at the 1343 end of the 72-hour examination period or the next business day 1344 after the end of the 72-hour examination period if the 1345 examination period ends on a weekend or holiday: 1346 1. The person must be released with the approval of a 1347 physician, psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, or clinical psychologist. However, if the examination is conducted in a 1348 1349 hospital, an attending emergency department physician with 1350 experience in the diagnosis and treatment of mental illness may 1351 approve the release. 1352 2. The person must be asked to give express and informed 1353 consent for voluntary admission if a physician, psychiatrist, 1354 psychiatric nurse, or clinical psychologist has determined that 1355 the individual is competent to consent to treatment. 1356 3. A petition for involuntary services must be completed 1357 and filed in the circuit court by the facility administrator. If 1358 electronic filing of the petition is not available in the county 1359 and the 72-hour period ends on a weekend or legal holiday, the 1360 petition must be filed by the next working day. If involuntary 1361 services are deemed necessary, the least restrictive treatment 1362 consistent with the optimum improvement of the person's 1363 condition must be made available.

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(h) An individual discharged from a facility who is currently charged with a crime shall be released to the custody of a law enforcement officer, unless the individual has been 1366 1367 released from law enforcement custody by posting of a bond, by a 1368 pretrial conditional release, or by other judicial release.

1369 (i) (g) A person for whom an involuntary examination has 1370 been initiated who is being evaluated or treated at a hospital 1371 for an emergency medical condition specified in s. 395.002 must be examined by an appropriate a receiving facility within 72 1372 1373 hours. The 72-hour period begins when the patient arrives at the 1374 hospital and ceases when the attending physician documents that 1375 the patient has an emergency medical condition. If the patient 1376 is examined at a hospital providing emergency medical services 1377 by a professional qualified to perform an involuntary examination and is found as a result of that examination not to 1378 1379 meet the criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement 1380 pursuant to s. 394.4655(1) or involuntary inpatient placement 1381 pursuant to s. 394.467(1), the patient may be offered voluntary 1382 services or placement, if appropriate, or released directly from 1383 the hospital providing emergency medical services. The finding by the professional that the patient has been examined and does 1384 1385 not meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement or 1386 involuntary outpatient services placement must be entered into 1387 the patient's clinical record. Nothing in This paragraph is not 1388 intended to prevent a hospital providing emergency medical 1389 services from appropriately transferring a patient to another 1390 hospital before prior to stabilization if, provided the 1391 requirements of s. 395.1041(3)(c) have been met. 1392 (j) (h) One of the following must occur within 12 hours

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1393 after the patient's attending physician documents that the 1394 patient's medical condition has stabilized or that an emergency 1395 medical condition does not exist:

13961. The patient must be examined by an appropriate a1397designated receiving facility and released; or

1398 2. The patient must be transferred to a designated 1399 receiving facility in which appropriate medical treatment is 1400 available. However, the receiving facility must be notified of 1401 the transfer within 2 hours after the patient's condition has 1402 been stabilized or after determination that an emergency medical 1403 condition does not exist.

1404 (i) Within the 72-hour examination period or, if the 72 1405 hours ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next 1406 working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be 1407 taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:

1408 1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is 1409 charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be 1410 returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;

14112. The patient shall be released, subject to the provisions1412of subparagraph 1., for voluntary outpatient treatment;

1413 3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime, 1414 shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement 1415 as a voluntary patient, and, if such consent is given, the 1416 patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or

1417 4. A petition for involuntary placement shall be filed in
1418 the circuit court when outpatient or inpatient treatment is
1419 deemed necessary. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary,
1420 the least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum
1421 improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available.

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1422	When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient
1423	placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified
1424	in s. 394.4655(3)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient
1425	placement shall be filed by the facility administrator.
1426	Section 12. Section 394.4655, Florida Statutes, is amended
1427	to read:
1428	394.4655 Involuntary outpatient services placement
1429	(1) CRITERIA FOR INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES
1430	PLACEMENT.—A person may be ordered to involuntary outpatient
1431	services placement upon a finding of the court, by clear and
1432	convincing evidence, that the person meets all of the following
1433	criteria by clear and convincing evidence:
1434	(a) The person is 18 years of age or older. $\dot{\cdot}$
1435	(b) The person has a mental illness <u>.</u> +
1436	(c) The person is unlikely to survive safely in the
1437	community without supervision, based on a clinical
1438	determination <u>.</u> +
1439	(d) The person has a history of lack of compliance with
1440	treatment for mental illness <u>.</u> +
1441	(e) The person has:
1442	1. At least twice within the immediately preceding 36
1443	months been involuntarily admitted to a receiving or treatment
1444	facility as defined in s. 394.455, or has received mental health
1445	services in a forensic or correctional facility. The 36-month
1446	period does not include any period during which the person was
1447	admitted or incarcerated; or
1448	2. Engaged in one or more acts of serious violent behavior
1449	toward self or others, or attempts at serious bodily harm to
1450	himself or herself or others, within the preceding 36 months $\underline{.+}$

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1451 (f) The person is, as a result of his or her mental 1452 illness, unlikely to voluntarily participate in the recommended 1453 treatment plan and either he or she has refused voluntary 1454 services placement for treatment after sufficient and 1455 conscientious explanation and disclosure of why the services are 1456 necessary purpose of placement for treatment or he or she is 1457 unable to determine for himself or herself whether services are 1458 placement is necessary. +

(g) In view of the person's treatment history and current behavior, the person is in need of involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement in order to prevent a relapse or deterioration that would be likely to result in serious bodily harm to himself or herself or others, or a substantial harm to his or her well-being as set forth in s. 394.463(1).;

1465 (h) It is likely that the person will benefit from 1466 involuntary outpatient services. placement; and

(i) All available, less restrictive alternatives that would
offer an opportunity for improvement of his or her condition
have been judged to be inappropriate or unavailable.

1470

(2) INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT <u>SERVICES</u> PLACEMENT.-

1471 (a)1. A patient who is being recommended for involuntary 1472 outpatient services placement by the administrator of the 1473 receiving facility where the patient has been examined may be 1474 retained by the facility after adherence to the notice procedures provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be 1475 1476 supported by the opinion of two qualified professionals a 1477 psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist 1478 or another psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for 1479

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1480 involuntary outpatient services placement are met. However, in a 1481 county having a population of fewer than 50,000, if the 1482 administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical 1483 psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the 1484 second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment 1485 1486 of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted 1487 1488 through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such recommendation must be entered on an involuntary 1489 1490 outpatient services placement certificate that authorizes the 1491 receiving facility to retain the patient pending completion of a 1492 hearing. The certificate must shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. 1493

1494 2. If the patient has been stabilized and no longer meets 1495 the criteria for involuntary examination pursuant to s. 1496 394.463(1), the patient must be released from the receiving 1497 facility while awaiting the hearing for involuntary outpatient services placement. Before filing a petition for involuntary 1498 1499 outpatient services treatment, the administrator of the a 1500 receiving facility or a designated department representative 1501 must identify the service provider that will have primary 1502 responsibility for service provision under an order for 1503 involuntary outpatient services placement, unless the person is 1504 otherwise participating in outpatient psychiatric treatment and 1505 is not in need of public financing for that treatment, in which 1506 case the individual, if eligible, may be ordered to involuntary 1507 treatment pursuant to the existing psychiatric treatment 1508 relationship.

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1509 3. The service provider shall prepare a written proposed 1510 treatment plan in consultation with the patient or the patient's 1511 guardian advocate, if appointed, for the court's consideration 1512 for inclusion in the involuntary outpatient services placement 1513 order. The service provider shall also provide a copy of the 1514 treatment plan that addresses the nature and extent of the 1515 mental illness and any co-occurring substance abuse disorders 1516 that necessitate involuntary outpatient services. The treatment 1517 plan must specify the likely level of care, including the use of 1518 medication, and anticipated discharge criteria for terminating involuntary outpatient services. The service provider shall also 1519 1520 provide a copy of the proposed treatment plan to the patient and the administrator of the receiving facility. The treatment plan 1521 1522 must specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental 1523 illness, address the reduction of symptoms that necessitate 1524 involuntary outpatient placement, and include measurable goals 1525 and objectives for the services and treatment that are provided 1526 to treat the person's mental illness and assist the person in 1527 living and functioning in the community or to prevent a relapse 1528 or deterioration. Service providers may select and supervise 1529 other individuals to implement specific aspects of the treatment 1530 plan. The services in the treatment plan must be deemed 1531 clinically appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, 1532 psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family 1533 therapist, or clinical social worker who consults with, or is 1534 employed or contracted by, the service provider. The service 1535 provider must certify to the court in the proposed treatment plan whether sufficient services for improvement and 1536 1537 stabilization are currently available and whether the service

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1538 provider agrees to provide those services. If the service 1539 provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment 1540 plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the 1541 petition. The service provider must notify the managing entity 1542 as to the availability of the requested services. The managing 1543 entity must document such efforts to obtain the requested 1544 services.

1545 (b) If a patient in involuntary inpatient placement meets 1546 the criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement, the 1547 administrator of the treatment facility may, before the expiration of the period during which the treatment facility is 1548 1549 authorized to retain the patient, recommend involuntary 1550 outpatient services placement. The recommendation must be 1551 supported by the opinion of two qualified professionals a 1552 psychiatrist and the second opinion of a clinical psychologist 1553 or another psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined 1554 the patient within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for 1555 involuntary outpatient services placement are met. However, in a 1556 county having a population of fewer than 50,000, if the 1557 administrator certifies that a psychiatrist or clinical 1558 psychologist is not available to provide the second opinion, the 1559 second opinion may be provided by a licensed physician who has 1560 postgraduate training and experience in diagnosis and treatment 1561 of mental and nervous disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Any 1562 second opinion authorized in this subparagraph may be conducted 1563 through a face-to-face examination, in person or by electronic 1564 means. Such recommendation must be entered on an involuntary 1565 outpatient services placement certificate, and the certificate 1566 must be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

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(c)1. The administrator of the treatment facility shall provide a copy of the involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement certificate and a copy of the state mental health discharge form to <u>the managing entity</u> a department representative in the county where the patient will be residing. For persons who are leaving a state mental health treatment facility, the petition for involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement must be filed in the county where the patient will be residing.

2. The service provider that will have primary responsibility for service provision shall be identified by the designated department representative before prior to the order for involuntary outpatient services placement and must, before prior to filing a petition for involuntary outpatient services placement, certify to the court whether the services recommended in the patient's discharge plan are available in the local community and whether the service provider agrees to provide those services. The service provider must develop with the patient, or the patient's guardian advocate, if appointed, a treatment or service plan that addresses the needs identified in the discharge plan. The plan must be deemed to be clinically appropriate by a physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker, as defined in this chapter, who consults with, or is employed or contracted by, the service provider.

3. If the service provider certifies that the services in the proposed treatment or service plan are not available, the petitioner may not file the petition. <u>The service provider must</u> notify the managing entity as to the availability of the

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1596	requested services. The managing entity must document such
1597	efforts to obtain the requested services.
1598	(3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES
1599	PLACEMENT
1600	(a) A petition for involuntary outpatient services
1601	placement may be filed by:
1602	1. The administrator of a receiving facility; or
1603	2. The administrator of a treatment facility.
1604	(b) Each required criterion for involuntary outpatient
1605	services placement must be alleged and substantiated in the
1606	petition for involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement . A copy
1607	of the certificate recommending involuntary outpatient <u>services</u>
1608	placement completed by <u>two</u> a qualified professionals
1609	professional specified in subsection (2) must be attached to the
1610	petition. A copy of the proposed treatment plan must be attached
1611	to the petition. Before the petition is filed, the service
1612	provider shall certify that the services in the proposed
1613	treatment plan are available. If the necessary services are not
1614	available in the patient's local community to respond to the
1615	person's individual needs, the petition may not be filed. The
1616	service provider must notify the managing entity as to the
1617	availability of the requested services. The managing entity must
1618	document such efforts to obtain the requested services.
1619	(c) The petition for involuntary outpatient services
1620	placement must be filed in the county where the patient is
1621	located, unless the patient is being placed from a state
1622	treatment facility, in which case the petition must be filed in
1623	the county where the patient will reside. When the petition has

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been filed, the clerk of the court shall provide copies of the

petition and the proposed treatment plan to the department, <u>the</u> <u>managing entity</u>, the patient, the patient's guardian or representative, the state attorney, and the public defender or the patient's private counsel. A fee may not be charged for filing a petition under this subsection.

(4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL.-Within 1 court working day 1630 1631 after the filing of a petition for involuntary outpatient 1632 services placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to represent the person who is the subject of the petition, 1633 1634 unless the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk 1635 of the court shall immediately notify the public defender of the 1636 appointment. The public defender shall represent the person 1637 until the petition is dismissed, the court order expires, or the 1638 patient is discharged from involuntary outpatient services 1639 placement. An attorney who represents the patient must be 1640 provided shall have access to the patient, witnesses, and 1641 records relevant to the presentation of the patient's case and 1642 shall represent the interests of the patient, regardless of the 1643 source of payment to the attorney.

(5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.—The patient is entitled, with the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a period of up to 4 weeks.

1648

(6) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT SERVICES PLACEMENT.-

(a)1. The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement within 5 working days after the filing of the petition, unless a continuance is granted. The hearing <u>must</u> shall be held in the county where the petition is filed, <u>must</u> shall be as convenient to the patient as is

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1654 consistent with orderly procedure, and must shall be conducted 1655 in physical settings not likely to be injurious to the patient's 1656 condition. If the court finds that the patient's attendance at 1657 the hearing is not consistent with the best interests of the 1658 patient and if the patient's counsel does not object, the court 1659 may waive the presence of the patient from all or any portion of 1660 the hearing. The state attorney for the circuit in which the 1661 patient is located shall represent the state, rather than the petitioner, as the real party in interest in the proceeding. 1662

1663 2. The court may appoint a magistrate master to preside at 1664 the hearing. One of the professionals who executed the 1665 involuntary outpatient services placement certificate shall be a 1666 witness. The patient and the patient's guardian or 1667 representative shall be informed by the court of the right to an 1668 independent expert examination. If the patient cannot afford 1669 such an examination, the court shall ensure that one is 1670 provided, as otherwise provided by law provide for one. The 1671 independent expert's report is shall be confidential and not 1672 discoverable, unless the expert is to be called as a witness for 1673 the patient at the hearing. The court shall allow testimony from 1674 individuals, including family members, deemed by the court to be 1675 relevant under state law, regarding the person's prior history 1676 and how that prior history relates to the person's current 1677 condition. The testimony in the hearing must be given under 1678 oath, and the proceedings must be recorded. The patient may 1679 refuse to testify at the hearing.

1680 (b)1. If the court concludes that the patient meets the 1681 criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement pursuant 1682 to subsection (1), the court shall issue an order for

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1683 involuntary outpatient services placement. The court order shall 1684 be for a period of up to 90 days 6 months. The order must 1685 specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness. 1686 The order of the court and the treatment plan must shall be made 1687 part of the patient's clinical record. The service provider 1688 shall discharge a patient from involuntary outpatient services 1689 placement when the order expires or any time the patient no 1690 longer meets the criteria for involuntary services placement. 1691 Upon discharge, the service provider shall send a certificate of 1692 discharge to the court.

1693 2. The court may not order the department or the service 1694 provider to provide services if the program or service is not 1695 available in the patient's local community, if there is no space 1696 available in the program or service for the patient, or if 1697 funding is not available for the program or service. The service 1698 provider must notify the managing entity as to the availability 1699 of the requested services. The managing entity must document such efforts to obtain the requested services. A copy of the 1700 1701 order must be sent to the managing entity Agency for Health Care 1702 Administration by the service provider within 1 working day 1703 after it is received from the court. The order may be submitted 1704 electronically through existing data systems. After the 1705 placement order for involuntary services is issued, the service 1706 provider and the patient may modify provisions of the treatment 1707 plan. For any material modification of the treatment plan to 1708 which the patient or, if one is appointed, the patient's 1709 guardian advocate agrees, if appointed, does agree, the service 1710 provider shall send notice of the modification to the court. Any 1711 material modifications of the treatment plan which are contested

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1712 by the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if <u>applicable</u> 1713 appointed, must be approved or disapproved by the court 1714 consistent with subsection (2).

3. If, in the clinical judgment of a physician, the patient 1715 1716 has failed or has refused to comply with the treatment ordered 1717 by the court, and, in the clinical judgment of the physician, efforts were made to solicit compliance and the patient may meet 1718 1719 the criteria for involuntary examination, a person may be brought to a receiving facility pursuant to s. 394.463. If, 1720 1721 after examination, the patient does not meet the criteria for 1722 involuntary inpatient placement pursuant to s. 394.467, the patient must be discharged from the receiving facility. The 1723 1724 involuntary outpatient services placement order shall remain in 1725 effect unless the service provider determines that the patient 1726 no longer meets the criteria for involuntary outpatient services 1727 placement or until the order expires. The service provider must 1728 determine whether modifications should be made to the existing 1729 treatment plan and must attempt to continue to engage the 1730 patient in treatment. For any material modification of the 1731 treatment plan to which the patient or the patient's guardian 1732 advocate, if applicable appointed, agrees does agree, the 1733 service provider shall send notice of the modification to the 1734 court. Any material modifications of the treatment plan which 1735 are contested by the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, 1736 if applicable appointed, must be approved or disapproved by the 1737 court consistent with subsection (2).

(c) If, at any time before the conclusion of the initial
hearing on involuntary outpatient services placement, it appears
to the court that the person does not meet the criteria for

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1741 involuntary outpatient services placement under this section 1742 but, instead, meets the criteria for involuntary inpatient 1743 placement, the court may order the person admitted for 1744 involuntary inpatient examination under s. 394.463. If the 1745 person instead meets the criteria for involuntary assessment, 1746 protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 1747 397.675, the court may order the person to be admitted for 1748 involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days pursuant to s. 1749 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings are shall be governed by 1750 chapter 397.

(d) At the hearing on involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence to consent to treatment. If the court finds that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, it shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 394.4598. The guardian advocate shall be appointed or discharged in accordance with s. 394.4598.

1758 (e) The administrator of the receiving facility or the 1759 designated department representative shall provide a copy of the 1760 court order and adequate documentation of a patient's mental 1761 illness to the service provider for involuntary outpatient 1762 services placement. Such documentation must include any advance 1763 directives made by the patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the 1764 patient, and any evaluations of the patient performed by a 1765 clinical psychologist or a clinical social worker.

1766 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY OUTPATIENT <u>SERVICES</u> 1767 <u>PLACEMENT.</u>-

(a)1. If the person continues to meet the criteria forinvoluntary outpatient services placement, the service provider

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1770 shall, <u>at least 10 days</u> before the expiration of the period 1771 during which the treatment is ordered for the person, file in 1772 the circuit court a petition for continued involuntary 1773 outpatient <u>services</u> placement. <u>The court shall immediately</u> 1774 <u>schedule a hearing on the petition to be held within 15 days</u> 1775 <u>after the petition is filed.</u>

1776 2. The existing involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement 1777 order remains in effect until disposition on the petition for 1778 continued involuntary outpatient <u>services</u> placement.

3. A certificate shall be attached to the petition which includes a statement from the person's physician or clinical psychologist justifying the request, a brief description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she was <u>receiving</u> involuntarily <u>services</u> placed, and an individualized plan of continued treatment.

1785 4. The service provider shall develop the individualized 1786 plan of continued treatment in consultation with the patient or the patient's guardian advocate, if applicable appointed. When 1787 1788 the petition has been filed, the clerk of the court shall 1789 provide copies of the certificate and the individualized plan of 1790 continued treatment to the department, the patient, the 1791 patient's guardian advocate, the state attorney, and the 1792 patient's private counsel or the public defender.

(b) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a
petition for continued involuntary outpatient services
placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to
represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless
the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the
court shall immediately notify the public defender of such

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1799 appointment. The public defender shall represent the person 1800 until the petition is dismissed or the court order expires or 1801 the patient is discharged from involuntary outpatient services 1802 placement. Any attorney representing the patient shall have 1803 access to the patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the 1804 presentation of the patient's case and shall represent the 1805 interests of the patient, regardless of the source of payment to 1806 the attorney.

1807 (c) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 1808 outpatient services must placement shall be before the circuit 1809 court. The court may appoint a magistrate master to preside at 1810 the hearing. The procedures for obtaining an order pursuant to 1811 this paragraph must meet the requirements of shall be in 1812 accordance with subsection (6), except that the time period 1813 included in paragraph (1) (e) does not apply when is not 1814 applicable in determining the appropriateness of additional 1815 periods of involuntary outpatient services placement.

(d) Notice of the hearing <u>must</u> shall be provided as set forth in s. 394.4599. The patient and the patient's attorney may agree to a period of continued outpatient <u>services</u> placement without a court hearing.

(e) The same procedure <u>must</u> shall be repeated before the expiration of each additional period the patient is placed in treatment.

(f) If the patient has previously been found incompetent to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence. Section 394.4598 governs the discharge of the guardian advocate if the patient's competency to consent to treatment has been restored.

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1828 Section 13. Section 394.467, Florida Statutes, is amended 1829 to read: 394.467 Involuntary inpatient placement.-1830 (1) CRITERIA.-A person may be ordered for placed in 1831 1832 involuntary inpatient placement for treatment upon a finding of the court by clear and convincing evidence that: 1833 1834 (a) He or she has a mental illness is mentally ill and 1835 because of his or her mental illness: 1836 1.a. He or she has refused voluntary inpatient placement 1837 for treatment after sufficient and conscientious explanation and 1838 disclosure of the purpose of inpatient placement for treatment; 1839 or b. He or she is unable to determine for himself or herself 1840 1841 whether inpatient placement is necessary; and 1842 2.a. He or she is manifestly incapable of surviving alone or with the help of willing and responsible family or friends, 1843 1844 including available alternative services, and, without 1845 treatment, is likely to suffer from neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself, and such neglect or refusal poses a real 1846 1847 and present threat of substantial harm to his or her well-being; 1848 or 1849 b. There is substantial likelihood that in the near future 1850 he or she will inflict serious bodily harm on self or others 1851 himself or herself or another person, as evidenced by recent 1852 behavior causing, attempting, or threatening such harm; and 1853 (b) All available less restrictive treatment alternatives 1854 that which would offer an opportunity for improvement of his or 1855 her condition have been judged to be inappropriate. 1856 (2) ADMISSION TO A TREATMENT FACILITY.-A patient may be

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1857 retained by a receiving facility or involuntarily placed in a 1858 treatment facility upon the recommendation of the administrator 1859 of the receiving facility where the patient has been examined 1860 and after adherence to the notice and hearing procedures 1861 provided in s. 394.4599. The recommendation must be supported by 1862 the opinion of two qualified professionals of a psychiatrist and 1863 the second opinion of a clinical psychologist or another 1864 psychiatrist, both of whom have personally examined the patient 1865 within the preceding 72 hours, that the criteria for involuntary 1866 inpatient placement are met. However, in a county that has a 1867 population of fewer than 50,000, if the administrator certifies 1868 that a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist is not available to 1869 provide the second opinion, the second opinion may be provided 1870 by a licensed physician who has postgraduate training and 1871 experience in diagnosis and treatment of mental and nervous 1872 disorders or by a psychiatric nurse. Any second opinion 1873 authorized in this subsection may be conducted through a face-1874 to-face examination, in person or by electronic means. Such 1875 recommendation shall be entered on a petition for an involuntary 1876 inpatient placement certificate that authorizes the receiving 1877 facility to retain the patient pending transfer to a treatment 1878 facility or completion of a hearing.

1879

(3) PETITION FOR INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT.-

1880 (a) The administrator of the facility shall file a petition 1881 for involuntary inpatient placement in the court in the county 1882 where the patient is located. Upon filing, the clerk of the 1883 court shall provide copies to the department, the patient, the 1884 patient's guardian or representative, and the state attorney and 1885 public defender of the judicial circuit in which the patient is

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1886 located. <u>A</u> No fee <u>may not</u> shall be charged for the filing of a
1887 petition under this subsection.

1888 (b) A facility filing a petition under this subsection for 1889 involuntary inpatient placement shall send a copy of the 1890 petition to the managing entity in its area.

1891 (4) APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL.-Within 1 court working day 1892 after the filing of a petition for involuntary inpatient 1893 placement, the court shall appoint the public defender to 1894 represent the person who is the subject of the petition, unless 1895 the person is otherwise represented by counsel. The clerk of the 1896 court shall immediately notify the public defender of such 1897 appointment. Any attorney representing the patient shall have 1898 access to the patient, witnesses, and records relevant to the 1899 presentation of the patient's case and shall represent the 1900 interests of the patient, regardless of the source of payment to 1901 the attorney.

(5) CONTINUANCE OF HEARING.—The patient is entitled, with the concurrence of the patient's counsel, to at least one continuance of the hearing. The continuance shall be for a period of up to 4 weeks.

1906

(6) HEARING ON INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT PLACEMENT.-

(a)1. The court shall hold the hearing on involuntary inpatient placement within 5 <u>court working</u> days, unless a continuance is granted.

1910 <u>2. Except for good cause documented in the court file,</u> the 1911 hearing <u>must shall</u> be held in the county <u>or the facility, as</u> 1912 <u>appropriate,</u> where the patient is located<u>, must and shall</u> be as 1913 convenient to the patient as <u>is may be</u> consistent with orderly 1914 procedure<u>,</u> and shall be conducted in physical settings not

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1915 likely to be injurious to the patient's condition. If the court 1916 finds that the patient's attendance at the hearing is not 1917 consistent with the best interests of the patient, and the 1918 patient's counsel does not object, the court may waive the 1919 presence of the patient from all or any portion of the hearing. The state attorney for the circuit in which the patient is 1920 1921 located shall represent the state, rather than the petitioning 1922 facility administrator, as the real party in interest in the 1923 proceeding.

1924 3.2. The court may appoint a general or special magistrate 1925 to preside at the hearing. One of the two professionals who 1926 executed the petition for involuntary inpatient placement 1927 certificate shall be a witness. The patient and the patient's 1928 guardian or representative shall be informed by the court of the 1929 right to an independent expert examination. If the patient 1930 cannot afford such an examination, the court shall ensure that 1931 one is provided, as otherwise provided for by law provide for 1932 one. The independent expert's report is shall be confidential 1933 and not discoverable, unless the expert is to be called as a 1934 witness for the patient at the hearing. The testimony in the 1935 hearing must be given under oath, and the proceedings must be 1936 recorded. The patient may refuse to testify at the hearing.

(b) If the court concludes that the patient meets the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, it <u>may shall</u> order that the patient be transferred to a treatment facility or, if the patient is at a treatment facility, that the patient be retained there or be treated at any other appropriate receiving or treatment facility, or that the patient receive services from <u>such a receiving or treatment</u> facility <u>or service provider</u>, on

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1944 an involuntary basis, for a period of up to <u>90 days</u> 6 months. 1945 <u>However, any order for involuntary mental health services in a</u> 1946 <u>treatment facility may be for up to 6 months</u>. The order shall 1947 specify the nature and extent of the patient's mental illness. 1948 The facility shall discharge a patient any time the patient no 1949 longer meets the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, 1950 unless the patient has transferred to voluntary status.

1951 (c) If at any time before prior to the conclusion of the 1952 hearing on involuntary inpatient placement it appears to the 1953 court that the person does not meet the criteria for involuntary 1954 inpatient placement under this section, but instead meets the 1955 criteria for involuntary outpatient services placement, the 1956 court may order the person evaluated for involuntary outpatient 1957 services placement pursuant to s. 394.4655. The petition and 1958 hearing procedures set forth in s. 394.4655 shall apply. If the 1959 person instead meets the criteria for involuntary assessment, 1960 protective custody, or involuntary admission pursuant to s. 1961 397.675, then the court may order the person to be admitted for 1962 involuntary assessment for a period of 5 days pursuant to s. 1963 397.6811. Thereafter, all proceedings are shall be governed by 1964 chapter 397.

(d) At the hearing on involuntary inpatient placement, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence to consent to treatment. If the court finds that the patient is incompetent to consent to treatment, it shall appoint a guardian advocate as provided in s. 394.4598.

(e) The administrator of the <u>petitioning</u> receiving facility
shall provide a copy of the court order and adequate
documentation of a patient's mental illness to the administrator

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1973 of a treatment facility if the whenever a patient is ordered for 1974 involuntary inpatient placement, whether by civil or criminal 1975 court. The documentation must shall include any advance 1976 directives made by the patient, a psychiatric evaluation of the 1977 patient, and any evaluations of the patient performed by a 1978 psychiatric nurse, clinical psychologist, a marriage and family 1979 therapist, a mental health counselor, or a clinical social 1980 worker. The administrator of a treatment facility may refuse 1981 admission to any patient directed to its facilities on an 1982 involuntary basis, whether by civil or criminal court order, who 1983 is not accompanied at the same time by adequate orders and 1984 documentation.

1985 (7) PROCEDURE FOR CONTINUED INVOLUNTARY INPATIENT 1986 PLACEMENT.-

1987 (a) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 1988 inpatient placement of an individual placed at any treatment 1989 facility are shall be administrative hearings and must shall be 1990 conducted in accordance with the provisions of s. 120.57(1), 1991 except that any order entered by the administrative law judge is 1992 shall be final and subject to judicial review in accordance with 1993 s. 120.68. Orders concerning patients committed after 1994 successfully pleading not guilty by reason of insanity are shall 1995 be governed by the provisions of s. 916.15.

(b) If the patient continues to meet the criteria for
involuntary inpatient placement <u>and is being treated at a</u>
<u>treatment facility</u>, the administrator shall, <u>before prior to</u> the
expiration of the period during which the treatment facility is
authorized to retain the patient, file a petition requesting
authorization for continued involuntary inpatient placement. The

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2002 request must shall be accompanied by a statement from the 2003 patient's physician, psychiatrist, psychiatric nurse, or 2004 clinical psychologist justifying the request, a brief 2005 description of the patient's treatment during the time he or she 2006 was involuntarily placed, and an individualized plan of 2007 continued treatment. Notice of the hearing must shall be 2008 provided as provided set forth in s. 394.4599. If a patient's 2009 attendance at the hearing is voluntarily waived, the 2010 administrative law judge must determine that the waiver is 2011 knowing and voluntary before waiving the presence of the patient 2012 from all or a portion of the hearing. Alternatively, if at the 2013 hearing the administrative law judge finds that attendance at 2014 the hearing is not consistent with the best interests of the 2015 patient, the administrative law judge may waive the presence of 2016 the patient from all or any portion of the hearing, unless the 2017 patient, through counsel, objects to the waiver of presence. The 2018 testimony in the hearing must be under oath, and the proceedings 2019 must be recorded.

(c) Unless the patient is otherwise represented or is ineligible, he or she shall be represented at the hearing on the petition for continued involuntary inpatient placement by the public defender of the circuit in which the facility is located.

(d) If at a hearing it is shown that the patient continues to meet the criteria for involuntary inpatient placement, the administrative law judge shall sign the order for continued involuntary inpatient placement for a period of up to 90 days not to exceed 6 months. However, any order for involuntary mental health services in a treatment facility may be for up to 6 months. The same procedure shall be repeated prior to the

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expiration of each additional period the patient is retained.

(e) If continued involuntary inpatient placement is
necessary for a patient admitted while serving a criminal
sentence, but <u>his or her whose</u> sentence is about to expire, or
for a <u>minor patient</u> involuntarily placed, while a minor but who
is about to reach the age of 18, the administrator shall
petition the administrative law judge for an order authorizing
continued involuntary inpatient placement.

(f) If the patient has been previously found incompetent to consent to treatment, the administrative law judge shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's competence. If the administrative law judge finds evidence that the patient is now competent to consent to treatment, the administrative law judge may issue a recommended order to the court that found the patient incompetent to consent to treatment that the patient's competence be restored and that any guardian advocate previously appointed be discharged.

(g) If the patient has been ordered to undergo involuntary inpatient placement and has previously been found incompetent to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and evidence regarding the patient's incompetence. If the patient's competency to consent to treatment is restored, the discharge of the guardian advocate shall be governed by the provisions of s. <u>394.4598.</u>

6 The procedure required in this subsection must be followed 7 before the expiration of each additional period the patient is 8 involuntarily receiving services.

(8) RETURN TO FACILITY OF PATIENTS.-If a patient

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2060 involuntarily held When a patient at a treatment facility under 2061 this part leaves the facility without the administrator's 2062 authorization, the administrator may authorize a search for the 2063 patient and his or her the return of the patient to the 2064 facility. The administrator may request the assistance of a law 2065 enforcement agency in this regard the search for and return of 2066 the patient. 2067 Section 14. Section 394.46715, Florida Statutes, is amended 2068 to read: 2069 394.46715 Rulemaking authority.-The department may adopt 2070 rules to administer this part Department of Children and 2071 Families shall have rulemaking authority to implement the 2072 provisions of ss. 394.455, 394.4598, 394.4615, 394.463, 2073 394.4655, and 394.467 as amended or created by this act. These 2074 rules shall be for the purpose of protecting the health, safety, 2075 and well-being of persons examined, treated, or placed under this act. 2076 2077 Section 15. Section 394.656, Florida Statutes, is amended 2078 to read: 2079 394.656 Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance 2080 Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program.-2081 (1) There is created within the Department of Children and 2082 Families the Criminal Justice, Mental Health, and Substance 2083 Abuse Reinvestment Grant Program. The purpose of the program is 2084 to provide funding to counties with which they may use to can 2085 plan, implement, or expand initiatives that increase public 2086 safety, avert increased spending on criminal justice, and 2087 improve the accessibility and effectiveness of treatment services for adults and juveniles who have a mental illness, 2088

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2089 substance abuse disorder, or co-occurring mental health and 2090 substance abuse disorders and who are in, or at risk of 2091 entering, the criminal or juvenile justice systems. 2092 (2) The department shall establish a Criminal Justice, 2093 Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Statewide Grant Review 2094 Committee. The committee shall include: 2095 (a) One representative of the Department of Children and 2096 Families; 2097 (b) One representative of the Department of Corrections; 2098 (c) One representative of the Department of Juvenile 2099 Justice; 2100 (d) One representative of the Department of Elderly 2101 Affairs; and 2102 (e) One representative of the Office of the State Courts 2103 Administrator;-2104 (f) One representative of the Department of Veterans' 2105 Affairs; 2106 (g) One representative of the Florida Sheriffs Association; 2107 (h) One representative of the Florida Police Chiefs 2108 Association; 2109 (i) One representative of the Florida Association of 2110 Counties; 2111 (j) One representative of the Florida Alcohol and Drug 2112 Abuse Association; 2113 (k) One representative of the Florida Association of 2114 Managing Entities; 2115 (1) One representative of the Florida Council for Community 2116 Mental Health; 2117 (m) One representative of the National Alliance of Mental

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2118	Illness;
2119	(n) One representative of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys
2120	Association;
2121	(o) One representative of the Florida Public Defender
2122	Association; and
2123	(p) One administrator of an assisted living facility that
2124	holds a limited mental health license.
2125	(3) The committee shall serve as the advisory body to
2126	review policy and funding issues that help reduce the impact of
2127	persons with mental illness and substance abuse disorders on
2128	communities, criminal justice agencies, and the court system.
2129	The committee shall advise the department in selecting
2130	priorities for grants and investing awarded grant moneys.
2131	(4) The committee must have experience in substance use and
2132	mental health disorders, community corrections, and law
2133	enforcement. To the extent possible, the members of the
2134	committee shall have expertise in grant <u>review</u> writing, grant
2135	reviewing, and grant application scoring.
2136	(5)(a) (3)(a) A county, or a not-for-profit community
2137	provider or managing entity designated by the county planning
2138	council or committee, as described in s. 394.657, may apply for
2139	a 1-year planning grant or a 3-year implementation or expansion
2140	grant. The purpose of the grants is to demonstrate that
2141	investment in treatment efforts related to mental illness,
2142	substance abuse disorders, or co-occurring mental health and
2143	substance abuse disorders results in a reduced demand on the
2144	resources of the judicial, corrections, juvenile detention, and
2145	health and social services systems.
2146	(b) To be eligible to receive a 1-year planning grant or a

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or committee that is in compliance with the membership 2149 2150 requirements set forth in this section. 2151 2. A not-for-profit community provider or managing entity 2152 must be designated by the county planning council or committee 2153 and have written authorization to submit an application. A not-2154 for-profit community provider or managing entity must have written authorization for each submitted application. 2155 2156 (c) The department may award a 3-year implementation or 2157 expansion grant to an applicant who has not received a 1-year 2158 planning grant. 2159 (d) The department may require an applicant to conduct 2160 sequential intercept mapping for a project. For purposes of this 2161 paragraph, the term "sequential intercept mapping" means a 2162 process for reviewing a local community's mental health, substance abuse, criminal justice, and related systems and 2163 2164 identifying points of interceptions where interventions may be 2165 made to prevent an individual with a substance abuse disorder or 2166 mental illness from deeper involvement in the criminal justice 2167 system. 2168 (6) (4) The grant review and selection committee shall 2169 select the grant recipients and notify the department of 2170 Children and Families in writing of the recipients' names of the 2171 applicants who have been selected by the committee to receive a 2172 grant. Contingent upon the availability of funds and upon 2173 notification by the grant review and selection committee of those applicants approved to receive planning, implementation, 2174 or expansion grants, the department of Children and Families may 2175

1. A county applicant must have a county planning council

3-year implementation or expansion grant: \overline{r}

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2176 transfer funds appropriated for the grant program to a selected 2177 grant recipient to any county awarded a grant. Section 16. Section 394.761, Florida Statutes, is created 2178 2179 to read: 2180 394.761 Revenue maximization.-The department, in 2181 coordination with the Agency for Health Care Administration and 2182 the managing entities, shall compile detailed documentation of 2183 the cost and reimbursements for Medicaid covered services 2184 provided to Medicaid eligible individuals by providers of 2185 behavioral health services that are also funded for programs 2186 authorized by this chapter and chapter 397. The department's 2187 documentation, along with a report of general revenue funds 2188 supporting behavioral health services that are not counted as maintenance of effort or match for any other federal program, 2189 2190 will be submitted to the Agency for Health Care Administration 2191 by December 31, 2016. Copies of the report must also be provided 2192 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 2193 the House of Representatives. If this report presents clear 2194 evidence that Medicaid reimbursements are less than the costs of 2195 providing the services, the Agency for Health Care 2196 Administration and the Department of Children and Families shall 2197 prepare and submit any budget amendments necessary to use unmatched general revenue funds in the 2016-2017 fiscal year to 2198 2199 draw additional federal funding to increase Medicaid funding to 2200 behavioral health service providers receiving the unmatched 2201 general revenue. Payments shall be made to providers in such 2202 manner as is allowed by federal law and regulations. 2203 Section 17. Subsection (11) is added to section 394.875,

2204 Florida Statutes, to read:

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2205 394.875 Crisis stabilization units, residential treatment 2206 facilities, and residential treatment centers for children and 2207 adolescents; authorized services; license required.-2208 (11) By January 1, 2017, the department and the agency 2209 shall modify licensure rules and procedures to create an option 2210 for a single, consolidated license for a provider who offers 2211 multiple types of mental health and substance abuse services 2212 regulated under this chapter and chapter 397. Providers eligible 2213 for a consolidated license shall operate these services through 2214 a single corporate entity and a unified management structure. 2215 Any provider serving adults and children must meet department 2216 standards for separate facilities and other requirements 2217 necessary to ensure children's safety and promote therapeutic 2218 efficacy. 2219 Section 18. Section 394.9082, Florida Statutes, is amended 2220 to read: (Substantial rewording of section. See 2221 2222 s. 394.9082, F.S., for present text.) 2223 394.9082 Behavioral health managing entities' purpose; 2224 definitions; duties; contracting; accountability.-2225 (1) PURPOSE.-The purpose of the behavioral health managing 2226 entities is to plan, coordinate and contract for the delivery of 2227 community mental health and substance abuse services, to improve access to care, to promote service continuity, to purchase 2228 2229 services, and to support efficient and effective delivery of 2230 services. 2231 (2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 2232 (a) "Behavioral health services" means mental health 2233 services and substance abuse prevention and treatment services

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2234 as described in this chapter and chapter 397. 2235 (b) "Case management" means those direct services provided 2236 to a client in order to assess needs, plan or arrange services, 2237 coordinate service providers, monitor service delivery, and 2238 evaluate outcomes. 2239 (c) "Coordinated system of care" means the full array of 2240 behavioral health and related services in a region or a 2241 community offered by all service providers, whether 2242 participating under contract with the managing entity or through 2243 another method of community partnership or mutual agreement. 2244 (d) "Geographic area" means one or more contiguous 2245 counties, circuits, or regions as described in s. 409.966. 2246 (e) "High-need or high-utilization individual" means a 2247 recipient who meets one or more of the following criteria and 2248 may be eligible for intensive case management services: 2249 1. Has resided in a state mental health facility for at 2250 least 6 months in the last 36 months; 2251 2. Has had two or more admissions to a state mental health 2252 facility in the last 36 months; or 2253 3. Has had three or more admissions to a crisis 2254 stabilization unit, an addictions receiving facility, a short-2255 term residential detoxification facility, or an inpatient 2256 psychiatric unit within the last 12 months. 2257 (f) "Managed behavioral health organization" means a 2258 Medicaid managed care organization currently under contract with 2259 the statewide Medicaid managed medical assistance program in 2260 this state pursuant to part IV of chapter 409, including a 2261 managed care organization operating as a behavioral health 2262 specialty plan.

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2263 (g) "Managing entity" means a corporation selected by and 2264 under contract with the department to manage the daily 2265 operational delivery of behavioral health services through a 2266 coordinated system of care. 2267 (h) "Provider network" means the group of direct service 2268 providers, facilities, and organizations under contract with a 2269 managing entity to provide a comprehensive array of emergency, 2270 acute care, residential, outpatient, recovery support, and 2271 consumer support services, including prevention services. 2272 (i) "Receiving facility" means any public or private 2273 facility designated by the department to receive and hold or to 2274 refer, as appropriate, involuntary patients under emergency conditions for mental health or substance abuse evaluation and 2275 2276 to provide treatment or transportation to the appropriate service provider. County jails may not be used or designated as 2277 2278 a receiving facility, a triage center, or an access center. 2279 (3) DEPARTMENT DUTIES. - The department shall: 2280 (a) Designate, with input from the managing entity, 2281 facilities that meet the definitions in s. 394.455(1), (2), 2282 (13), and (41) and the receiving system developed by one or more 2283 counties pursuant to s. 394.4573(2)(b). 2284 (b) Contract with organizations to serve as the managing 2285 entity in accordance with the requirements of this section. 2286 (c) Specify the geographic area served. 2287 (d) Specify data reporting and use of shared data systems. 2288 (e) Develop strategies to divert persons with mental 2289 illness or substance abuse disorders from the criminal and 2290 juvenile justice systems. 2291 (f) Support the development and implementation of a

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2292	coordinated system of care by requiring each provider that
2293	receives state funds for behavioral health services through a
2294	direct contract with the department to work with the managing
2295	entity in the provider's service area to coordinate the
2296	provision of behavioral health services, as part of the contract
2297	with the department.
2298	(g) Provide technical assistance to the managing entities.
2299	(h) Promote the integration of behavioral health care and
2300	primary care.
2301	(i) Facilitate the coordination between the managing entity
2302	and other payors of behavioral health care.
2303	(j) Develop and provide a unique identifier for clients
2304	receiving services under the managing entity to coordinate care.
2305	(k) Coordinate procedures for the referral and admission of
2306	patients to, and the discharge of patients from, state treatment
2307	facilities and their return to the community.
2308	(1) Ensure that managing entities comply with state and
2309	federal laws, rules, and regulations.
2310	(m) Develop rules for the operations of, and the
2311	requirements that must be met by, the managing entity, if
2312	necessary.
2313	(4) CONTRACTS FOR SERVICES.—
2314	(a) In contracting for services with managing entities
2315	under this section, the department must first attempt to
2316	contract with not-for-profit, community-based organizations that
2317	have competence in managing networks of providers serving
2318	persons with mental health and substance abuse disorders.
2319	(b) The department shall issue an invitation to negotiate
2320	under s. 287.057 to select an organization to serve as a

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2321 managing entity. If the department receives fewer than two 2322 responsive bids to the solicitation, the department shall 2323 reissue the invitation to negotiate, in which case managed 2324 behavioral health organizations shall be eligible to bid and be 2325 awarded a contract. 2326 (c) If the managing entity is a not-for-profit, community-2327 based organization, it must have a governing board that is representative. At a minimum, the governing board must include 2328 2329 consumers and their family members; representatives of local 2330 government, area law enforcement agencies, health care 2331 facilities, and community-based care lead agencies; business 2332 leaders; and providers of substance abuse and mental health 2333 services as defined in this chapter and chapter 397. 2334 (d) If the managing entity is a managed behavioral health 2335 organization, it must establish an advisory board that meets the 2336 same requirements specified in paragraph (c) for a governing 2337 board. (e) If the department issues an invitation to negotiate 2338 2339 pursuant to paragraph (b), the department shall consider the 2340 advice and recommendations of the provider network and community 2341 stakeholders in determining the criteria and relative weight of 2342 the criteria that will be used in the solicitation of the new 2343 contractor. The department shall consider all of the following 2344 factors: 2345 1. Experience serving persons with mental health and 2346 substance abuse disorders. 2347 2. Establishment of community partnerships with behavioral health providers. 2348 2349 3. Demonstrated organizational capabilities for network

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2350	management functions.
2351	4. Capability to coordinate behavioral health with primary
2352	care services.
2353	(f) The department's contracts with managing entities must
2354	support efficient and effective administration of the behavioral
2355	health system and ensure accountability for performance.
2356	(g) A contractor serving as a managing entity shall operate
2357	under the same data reporting, administrative, and
2358	administrative rate requirements, regardless of whether it is a
2359	for-profit or a not-for-profit entity.
2360	(h) The contract must designate the geographic area that
2361	will be served by the managing entity, which area must be of
2362	sufficient size in population, funding, and services to allow
2363	for flexibility and efficiency.
2364	(i) The contract must require that, when there is a change
2365	in the managing entity in a geographic area, a transition plan
2366	be developed and implemented by the department which ensures
2367	continuity of care for patients receiving behavioral health
2368	services.
2369	(j) By October 31, 2019, if all other contract requirements
2370	and performance standards are met and the department determines
2371	that the managing entity has made progress toward the
2372	implementation of a coordinated system of care in its geographic
2373	region, the department may continue its contract with the
2374	managing entity for up to, but not exceeding, 5 years, including
2375	any and all renewals and extensions. Thereafter, the department
2376	must issue a competitive solicitation pursuant to paragraph (b).
2377	(5) DUTIES OF MANAGING ENTITIESA managing entity shall:
2378	(a) Maintain a board of directors that is representative of
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2379	the community and that, at a minimum, includes consumers and
2380	family members, community stakeholders and organizations, and
2381	providers of mental health and substance abuse services,
2382	including public and private receiving facilities.
2383	(b) Conduct a community behavioral health care needs
2384	assessment in the geographic area served by the managing entity.
2385	The needs assessment must be updated annually and provided to
2386	the department. The assessment must include, at a minimum, the
2387	information the department needs for its annual report to the
2388	Governor and Legislature pursuant to s. 394.4573.
2389	(c) Develop local resources by pursuing third-party
2390	payments for services, applying for grants, assisting providers
2391	in securing local matching funds and in-kind services, and any
2392	other methods needed to ensure services are available and
2393	accessible.
2394	(d) Provide assistance to counties to develop a designated
2395	receiving system pursuant to s. 394.4573(2)(b) and a
2396	transportation plan pursuant to s. 394.462.
2397	(e) Promote the development and effective implementation of
2398	a coordinated system of care pursuant to s. 394.4573.
2399	(f) Develop a comprehensive network of qualified providers
2400	to deliver behavioral health services. The managing entity is
2401	not required to competitively procure network providers, but
2402	must have a process in place to publicize opportunities to join
2403	the network and to evaluate providers in the network to
2404	determine if they can remain in the network. These processes
2405	must be published on the website of the managing entity. The
2406	managing entity must ensure continuity of care for clients if a
2407	provider ceases to provide a service or leaves the network.
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2408	(g) Enter into cooperative agreements with local homeless
2409	councils and organizations to allow the sharing of available
2410	resource information, shared client information, client referral
2411	services, and any other data or information that may be useful
2412	in addressing the homelessness of persons suffering from a
2413	behavioral health crisis. All information sharing must comply
2414	with federal and state privacy and confidentiality laws,
2415	statutes and regulations.
2416	(h) Monitor network providers' performance and their
2417	compliance with contract requirements and federal and state
2418	laws, rules, and regulations.
2419	(i) Provide or contract for case management services.
2420	(j) Manage and allocate funds for services to meet the
2421	requirements of law or rule.
2422	(k) Promote integration of behavioral health with primary
2423	care.
2424	(1) Implement shared data systems necessary for the
2425	delivery of coordinated care and integrated services, the
2426	assessment of managing entity performance and provider
2427	performance, and the reporting of outcomes and costs of
2428	services.
2429	(m) Operate in a transparent manner, providing public
2430	access to information, notice of meetings, and opportunities for
2431	public participation in managing entity decision-making.
2432	(n) Establish and maintain effective relationships with
2433	community stakeholders, including local governments and other
2434	organizations that serve individuals with behavioral health
2435	needs.
2436	(o) Collaborate with local criminal and juvenile justice

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2437	systems to divert persons with mental illness or substance abuse
2438	disorders, or both, from the criminal and juvenile justice
2439	systems.
2440	(p) Collaborate with the local court system to develop
2441	procedures to maximize the use of involuntary outpatient
2442	services; reduce involuntary inpatient treatment; and increase
2443	diversion from the criminal and juvenile justice systems.
2444	(6) NETWORK ACCREDITATION AND SYSTEMS COORDINATION
2445	AGREEMENTS
2446	(a)1. The department shall identify acceptable
2447	accreditations which address coordination within a network and,
2448	if possible, between the network and major systems and programs
2449	with which the network interacts, such as the child welfare
2450	system, state courts system, and the Medicaid program. In
2451	identifying acceptable accreditations, the department shall
2452	consider whether the accreditation facilitates integrated
2453	strategic planning, resource coordination, technology
2454	integration, performance measurement, and increased value to
2455	consumers through choice of access to services, improved
2456	coordination of services, and effectiveness and efficiency of
2457	service delivery.
2458	2. All managing entities under contract as of July 1, 2016,
2459	shall earn accreditation deemed acceptable by the department
2460	pursuant to paragraph (a) by June 30, 2019. Managing entities
2461	whose initial contract with the state is executed after July 1,
2462	2016, shall earn network accreditation within 3 years after the
2463	contract execution date. Pursuant to paragraph (4)(j) above, the
2464	department may continue the contract of a managing entity that
2465	earns the network accreditation within the required timeframe

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medical assistance plans, and homeless coalitions in its service area. Such entities shall cooperate with the managing entities in entering into such memoranda. (c) By February 1 of each year, beginning in 2018, each managing entity shall develop and submit to the department a plan for the enhancement of the behavioral health system of care of the managing entity's service area, if appropriate, based on the assessed behavioral health care needs of the service area.

(b) If no accreditations are available or deemed acceptable

which address coordination between the network and other major

under contract as of July 1, 2016, and within one year after the

contract after that date, each managing entity shall enter into

systems and programs, by July 1, 2017, for managing entities

contract execution date for managing entities initially under

communication and coordination with any community-based care

lead agencies, state court system, sheriff's offices, public

defenders, offices of regional conflict counsel Medicaid managed

a memorandum of understanding detailing mechanisms for

and maintains it throughout the contract term.

1. The designated receiving systems developed pursuant to s. 394.4573, and shall give consideration to evidence-based, evidence-informed, and innovative practices for diverting individuals from the acute behavioral health care system and addressing their needs once they are in the system in the most efficient and cost-effective manner.

Individual sections of the plan shall address:

2. Treatment and recovery services, and shall emphasize the provision of care coordination and the use of recovery-oriented, peer-involved approaches.

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3. Coordination between the behavioral health system of care and other systems such as the child welfare system, state courts system and Medicaid program. (d) If the plan recommends additional funding, the plan shall describe, at a minimum, the specific needs that would be met, the specific services that would be purchased, the estimated benefits of the services, the projected costs, the projected number of individuals that would be served, and any other information indicating the estimated benefit to the community. The managing entity shall include consumers and their family members, local governments, law enforcement agencies, providers, community partners, and other stakeholders when developing the plan. (e) Subject to a specific appropriation by the Legislature, the department may award system improvement grants to managing entities based on the submission of the plans as described and required in paragraphs (c) and (d). (7) PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-(a) Managing entities shall collect and submit data to the department regarding persons served, outcomes of persons served, costs of services provided through the department's contract,

(b) The department shall evaluate the managing entity's
performance and the overall progress made by the managing
entity, together with other systems, in meeting the community's
behavioral health needs, based on consumer-centered outcome
measures that reflect national standards, if possible, and that
can dependably be measured. The department shall work with
managing entities to establish performance standards related at

and other data as required by the department.

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First Engrossed

201612e1 2524 a minimum to: 2525 1. The extent to which individuals in the community receive 2526 services. 2527 2. The improvement in the overall behavioral health of a 2528 community. 2529 3. The improvement in functioning or progress in the 2530 recovery of individuals served by the managing entity, as 2531 determined using person-centered measures tailored to the 2532 population. 2533 4. The success of strategies to divert admissions to acute 2534 levels of care, jails, prisons, and forensic facilities as 2535 measured by, at a minimum, the total number of percentage of 2536 clients who, during a specified period, experience multiple 2537 admissions to acute levels of care, jails, prisons, or forensic 2538 facilities. 2539 5. Consumer and family satisfaction. 2540 6. The satisfaction of key community constituencies such as 2541 law enforcement agencies, juvenile justice agencies, the state 2542 courts system, school districts, local government entities, 2543 hospitals, and others as appropriate for the geographical area 2544 of the managing entity. 2545 (8) FUNDING FOR MANAGING ENTITIES.-2546 (a) A contract established between the department and a 2547 managing entity under this section must be funded by general 2548 revenue, other applicable state funds, or applicable federal 2549 funding sources. A managing entity may carry forward documented 2550 unexpended state funds from one fiscal year to the next, but the 2551 cumulative amount carried forward may not exceed 8 percent of 2552 the total value of the contract. Any unexpended state funds in

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2553	excess of that percentage must be returned to the department.
2554	The funds carried forward may not be used in a way that would
2555	increase future recurring obligations or for any program or
2556	service that was not authorized as of July 1, 2016, under the
2557	existing contract with the department. Expenditures of funds
2558	carried forward must be separately reported to the department.
2559	Any unexpended funds that remain at the end of the contract
2560	period must be returned to the department. Funds carried forward
2561	may be retained through contract renewals and new contract
2562	procurements as long as the same managing entity is retained by
2563	the department.
2564	(b) The method of payment for a fixed-price contract with a
2565	managing entity must provide for a 2-month advance payment at
2566	the beginning of each fiscal year and equal monthly payments
2567	thereafter.
2568	(9) ACUTE CARE SERVICES UTILIZATION DATABASE The
2569	department shall develop, implement, and maintain standards
2570	under which a managing entity shall collect utilization data
2571	from all public receiving facilities situated within its
2572	geographic service area and all detoxification and addictions
2573	receiving facilities under contract with the managing entity. As
2574	used in this subsection, the term "public receiving facility"
2575	means an entity that meets the licensure requirements of, and is
2576	designated by, the department to operate as a public receiving
2577	facility under s. 394.875 and that is operating as a licensed
2578	crisis stabilization unit.
2579	(a) The department shall develop standards and protocols to
2580	be used for data collection, storage, transmittal, and analysis.
2581	The standards and protocols shall allow for compatibility of
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2582	data and data transmittal between public receiving facilities,
2583	detoxification facilities, addiction receiving facilities,
2584	managing entities, and the department for the implement and
2585	requirements of this subsection.
2586	(b) A managing entity shall require providers specified in
2587	paragraph (1)(a) to submit data, in real time or at least daily,
2588	to the managing entity for:
2589	1. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving
2590	public receiving facility services who qualify as indigent, as
2591	defined in s. 394.4787;
2592	2. The current active census of total licensed beds, the
2593	number of beds purchased by the department, the number of
2594	clients qualifying as indigent who occupy those beds, and the
2595	total number of unoccupied licensed beds regardless of funding
2596	for each public receiving facility;
2597	3. All admissions and discharges of clients receiving
2598	substance abuse services in an addictions receiving facility or
2599	detoxification facility pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter
2600	<u>397.</u>
2601	(c) A managing entity shall require providers specified in
2602	paragraph (1)(a) to submit data, on a monthly basis, to the
2603	managing entity which aggregates the daily data submitted under
2604	paragraph (b). The managing entity shall reconcile the data in
2605	the monthly submission to the data received by the managing
2606	entity under paragraph (b) to check for consistency. If the
2607	monthly aggregate data submitted by a provider under this
2608	paragraph are inconsistent with the daily data submitted under
2609	paragraph (b), the managing entity shall consult with the
2610	provider to make corrections necessary to ensure accurate data.

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2611(d) A managing entity shall require providers specified in2612paragraph (1) (a) within its provider network to submit data, on2613an annual basis, to the managing entity which aggregates the2614data submitted and reconciled under paragraph (c). The managing2615entity shall reconcile the data in the annual submission to the2616data received and reconciled by the managing entity under2617paragraph (c) to check for consistency. If the annual aggregate2618data submitted by a provider under this paragraph are2619inconsistent with the data received and reconciled under2620paragraph (c), the managing entity shall consult with the2621provider to make corrections necessary to ensure accurate data.2622(e) After ensuring the accuracy of data pursuant to2623paragraphs (c) and (d), the managing entity shall submit the2624data to the department on a monthly and an annual basis. The2625department shall create a statewide database for the data2626crisis stabilization services funded by the Baker Act and2627pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis263and on an individual provider basis.263section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as263subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections263(30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read:263397.311 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, except part263VIII, the term:263(20) "Informed consent" means cons	I.	
2613an annual basis, to the managing entity which aggregates the26142615entity shall reconciled the data in the annual submission to the2616data received and reconciled by the managing entity under2617paragraph (c) to check for consistency. If the annual aggregate2618data submitted by a provider under this paragraph are2619inconsistent with the data received and reconciled under2620paragraph (c), the managing entity shall consult with the2621paragraph (c), the managing entity shall submit the2622paragraph (c) and (d), the managing entity shall submit the2623paragraphs (c) and (d), the managing entity shall submit the2624data to the department on a monthly and an annual basis. The2625department shall create a statewide database for the data2626detoxification and addictions receiving services providedpursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis26312632and on an individual provider basis.26332634263526362636263726382639263026312631263226332634263526362636263726382638263926392630263026312632 </td <td>2611</td> <td>(d) A managing entity shall require providers specified in</td>	2611	(d) A managing entity shall require providers specified in
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2624 data to the department on a monthly and an annual basis. The department shall create a statewide database for the data described under paragraph (b) and submitted under this paragraph for the purpose of analyzing the payments for and the use of crisis stabilization services funded by the Baker Act and detoxification and addictions receiving services provided pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis and on an individual provider basis. 2632 Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part VIII, the term:	2622	(e) After ensuring the accuracy of data pursuant to
2625 department shall create a statewide database for the data 2626 described under paragraph (b) and submitted under this paragraph 2627 for the purpose of analyzing the payments for and the use of 2628 crisis stabilization services funded by the Baker Act and 2629 detoxification and addictions receiving services provided 2630 pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis 2631 and on an individual provider basis. 2632 Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of 2633 section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 2634 subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections 2635 (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 2637 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:	2623	paragraphs (c) and (d), the managing entity shall submit the
2626 described under paragraph (b) and submitted under this paragraph 2627 for the purpose of analyzing the payments for and the use of 2628 crisis stabilization services funded by the Baker Act and 2629 detoxification and addictions receiving services provided 2630 pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis 2631 and on an individual provider basis. 2632 Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of 2633 section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 2634 subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections 2635 (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections 2636 (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 2637 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:	2624	data to the department on a monthly and an annual basis. The
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2630 <u>pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis</u> 2631 <u>and on an individual provider basis.</u> 2632 Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of 2633 section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 2634 subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections 2635 (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections 2636 (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:	2628	crisis stabilization services funded by the Baker Act and
2631and on an individual provider basis.2632Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of2633section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as2634subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections2635(20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections2636(30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read:2637397.311 DefinitionsAs used in this chapter, except part2638VIII, the term:	2629	detoxification and addictions receiving services provided
Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part VIII, the term:	2630	pursuant to parts IV and V of chapter 397 on a statewide basis
<pre>2633 section 397.311, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 2634 subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections 2635 (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections 2636 (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 2637 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:</pre>	2631	and on an individual provider basis.
<pre>2634 subsections (22) through (47), respectively, new subsections 2635 (20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections 2636 (30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read: 2637 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:</pre>	2632	Section 19. Present subsections (20) through (45) of
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<pre>2637 397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part 2638 VIII, the term:</pre>	2635	(20) and (21) are added to that section, and present subsections
2638 VIII, the term:	2636	(30) and (38) of that section are amended, to read:
	2637	397.311 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, except part
2639 (20) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given in	2638	VIII, the term:
	2639	(20) "Informed consent" means consent voluntarily given in

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2640 writing by a competent person after sufficient explanation and 2641 disclosure of the subject matter involved to enable the person 2642 to make a knowing and willful decision without any element of 2643 force, fraud, deceit, duress, or other form of constraint or 2644 coercion.

2645 (21) "Involuntary services" means an array of behavioral 2646 health services that may be ordered by the court for persons 2647 with substance abuse or co-occurring mental health disorders.

2648 (32) (30) "Qualified professional" means a physician or a 2649 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459; a 2650 professional licensed under chapter 490 or chapter 491; an 2651 advanced registered nurse practitioner having a specialty in 2652 psychiatry licensed under part I of chapter 464; or a person who 2653 is certified through a department-recognized certification 2654 process for substance abuse treatment services and who holds, at 2655 a minimum, a bachelor's degree. A person who is certified in 2656 substance abuse treatment services by a state-recognized 2657 certification process in another state at the time of employment 2658 with a licensed substance abuse provider in this state may 2659 perform the functions of a qualified professional as defined in 2660 this chapter but must meet certification requirements contained 2661 in this subsection no later than 1 year after his or her date of 2662 employment.

2663 <u>(40) (38)</u> "Service component" or "component" means a 2664 discrete operational entity within a service provider which is 2665 subject to licensing as defined by rule. Service components 2666 include prevention, intervention, and clinical treatment 2667 described in subsection <u>(24)</u> (22).

2668

Section 20. Section 397.675, Florida Statutes, is amended

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2669 to read: 2670 397.675 Criteria for involuntary admissions, including protective custody, emergency admission, and other involuntary 2671 2672 assessment, involuntary treatment, and alternative involuntary 2673 assessment for minors, for purposes of assessment and 2674 stabilization, and for involuntary treatment.-A person meets the 2675 criteria for involuntary admission if there is good faith reason 2676 to believe that the person has a substance abuse or co-occurring 2677 mental health disorder is substance abuse impaired and, because 2678 of such disorder impairment: 2679 (1) Has lost the power of self-control with respect to 2680 substance abuse use; and either (2) (a) Has inflicted, or threatened or attempted to 2681 2682 inflict, or unless admitted is likely to inflict, physical harm 2683 on himself or herself or another; or 2684 (b) Is in need of substance abuse services and, by reason 2685 of substance abuse impairment, his or her judgment has been so 2686 impaired that he or she the person is incapable of appreciating 2687 his or her need for such services and of making a rational 2688 decision in that regard, although thereto; however, mere refusal 2689 to receive such services does not constitute evidence of lack of 2690 judgment with respect to his or her need for such services. 2691 (b) Without care or treatment, is likely to suffer from 2692 neglect or to refuse to care for himself or herself, that such 2693 neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2694 substantial harm to his or her well-being and that it is not 2695 apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of 2696 willing family members or friends or the provision of other 2697 services, or there is substantial likelihood that the person has

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inflicted, or threatened to or attempted to inflict, or, unless
admitted, is likely to inflict, physical harm on himself,
herself, or another.
Section 21. Section 397.679, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
397.679 Emergency admission; circumstances justifyingA
person who meets the criteria for involuntary admission in s.
397.675 may be admitted to a hospital or to a licensed
detoxification facility or addictions receiving facility for
emergency assessment and stabilization, or to a less intensive
component of a licensed service provider for assessment only,
upon receipt by the facility of <u>a</u> the physician's certificate <u>by</u>
a physician, an advanced registered nurse practitioner, a
clinical psychologist, a licensed clinical social worker, a
licensed marriage and family therapist, a licensed mental health
counselor, a physician assistant working under the scope of
practice of the supervising physician, or a master's-level-
certified addictions professional, if the certificate is
specific to substance abuse disorders, and the completion of an
application for emergency admission.
Section 22. Section 397.6791, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
397.6791 Emergency admission; persons who may initiateThe
following <u>professionals</u> persons may request <u>a certificate for</u> an
emergency assessment or admission:
(1) In the case of an adult, physicians, advanced
registered nurse practitioners, clinical psychologists, licensed
clinical social workers, licensed marriage and family
therapists, licensed mental health counselors, physician

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2727	assistants working under the scope of practice of the
2728	supervising physician, and a master's-level-certified addictions
2729	professional, if the certificate is specific to substance abuse
2730	disorders the certifying physician, the person's spouse or legal
2731	guardian, any relative of the person, or any other responsible
2732	adult who has personal knowledge of the person's substance abuse
2733	impairment.
2734	(2) In the case of a minor, the minor's parent, legal
2735	guardian, or legal custodian.
2736	Section 23. Section 397.6793, Florida Statutes, is amended
2737	to read:
2738	397.6793 Professional's Physician's certificate for
2739	emergency admission
2740	(1) The <u>professional's</u> physician's certificate must include
2741	the name of the person to be admitted, the relationship between
2742	the person and the professional executing the certificate
2743	physician, the relationship between the applicant and the
2744	professional physician, any relationship between the
2745	professional physician and the licensed service provider, and a
2746	statement that the person has been examined and assessed within
2747	the preceding 5 days of the application date, and must include
2748	factual allegations with respect to the need for emergency
2749	admission, including:
2750	(a) The reason for the physician's belief that the person
2751	is substance abuse impaired; and
2752	(b) The reason for the physician's belief that because of
2753	such impairment the person has lost the power of self-control
2754	with respect to substance abuse; and either
2755	(c)1. The reason <u>for</u> the <u>belief</u> physician believes that <u>,</u>
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2756 without care or treatment, the person is likely to suffer from 2757 neglect or refuse to care for himself or herself; that such 2758 neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2759 substantial harm to his or her well-being; and that it is not 2760 apparent that such harm may be avoided through the help of 2761 willing family members or friends or the provision of other 2762 services or there is substantial likelihood that the person has 2763 inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or 2764 herself or others unless admitted; or

2765 2. The reason <u>for</u> the <u>belief</u> physician believes that the 2766 person's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on 2767 judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the 2768 person is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care and 2769 of making a rational decision regarding his or her need for 2770 care.

2771 (2) The professional's physician's certificate must 2772 recommend the least restrictive type of service that is 2773 appropriate for the person. The certificate must be signed by 2774 the professional physician. If other less restrictive means are 2775 not available, such as voluntary appearance for outpatient 2776 evaluation, a law enforcement officer shall take the person 2777 named in the certificate into custody and deliver him or her to 2778 the appropriate facility for involuntary examination.

(3) A signed copy of the professional's physician's
certificate shall accompany the person, and shall be made a part
of the person's clinical record, together with a signed copy of
the application. The application and <u>the professional's</u>
physician's certificate authorize the involuntary admission of
the person pursuant to, and subject to the provisions of, ss.

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2785 397.679-397.6797.

2786 (4) The professional's certificate is valid for 7 days
2787 after issuance.

2788 (5) The professional's physician's certificate must 2789 indicate whether the person requires transportation assistance 2790 for delivery for emergency admission and specify, pursuant to s. 2791 397.6795, the type of transportation assistance necessary.

2792 Section 24. Section 397.6795, Florida Statutes, is amended 2793 to read:

2794 397.6795 Transportation-assisted delivery of persons for 2795 emergency assessment. - An applicant for a person's emergency admission, or the person's spouse or guardian, or a law 2796 2797 enforcement officer, or a health officer may deliver a person 2798 named in the professional's physician's certificate for 2799 emergency admission to a hospital or a licensed detoxification 2800 facility or addictions receiving facility for emergency 2801 assessment and stabilization.

2802 Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 397.681, Florida 2803 Statutes, is amended to read:

2804 397.681 Involuntary petitions; general provisions; court 2805 jurisdiction and right to counsel.-

2806 (1) JURISDICTION.-The courts have jurisdiction of 2807 involuntary assessment and stabilization petitions and 2808 involuntary treatment petitions for substance abuse impaired 2809 persons, and such petitions must be filed with the clerk of the 2810 court in the county where the person is located. The clerk of 2811 the court may not charge a fee for the filing of a petition under this section. The chief judge may appoint a general or 2812 2813 special magistrate to preside over all or part of the

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2814 proceedings. The alleged impaired person is named as the 2815 respondent.

2816 Section 26. Subsection (1) of section 397.6811, Florida 2817 Statutes, is amended to read:

2818 397.6811 Involuntary assessment and stabilization.-A person 2819 determined by the court to appear to meet the criteria for 2820 involuntary admission under s. 397.675 may be admitted for a 2821 period of 5 days to a hospital or to a licensed detoxification 2822 facility or addictions receiving facility, for involuntary 2823 assessment and stabilization or to a less restrictive component 2824 of a licensed service provider for assessment only upon entry of 2825 a court order or upon receipt by the licensed service provider 2826 of a petition. Involuntary assessment and stabilization may be 2827 initiated by the submission of a petition to the court.

(1) If the person upon whose behalf the petition is being filed is an adult, a petition for involuntary assessment and stabilization may be filed by the respondent's spouse, or legal guardian, any relative, a private practitioner, the director of a licensed service provider or the director's designee, or any <u>individual three adults</u> who <u>has direct</u> have personal knowledge of the respondent's substance abuse impairment.

2835 Section 27. Section 397.6814, Florida Statutes, is amended 2836 to read:

2837 397.6814 Involuntary assessment and stabilization; contents 2838 of petition.—A petition for involuntary assessment and 2839 stabilization must contain the name of the respondent<u>,</u>; the name 2840 of the applicant or applicants<u>,</u>; the relationship between the 2841 respondent and the applicant<u>, and</u>; the name of the respondent's 2842 attorney, if known, and a statement of the respondent's ability

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2843to afford an attorney;and must state facts to support the need2844for involuntary assessment and stabilization, including:

(1) The reason for the petitioner's belief that the respondent is substance abuse impaired; and

(2) The reason for the petitioner's belief that because of such impairment the respondent has lost the power of selfcontrol with respect to substance abuse; and either

(3) (a) The reason the petitioner believes that the respondent has inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or herself or others unless admitted; or

(b) The reason the petitioner believes that the respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care and of making a rational decision regarding that need for care. If the respondent has refused to submit to an assessment, such refusal must be alleged in the petition.

2861 <u>A fee may not be charged for the filing of a petition pursuant</u> 2862 to this section.

2863 Section 28. Section 397.6819, Florida Statutes, is amended 2864 to read:

2865 397.6819 Involuntary assessment and stabilization; 2866 responsibility of licensed service provider.-

2867 (1) A licensed service provider may admit an individual for 2868 involuntary assessment and stabilization for a period not to 2869 exceed 5 days <u>unless a petition has been filed pursuant to s.</u> 2870 <u>397.6821 or s. 397.6822</u>. The individual must be assessed <u>within</u> 2871 <u>72 hours without unnecessary delay</u> by a qualified professional.

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2872 If an assessment is performed by a qualified professional who is 2873 not a physician, the assessment must be reviewed by a physician 2874 before the end of the assessment period. 2875 (2) The managing entity must be notified of the 2876 recommendation for involuntary services so that it may assist in 2877 locating and providing the requested services, if such services 2878 are available. The managing entity shall document its efforts to 2879 obtain the recommended services. 2880 Section 29. Section 397.695, Florida Statutes, is amended 2881 to read: 2882 397.695 Involuntary services treatment; persons who may 2883 petition.-2884 (1) (a) If the respondent is an adult, a petition for 2885 involuntary services treatment may be filed by the respondent's 2886 spouse or legal guardian, any relative, a service provider, or 2887 any individual three adults who has direct have personal 2888 knowledge of the respondent's substance abuse impairment and his 2889 or her prior course of assessment and treatment. 2890 (2) If the respondent is a minor, a petition for 2891 involuntary treatment may be filed by a parent, legal guardian, 2892 or service provider. 2893 Section 30. Section 397.6951, Florida Statutes, is amended 2894 to read: 2895 397.6951 Contents of petition for involuntary services 2896 treatment.-A petition for involuntary services treatment must 2897 contain the name of the respondent to be admitted; the name of 2898 the petitioner or petitioners; the relationship between the 2899 respondent and the petitioner; the name of the respondent's 2900 attorney, if known, and a statement of the petitioner's

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2901 knowledge of the respondent's ability to afford an attorney; the 2902 findings and recommendations of the assessment performed by the 2903 qualified professional; and the factual allegations presented by 2904 the petitioner establishing the need for involuntary <u>outpatient</u> 2905 <u>services. The factual allegations must demonstrate</u> treatment, 2906 <u>including</u>:

2907 (1) The reason for the petitioner's belief that the 2908 respondent is substance abuse impaired; and

(2) The reason for the petitioner's belief that because of such impairment the respondent has lost the power of selfcontrol with respect to substance abuse; and either

(3) (a) The reason the petitioner believes that the respondent has inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or herself or others unless <u>the court orders the</u> <u>involuntary services</u> admitted; or

(b) The reason the petitioner believes that the respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is based on judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that the respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for care and of making a rational decision regarding that need for care.

2921 Section 31. Section 397.6955, Florida Statutes, is amended 2922 to read:

2923 397.6955 Duties of court upon filing of petition for 2924 involuntary services treatment.-

2925 <u>(1)</u> Upon the filing of a petition for the involuntary 2926 <u>services for</u> treatment of a substance abuse impaired person with 2927 the clerk of the court, the court shall immediately determine 2928 whether the respondent is represented by an attorney or whether 2929 the appointment of counsel for the respondent is appropriate. <u>If</u>

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2930 the court appoints counsel for the person, the clerk of the 2931 court shall immediately notify the regional conflict counsel, created pursuant to s. 27.511, of the appointment. The regional 2932 2933 conflict counsel shall represent the person until the petition 2934 is dismissed, the court order expires, or the person is 2935 discharged from involuntary services. An attorney that 2936 represents the person named in the petition shall have access to 2937 the person, witnesses, and records relevant to the presentation 2938 of the person's case and shall represent the interests of the 2939 person, regardless of the source of payment to the attorney.

2940 (2) The court shall schedule a hearing to be held on the 2941 petition within 5 ± 10 days <u>unless a continuance is granted</u>. The 2942 <u>court may appoint a magistrate to preside at the hearing</u>.

2943 (3) A copy of the petition and notice of the hearing must 2944 be provided to the respondent; the respondent's parent, 2945 quardian, or legal custodian, in the case of a minor; the 2946 respondent's attorney, if known; the petitioner; the 2947 respondent's spouse or guardian, if applicable; and such other 2948 persons as the court may direct. If the respondent is a minor, a 2949 copy of the petition and notice of the hearing must be and have 2950 such petition and order personally delivered to the respondent 2951 if he or she is a minor. The court shall also issue a summons to 2952 the person whose admission is sought.

2953 Section 32. Section 397.6957, Florida Statutes, is amended 2954 to read:

2955 397.6957 Hearing on petition for involuntary <u>services</u> 2956 treatment.-

2957 (1) At a hearing on a petition for involuntary services
 2958 treatment, the court shall hear and review all relevant

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2959 evidence, including the review of results of the assessment 2960 completed by the qualified professional in connection with the 2961 respondent's protective custody, emergency admission, 2962 involuntary assessment, or alternative involuntary admission. 2963 The respondent must be present unless the court finds that his 2964 or her presence is likely to be injurious to himself or herself 2965 or others, in which event the court must appoint a guardian 2966 advocate to act in behalf of the respondent throughout the 2967 proceedings. 2968 (2) The petitioner has the burden of proving by clear and 2969 convincing evidence that: 2970 (a) The respondent is substance abuse impaired and has a 2971 history of lack of compliance with treatment for substance 2972 abuse; - and 2973 (b) Because of such impairment the respondent is unlikely 2974 to voluntarily participate in the recommended services or is 2975 unable to determine for himself or herself whether services are 2976 necessary the respondent has lost the power of self-control with 2977 respect to substance abuse; and: either 2978 1. Without services, the respondent is likely to suffer 2979 from neglect or to refuse to care for himself or herself; that 2980 such neglect or refusal poses a real and present threat of 2981 substantial harm to his or her well-being; and that there is a 2982 substantial likelihood that without services the respondent will 2983 cause serious bodily harm to himself or herself or others in the 2984 near future, as evidenced by recent behavior The respondent has 2985 inflicted or is likely to inflict physical harm on himself or 2986 herself or others unless admitted; or 2987 2. The respondent's refusal to voluntarily receive care is

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2988 based on judgment so impaired by reason of substance abuse that 2989 the respondent is incapable of appreciating his or her need for 2990 care and of making a rational decision regarding that need for 2991 care.

2992 (3) One of the qualified professionals who executed the 2993 involuntary services certificate must be a witness. The court 2994 shall allow testimony from individuals, including family 2995 members, deemed by the court to be relevant under state law, 2996 regarding the respondent's prior history and how that prior 2997 history relates to the person's current condition. The testimony 2998 in the hearing must be under oath, and the proceedings must be 2999 recorded. The patient may refuse to testify at the hearing.

3000 <u>(4)</u> (3) At the conclusion of the hearing the court shall 3001 either dismiss the petition or order the respondent to receive 3002 undergo involuntary services from his or her substance abuse 3003 treatment, with the respondent's chosen licensed service 3004 provider <u>if</u> to deliver the involuntary substance abuse treatment 3005 where possible and appropriate.

3006 Section 33. Section 397.697, Florida Statutes, is amended 3007 to read:

3008 397.697 Court determination; effect of court order for 3009 involuntary <u>services</u> substance abuse treatment.-

(1) When the court finds that the conditions for involuntary <u>services</u> substance abuse treatment have been proved by clear and convincing evidence, it may order the respondent to <u>receive</u> undergo involuntary <u>services</u> from treatment by a licensed service provider for a period not to exceed <u>90</u> 60 days. <u>The court may order a respondent to undergo treatment through a</u> privately funded licensed service provider if the respondent has

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3017 the ability to pay for the treatment, or if any person on the 3018 respondent's behalf voluntarily demonstrates a willingness and 3019 an ability to pay for the treatment. If the court finds it 3020 necessary, it may direct the sheriff to take the respondent into 3021 custody and deliver him or her to the licensed service provider 3022 specified in the court order, or to the nearest appropriate 3023 licensed service provider, for involuntary services treatment. 3024 When the conditions justifying involuntary services treatment no 3025 longer exist, the individual must be released as provided in s. 3026 397.6971. When the conditions justifying involuntary services 3027 treatment are expected to exist after 90 60 days of services 3028 treatment, a renewal of the involuntary services treatment order 3029 may be requested pursuant to s. 397.6975 before prior to the end 3030 of the 90 60-day period.

3031 (2) In all cases resulting in an order for involuntary 3032 <u>services</u> substance abuse treatment, the court shall retain 3033 jurisdiction over the case and the parties for the entry of such 3034 further orders as the circumstances may require. The court's 3035 requirements for notification of proposed release must be 3036 included in the original treatment order.

3037 (3) An involuntary <u>services</u> treatment order authorizes the
 3038 licensed service provider to require the individual to <u>receive</u>
 3039 <u>services that</u> undergo such treatment as will benefit him or her,
 3040 including <u>services</u> treatment at any licensable service component
 3041 of a licensed service provider.

3042 <u>(4) If the court orders involuntary services, a copy of the</u> 3043 <u>order must be sent to the managing entity within 1 working day</u> 3044 <u>after it is received from the court. Documents may be submitted</u> 3045 <u>electronically though existing data systems, if applicable.</u>

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3046 Section 34. Section 397.6971, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3047 3048 397.6971 Early release from involuntary services substance 3049 abuse treatment.-3050 (1) At any time before prior to the end of the 90 60-day 3051 involuntary services treatment period, or prior to the end of 3052 any extension granted pursuant to s. 397.6975, an individual 3053 receiving admitted for involuntary services treatment may be 3054 determined eligible for discharge to the most appropriate 3055 referral or disposition for the individual when any of the 3056 following apply: 3057 (a) The individual no longer meets the criteria for 3058 involuntary admission and has given his or her informed consent 3059 to be transferred to voluntary treatment status.+ 3060 (b) If the individual was admitted on the grounds of 3061 likelihood of infliction of physical harm upon himself or 3062 herself or others, such likelihood no longer exists.; or 3063 (c) If the individual was admitted on the grounds of need 3064 for assessment and stabilization or treatment, accompanied by 3065 inability to make a determination respecting such need, either: 3066 1. Such inability no longer exists; or 3067 2. It is evident that further treatment will not bring 3068 about further significant improvements in the individual's 3069 condition.+ 3070 (d) The individual is no longer in need of services.; or 3071 (e) The director of the service provider determines that 3072 the individual is beyond the safe management capabilities of the 3073 provider. 3074 (2) Whenever a qualified professional determines that an Page 106 of 137 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

3075 individual admitted for involuntary services qualifies treatment 3076 is ready for early release under for any of the reasons listed 3077 in subsection (1), the service provider shall immediately 3078 discharge the individual τ and must notify all persons specified 3079 by the court in the original treatment order.

3080 Section 35. Section 397.6975, Florida Statutes, is amended 3081 to read:

3082 397.6975 Extension of involuntary services substance abuse 3083 treatment period.-

3084 (1) Whenever a service provider believes that an individual 3085 who is nearing the scheduled date of his or her release from 3086 involuntary services treatment continues to meet the criteria 3087 for involuntary services treatment in s. 397.693, a petition for 3088 renewal of the involuntary services treatment order may be filed 3089 with the court at least 10 days before the expiration of the 3090 court-ordered services treatment period. The court shall 3091 immediately schedule a hearing to be held not more than 15 days 3092 after filing of the petition. The court shall provide the copy 3093 of the petition for renewal and the notice of the hearing to all 3094 parties to the proceeding. The hearing is conducted pursuant to 3095 s. 397.6957.

3096 (2) If the court finds that the petition for renewal of the 3097 involuntary services treatment order should be granted, it may 3098 order the respondent to receive undergo involuntary services 3099 treatment for a period not to exceed an additional 90 days. When 3100 the conditions justifying involuntary services treatment no 3101 longer exist, the individual must be released as provided in s. 3102 397.6971. When the conditions justifying involuntary services 3103 treatment continue to exist after an additional 90 days of

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3104 <u>service</u> additional treatment, a new petition requesting renewal 3105 of the involuntary <u>services</u> treatment order may be filed 3106 pursuant to this section.

3107 (3) Within 1 court working day after the filing of a 3108 petition for continued involuntary services, the court shall 3109 appoint the regional conflict counsel to represent the 3110 respondent, unless the respondent is otherwise represented by 3111 counsel. The clerk of the court shall immediately notify the 3112 regional conflict counsel of such appointment. The regional 3113 conflict counsel shall represent the respondent until the 3114 petition is dismissed or the court order expires or the 3115 respondent is discharged from involuntary services. Any attorney representing the respondent shall have access to the respondent, 3116 3117 witnesses, and records relevant to the presentation of the 3118 respondent's case and shall represent the interests of the 3119 respondent, regardless of the source of payment to the attorney. 3120 (4) Hearings on petitions for continued involuntary 3121 services shall be before the circuit court. The court may 3122 appoint a magistrate to preside at the hearing. The procedures 3123 for obtaining an order pursuant to this section shall be in 3124 accordance with s. 397.697. 3125 (5) Notice of hearing shall be provided to the respondent or his or her counsel. The respondent and the respondent's 3126

3127 <u>counsel may agree to a period of continued involuntary services</u> 3128 <u>without a court hearing.</u>

3129 (6) The same procedure shall be repeated before the 3130 expiration of each additional period of involuntary services. 3131 (7) If the respondent has previously been found incompetent

3132 to consent to treatment, the court shall consider testimony and

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3133	evidence regarding the respondent's competence.
3134	Section 36. Section 397.6977, Florida Statutes, is amended
3135	to read:
3136	397.6977 Disposition of individual upon completion of
3137	involuntary <u>services</u> substance abuse treatment .—At the
3138	conclusion of the <u>90</u> $\frac{60}{10}$ -day period of court-ordered involuntary
3139	services treatment, the respondent individual is automatically
3140	discharged unless a motion for renewal of the involuntary
3141	services treatment order has been filed with the court pursuant
3142	to s. 397.6975.
3143	Section 37. Section 397.6978, Florida Statutes, is created
3144	to read:
3145	397.6978 Guardian advocate; patient incompetent to consent;
3146	substance abuse disorder
3147	(1) The administrator of a receiving facility or addictions
3148	receiving facility may petition the court for the appointment of
3149	a guardian advocate based upon the opinion of a qualified
3150	professional that the patient is incompetent to consent to
3151	treatment. If the court finds that a patient is incompetent to
3152	consent to treatment and has not been adjudicated incapacitated
3153	and that a guardian with the authority to consent to mental
3154	health treatment has not been appointed, it may appoint a
3155	guardian advocate. The patient has the right to have an attorney
3156	represent him or her at the hearing. If the person is indigent,
3157	the court shall appoint the office of the regional conflict
3158	counsel to represent him or her at the hearing. The patient has
3159	the right to testify, cross-examine witnesses, and present
3160	witnesses. The proceeding shall be recorded electronically or
3161	stenographically, and testimony must be provided under oath. One
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3162	of the qualified professionals authorized to give an opinion in
3163	support of a petition for involuntary placement, as described in
3164	s. 397.675 or s. 397.6981, must testify. A guardian advocate
3165	must meet the qualifications of a guardian contained in part IV $$
3166	of chapter 744. The person who is appointed as a guardian
3167	advocate must agree to the appointment.
3168	(2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment
3169	as a patient's guardian advocate:
3170	(a) A professional providing clinical services to the
3171	individual under this part.
3172	(b) The qualified professional who initiated the
3173	involuntary examination of the individual, if the examination
3174	was initiated by a qualified professional's certificate.
3175	(c) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
3176	facility providing the examination of the individual.
3177	(d) An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the
3178	treatment facility providing treatment of the individual.
3179	(e) A person providing any substantial professional
3180	services, excluding public guardians or professional guardians,
3181	to the individual, including clinical services.
3182	(f) A creditor of the individual.
3183	(g) A person subject to an injunction for protection
3184	against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of
3185	injunction is temporary or final, and for which the individual
3186	was the petitioner.
3187	(h) A person subject to an injunction for protection
3188	against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating
3189	violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is
3190	temporary or final, and for which the individual was the

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3191	petitioner.
3192	(3) A facility requesting appointment of a guardian
3193	advocate must, before the appointment, provide the prospective
3194	guardian advocate with information about the duties and
3195	responsibilities of guardian advocates, including information
3196	about the ethics of medical decision-making. Before asking a
3197	guardian advocate to give consent to treatment for a patient,
3198	the facility must provide to the guardian advocate sufficient
3199	information so that the guardian advocate can decide whether to
3200	give express and informed consent to the treatment. Such
3201	information must include information that demonstrates that the
3202	treatment is essential to the care of the patient and does not
3203	present an unreasonable risk of serious, hazardous, or
3204	irreversible side effects. If possible, before giving consent to
3205	treatment, the guardian advocate must personally meet and talk
3206	with the patient and the patient's physician. If that is not
3207	possible, the discussion may be conducted by telephone. The
3208	decision of the guardian advocate may be reviewed by the court,
3209	upon petition of the patient's attorney, the patient's family,
3210	or the facility administrator.
3211	(4) In lieu of the training required for guardians
3212	appointed pursuant to chapter 744, a guardian advocate shall
3213	attend at least a 4-hour training course approved by the court
3214	before exercising his or her authority. At a minimum, the
3215	training course must include information about patient rights,
3216	the diagnosis of substance abuse disorders, the ethics of
3217	medical decision-making, and the duties of guardian advocates.
3218	(5) The required training course and the information to be
3219	supplied to prospective guardian advocates before their

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3220	appointment must be developed by the department, approved by the
3221	chief judge of the circuit court, and taught by a court-approved
3222	organization, which may include, but need not be limited to, a
3223	community college, a guardianship organization, a local bar
3224	association, or The Florida Bar. The training course may be web-
3225	based, provided in video format, or other electronic means but
3226	must be capable of ensuring the identity and participation of
3227	the prospective guardian advocate. The court may waive some or
3228	all of the training requirements for guardian advocates or
3229	impose additional requirements. The court shall make its
3230	decision on a case-by-case basis and, in making its decision,
3231	shall consider the experience and education of the guardian
3232	advocate, the duties assigned to the guardian advocate, and the
3233	needs of the patient.
3234	(6) In selecting a guardian advocate, the court shall give
3235	preference to the patient's health care surrogate, if one has
3236	already been designated by the patient. If the patient has not
3237	previously designated a health care surrogate, the selection
3238	shall be made, except for good cause documented in the court
3239	record, from among the following persons, listed in order of
3240	priority:
3241	(a) The patient's spouse.
3242	(b) An adult child of the patient.
3243	(c) A parent of the patient.
3244	(d) The adult next of kin of the patient.
3245	(e) An adult friend of the patient.
3246	(f) An adult trained and willing to serve as the guardian
3247	advocate for the patient.
3248	(7) If a guardian with the authority to consent to medical
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3249	treatment has not already been appointed, or if the patient has
3250	not already designated a health care surrogate, the court may
3251	authorize the guardian advocate to consent to medical treatment
3252	as well as substance abuse disorder treatment. Unless otherwise
3253	limited by the court, a guardian advocate with authority to
3254	consent to medical treatment has the same authority to make
3255	health care decisions and is subject to the same restrictions as
3256	a proxy appointed under part IV of chapter 765. Unless the
3257	guardian advocate has sought and received express court approval
3258	in a proceeding separate from the proceeding to determine the
3259	competence of the patient to consent to medical treatment, the
3260	guardian advocate may not consent to:
3261	(a) Abortion.
3262	(b) Sterilization.
3263	(c) Electroshock therapy.
3264	(d) Psychosurgery.
3265	(e) Experimental treatments that have not been approved by
3266	a federally approved institutional review board in accordance
3267	with 45 C.F.R. part 46 or 21 C.F.R. part 56.
3268	
3269	The court must base its authorization on evidence that the
3270	treatment or procedure is essential to the care of the patient
3271	and that the treatment does not present an unreasonable risk of
3272	serious, hazardous, or irreversible side effects. In complying
3273	with this subsection, the court shall follow the procedures set
3274	forth in subsection (1).
3275	(8) The guardian advocate shall be discharged when the
3276	patient is discharged from an order for involuntary services or
3277	when the patient is transferred from involuntary to voluntary
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3278	status. The court or a hearing officer shall consider the
3279	competence of the patient as provided in subsection (1) and may
3280	consider an involuntarily placed patient's competence to consent
3281	to services at any hearing. Upon sufficient evidence, the court
3282	may restore, or the magistrate may recommend that the court
3283	restore, the patient's competence. A copy of the order restoring
3284	competence or the certificate of discharge containing the
3285	restoration of competence shall be provided to the patient and
3286	the guardian advocate.
3287	Section 38. Present paragraphs (d) through (m) of
3288	subsection (2) of section 409.967, are redesignated as
3289	paragraphs (e) through (n), respectively, and a new paragraph
3290	(d) is added to that subsection, to read:
3291	409.967 Managed care plan accountability
3292	(2) The agency shall establish such contract requirements
3293	as are necessary for the operation of the statewide managed care
3294	program. In addition to any other provisions the agency may deem
3295	necessary, the contract must require:
3296	(d) Quality careManaged care plans shall provide, or
3297	contract for the provision of, care coordination to facilitate
3298	the appropriate delivery of behavioral health care services in
3299	the least restrictive setting with treatment and recovery
3300	capabilities that address the needs of the patient. Services
3301	shall be provided in a manner that integrates behavioral health
3302	services and primary care. Plans shall be required to achieve
3303	specific behavioral health outcome standards, established by the
3304	agency in consultation with the department.
3305	Section 39. Subsection (5) is added to section 409.973,
3306	Florida Statutes, to read:

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3307	409.973 Benefits
3308	(5) INTEGRATED BEHAVIORAL HEALTH INITIATIVEEach plan
3309	operating in the managed medical assistance program shall work
3310	with the managing entity in its service area to establish
3311	specific organizational supports and protocols that enhance the
3312	integration and coordination of primary care and behavioral
3313	health services for Medicaid recipients. Progress in this
3314	initiative shall be measured using the integration framework and
3315	core measures developed by the Agency for Healthcare Research
3316	and Quality.
3317	Section 40. Section 491.0045, Florida Statutes, is amended
3318	to read:
3319	491.0045 Intern registration; requirements
3320	(1) Effective January 1, 1998, An individual who <u>has not</u>
3321	satisfied intends to practice in Florida to satisfy the
3322	postgraduate or post-master's level experience requirements, as
3323	specified in s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c), must register
3324	as an intern in the profession for which he or she is seeking
3325	licensure prior to commencing the post-master's experience
3326	requirement or an individual who intends to satisfy part of the
3327	required graduate-level practicum, internship, or field
3328	experience, outside the academic arena for any profession, must
3329	register as an intern in the profession for which he or she is
3330	seeking licensure prior to commencing the practicum, internship,
3331	or field experience.
3332	(2) The department shall register as a clinical social
3333	worker intern, marriage and family therapist intern, or mental
3334	health counselor intern each applicant who the board certifies
3335	has:
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3336 3337

(a) Completed the application form and remitted a nonrefundable application fee not to exceed \$200, as set by 3338 board rule;

3339 (b)1. Completed the education requirements as specified in 3340 s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c) for the profession for which 3341 he or she is applying for licensure, if needed; and

3342 2. Submitted an acceptable supervision plan, as determined 3343 by the board, for meeting the practicum, internship, or field 3344 work required for licensure that was not satisfied in his or her 3345 graduate program.

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(c) Identified a qualified supervisor.

3347 (3) An individual registered under this section must remain 3348 under supervision while practicing under registered intern 3349 status until he or she is in receipt of a license or a letter 3350 from the department stating that he or she is licensed to 3351 practice the profession for which he or she applied.

3352 (4) An individual who has applied for intern registration on or before December 31, 2001, and has satisfied the education 3353 3354 requirements of s. 491.005 that are in effect through December 3355 31, 2000, will have met the educational requirements for 3356 licensure for the profession for which he or she has applied.

3357 (4) (5) An individual who fails Individuals who have 3358 commenced the experience requirement as specified in s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), or (4)(c) but failed to register as 3359 3360 required by subsection (1) shall register with the department 3361 before January 1, 2000. Individuals who fail to comply with this 3362 section may subsection shall not be granted a license under this 3363 chapter, and any time spent by the individual completing the experience requirement as specified in s. 491.005(1)(c), (3)(c), 3364

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3365	<u>or (4)(c) before prior to registering as an intern <u>does</u> shall</u>
3366	not count toward completion of <u>the</u> such requirement.
3367	(5) An intern registration is valid for 5 years.
3368	(6) A registration issued on or before March 31, 2017,
3369	expires March 31, 2022, and may not be renewed or reissued. Any
3370	registration issued after March 31, 2017, expires 60 months
3371	after the date it is issued. A subsequent intern registration
3372	may not be issued unless the candidate has passed the theory and
3373	practice examination described in s. 491.005(1)(d), (3)(d), and
3374	(4) (d) .
3375	(7) An individual who has held a provisional license issued
3376	by the board may not apply for an intern registration in the
3377	same profession.
3378	Section 41. <u>Section 394.4674, Florida Statutes, is</u>
3379	repealed.
3380	Section 42. <u>Section 394.4985, Florida Statutes, is</u>
3381	repealed.
3382	Section 43. Section 394.745, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3383	Section 44. Section 397.331, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3384	Section 45. Section 397.801, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3385	Section 46. Section 397.811, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3386	Section 47. Section 397.821, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3387	Section 48. Section 397.901, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3388	Section 49. Section 397.93, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3389	Section 50. Section 397.94, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3390	Section 51. Section 397.951, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3391	Section 52. Section 397.97, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3392	Section 53. Section 397.98, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
3393	Section 54. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
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3394 39.407, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3395 39.407 Medical, psychiatric, and psychological examination 3396 and treatment of child; physical, mental, or substance abuse 3397 examination of person with or requesting child custody.-3398 (3) (a)1. Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (b)1. or paragraph (e), before the department provides psychotropic 3399 3400 medications to a child in its custody, the prescribing physician 3401 shall attempt to obtain express and informed consent, as defined 3402 in s. 394.455(16) s. 394.455(9) and as described in s. 3403 394.459(3)(a), from the child's parent or legal guardian. The 3404 department must take steps necessary to facilitate the inclusion 3405 of the parent in the child's consultation with the physician. 3406 However, if the parental rights of the parent have been 3407 terminated, the parent's location or identity is unknown or 3408 cannot reasonably be ascertained, or the parent declines to give 3409 express and informed consent, the department may, after 3410 consultation with the prescribing physician, seek court 3411 authorization to provide the psychotropic medications to the 3412 child. Unless parental rights have been terminated and if it is 3413 possible to do so, the department shall continue to involve the 3414 parent in the decisionmaking process regarding the provision of 3415 psychotropic medications. If, at any time, a parent whose 3416 parental rights have not been terminated provides express and 3417 informed consent to the provision of a psychotropic medication, 3418 the requirements of this section that the department seek court authorization do not apply to that medication until such time as 3419 3420 the parent no longer consents.

3421 2. Any time the department seeks a medical evaluation to 3422 determine the need to initiate or continue a psychotropic

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3423 medication for a child, the department must provide to the 3424 evaluating physician all pertinent medical information known to 3425 the department concerning that child.

3426 Section 55. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section 3427 212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

3428 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 3429 authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 3430 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 3431 3432 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 3433 3434 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 3435 3436 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 3437 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 3438 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 3439 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 3440 provided in s. 212.054.

3441 (5) COUNTY PUBLIC HOSPITAL SURTAX. - Any county as defined in 3442 s. 125.011(1) may levy the surtax authorized in this subsection 3443 pursuant to an ordinance either approved by extraordinary vote 3444 of the county commission or conditioned to take effect only upon 3445 approval by a majority vote of the electors of the county voting 3446 in a referendum. In a county as defined in s. 125.011(1), for the purposes of this subsection, "county public general 3447 hospital" means a general hospital as defined in s. 395.002 3448 3449 which is owned, operated, maintained, or governed by the county 3450 or its agency, authority, or public health trust.

(e) A governing board, agency, or authority shall be

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3452 chartered by the county commission upon this act becoming law. 3453 The governing board, agency, or authority shall adopt and 3454 implement a health care plan for indigent health care services. 3455 The governing board, agency, or authority shall consist of no 3456 more than seven and no fewer than five members appointed by the 3457 county commission. The members of the governing board, agency, 3458 or authority shall be at least 18 years of age and residents of 3459 the county. No member may be employed by or affiliated with a health care provider or the public health trust, agency, or 3460 3461 authority responsible for the county public general hospital. 3462 The following community organizations shall each appoint a 3463 representative to a nominating committee: the South Florida 3464 Hospital and Healthcare Association, the Miami-Dade County 3465 Public Health Trust, the Dade County Medical Association, the 3466 Miami-Dade County Homeless Trust, and the Mayor of Miami-Dade 3467 County. This committee shall nominate between 10 and 14 county 3468 citizens for the governing board, agency, or authority. The 3469 slate shall be presented to the county commission and the county 3470 commission shall confirm the top five to seven nominees, 3471 depending on the size of the governing board. Until such time as 3472 the governing board, agency, or authority is created, the funds 3473 provided for in subparagraph (d)2. shall be placed in a 3474 restricted account set aside from other county funds and not 3475 disbursed by the county for any other purpose.

1. The plan shall divide the county into a minimum of four and maximum of six service areas, with no more than one participant hospital per service area. The county public general hospital shall be designated as the provider for one of the service areas. Services shall be provided through participants'

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primary acute care facilities.

2. The plan and subsequent amendments to it shall fund a 3483 defined range of health care services for both indigent persons 3484 and the medically poor, including primary care, preventive care, 3485 hospital emergency room care, and hospital care necessary to 3486 stabilize the patient. For the purposes of this section, 3487 "stabilization" means stabilization as defined in s. 397.311(43) 3488 s. 397.311(41). Where consistent with these objectives, the plan 3489 may include services rendered by physicians, clinics, community 3490 hospitals, and alternative delivery sites, as well as at least 3491 one regional referral hospital per service area. The plan shall 3492 provide that agreements negotiated between the governing board, 3493 agency, or authority and providers shall recognize hospitals 3494 that render a disproportionate share of indigent care, provide 3495 other incentives to promote the delivery of charity care to draw 3496 down federal funds where appropriate, and require cost 3497 containment, including, but not limited to, case management. 3498 From the funds specified in subparagraphs (d)1. and 2. for 3499 indigent health care services, service providers shall receive 3500 reimbursement at a Medicaid rate to be determined by the 3501 governing board, agency, or authority created pursuant to this 3502 paragraph for the initial emergency room visit, and a per-member 3503 per-month fee or capitation for those members enrolled in their 3504 service area, as compensation for the services rendered 3505 following the initial emergency visit. Except for provisions of 3506 emergency services, upon determination of eligibility, 3507 enrollment shall be deemed to have occurred at the time services 3508 were rendered. The provisions for specific reimbursement of 3509 emergency services shall be repealed on July 1, 2001, unless

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3510 otherwise reenacted by the Legislature. The capitation amount or 3511 rate shall be determined before prior to program implementation 3512 by an independent actuarial consultant. In no event shall such 3513 reimbursement rates exceed the Medicaid rate. The plan must also 3514 provide that any hospitals owned and operated by government 3515 entities on or after the effective date of this act must, as a 3516 condition of receiving funds under this subsection, afford 3517 public access equal to that provided under s. 286.011 as to any 3518 meeting of the governing board, agency, or authority the subject 3519 of which is budgeting resources for the retention of charity 3520 care, as that term is defined in the rules of the Agency for 3521 Health Care Administration. The plan shall also include 3522 innovative health care programs that provide cost-effective 3523 alternatives to traditional methods of service and delivery 3524 funding.

3525 3. The plan's benefits shall be made available to all 3526 county residents currently eligible to receive health care 3527 services as indigents or medically poor as defined in paragraph 3528 (4)(d).

4. Eligible residents who participate in the health care plan shall receive coverage for a period of 12 months or the period extending from the time of enrollment to the end of the current fiscal year, per enrollment period, whichever is less.

5. At the end of each fiscal year, the governing board, agency, or authority shall prepare an audit that reviews the budget of the plan, delivery of services, and quality of services, and makes recommendations to increase the plan's efficiency. The audit shall take into account participant hospital satisfaction with the plan and assess the amount of

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3539 poststabilization patient transfers requested, and accepted or 3540 denied, by the county public general hospital. 3541 Section 56. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 3542 394.4599, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3543 394.4599 Notice.-3544 (2) INVOLUNTARY ADMISSION.-3545 (c)1. A receiving facility shall give notice of the 3546 whereabouts of a minor who is being involuntarily held for 3547 examination pursuant to s. 394.463 to the minor's parent, 3548 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, in person or by 3549 telephone or other form of electronic communication, immediately 3550 after the minor's arrival at the facility. The facility may 3551 delay notification for no more than 24 hours after the minor's 3552 arrival if the facility has submitted a report to the central 3553 abuse hotline, pursuant to s. 39.201, based upon knowledge or 3554 suspicion of abuse, abandonment, or neglect and if the facility 3555 deems a delay in notification to be in the minor's best 3556 interest. 3557 2. The receiving facility shall attempt to notify the

3558 minor's parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate until 3559 the receiving facility receives confirmation from the parent, 3560 guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate, verbally, by 3561 telephone or other form of electronic communication, or by 3562 recorded message, that notification has been received. Attempts to notify the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate 3563 3564 must be repeated at least once every hour during the first 12 3565 hours after the minor's arrival and once every 24 hours thereafter and must continue until such confirmation is 3566 3567 received, unless the minor is released at the end of the 72-hour

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3568	examination period, or until a petition for involuntary services
3569	placement is filed with the court pursuant to <u>s. 394.463(2)(g)</u>
3570	s. 394.463(2)(i) . The receiving facility may seek assistance
3571	from a law enforcement agency to notify the minor's parent,
3572	guardian, caregiver, or guardian advocate if the facility has
3573	not received within the first 24 hours after the minor's arrival
3574	a confirmation by the parent, guardian, caregiver, or guardian
3575	advocate that notification has been received. The receiving
3576	facility must document notification attempts in the minor's
3577	clinical record.
3578	Section 57. Subsection (3) of section 394.495, Florida
3579	Statutes, is amended to read:
3580	394.495 Child and adolescent mental health system of care;
3581	programs and services
3582	(3) Assessments must be performed by:
3583	(a) A professional as defined in <u>s. 394.455(6), (8), (34),</u>
3584	<u>(37), or (38)</u> s. 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) ;
3585	(b) A professional licensed under chapter 491; or
3586	(c) A person who is under the direct supervision of a
3587	professional as defined in <u>s. 394.455(6), (8), (34), (37), or</u>
3588	<u>(38)</u> s. 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) or a professional
3589	licensed under chapter 491.
3590	Section 58. Subsection (5) of section 394.496, Florida
3591	Statutes, is amended to read:
3592	394.496 Service planning
3593	(5) A professional as defined in <u>s. 394.455(6), (8), (34),</u>
3594	<u>(37), or (38)</u> s. 394.455(2), (4), (21), (23), or (24) or a
3595	professional licensed under chapter 491 must be included among
3596	those persons developing the services plan.
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3597 Section 59. Subsection (6) of section 394.9085, Florida 3598 Statutes, is amended to read: 3599 394.9085 Behavioral provider liability.-3600 (6) For purposes of this section, the terms "detoxification 3601 services, " "addictions receiving facility," and "receiving 3602 facility" have the same meanings as those provided in ss. 3603 397.311(24)(a)4., 397.311(24)(a)1., and 394.455(41) ss. 3604 397.311(22)(a)4., 397.311(22)(a)1., and 394.455(26), 3605 respectively. 3606 Section 60. Subsection (15) of section 397.321, Florida 3607 Statutes, is amended, and subsections (16) through (20) of that 3608 section are redesignated as subsections (15) through (19), 3609 respectively, to read: 3610 397.321 Duties of the department.-The department shall: 3611 (15) Appoint a substance abuse impairment coordinator to 3612 represent the department in efforts initiated by the statewide 3613 substance abuse impairment prevention and treatment coordinator established in s. 397.801 and to assist the statewide 3614 3615 coordinator in fulfilling the responsibilities of that position. 3616 Section 61. Subsection (8) of section 397.405, Florida 3617 Statutes, is amended to read: 3618 397.405 Exemptions from licensure.-The following are exempt 3619 from the licensing provisions of this chapter: 3620 (8) A legally cognizable church or nonprofit religious 3621 organization or denomination providing substance abuse services, 3622 including prevention services, which are solely religious, 3623 spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. A church or nonprofit 3624 religious organization or denomination providing any of the 3625 licensed service components itemized under s. 397.311(24) s. Page 125 of 137

3626 397.311(22) is not exempt from substance abuse licensure but 3627 retains its exemption with respect to all services which are 3628 solely religious, spiritual, or ecclesiastical in nature. 3629 3630 The exemptions from licensure in this section do not apply to 3631 any service provider that receives an appropriation, grant, or 3632 contract from the state to operate as a service provider as 3633 defined in this chapter or to any substance abuse program 3634 regulated pursuant to s. 397.406. Furthermore, this chapter may 3635 not be construed to limit the practice of a physician or 3636 physician assistant licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a 3637 psychologist licensed under chapter 490, a psychotherapist 3638 licensed under chapter 491, or an advanced registered nurse 3639 practitioner licensed under part I of chapter 464, who provides 3640 substance abuse treatment, so long as the physician, physician 3641 assistant, psychologist, psychotherapist, or advanced registered 3642 nurse practitioner does not represent to the public that he or 3643 she is a licensed service provider and does not provide services 3644 to individuals pursuant to part V of this chapter. Failure to 3645 comply with any requirement necessary to maintain an exempt 3646 status under this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree, 3647 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

3648 Section 62. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 397.407, 3649 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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397.407 Licensure process; fees.-

(1) The department shall establish the licensure process to include fees and categories of licenses and must prescribe a fee range that is based, at least in part, on the number and complexity of programs listed in <u>s. 397.311(24)</u> s. 397.311(22)

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3655 which are operated by a licensee. The fees from the licensure of 3656 service components are sufficient to cover at least 50 percent 3657 of the costs of regulating the service components. The 3658 department shall specify a fee range for public and privately 3659 funded licensed service providers. Fees for privately funded 3660 licensed service providers must exceed the fees for publicly 3661 funded licensed service providers.

3662 (5) The department may issue probationary, regular, and 3663 interim licenses. The department shall issue one license for 3664 each service component that is operated by a service provider 3665 and defined pursuant to s. 397.311(24) s. 397.311(22). The 3666 license is valid only for the specific service components listed 3667 for each specific location identified on the license. The 3668 licensed service provider shall apply for a new license at least 3669 60 days before the addition of any service components or 30 days 3670 before the relocation of any of its service sites. Provision of 3671 service components or delivery of services at a location not 3672 identified on the license may be considered an unlicensed 3673 operation that authorizes the department to seek an injunction 3674 against operation as provided in s. 397.401, in addition to 3675 other sanctions authorized by s. 397.415. Probationary and 3676 regular licenses may be issued only after all required 3677 information has been submitted. A license may not be 3678 transferred. As used in this subsection, the term "transfer" 3679 includes, but is not limited to, the transfer of a majority of 3680 the ownership interest in the licensed entity or transfer of 3681 responsibilities under the license to another entity by 3682 contractual arrangement.

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Section 63. Section 397.416, Florida Statutes, is amended

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3684 to read: 3685 397.416 Substance abuse treatment services; qualified 3686 professional.-Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 3687 person who was certified through a certification process 3688 recognized by the former Department of Health and Rehabilitative 3689 Services before January 1, 1995, may perform the duties of a 3690 qualified professional with respect to substance abuse treatment 3691 services as defined in this chapter, and need not meet the 3692 certification requirements contained in s. 397.311(32) s. 3693 397.311(30). 3694 Section 64. Subsection (2) of section 397.4871, Florida 3695 Statutes, is amended to read: 3696 397.4871 Recovery residence administrator certification.-3697 (2) The department shall approve at least one credentialing 3698 entity by December 1, 2015, for the purpose of developing and 3699 administering a voluntary credentialing program for 3700 administrators. The department shall approve any credentialing 3701 entity that the department endorses pursuant to s. 397.321(15) 3702 s. 397.321(16) if the credentialing entity also meets the 3703 requirements of this section. The approved credentialing entity 3704 shall: 3705 (a) Establish recovery residence administrator core 3706 competencies, certification requirements, testing instruments, 3707 and recertification requirements. 3708 (b) Establish a process to administer the certification 3709 application, award, and maintenance processes. 3710 (c) Develop and administer: 3711 1. A code of ethics and disciplinary process. 3712 2. Biennial continuing education requirements and annual

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3713 certification renewal requirements. 3714 3. An education provider program to approve training 3715 entities that are qualified to provide precertification training 3716 to applicants and continuing education opportunities to 3717 certified persons. 3718 Section 65. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section 3719 409.966, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3720 409.966 Eligible plans; selection.-3721 (3) QUALITY SELECTION CRITERIA.-3722 (e) To ensure managed care plan participation in Regions 1 3723 and 2, the agency shall award an additional contract to each 3724 plan with a contract award in Region 1 or Region 2. Such 3725 contract shall be in any other region in which the plan 3726 submitted a responsive bid and negotiates a rate acceptable to 3727 the agency. If a plan that is awarded an additional contract 3728 pursuant to this paragraph is subject to penalties pursuant to 3729 s. 409.967(2)(i) s. 409.967(2)(h) for activities in Region 1 or 3730 Region 2, the additional contract is automatically terminated 3731 180 days after the imposition of the penalties. The plan must 3732 reimburse the agency for the cost of enrollment changes and 3733 other transition activities. 3734 Section 66. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 3735 409.972, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3736 409.972 Mandatory and voluntary enrollment.-3737 (1) The following Medicaid-eligible persons are exempt from 3738 mandatory managed care enrollment required by s. 409.965, and 3739 may voluntarily choose to participate in the managed medical 3740 assistance program:

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(b) Medicaid recipients residing in residential commitment

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3742 facilities operated through the Department of Juvenile Justice 3743 or a mental health treatment facility facilities as defined in 3744 s. 394.455(50) by s. 394.455(32).

3745 Section 67. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1) of 3746 section 440.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

3747 440.102 Drug-free workplace program requirements.-The 3748 following provisions apply to a drug-free workplace program 3749 implemented pursuant to law or to rules adopted by the Agency 3750 for Health Care Administration:

3751 (1) DEFINITIONS.-Except where the context otherwise 3752 requires, as used in this act:

3753 (d) "Drug rehabilitation program" means a service provider, established pursuant to s. 397.311(41) s. 397.311(39), that 3754 3755 provides confidential, timely, and expert identification, 3756 assessment, and resolution of employee drug abuse.

3757 (g) "Employee assistance program" means an established 3758 program capable of providing expert assessment of employee 3759 personal concerns; confidential and timely identification 3760 services with regard to employee drug abuse; referrals of 3761 employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; 3762 and followup services for employees who participate in the 3763 program or require monitoring after returning to work. If, in 3764 addition to the above activities, an employee assistance program 3765 provides diagnostic and treatment services, these services shall 3766 in all cases be provided by service providers pursuant to s. 3767 397.311(41) s. 397.311(39).

3768 Section 68. Subsection (7) of section 744.704, Florida 3769 Statutes, is amended to read: 3770

744.704 Powers and duties.-

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3771 (7) A public guardian <u>may shall</u> not commit a ward to a 3772 mental health treatment facility, as defined in <u>s. 394.455(50)</u> 3773 <u>s. 394.455(32)</u>, without an involuntary placement proceeding as 3774 provided by law.

3775Section 69. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section3776790.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.-

3778 (2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history record
3779 check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during the
3780 licensee's call or by return call, forthwith:

3781 (a) Review any records available to determine if the 3782 potential buyer or transferee:

3783 1. Has been convicted of a felony and is prohibited from 3784 receipt or possession of a firearm pursuant to s. 790.23;

3785 2. Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic3786 violence, and therefore is prohibited from purchasing a firearm;

3787 3. Has had adjudication of guilt withheld or imposition of 3788 sentence suspended on any felony or misdemeanor crime of 3789 domestic violence unless 3 years have elapsed since probation or 3790 any other conditions set by the court have been fulfilled or 3791 expunction has occurred; or

4. Has been adjudicated mentally defective or has been committed to a mental institution by a court or as provided in sub-subparagraph b.(II), and as a result is prohibited by state or federal law from purchasing a firearm.

a. As used in this subparagraph, "adjudicated mentally defective" means a determination by a court that a person, as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, or mental illness, incompetency, condition, or disease, is a danger to himself or

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3800 herself or to others or lacks the mental capacity to contract or 3801 manage his or her own affairs. The phrase includes a judicial 3802 finding of incapacity under s. 744.331(6)(a), an acquittal by 3803 reason of insanity of a person charged with a criminal offense, 3804 and a judicial finding that a criminal defendant is not 3805 competent to stand trial.

3806 b. As used in this subparagraph, "committed to a mental 3807 institution" means:

3808 (I) Involuntary commitment, commitment for mental defectiveness or mental illness, and commitment for substance 3809 abuse. The phrase includes involuntary inpatient placement as 3810 defined in s. 394.467, involuntary outpatient services placement 3811 3812 as defined in s. 394.4655, involuntary assessment and stabilization under s. 397.6818, and involuntary substance abuse 3813 3814 treatment under s. 397.6957, but does not include a person in a 3815 mental institution for observation or discharged from a mental 3816 institution based upon the initial review by the physician or a 3817 voluntary admission to a mental institution; or

(II) Notwithstanding sub-sub-subparagraph (I), voluntary admission to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient treatment of a person who had an involuntary examination under s. 394.463, where each of the following conditions have been met:

3823 (A) An examining physician found that the person is an3824 imminent danger to himself or herself or others.

(B) The examining physician certified that if the person did not agree to voluntary treatment, a petition for involuntary outpatient or inpatient <u>services</u> treatment would have been filed under <u>s. 394.463(2)(g)</u> s. 394.463(2)(i)4., or the examining

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3829 physician certified that a petition was filed and the person 3830 subsequently agreed to voluntary treatment <u>before</u> prior to a 3831 court hearing on the petition.

(C) Before agreeing to voluntary treatment, the person received written notice of that finding and certification, and written notice that as a result of such finding, he or she may be prohibited from purchasing a firearm, and may not be eligible to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearms license under s. 790.06 and the person acknowledged such notice in writing, in substantially the following form:

3840 "I understand that the doctor who examined me believes 3841 I am a danger to myself or to others. I understand 3842 that if I do not agree to voluntary treatment, a 3843 petition will be filed in court to require me to 3844 receive involuntary treatment. I understand that if 3845 that petition is filed, I have the right to contest 3846 it. In the event a petition has been filed, I 3847 understand that I can subsequently agree to voluntary 3848 treatment prior to a court hearing. I understand that 3849 by agreeing to voluntary treatment in either of these 3850 situations, I may be prohibited from buying firearms 3851 and from applying for or retaining a concealed weapons 3852 or firearms license until I apply for and receive 3853 relief from that restriction under Florida law."

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(D) A judge or a magistrate has, pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph c.(II), reviewed the record of the finding, certification, notice, and written acknowledgment classifying

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3858 the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or 3859 others, and ordered that such record be submitted to the 3860 department.

c. In order to check for these conditions, the department shall compile and maintain an automated database of persons who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm based on court records of adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to mental institutions.

(I) Except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph (II), clerks of court shall submit these records to the department within 1 month after the rendition of the adjudication or commitment. Reports shall be submitted in an automated format. The reports must, at a minimum, include the name, along with any known alias or former name, the sex, and the date of birth of the subject.

3872 (II) For persons committed to a mental institution pursuant 3873 to sub-sub-subparagraph b.(II), within 24 hours after the 3874 person's agreement to voluntary admission, a record of the 3875 finding, certification, notice, and written acknowledgment must 3876 be filed by the administrator of the receiving or treatment 3877 facility, as defined in s. 394.455, with the clerk of the court 3878 for the county in which the involuntary examination under s. 3879 394.463 occurred. No fee shall be charged for the filing under 3880 this sub-subparagraph. The clerk must present the records to 3881 a judge or magistrate within 24 hours after receipt of the 3882 records. A judge or magistrate is required and has the lawful 3883 authority to review the records ex parte and, if the judge or 3884 magistrate determines that the record supports the classifying 3885 of the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or 3886 others, to order that the record be submitted to the department.

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3887 If a judge or magistrate orders the submittal of the record to 3888 the department, the record must be submitted to the department 3889 within 24 hours.

3890 d. A person who has been adjudicated mentally defective or 3891 committed to a mental institution, as those terms are defined in 3892 this paragraph, may petition the circuit court that made the 3893 adjudication or commitment, or the court that ordered that the 3894 record be submitted to the department pursuant to sub-subsubparagraph c.(II), for relief from the firearm disabilities 3895 3896 imposed by such adjudication or commitment. A copy of the 3897 petition shall be served on the state attorney for the county in 3898 which the person was adjudicated or committed. The state 3899 attorney may object to and present evidence relevant to the 3900 relief sought by the petition. The hearing on the petition may 3901 be open or closed as the petitioner may choose. The petitioner 3902 may present evidence and subpoena witnesses to appear at the 3903 hearing on the petition. The petitioner may confront and cross-3904 examine witnesses called by the state attorney. A record of the 3905 hearing shall be made by a certified court reporter or by court-3906 approved electronic means. The court shall make written findings 3907 of fact and conclusions of law on the issues before it and issue 3908 a final order. The court shall grant the relief requested in the 3909 petition if the court finds, based on the evidence presented 3910 with respect to the petitioner's reputation, the petitioner's 3911 mental health record and, if applicable, criminal history 3912 record, the circumstances surrounding the firearm disability, 3913 and any other evidence in the record, that the petitioner will 3914 not be likely to act in a manner that is dangerous to public 3915 safety and that granting the relief would not be contrary to the

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3916 public interest. If the final order denies relief, the 3917 petitioner may not petition again for relief from firearm 3918 disabilities until 1 year after the date of the final order. The 3919 petitioner may seek judicial review of a final order denying 3920 relief in the district court of appeal having jurisdiction over 3921 the court that issued the order. The review shall be conducted 3922 de novo. Relief from a firearm disability granted under this 3923 sub-subparagraph has no effect on the loss of civil rights, 3924 including firearm rights, for any reason other than the 3925 particular adjudication of mental defectiveness or commitment to 3926 a mental institution from which relief is granted.

e. Upon receipt of proper notice of relief from firearm
disabilities granted under sub-subparagraph d., the department
shall delete any mental health record of the person granted
relief from the automated database of persons who are prohibited
from purchasing a firearm based on court records of
adjudications of mental defectiveness or commitments to mental
institutions.

3934 f. The department is authorized to disclose data collected 3935 pursuant to this subparagraph to agencies of the Federal 3936 Government and other states for use exclusively in determining 3937 the lawfulness of a firearm sale or transfer. The department is 3938 also authorized to disclose this data to the Department of 3939 Agriculture and Consumer Services for purposes of determining 3940 eligibility for issuance of a concealed weapons or concealed 3941 firearms license and for determining whether a basis exists for 3942 revoking or suspending a previously issued license pursuant to 3943 s. 790.06(10). When a potential buyer or transferee appeals a nonapproval based on these records, the clerks of court and 3944

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3945 mental institutions shall, upon request by the department, 3946 provide information to help determine whether the potential 3947 buyer or transferee is the same person as the subject of the 3948 record. Photographs and any other data that could confirm or 3949 negate identity must be made available to the department for 3950 such purposes, notwithstanding any other provision of state law 3951 to the contrary. Any such information that is made confidential 3952 or exempt from disclosure by law shall retain such confidential 3953 or exempt status when transferred to the department. 3954 Section 70. The Secretary of the Department of Children and 3955 Families will appoint a workgroup to consider the feasibility of 3956 individuals using advance directives to express the treatment wishes for substance use disorders. The workgroup shall be 3957 3958 composed of individuals with expertise in the treatment of 3959 substance use disorders. The workgroup must review the use of

advance directives in mental health, the use of advance 3960 3961 directives for substance use disorders in other states, and the 3962 use of similar legal instruments to express the treatment wishes 3963 of individuals suffering from substance use disorder. The 3964 workgroup will provide a report to the Governor, President of 3965 the Senate, and Speaker of the House by January 1, 2017. The 3966 report must include recommendations on the feasibility of using 3967 advance directives for individuals with substance use disorders and recommendations for any law changes or changes in agency 3968 3969 rules. The members of the workgroup are not entitled to 3970 reimbursement from the Department of Children and Families for 3971 travel for workgroup meetings unless they are employees of the 3972 department. This section expires May 6, 2017.

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Section 71. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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