1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to estates; amending s. 731.106, F.S.;
3	providing that the validity and the effect of a
4	specified disposition of real property be determined
5	by Florida law; amending s. 736.0105, F.S.; conforming
6	a provision to changes made by the act; amending s.
7	736.0412, F.S.; providing applicability for
8	nonjudicial modification of irrevocable trust;
9	amending s. 736.0802, F.S.; defining the term
10	"pleading"; authorizing a trustee to pay attorney fees
11	and costs from the assets of the trust without
12	specified approval or court authorization in certain
13	circumstances; requiring the trustee to serve a
14	written notice of intent upon each qualified
15	beneficiary of the trust before the payment is made;
16	requiring the notice of intent to contain specified
17	information and to be served in a specified manner;
18	providing that specified qualified beneficiaries may
19	be entitled to an order compelling the refund of a
20	specified payment to the trust; requiring the court to
21	award specified attorney fees and costs in certain
22	circumstances; authorizing the court to prohibit a
23	trustee from using trust assets to make a specified
24	payment; authorizing the court to enter an order
25	compelling the return of specified attorney fees and
26	costs to the trust with interest at the statutory
	Page 1 of 12

Page 1 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2016

27	rate; requiring the court to deny a specified motion
28	unless the court finds a reasonable basis to conclude
29	that there has been a breach of the trust; authorizing
30	a court to deny the motion if it finds good cause to
31	do so; authorizing the movant to show that a
32	reasonable basis exists, and a trustee to rebut the
33	showing, through specified means; authorizing the
34	court to impose such remedies or sanctions as it deems
35	appropriate; providing that a trustee is authorized to
36	use trust assets in a specified manner if a claim or
37	defense of breach of trust is withdrawn, dismissed, or
38	judicially resolved in a trial court without a
39	determination that the trustee has committed a breach
40	of trust; providing that specified proceedings,
41	remedies, and rights are not limited; amending ss.
42	736.0816 and 736.1007, F.S.; conforming provisions to
43	changes made by the act; providing an effective date.
44	
45	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
46	
47	Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 731.106, Florida
48	Statutes, is amended to read:
49	731.106 Assets of nondomiciliaries
50	(2) When a nonresident decedent, whether or not a citizen
51	of the United States, provides by will that the testamentary
52	disposition of tangible or intangible personal property having a
ļ	Page 2 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2016

53	situs within this state, or of real property in this state,
54	shall be construed and regulated by the laws of this state, the
55	validity and effect of the dispositions shall be determined by
56	Florida law. The validity and the effect of a disposition,
57	whether intestate or testate, of real property in this state
58	shall be determined by Florida law. The court may, and in the
59	case of a decedent who was at the time of death a resident of a
60	foreign country the court shall, direct the personal
61	representative appointed in this state to make distribution
62	directly to those designated by the decedent's will as
63	beneficiaries of the tangible or intangible property or to the
64	persons entitled to receive the decedent's personal estate under
65	the laws of the decedent's domicile.
66	Section 2. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section
67	736.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
68	736.0105 Default and mandatory rules
69	(2) The terms of a trust prevail over any provision of
70	this code except:
71	(k) The ability to modify a trust under s. 736.0412,
72	except as provided in s. 736.0412(4)(b) or (c).
73	Section 3. Section 736.0412, Florida Statutes, is amended
74	to read:
75	736.0412 Nonjudicial modification of irrevocable trust
76	(1) After the settlor's death, a trust may be modified at
77	any time as provided in s. 736.04113(2) upon the unanimous
78	agreement of the trustee and all qualified beneficiaries.
	Page 3 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(2) Modification of a trust as authorized in this section is not prohibited by a spendthrift clause or by a provision in the trust instrument that prohibits amendment or revocation of the trust.

83 (3) An agreement to modify a trust under this section is
84 binding on a beneficiary whose interest is represented by
85 another person under part III of this code.

86

(4) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply to <u>any trust</u>:

87

(a) Any trust Created prior to January 1, 2001.

(b) Any trust Created after December 31, 2000, and before July 1, 2016, if, under the terms of the trust, all beneficial interests in the trust must vest or terminate within the period prescribed by the rule against perpetuities in s. 689.225(2), notwithstanding s. 689.225(2)(f), unless the terms of the trust expressly authorize nonjudicial modification.

94 (c) <u>Created on or after July 1, 2016, during the first 90</u>
 95 <u>years after it is created, unless the terms of the trust</u>
 96 <u>expressly authorize nonjudicial modification under this section.</u>

97 <u>(d)</u> Any trust For which a charitable deduction is allowed 98 or allowable under the Internal Revenue Code until the 99 termination of all charitable interests in the trust.

(5) For purposes of subsection (4), a revocable trust
shall be treated as created when the right of revocation
terminates.

103 (6) The provisions of this section are in addition to, and104 not in derogation of, rights under the common law to modify,

Page 4 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

105 amend, terminate, or revoke trusts. Section 4. Subsection (10) of section 736.0802, Florida 106 107 Statutes, is amended to read: 108 736.0802 Duty of loyalty.-109 (10) Unless otherwise provided in this subsection, payment 110 of costs or attorney attorney's fees incurred in any proceeding 111 from the assets of the trust may be made by a the trustee from 112 assets of the trust without the approval of any person and without court authorization, unless the court orders otherwise 113 114 as provided in ss. 736.0816(20) and 736.1007(1) paragraph (b). 115 (a) As used in this subsection, the term "pleading" means 116 a pleading as defined in Rule 1.110 of the Florida Rules of 117 Civil Procedure. 118 (b) If a trustee incurs attorney fees or costs in connection with a claim or defense of breach of trust which is 119 120 made in a filed pleading, the trustee may pay such attorney fees 121 or costs from trust assets without the approval of any person 122 and without any court authorization. However, the trustee must 123 serve a written notice of intent upon each qualified beneficiary 124 of the trust whose share of the trust may be affected by the payment before such payment is made. The notice of intent does 125 126 not need to be served upon a qualified beneficiary whose identity or location is unknown to, and not reasonably 127 128 ascertainable by, the trustee. 129 The notice of intent must identify the judicial (C) 130 proceeding in which the claim or defense of breach of trust has Page 5 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

131 been made in a filed pleading and must inform the person served 132 of his or her right under paragraph (e) to apply to the court 133 for an order prohibiting the trustee from using trust assets to 134 pay attorney fees or costs as provided in paragraph (b) or 135 compelling the return of such attorney fees and costs to the 136 trust. The notice of intent must be served by any commercial 137 delivery service or form of mail requiring a signed receipt; the 138 manner provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for 139 service of process; or, as to any party over whom the court has 140 already acquired jurisdiction in that judicial proceeding, in 141 the manner provided for service of pleadings and other documents 142 by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. 143 (d) If a trustee has used trust assets to pay attorney 144 fees or costs described in paragraph (b) before service of a 145 notice of intent, any qualified beneficiary who is not barred 146 under s. 736.1008 and whose share of the trust may have been 147 affected by such payment is entitled, upon the filing of a 148 motion to compel the return of such payment to the trust, to an 149 order compelling the return of such payment, with interest at 150 the statutory rate. The court shall award attorney fees and 151 costs incurred in connection with the motion to compel as 152 provided in s. 736.1004. 153 Upon the motion of any qualified beneficiary who is (e) 154 not barred under s. 736.1008 and whose share of the trust may be 155 affected by the use of trust assets to pay attorney fees or 156 costs as provided in paragraph (b), the court may prohibit the

Page 6 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

157 trustee from using trust assets to make such payment and, if 158 such payment has been made from trust assets after service of a 159 notice of intent, the court may enter an order compelling the 160 return of the attorney fees and costs to the trust, with 161 interest at the statutory rate. In connection with any hearing 162 on a motion brought under this paragraph: 163 The court shall deny the motion unless it finds a 1. 164 reasonable basis to conclude that there has been a breach of 165 trust. If the court finds there is a reasonable basis to 166 conclude there has been a breach of trust, the court may still 167 deny the motion if it finds good cause to do so. 2. 168 The movant may show that such reasonable basis exists, 169 and the trustee may rebut any such showing by presenting 170 affidavits, answers to interrogatories, admissions, depositions, 171 and any evidence otherwise admissible under the Florida Evidence 172 Code. 173 If a trustee fails to comply with an order of the (f) 174 court prohibiting the use of trust assets to pay attorney fees 175 or costs described in paragraph (b) or fails to comply with an 176 order compelling that such payment be refunded to the trust, the 177 court may impose such remedies or sanctions as the court deems 178 appropriate, including, without limitation, striking the 179 defenses or pleadings filed by the trustee. 180 (g) Notwithstanding the entry of an order prohibiting the 181 use of trust assets to pay attorney fees and costs as provided 182 in paragraph (b), or compelling the return of such attorney fees

Page 7 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

2016

183	or costs, if a claim or defense of breach of trust is withdrawn,
184	dismissed, or judicially resolved in the trial court without a
185	determination that the trustee has committed a breach of trust,
186	the trustee is authorized to use trust assets to pay attorney
187	fees and costs as provided in paragraph (b) and may do so
188	without service of a notice of intent or order of the court. The
189	attorney fees and costs may include fees and costs that were
190	refunded to the trust pursuant to an order of the court.
191	(h) This subsection does not limit proceedings under s.
192	736.0206 or remedies for breach of trust under s. 736.1001, or
193	the right of any interested person to challenge or object to the
194	payment of compensation or costs from the trust.
195	(a) If a claim or defense based upon a breach of trust is
196	made against a trustee in a proceeding, the trustee shall
197	provide written notice to each qualified beneficiary of the
198	trust whose share of the trust may be affected by the payment of
199	attorney's fees and costs of the intention to pay costs or
200	attorney's fees incurred in the proceeding from the trust prior
201	to making payment. The written notice shall be delivered by
202	sending a copy by any commercial delivery service requiring a
203	signed receipt, by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt,
204	or as provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for
205	service of process. The written notice shall inform each
206	qualified beneficiary of the trust whose share of the trust may
207	be affected by the payment of attorney's fees and costs of the
208	right to apply to the court for an order prohibiting the trustee
	Page 8 of 12

Page 8 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

209 from paying attorney's fees or costs from trust assets. If a 210 trustee is served with a motion for an order prohibiting the 211 trustee from paying attorney's fees or costs in the proceeding 212 and the trustee pays attorney's fees or costs before an order is 213 entered on the motion, the trustee and the trustee's attorneys 214 who have been paid attorney's fees or costs from trust assets to 215 defend against the claim or defense are subject to the remedies 216 in paragraphs (b) and (c). 217 (b) If a claim or defense based upon breach of trust is 218 made against a trustee in a proceeding, a party must obtain a 219 court order to prohibit the trustee from paying costs or 220 attorney's fees from trust assets. To obtain an order 221 prohibiting payment of costs or attorney's fees from trust 222 assets, a party must make a reasonable showing by evidence in 223 the record or by proffering evidence that provides a reasonable 224 basis for a court to conclude that there has been a breach of 225 trust. The trustee may proffer evidence to rebut the evidence 226 submitted by a party. The court in its discretion may defer 227 ruling on the motion, pending discovery to be taken by the 228 parties. If the court finds that there is a reasonable basis to 229 conclude that there has been a breach of trust, unless the court 230 finds good cause, the court shall enter an order prohibiting the 231 payment of further attorney's fees and costs from the assets of 232 the trust and shall order attorney's fees or costs previously 233 paid from assets of the trust to be refunded. An order entered 234 under this paragraph shall not limit a trustee's right to seek

Page 9 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

235 an order permitting the payment of some or all of the attorney's 236 fees or costs incurred in the proceeding from trust assets, 237 including any fees required to be refunded, after the claim or 238 defense is finally determined by the court. If a claim or 239 defense based upon a breach of trust is withdrawn, dismissed, or 240 resolved without a determination by the court that the trustee 241 committed a breach of trust after the entry of an order 242 prohibiting payment of attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 243 this paragraph, the trustee may pay costs or attorney's fees 244 incurred in the proceeding from the assets of the trust without 245 further court authorization.

(c) If the court orders a refund under paragraph (b), the court may enter such sanctions as are appropriate if a refund is not made as directed by the court, including, but not limited to, striking defenses or pleadings filed by the trustee. Nothing in this subsection limits other remedies and sanctions the court may employ for the failure to refund timely.

(d) Nothing in this subsection limits the power of the court to review fees and costs or the right of any interested persons to challenge fees and costs after payment, after an accounting, or after conclusion of the litigation.

256 (e) Notice under paragraph (a) is not required if the 257 action or defense is later withdrawn or dismissed by the party 258 that is alleging a breach of trust or resolved without a 259 determination by the court that the trustee has committed a 260 breach of trust.

Page 10 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

261 Section 5. Subsection (20) of section 736.0816, Florida 262 Statutes, is amended to read:

263 736.0816 Specific powers of trustee.—Except as limited or 264 restricted by this code, a trustee may:

265 (20)Employ persons, including, but not limited to, 266 attorneys, accountants, investment advisers, or agents, even if 267 they are the trustee, an affiliate of the trustee, or otherwise 268 associated with the trustee, to advise or assist the trustee in the exercise of any of the trustee's powers and pay reasonable 269 270 compensation and costs incurred in connection with such 271 employment from the assets of the trust, subject to s. 272 736.0802(10) with respect to attorney fees and costs, and act 273 without independent investigation on the recommendations of such 274 persons.

275 Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 736.1007, Florida 276 Statutes, is amended to read:

277

736.1007 Trustee's attorney's fees.-

If the trustee of a revocable trust retains an 278 (1)attorney to render legal services in connection with the initial 279 280 administration of the trust, the attorney is entitled to 281 reasonable compensation for those legal services, payable from 282 the assets of the trust, subject to s. 736.0802(10), without 283 court order. The trustee and the attorney may agree to 284 compensation that is determined in a manner or amount other than 285 the manner or amount provided in this section. The agreement is 286 not binding on a person who bears the impact of the compensation

Page 11 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

287 unless that person is a party to or otherwise consents to be 288 bound by the agreement. The agreement may provide that the 289 trustee is not individually liable for the <u>attorney</u> attorney's 290 fees and costs.

291

Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

Page 12 of 12

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.