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A bill to be entitled An act relating to motor vehicle manufacturer licenses; amending s. 320.64, F.S.; revising provisions for denial, suspension, or revocation of the license of a manufacturer, factory branch, distributor, or importer of motor vehicles; revising provisions for certain audits of service-related payments or incentive payments to a dealer by an applicant or licensee and the timeframe for the performance of such audits; defining the term "incentive"; revising provisions for denial or chargeback of claims; revising provisions that prohibit certain adverse actions against a dealer that sold or leased a motor vehicle to a customer who exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the vehicle; revising conditions for taking such adverse actions; prohibiting failure to make certain payments to a motor vehicle dealer for temporary replacement vehicles under certain circumstances; prohibiting requiring or coercing a dealer to purchase goods or services from a vendor designated by the applicant or licensee unless certain conditions are met; providing procedures for approval of a dealer to purchase goods or services from a vendor not designated by the applicant or licensee; defining the term "goods or services"; providing

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retroactive applicability; providing for severability; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsections (25) and (26) of section 320.64, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (39) and (40) are added to that section, to read:

320.64 Denial, suspension, or revocation of license; grounds.—A license of a licensee under s. 320.61 may be denied, suspended, or revoked within the entire state or at any specific location or locations within the state at which the applicant or licensee engages or proposes to engage in business, upon proof that the section was violated with sufficient frequency to establish a pattern of wrongdoing, and a licensee or applicant shall be liable for claims and remedies provided in ss. 320.695 and 320.697 for any violation of any of the following provisions. A licensee is prohibited from committing the following acts:

in an audit of warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments or incentive payments, including payments to a motor vehicle dealer under any licensee-issued program, policy, or other benefit, which were previously have been paid to a motor vehicle dealer in violation of this section or has failed to comply with any of its obligations under s. 320.696. An

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applicant or licensee may reasonably and periodically audit a motor vehicle dealer to determine the validity of paid claims as provided in s. 320.696. Audits of warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments shall be performed by an applicant or licensee only during the 12-month 1-year period immediately following the date the claim was paid. Audits Audit of incentive payments shall only be performed only during the 12-month for an 18-month period immediately following the date the incentive was paid. As used in this section, the term "incentive" includes any bonus, incentive, or other monetary or nonmonetary consideration. After such time periods have elapsed, all warranty, maintenance, and other service-related payments and incentive payments shall be deemed final and incontrovertible for any reason notwithstanding any otherwise applicable law, and the motor vehicle dealer shall not be subject to any chargeback charge-back or repayment. An applicant or licensee may deny a claim or, as a result of a timely conducted audit, impose a chargeback charge back against a motor vehicle dealer for warranty, maintenance, or other servicerelated payments or incentive payments only if the applicant or licensee can show that the warranty, maintenance, or other service-related claim or incentive claim was false or fraudulent or that the motor vehicle dealer failed to substantially comply with the reasonable written and uniformly applied procedures of the applicant or licensee for such repairs or incentives, but only for that portion of the claim so shown. Notwithstanding the

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terms of any franchise agreement, quideline, program, policy, or procedure, an applicant or licensee may deny or charge back only that portion of a warranty, maintenance, or other servicerelated claim or incentive claim which the applicant or licensee has proven to be false or fraudulent or for which the dealer failed to substantially comply with the reasonable written and uniformly applied procedures of the applicant or licensee for such repairs or incentives, as set forth in this subsection. An applicant or licensee may not charge back a motor vehicle dealer back subsequent to the payment of a warranty, maintenance, or service-related claim or incentive claim unless, within 30 days after a timely conducted audit, a representative of the applicant or licensee first meets in person, by telephone, or by video teleconference with an officer or employee of the dealer designated by the motor vehicle dealer. At such meeting the applicant or licensee must provide a detailed explanation, with supporting documentation, as to the basis for each of the claims for which the applicant or licensee proposed a chargeback charge-back to the dealer and a written statement containing the basis upon which the motor vehicle dealer was selected for audit or review. Thereafter, the applicant or licensee must provide the motor vehicle dealer's representative a reasonable period after the meeting within which to respond to the proposed chargebacks charge-backs, with such period to be commensurate with the volume of claims under consideration, but in no case less than 45 days after the meeting. The applicant or licensee

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is prohibited from changing or altering the basis for each of the proposed chargebacks charge-backs as presented to the motor vehicle dealer's representative following the conclusion of the audit unless the applicant or licensee receives new information affecting the basis for one or more chargebacks charge-backs and that new information is received within 30 days after the conclusion of the timely conducted audit. If the applicant or licensee claims the existence of new information, the dealer must be given the same right to a meeting and right to respond as when the chargeback charge-back was originally presented. After all internal dispute resolution processes provided through the applicant or licensee have been completed, the applicant or licensee shall give written notice to the motor vehicle dealer of the final amount of its proposed chargeback charge-back. If the dealer disputes that amount, the dealer may file a protest with the department within 30 days after receipt of the notice. If a protest is timely filed, the department shall notify the applicant or licensee of the filing of the protest, and the applicant or licensee may not take any action to recover the amount of the proposed chargeback charge-back until the department renders a final determination, which is not subject to further appeal, that the chargeback charge-back is in compliance with the provisions of this section. In any hearing pursuant to this subsection, the applicant or licensee has the burden of proof that its audit and resulting chargeback chargeback are in compliance with this subsection.

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(26) Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, including any licensee's program, policy, or procedure, the applicant or licensee has refused to allocate, sell, or deliver motor vehicles; charged back or withheld payments or other things of value for which the dealer is otherwise eligible under a sales promotion, program, or contest; prevented a motor vehicle dealer from participating in any promotion, program, or contest; or has taken or threatened to take any adverse action against a dealer, including chargebacks charge-backs, reducing vehicle allocations, or terminating or threatening to terminate a franchise because the dealer sold or leased a motor vehicle to a customer who exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the vehicle, unless the licensee proves that the dealer knew or reasonably should have known that the customer intended to export or resell the motor vehicle. There is a rebuttable presumption that the dealer neither knew nor reasonably should have known of its customer's intent to export or resell the vehicle if the vehicle is titled or registered in any state in this country. A licensee may not take any action against a motor vehicle dealer, including reducing its allocations or supply of motor vehicles to the dealer, or charging back to a dealer any for an incentive payment previously paid, unless the licensee first meets in person, by telephone, or video conference with an officer or other designated employee of the dealer. At such meeting, the licensee must provide a detailed explanation, with supporting documentation, as to the basis for its claim that the

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dealer knew or reasonably should have known of the customer's intent to export or resell the motor vehicle. Thereafter, the motor vehicle dealer shall have a reasonable period, commensurate with the number of motor vehicles at issue, but not less than 15 days, to respond to the licensee's claims. If, following the dealer's response and completion of all internal dispute resolution processes provided through the applicant or licensee, the dispute remains unresolved, the dealer may file a protest with the department within 30 days after receipt of a written notice from the licensee that it still intends to take adverse action against the dealer with respect to the motor vehicles still at issue. If a protest is timely filed, the department shall notify the applicant or licensee of the filing of the protest, and the applicant or licensee may not take any action adverse to the dealer until the department renders a final determination, which is not subject to further appeal, that the licensee's proposed action is in compliance with the provisions of this subsection. In any hearing pursuant to this subsection, the applicant or licensee has the burden of proof on all issues raised by this subsection. An applicant or licensee may not take any adverse action against a motor vehicle dealer because the dealer sold or leased a motor vehicle to a customer who exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the vehicle unless the applicant or licensee provides written notification to the motor vehicle dealer of such resale or export within 12 months after the date the dealer sold or leased

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the vehicle to the customer.

donus, policy, or rule, an applicant or licensee may not fail to make any payment pursuant to any agreement, program, incentive, bonus, policy, or rule for any temporary replacement motor vehicle loaned, rented, or provided by a motor vehicle dealer to or for its service or repair customers, even if the temporary replacement motor vehicle has been leased, rented, titled, or registered to the motor vehicle dealer's rental or leasing division or an entity that is owned or controlled by the motor vehicle dealer, provided that the motor vehicle dealer or its rental or leasing division or entity complies with the written and uniformly enforced vehicle eligibility, use, and reporting requirements specified by the applicant or licensee in its agreement, program, policy, bonus, incentive, or rule relating to loaner vehicles.

(40) Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, the applicant or licensee may not require or coerce, or attempt to require or coerce, a motor vehicle dealer to purchase goods or services from a vendor selected, identified, or designated by the applicant or licensee, or one of its parents, subsidiaries, divisions, or affiliates, by agreement, standard, policy, program, incentive provision, or otherwise, without making available to the motor vehicle dealer the option to obtain the goods or services of substantially similar design and quality from a vendor chosen by the motor vehicle dealer. If the motor

209 vehicle dealer exercises such option, the dealer must provide 210 written notice of its desire to use the alternative goods or 211 services to the applicant or licensee, along with samples or 212 clear descriptions of the alternative goods or services that the 213 dealer desires to use. The licensee or applicant shall have the 214 opportunity to evaluate the alternative goods or services for up 215 to 30 days to determine whether it will provide a written 216 approval to the motor vehicle dealer to use said alternative 217 goods or services. Approval may not be unreasonably withheld by 218 the applicant or licensee. If the motor vehicle dealer does not 219 receive a response from the applicant or licensee within 30 220 days, approval to use the alternative goods or services is 221 deemed granted. If a dealer using alternative goods or services 222 complies with this subsection and has received approval from the 223 licensee or applicant, the dealer is not ineligible for all 224 benefits described in the agreement, standard, policy, program, 225 incentive provision, or otherwise solely for having used such alternative goods or services. As used in this subsection, the 226 227 term "goods or services" is limited to such goods and services 228 used to construct or renovate dealership facilities or furniture 229 and fixtures at the dealership facilities. The term does not 230 include: 231 (a) Any intellectual property of the applicant or 232 licensee, including signage incorporating the applicant's or 233 licensee's trademark or copyright, or facility or building 234 materials to the extent that the applicant's or licensee's

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235	trademark is displayed thereon;										
236	(b) Any special tool and training as required by the										
237	licensee or applicant;										
238	(c) Any part to be used in repairs under warranty										
239	obligations of an applicant or licensee;										
240	(d) Any good or service paid for entirely by the applicant										
241	or licensee; or										
242	(e) Any applicant's or licensee's design or architectural										
243	review service.										
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245	A motor vehicle dealer who can demonstrate that a violation of,										
246	or failure to comply with, any of the preceding provisions by an										
247	applicant or licensee will or can adversely and pecuniarily										
248	affect the complaining dealer, shall be entitled to pursue all										
249	of the remedies, procedures, and rights of recovery available										
250	under ss. 320.695 and 320.697.										
251	Section 2. This act applies to all franchise agreements										
252	entered into, renewed, or amended after October 1, 1988, except										
253	to the extent that such application would impair valid										
254	contractual agreements in violation of the State Constitution or										
255	the United States Constitution.										
256	Section 3. If any provision of this act or its application										
257	to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity										
258	does not affect other provisions or applications of this act										
259	which can be given effect without the invalid provision or										
260	application, and to this end the provisions of this act are										

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261	seve	rable.										
262		Section	4.	This	act	shall	take	effect	upon	becoming	a l	aw.

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