By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Montford

A bill to be entitled

590-01777-16

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2016334c1

2 An act relating to severe injuries caused by dogs; 3 providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision 4 and Information; amending s. 767.12, F.S.; providing 5 for discretionary quarantine or impoundment of dogs 6 that cause severe injuries to humans; specifying 7 responsibility for payment of boarding and other 8 costs; revising the hearing and final order 9 procedures, and related confinement requirements, for 10 dangerous dog actions; specifying circumstances under 11 which a dangerous dog that has caused severe injury to 12 a human may be euthanized; deleting an exception; 13 transferring, renumbering, and amending s. 767.13(2), F.S.; revising a requirement for automatic euthanasia 14 15 for certain dogs that cause severe injury to humans; deleting a criminal penalty related to severe injury 16 17 or death caused by a dog; creating s. 767.136, F.S.; 18 re-creating an existing criminal penalty related to severe injury or death caused by a dog in a new 19 20 statutory section; amending s. 767.14, F.S.; 21 authorizing local governments to adopt certain 22 ordinances pertaining to dogs that have bitten or 23 attacked persons or domestic animals; amending s. 24 767.16, F.S.; exempting law enforcement dogs from 25 regulation under Part II of ch. 767, F.S.; providing an effective date. 2.6 27

28 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 29

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30	Section 1. The Division of Law Revision and Information is								
31	directed to designate ss. 767.01-767.07, Florida Statutes, as								
32	part I of chapter 767, Florida Statutes, entitled "Damage by								
33	Dogs," and ss. 767.10-767.16, Florida Statutes, as part II of								
34	that chapter, entitled "Dangerous Dogs."								
35	Section 2. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to								
36	read:								
37	767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; certification								
38	of registration; notice and hearing requirements; confinement of								
39	animal; exemption; appeals; unlawful acts								
40	(1) (a) An animal control authority shall investigate								
41	reported incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and								
42	shall, if possible, shall interview the owner and require a								
43	sworn affidavit from any person, including any animal control								
44	officer or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog								
45	classified as dangerous.								
46	(a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog								
47	investigation because of severe injury to a human may be								
48	immediately confiscated by an animal control authority and								
49	placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of								
50	time, or may be impounded and held pending the outcome of the								
51	investigation and any related hearings or appeals regarding the								
52	determination of a dangerous dog classification and the								
53	assessment of any penalty under this section. If the dog is to								
54	be destroyed, the dog may not be destroyed while an appeal is								
55	pending. The owner is responsible for payment of all boarding								
56	costs and other fees as required to humanely and safely keep the								
57	animal pending any hearing or appeal.								
58	(b) An Any animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog								

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590-01777-16 2016334c1 59 investigation which, that is not impounded with the animal 60 control authority, must shall be humanely and safely confined by 61 the owner in a securely fenced or enclosed area pending the 62 outcome of the investigation and resolution of any hearings or 63 appeals related to the dangerous dog classification and any penalty imposed under this section. The address at which of 64 65 where the animal resides shall be provided to the animal control 66 authority. A no dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog investigation may not be relocated and its or ownership may not 67 68 be transferred pending the outcome of the an investigation and 69 or any hearings or appeals related to the determination of a 70 dangerous dog classification and any penalty imposed under this 71 section. If in the event that a dog is to be destroyed, the dog 72 may shall not be relocated and its or ownership may not be 73 transferred. 74

(2) (b) A dog may shall not be declared dangerous if:

75 (a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a person 76 who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or, who, while 77 lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting 78 the dog or its owner or a family member.

79 (b) No dog may be declared dangerous if The dog was 80 protecting or defending a human being within the immediate 81 vicinity of the dog from an unjustified attack or assault.

82 (3) (c) After the investigation, the animal control authority shall make an initial determination as to whether 83 there is sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, 84 85 if sufficient cause is found, as to the proposed requirements under subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford 86 87 the owner an opportunity for a hearing prior to making a final

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590-01777-16 2016334c1 88 determination regarding the classification or requirement. The 89 animal control authority shall provide written notification to 90 the owner of the sufficient cause finding and proposed 91 requirements, to the owner, by registered mail, certified hand 92 delivery, or service in conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to service of process. The owner may file a 93 94 written request for a hearing regarding the dangerous dog 95 classification or the proposed requirements, or both, within 7 96 calendar days after from the date of receipt of the notification 97 of the sufficient cause finding and proposed requirements. and, 98 If the owner requests a hearing, it requested, the hearing shall 99 be held as soon as possible, but not longer more than 21 100 calendar days and not no sooner than 5 days after receipt of the 101 request from the owner. If a hearing is not timely requested regarding the classification or proposed requirements, the 102 103 determination by the animal control authority as to such issue 104 shall become final. Each applicable local governing authority 105 shall establish hearing procedures that conform to this 106 subsection paragraph. 107 (4) (d) Once a dog is classified as a dangerous dog, The 108 animal control authority shall provide to the owner a written 109 final order, notification to the owner by registered mail or $_{T}$ certified hand delivery or service, after a dangerous dog 110 classification or requirement becomes final, after a hearing or 111 112 by operation of law pursuant to subsection (3)., and The owner 113 may file a written request for a hearing in the county court to appeal the classification or requirement, or both, by filing a 114

115 written request for a hearing in the circuit court within 10 116 business days after receipt of the final order. The owner a

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117	written determination of dangerous dog classification and must
118	confine the dog in a securely fenced or enclosed area pending ${ extsf{a}}$
119	resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local governing
120	authority must establish appeal procedures that conform to this
121	subsection paragraph.
122	(5)(a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the
123	owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall:
124	1.(2) Within 14 days after the issuance of the final order
125	classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal
126	that affirms the final order a dog has been classified as
127	dangerous by the animal control authority or a dangerous dog
128	classification is upheld by the county court on appeal, the
129	owner of the dog must obtain a certificate of registration for
130	the dog from the animal control authority serving the area in
131	which he or she resides, and <u>renew</u> the certificate shall be
132	renewed annually. Animal control authorities are authorized to
133	issue such certificates of registration, and renewals thereof,
134	only to persons who are at least 18 years of age and who present
135	to the animal control authority sufficient evidence of:
136	<u>a.(a)</u> A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the
137	dog.
138	<u>b.(b)</u> A proper enclosure to confine a dangerous dog and the
139	posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign at
140	all entry points which that informs both children and adults of
141	the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.
142	$\underline{c.}$ (e) Permanent identification of the dog, such as a tattoo
143	on the inside thigh or electronic implantation.

145 The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for

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590-01777-16 2016334c1 146 the issuance of certificates of registration required by this 147 section. 148 2.(3) The owner shall Immediately notify the appropriate animal control authority when a dog that has been classified as 149 150 dangerous: 151 a. (a) Is loose or unconfined. 152 b. (b) Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal. 153 c. (c) Is sold, given away, or dies. d. (d) Is moved to another address. 154 155 156 Prior to a dangerous dog being sold or given away, the owner 157 shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the new 158 owner to the animal control authority. The new owner must comply 159 with all of the requirements of this section act and 160 implementing local ordinances, even if the animal is moved from 161 one local jurisdiction to another within the state. The animal 162 control officer must be notified by the owner of a dog 163 classified as dangerous that the dog is in his or her 164 jurisdiction. 165 3.(4) Not It is unlawful for the owner of a dangerous dog 166 to permit the dog to be outside a proper enclosure unless the 167 dog is muzzled and restrained by a substantial chain or leash

168 and under control of a competent person. The muzzle must be made 169 in a manner that will not cause injury to the dog or interfere 170 with its vision or respiration but will prevent it from biting <u>a</u> 171 any person or animal. The owner may exercise the dog in a 172 securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a top, 173 without a muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within his or her 174 sight and only members of the immediate household or persons 18

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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590-01777-16 2016334c1 175 years of age or older are allowed in the enclosure when the dog 176 is present. When being transported, such dogs must be safely and 177 securely restrained within a vehicle. 178 (b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog as the result 179 of an incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based 180 upon the nature and circumstances of the injury and the 181 likelihood of a future threat to the public safety, health, and 182 welfare, the dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane 183 manner. 184 (6) (5) Hunting dogs are exempt from the provisions of this 185 section act when engaged in any legal hunt or training 186 procedure. Dogs engaged in training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials, conformation shows, field 187 188 trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and herding trials are exempt 189 from the provisions of this section act when engaged in any 190 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 191 other respects shall be subject to this and local laws. Dogs 192 that have been classified as dangerous may shall not be used for 193 hunting purposes. 194 (6) This section does not apply to dogs used by law 195 enforcement officials for law enforcement work. 196 (7) A Any person who violates any provision of this section 197 commits is quilty of a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a 198 fine not to exceed exceeding \$500. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 767.13, Florida 199 200 Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 767.135, Florida 201 Statutes, and amended, to read: 202 767.135 767.13 Attack or bite by unclassified dangerous dog 203 that causes death; penalties; confiscation; destruction.-

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1	590-01777-16 2016334c1								
204	(2) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks								
205	and causes <u>the</u> severe injury to or death of <u>a</u> any human, the dog								
206	shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority,								
207	placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of								
208	time, or held for 10 business days after the owner is given								
209	written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed								
210	in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time period								
211	shall allow the owner to request a hearing under s. 767.12. If								
212	the owner files a written appeal under s. 767.12 or this								
213	section, the dog must be held and may not be destroyed while the								
214	appeal is pending. The owner is shall be responsible for payment								
215	of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to								
216	humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure.								
217	In addition, if the owner of the dog had prior knowledge of the								
218	dog's dangerous propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless								
219	disregard for such propensities under the circumstances, the								
220	owner of the dog is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second								
221	degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.								
222	Section 4. Section 767.136, Florida Statutes, is created to								
223	read:								
224	767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes								
225	severe injury or death; penalties								
226	(1) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks								
227	and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the								
228	owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous								
229	propensities but demonstrated a reckless disregard for those								
230	propensities under the circumstances, he or she commits a								
231	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.								
232	775.082 or s. 775.083.								
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590-01777-16 2016334c1 233 (2) If the dog attacks or bites a person who is engaged in 234 or attempting to engage in a criminal activity at the time of 235 the attack, the owner of the dog is not criminally liable under 236 this section. 237 Section 5. Section 767.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to 238 read: 239 767.14 Additional local restrictions authorized.-Nothing in 240 This act does not shall limit any local government from adopting an ordinance to address the safety and welfare concerns caused 241 by attacks on persons or domestic animals, placing further 242 243 restrictions or additional requirements on owners of dangerous 244 dogs that have bitten or attacked persons or domestic animals, 245 or developing procedures and criteria for the implementation of 246 this act, provided that no such regulation is specific to breed 247 and that the provisions of this act are not lessened by such 248 additional regulations or requirements. This section does shall 249 not apply to any local ordinance adopted prior to October 1, 250 1990. 251 Section 6. Section 767.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 252 read: 253 767.16 Bite by a Police or service dog; exemption from 254 quarantine.-255 (1) Any dog that is owned, or the service of which is employed, by a law enforcement agency, is exempt from this part. 256 257 (2) or Any dog that is used as a service dog for blind, 258 hearing impaired, or disabled persons, and that bites another 259 animal or a human is exempt from any quarantine requirement 260 following such bite if the dog has a current rabies vaccination 261 that was administered by a licensed veterinarian.

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262		Section	7.	This	act	shall	take	effect	upon	becoming	s a	law.	
263													