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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to ad valorem taxation; amending s.
3	192.0105, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made
4	by the act; amending s. 193.073, F.S.; revising
5	procedures for the revision of an erroneous or
6	incomplete personal property tax return; amending s.
7	193.122, F.S.; specifying deadlines for value
8	adjustment boards to complete certain hearings and
9	final assessment roll certifications; providing
10	exceptions; providing applicability; amending ss.
11	193.155, 193.1554, and 193.1555, F.S.; requiring a
12	property appraiser to serve a notice of intent to
13	record a notice of tax lien under certain
14	circumstances; requiring certain taxpayers to be given
15	a specified timeframe to pay taxes, penalties, and
16	interest to avoid the filing of a lien; prohibiting
17	the assessment of penalties and interest under certain
18	circumstances; amending s. 194.011, F.S.; revising the
19	procedures for filing petitions to the value
20	adjustment board; providing applicability as to the
21	confidentiality of certain taxpayer information;
22	amending s. 194.014, F.S.; revising the entities
23	authorized to determine under certain circumstances
24	that a petitioner owes ad valorem taxes or is owed a
25	refund of overpaid taxes; revising the rate at which
26	interest accrues on unpaid and overpaid ad valorem
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27 taxes; defining the term "bank prime loan rate"; 28 amending s. 194.032, F.S.; revising the purposes for 29 which a value adjustment board may meet; revising requirements for the provision of property record 30 31 cards to a petitioner for certain hearings; requiring 32 the petitioner or property appraiser to show good 33 cause to reschedule a hearing related to an assessment; defining the term "good cause"; amending 34 35 s. 194.034, F.S.; revising requirements for an entity that may represent a taxpayer before the value 36 37 adjustment board; requiring the Department of Revenue to adopt certain forms; prohibiting a taxpayer from 38 contesting an assessment unless the return was timely 39 filed; defining the term "timely filed"; revising 40 provisions relating to findings of fact; amending s. 41 42 194.035, F.S.; specifying that certain petitions must 43 be heard by a special magistrate; prohibiting 44 consideration of assessment reductions recommended in 45 previous hearings by special magistrates when appointing or when scheduling a special magistrate; 46 47 amending s. 197.3632, F.S.; extending the dates for 48 certain counties to adopt or certify non-ad valorem assessment rolls; reenacting and amending s. 49 1011.62(4)(e), F.S.; revising the time period for 50 51 requirements and calculations applicable to the levy 52 and adjustment of the Prior Period Funding Adjustment

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53	Millage before and after certification of the
54	district's final taxable value; repealing certain
55	provisions of a rule adopted by the Department of
56	Revenue; providing a finding of important state
57	interest; providing effective dates.
58	
59	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
60	
61	Section 1. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section
62	192.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
63	192.0105 Taxpayer rightsThere is created a Florida
64	Taxpayer's Bill of Rights for property taxes and assessments to
65	guarantee that the rights, privacy, and property of the
66	taxpayers of this state are adequately safeguarded and protected
67	during tax levy, assessment, collection, and enforcement
68	processes administered under the revenue laws of this state. The
69	Taxpayer's Bill of Rights compiles, in one document, brief but
70	comprehensive statements that summarize the rights and
71	obligations of the property appraisers, tax collectors, clerks
72	of the court, local governing boards, the Department of Revenue,
73	and taxpayers. Additional rights afforded to payors of taxes and
74	assessments imposed under the revenue laws of this state are
75	provided in s. 213.015. The rights afforded taxpayers to assure
76	that their privacy and property are safeguarded and protected
77	during tax levy, assessment, and collection are available only
78	insofar as they are implemented in other parts of the Florida
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79 Statutes or rules of the Department of Revenue. The rights so 80 guaranteed to state taxpayers in the Florida Statutes and the 81 departmental rules include:

82

(2) THE RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS.-

83 (f) The right, in value adjustment board proceedings, to have all evidence presented and considered at a public hearing 84 85 at the scheduled time, to be represented by a person specified in s. 194.034(1)(a), (b), or (c) an attorney or agent, to have 86 87 witnesses sworn and cross-examined, and to examine property appraisers or evaluators employed by the board who present 88 testimony (see ss. 194.034(1)(d) 194.034(1)(a) and (c) and (4), 89 90 and 194.035(2)).

91 Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 193.073, Florida
92 Statutes, is amended to read:

93 193.073 Erroneous returns; estimate of assessment when no 94 return filed.-

95 (1) (a) Upon discovery that an erroneous or incomplete 96 statement of personal property has been filed by a taxpayer or 97 that all the property of a taxpayer has not been returned for 98 taxation, the property appraiser shall mail a notice informing 99 the taxpayer that an erroneous or incomplete statement of personal property has been filed. Such notice shall be mailed at 100 101 any time before the mailing of the notice required in s. 102 200.069. The taxpayer has 30 days after the date the notice is 103 mailed to provide the property appraiser with a complete return listing all property for taxation. proceed as follows: 104 Page 4 of 27

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105 <u>(b) (a)</u> If the property is personal property and is 106 discovered before April 1, the property appraiser shall make an 107 assessment in triplicate. After attaching the affidavit and 108 warrant required by law, the property appraiser shall dispose of 109 the additional assessment roll in the same manner as provided by 110 law.

111 (c) (b) If the property is personal property and is 112 discovered on or after April 1, or is real property discovered 113 at any time, the property shall be added to the assessment roll 114 then in preparation.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 193.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

117 193.122 Certificates of value adjustment board and 118 property appraiser; extensions on the assessment rolls.-

The value adjustment board shall certify each 119 (1)120 assessment roll upon order of the board of county commissioners 121 pursuant to s. 197.323, if applicable, and again after all 122 hearings required by s. 194.032 have been held. These 123 certificates shall be attached to each roll as required by the 124 Department of Revenue. Notwithstanding an extension of the roll 125 by the board of county commissioners pursuant to s. 197.323, the value adjustment board must complete all hearings required by s. 126 127 194.032 and certify the assessment roll to the property 128 appraiser by June 1 following the assessment year. The June 1 129 requirement shall be extended until December 1 in each year in 130 which the number of petitions filed increased by more than 10

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131	percent over the previous year.
132	Section 4. The amendments made by this act to s. 193.122,
133	Florida Statutes, first apply beginning with the 2018 tax roll.
134	Section 5. Subsection (10) of section 193.155, Florida
135	Statutes, is amended to read:
136	193.155 Homestead assessmentsHomestead property shall be
137	assessed at just value as of January 1, 1994. Property receiving
138	the homestead exemption after January 1, 1994, shall be assessed
139	at just value as of January 1 of the year in which the property
140	receives the exemption unless the provisions of subsection (8)
141	apply.
142	(10) If the property appraiser determines that for any
143	year or years within the prior 10 years a person who was not
144	entitled to the homestead property assessment limitation granted
145	under this section was granted the homestead property assessment
146	limitation, the property appraiser making such determination
147	shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the
148	public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any
149	property owned by that person in the county, and such property
150	must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Such property that
151	is situated in this state is subject to the unpaid taxes, plus a
152	penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each year and 15
153	percent interest per annum. However, when a person entitled to
154	exemption pursuant to s. 196.031 inadvertently receives the
155	limitation pursuant to this section following a change of
156	ownership, the assessment of such property must be corrected as
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157 provided in paragraph (9)(a), and the person need not pay the 158 unpaid taxes, penalties, or interest. Before a lien may be 159 filed, the person or entity so notified must be given 30 days to 160 pay the taxes and any applicable penalties and interest. If the property appraiser improperly grants the property assessment 161 162 limitation as a result of a clerical mistake or an omission, the 163 person or entity improperly receiving the property assessment 164 limitation may not be assessed a penalty or interest. 165 Section 6. Subsection (10) of section 193.1554, Florida 166 Statutes, is amended to read: 193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property.-167 168 (10) If the property appraiser determines that for any 169 year or years within the prior 10 years a person or entity who 170 was not entitled to the property assessment limitation granted 171 under this section was granted the property assessment 172 limitation, the property appraiser making such determination 173 shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the 174 public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any 175 property owned by that person or entity in the county, and such 176 property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Such 177 property that is situated in this state is subject to the unpaid taxes, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each 178 179 year and 15 percent interest per annum. Before a lien may be 180 filed, the person or entity so notified must be given 30 days to 181 pay the taxes and any applicable penalties and interest. If the property appraiser improperly grants the property assessment 182

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183 limitation as a result of a clerical mistake or an omission, the 184 person or entity improperly receiving the property assessment 185 limitation may not be assessed a penalty or interest. 186 Section 7. Subsection (10) of section 193.1555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 187 193.1555 Assessment of certain residential and 188 189 nonresidential real property.-190 If the property appraiser determines that for any (10)191 year or years within the prior 10 years a person or entity who 192 was not entitled to the property assessment limitation granted under this section was granted the property assessment 193 194 limitation, the property appraiser making such determination shall serve upon the owner a notice of intent to record in the 195 196 public records of the county a notice of tax lien against any 197 property owned by that person or entity in the county, and such 198 property must be identified in the notice of tax lien. Such 199 property that is situated in this state is subject to the unpaid 200 taxes, plus a penalty of 50 percent of the unpaid taxes for each 201 year and 15 percent interest per annum. Before a lien may be 202 filed, the person or entity so notified must be given 30 days to 203 pay the taxes and any applicable penalties and interest. If the 204 property appraiser improperly grants the property assessment 205 limitation as a result of a clerical mistake or an omission, the 206 person or entity improperly receiving the property assessment 207 limitation may not be assessed a penalty or interest. 208 Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 194.011, Florida Page 8 of 27

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209 Statutes, is amended to read: 194.011 Assessment notice; objections to assessments.-210 211 A petition to the value adjustment board must be in (3) 212 substantially the form prescribed by the department. Notwithstanding s. 195.022, a county officer may not refuse to 213 214 accept a form provided by the department for this purpose if the 215 taxpayer chooses to use it. A petition to the value adjustment 216 board must be signed by the taxpayer or be accompanied at the 217 time of filing by the taxpayer's written authorization or power 218 of attorney, unless the person filing the petition is listed in s. 194.034(1)(a). A person listed in s. 194.034(1)(a) may file a 219 220 petition with a value adjustment board without the taxpayer's 221 signature or written authorization by certifying under penalty 222 of perjury that he or she has authorization to file the petition 223 on behalf of the taxpayer. If a taxpayer notifies the value 224 adjustment board that a petition has been filed for the 225 taxpayer's property without his or her consent, the value 226 adjustment board may require the person filing the petition to 227 provide written authorization from the taxpayer authorizing the 228 person to proceed with the appeal before a hearing is held. If 229 the value adjustment board finds that a person listed in s. 230 194.034(1)(a) willfully and knowingly filed a petition that was 231 not authorized by the taxpayer, the value adjustment board shall 232 require such person to provide the taxpayer's written 233 authorization for representation to the value adjustment board 234 clerk before any petition filed by that person is heard, for 1

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235 year after imposition of such requirement by the value 236 adjustment board. A power of attorney or written authorization 237 is valid for 1 assessment year, and a new power of attorney or 238 written authorization by the taxpayer is required for each 239 subsequent assessment year. A petition shall also describe the 240 property by parcel number and shall be filed as follows:

(a) The clerk of the value adjustment board and the
property appraiser shall have available and shall distribute
forms prescribed by the Department of Revenue on which the
petition shall be made. Such petition shall be sworn to by the
petitioner.

(b) The completed petition shall be filed with the clerk
of the value adjustment board of the county, who shall
acknowledge receipt thereof and promptly furnish a copy thereof
to the property appraiser.

(c) The petition shall state the approximate time
anticipated by the taxpayer to present and argue his or her
petition before the board.

253 The petition may be filed, as to valuation issues, at (d) 254 any time during the taxable year on or before the 25th day 255 following the mailing of notice by the property appraiser as 256 provided in subsection (1). With respect to an issue involving 257 the denial of an exemption, an agricultural or high-water 258 recharge classification application, an application for 259 classification as historic property used for commercial or certain nonprofit purposes, or a deferral, the petition must be 260

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filed at any time during the taxable year on or before the 30th day following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser under s. 193.461, s. 193.503, s. 193.625, s. 196.173, or s. 196.193 or notice by the tax collector under s. 197.2425.

265 A condominium association, cooperative association, or (e) 266 any homeowners' association as defined in s. 723.075, with 267 approval of its board of administration or directors, may file 268 with the value adjustment board a single joint petition on 269 behalf of any association members who own parcels of property 270 which the property appraiser determines are substantially similar with respect to location, proximity to amenities, number 271 272 of rooms, living area, and condition. The condominium 273 association, cooperative association, or homeowners' association 274 as defined in s. 723.075 shall provide the unit owners with 275 notice of its intent to petition the value adjustment board and 276 shall provide at least 20 days for a unit owner to elect, in 277 writing, that his or her unit not be included in the petition.

(f) An owner of contiguous, undeveloped parcels may file with the value adjustment board a single joint petition if the property appraiser determines such parcels are substantially similar in nature.

(g) An owner of multiple tangible personal property accounts may file with the value adjustment board a single joint petition if the property appraiser determines that the tangible personal property accounts are substantially similar in nature. (h) The individual, agent, or legal entity that signs the

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287 petition becomes an agent of the taxpayer for the purpose of 288 serving process to obtain personal jurisdiction over the 289 taxpayer for the entire value adjustment board proceedings, 290 including any appeals of a board decision by the property 291 appraiser pursuant to s. 194.036. This paragraph does not 292 authorize the individual, agent, or legal entity to receive or 293 access the taxpayer's confidential information without written 294 authorization from the taxpayer. Section 9. Subsection (2) of section 194.014, Florida 295 296 Statutes, is amended to read: 194.014 Partial payment of ad valorem taxes; proceedings 297 298 before value adjustment board.-299 If the value adjustment board or the property (2)300 appraiser determines that the petitioner owes ad valorem taxes 301 in excess of the amount paid, the unpaid amount accrues interest 302 at an annual percentage rate equal to the bank prime loan rate 303 on July 1, or the first business day thereafter if July 1 is a 304 Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, of the rate of 12 percent 305 per year, beginning on from the date the taxes became delinquent 306 pursuant to s. 197.333 until the unpaid amount is paid. If the 307 value adjustment board or the property appraiser determines that a refund is due, the overpaid amount accrues interest at an 308 309 annual percentage rate equal to the bank prime loan rate on July 310 1, or the first business day thereafter if July 1 is a Saturday, 311 Sunday, or legal holiday, of the tax the rate of 12 percent per year, beginning on from the date the taxes became delinquent 312 Page 12 of 27

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313 pursuant to s. 197.333 until a refund is paid. Interest on an 314 overpayment related to a petition shall be funded 315 proportionately by each taxing authority that was overpaid. 316 Interest does not accrue on amounts paid in excess of 100 317 percent of the current taxes due as provided on the tax notice 318 issued pursuant to s. 197.322. For purposes of this subsection, 319 the term "bank prime loan rate" means the average predominant 320 prime rate quoted by commercial banks to large businesses as 321 published by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve 322 System. 323 Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph 324 (a) of subsection (2) of section 194.032, Florida Statutes, are 325 amended to read: 326 194.032 Hearing purposes; timetable.-327 The value adjustment board shall meet not earlier (1) (a) 328 than 30 days and not later than 60 days after the mailing of the 329 notice provided in s. 194.011(1); however, no board hearing 330 shall be held before approval of all or any part of the 331 assessment rolls by the Department of Revenue. The board shall meet for the following purposes: 332 333 Hearing petitions relating to assessments filed 1. 334 pursuant to s. 194.011(3). 335 2. Hearing complaints relating to homestead exemptions as 336 provided for under s. 196.151. 337 Hearing appeals from exemptions denied, or disputes 3. 338 arising from exemptions granted, upon the filing of exemption Page 13 of 27

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339 applications under s. 196.011.

340 4. Hearing appeals concerning ad valorem tax deferrals and341 classifications.

342 <u>5. Hearing appeals from determinations that a change of</u> 343 <u>ownership under s. 193.155(3), a change of ownership or control</u> 344 <u>under s. 193.1554(5) or s. 193.1555(5), or a qualifying</u> 345 improvement under s. 193.1555(5), has occurred.

346 The clerk of the governing body of the county shall (2)(a) 347 prepare a schedule of appearances before the board based on 348 petitions timely filed with him or her. The clerk shall notify each petitioner of the scheduled time of his or her appearance 349 350 at least 25 calendar days before the day of the scheduled 351 appearance. The notice must indicate whether the petition has 352 been scheduled to be heard at a particular time or during a 353 block of time. If the petition has been scheduled to be heard 354 within a block of time, the beginning and ending of that block 355 of time must be indicated on the notice; however, as provided in 356 paragraph (b), a petitioner may not be required to wait for more 357 than a reasonable time, not to exceed 2 hours, after the 358 beginning of the block of time. If the petitioner checked the 359 appropriate box on the petition form to request a copy of the 360 property record card containing relevant information used in 361 computing the current assessment, The property appraiser must 362 provide a the copy of the property record card containing 363 information relevant to the computation of the current 364 assessment, with confidential information redacted, to the

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petitioner upon receipt of the petition from the clerk 365 366 regardless of whether the petitioner initiates evidence 367 exchange, unless the property record card is available online from the property appraiser, in which case the property 368 369 appraiser must notify the petitioner that the property record 370 card is available online. Upon receipt of the notice, The 371 petitioner and the property appraiser may each reschedule the 372 hearing a single time for good cause by submitting to the clerk 373 a written request to reschedule, at least 5 calendar days before 374 the day of the originally scheduled hearing. As used in this paragraph, the term "good cause" means circumstances beyond the 375 376 control of the person seeking to reschedule the hearing which 377 reasonably prevent the party from having adequate representation 378 at the hearing. If the hearing is rescheduled by the petitioner 379 or the property appraiser, the clerk shall notify the petitioner 380 of the rescheduled time of his or her appearance at least 15 381 calendar days before the day of the rescheduled appearance, 382 unless this notice is waived by both parties. 383 Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 194.034, 384 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 385 194.034 Hearing procedures; rules.-(1) (a) Petitioners before the board may be represented by 386 387 an employee of the taxpayer or an affiliated entity, an attorney 388 who is a member of The Florida Bar, a real estate appraiser licensed under chapter 475, a real estate broker licensed under 389

390 <u>chapter 475</u>, or a certified public accountant licensed under

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391 chapter 473, retained by the taxpayer. Such person may or agent 392 and present testimony and other evidence. 393 (b) A petitioner before the board may also be represented 394 by a person with a power of attorney to act on the taxpayer's 395 behalf. Such person may present testimony and other evidence. 396 The power of attorney must conform to the requirements of part 397 II of chapter 709, is valid only to represent a single 398 petitioner in a single assessment year, and must identify the 399 parcels for which the taxpayer has granted the person the 400 authority to represent the taxpayer. The Department of Revenue 401 shall adopt a form that meets the requirements of this 402 paragraph. However, a petitioner is not required to use the 403 department's form to grant the power of attorney. 404 (c) A petitioner before the board may also be represented 405 by a person with written authorization to act on the taxpayer's 406 behalf, for which such person receives no compensation. Such 407 person may present testimony and other evidence. The written 408 authorization is valid only to represent a single petitioner in 409 a single assessment year and must identify the parcels for which 410 the taxpayer authorizes the person to represent the taxpayer. 411 The Department of Revenue shall adopt a form that meets the requirements of this paragraph. However, a petitioner is not 412 413 required to use the department's form to grant the 414 authorization. 415 The property appraiser or his or her authorized (d) 416 representatives may be represented by an attorney in defending

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417 the property appraiser's assessment or opposing an exemption and 418 may present testimony and other evidence.

(e) The property appraiser, each petitioner, and all witnesses shall be required, upon the request of either party, to testify under oath as administered by the <u>chair</u> chairperson of the board. Hearings shall be conducted in the manner prescribed by rules of the department, which rules shall include the right of cross-examination of any witness.

425 <u>(f)(b)</u> Nothing herein shall preclude an aggrieved taxpayer 426 from contesting his or her assessment in the manner provided by 427 s. 194.171, <u>regardless of</u> whether or not he or she has initiated 428 an action pursuant to s. 194.011.

(g) (c) The rules shall provide that no evidence shall be 429 430 considered by the board except when presented during the time 431 scheduled for the petitioner's hearing or at a time when the 432 petitioner has been given reasonable notice; that a verbatim 433 record of the proceedings shall be made, and proof of any 434 documentary evidence presented shall be preserved and made 435 available to the Department of Revenue, if requested; and that further judicial proceedings shall be as provided in s. 194.036. 436

437 (h) (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, 438 <u>a no petitioner may not present for consideration, and nor may a</u> 439 board or special magistrate <u>may not</u> accept for consideration, 440 testimony or other evidentiary materials that were requested of 441 the petitioner in writing by the property appraiser of which the 442 petitioner had knowledge <u>but</u> and denied to the property

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443 appraiser.

444 <u>(i) (e)</u> Chapter 120 does not apply to hearings of the value 445 adjustment board.

446 (j) (f) An assessment may not be contested unless until a 447 return as required by s. 193.052 was timely has been filed. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "timely filed" means filed 448 449 by the deadline established in s. 193.062 or before the 450 expiration of any extension granted under s. 193.063. If notice 451 is mailed pursuant to s. 193.073(1)(a), a complete return must 452 be submitted under s. 193.073(1)(a) for the assessment to be 453 contested.

454 In each case, except if the complaint is withdrawn by (2)455 the petitioner or if the complaint is acknowledged as correct by 456 the property appraiser, the value adjustment board shall render 457 a written decision. All such decisions shall be issued within 20 458 calendar days after the last day the board is in session under 459 s. 194.032. The decision of the board must contain findings of 460 fact and conclusions of law and must include reasons for 461 upholding or overturning the determination of the property 462 appraiser. Findings of fact must be based on admitted evidence 463 or a lack thereof. If a special magistrate has been appointed, 464 the recommendations of the special magistrate shall be 465 considered by the board. The clerk, upon issuance of a decision, 466 shall, on a form provided by the Department of Revenue, notify 467 each taxpayer and the property appraiser of the decision of the board. This notification shall be by first-class mail or by 468

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469 electronic means if selected by the taxpayer on the originally 470 filed petition. If requested by the Department of Revenue, the 471 clerk shall provide to the department a copy of the decision or 472 information relating to the tax impact of the findings and 473 results of the board as described in s. 194.037 in the manner 474 and form requested.

475 Section 12. Subsection (1) of section 194.035, Florida 476 Statutes, is amended to read:

477

194.035 Special magistrates; property evaluators.-

478 In counties having a population of more than 75,000, (1)479 the board shall appoint special magistrates for the purpose of 480 taking testimony and making recommendations to the board, which 481 recommendations the board may act upon without further hearing. 482 These special magistrates may not be elected or appointed 483 officials or employees of the county but shall be selected from 484 a list of those qualified individuals who are willing to serve as special magistrates. Employees and elected or appointed 485 486 officials of a taxing jurisdiction or of the state may not serve 487 as special magistrates. The clerk of the board shall annually 488 notify such individuals or their professional associations to 489 make known to them that opportunities to serve as special magistrates exist. The Department of Revenue shall provide a 490 491 list of qualified special magistrates to any county with a population of 75,000 or less. Subject to appropriation, the 492 493 department shall reimburse counties with a population of 75,000 494 or less for payments made to special magistrates appointed for

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495 the purpose of taking testimony and making recommendations to 496 the value adjustment board pursuant to this section. The 497 department shall establish a reasonable range for payments per 498 case to special magistrates based on such payments in other 499 counties. Requests for reimbursement of payments outside this 500 range shall be justified by the county. If the total of all 501 requests for reimbursement in any year exceeds the amount 502 available pursuant to this section, payments to all counties 503 shall be prorated accordingly. If a county having a population 504 less than 75,000 does not appoint a special magistrate to hear each petition, the person or persons designated to hear 505 506 petitions before the value adjustment board or the attorney 507 appointed to advise the value adjustment board shall attend the 508 training provided pursuant to subsection (3), regardless of 509 whether the person would otherwise be required to attend, but 510 shall not be required to pay the tuition fee specified in 511 subsection (3). A special magistrate appointed to hear issues of 512 exemptions, and classifications, and determinations that a 513 change of ownership, a change of ownership or control, or a 514 qualifying improvement has occurred shall be a member of The 515 Florida Bar with no less than 5 years' experience in the area of 516 ad valorem taxation. A special magistrate appointed to hear 517 issues regarding the valuation of real estate shall be a state 518 certified real estate appraiser with not less than 5 years' 519 experience in real property valuation. A special magistrate appointed to hear issues regarding the valuation of tangible 520

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521 personal property shall be a designated member of a nationally 522 recognized appraiser's organization with not less than 5 years' 523 experience in tangible personal property valuation. A special 524 magistrate need not be a resident of the county in which he or 525 she serves. A special magistrate may not represent a person 526 before the board in any tax year during which he or she has 527 served that board as a special magistrate. Before appointing a 528 special magistrate, a value adjustment board shall verify the 529 special magistrate's qualifications. The value adjustment board 530 shall ensure that the selection of special magistrates is based solely upon the experience and qualifications of the special 531 532 magistrate and is not influenced by the property appraiser. The 533 special magistrate shall accurately and completely preserve all 534 testimony and, in making recommendations to the value adjustment 535 board, shall include proposed findings of fact, conclusions of 536 law, and reasons for upholding or overturning the determination 537 of the property appraiser. The expense of hearings before 538 magistrates and any compensation of special magistrates shall be 539 borne three-fifths by the board of county commissioners and two-540 fifths by the school board. When appointing special magistrates 541 or when scheduling special magistrates for specific hearings, the board, the board attorney, and the board clerk may not 542 543 consider the dollar amount or percentage of any assessment 544 reductions recommended by any special magistrate in the current 545 year or in any previous year. 546 Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) and paragraph

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(a) of subsection (5) of section 197.3632, Florida Statutes, are

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amended to read:

197.3632 Uniform method for the levy, collection, and 549 550 enforcement of non-ad valorem assessments.-551 (4) (a) A local government shall adopt a non-ad valorem 552 assessment roll at a public hearing held between January 1 and 553 September 15, or between January 1 and September 25 for any 554 county as defined in s. 125.011(1), if: 555 1. The non-ad valorem assessment is levied for the first 556 time; 557 2. The non-ad valorem assessment is increased beyond the 558 maximum rate authorized by law or judicial decree at the time of 559 initial imposition; 560 The local government's boundaries have changed, unless 3. all newly affected property owners have provided written consent 561 562 for such assessment to the local governing board; or 563 4. There is a change in the purpose for such assessment or 564 in the use of the revenue generated by such assessment. (5) (a) By September 15 of each year, or by September 25 565 566 for any county as defined in s. 125.011(1), the chair of the 567 local governing board or his or her designee shall certify a 568 non-ad valorem assessment roll on compatible electronic medium 569 to the tax collector. The local government shall post the non-ad 570 valorem assessment for each parcel on the roll. The tax 571 collector shall not accept any such roll that is not certified on compatible electronic medium and that does not contain the 572 Page 22 of 27 CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. hb0499-03-e1

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573 posting of the non-ad valorem assessment for each parcel. It is 574 the responsibility of the local governing board that such roll 575 be free of errors and omissions. Alterations to such roll may be 576 made by the chair or his or her designee up to 10 days before 577 certification. If the tax collector discovers errors or 578 omissions on such roll, he or she may request the local 579 governing board to file a corrected roll or a correction of the 580 amount of any assessment.

581 Section 14. Effective June 30, 2016, notwithstanding the 582 expiration date in section 9 of chapter 2015-222, Laws of 583 Florida, and notwithstanding the amendment made by section 16 of 584 SB 1040, 2016 Regular Session, paragraph (e) of subsection (4) 585 of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, as amended by section 7 of 586 chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, is reenacted and amended to 587 read:

588 1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual 589 allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each 590 district for operation of schools is not determined in the 591 annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing 592 the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as 593 follows:

(4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.—The
Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort
for all school districts collectively as an item in the General
Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each
district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida

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599 Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 600 programs shall be calculated as follows:

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(e) Prior period funding adjustment millage.-

602 There shall be An additional millage to be known as the 1. Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage shall be levied by a 603 604 school district if the prior period unrealized required local 605 effort funds are greater than zero. The Commissioner of 606 Education shall calculate the amount of the prior period unrealized required local effort funds as specified in 607 608 subparagraph 2. and the millage required to generate that amount as specified in this subparagraph. The Prior Period Funding 609 610 Adjustment Millage shall be the quotient of the prior period 611 unrealized required local effort funds divided by the current 612 year taxable value certified to the Commissioner of Education 613 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (a)1.a. This levy shall be in 614 addition to the required local effort millage certified pursuant to this subsection. Such millage shall not affect the 615 616 calculation of the current year's required local effort, and the 617 funds generated by such levy shall not be included in the district's Florida Education Finance Program allocation for that 618 619 fiscal year. For purposes of the millage to be included on the Notice of Proposed Taxes, the Commissioner of Education shall 620 621 adjust the required local effort millage computed pursuant to 622 paragraph (a) as adjusted by paragraph (b) for the current year 623 for any district that levies a Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage to include all Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage. 624

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For the purpose of this paragraph, there shall be a Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage shall be levied for each year certified by the Department of Revenue pursuant to subsubparagraph (a)2.a. since the previous year certification and for which the calculation in sub-subparagraph 2.b. is greater than zero.

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2.a. As used in this subparagraph, the term:

(I) "Prior year" means a year certified under sub-subparagraph (a)2.a.

634

(II) "Preliminary taxable value" means:

(A) If the prior year is the 2009-2010 fiscal year or
later, the taxable value certified to the Commissioner of
Education pursuant to sub-subparagraph (a)1.a.

(B) If the prior year is the 2008-2009 fiscal year or
earlier, the taxable value certified pursuant to the final
calculation as specified in former paragraph (b) as that
paragraph existed in the prior year.

(III) "Final taxable value" means the district's taxable
value as certified by the property appraiser pursuant to s.
193.122(2) or (3), if applicable. This is the certification that
reflects all final administrative actions of the value
adjustment board.

b. For purposes of this subsection and with respect to
each year certified pursuant to sub-subparagraph (a)2.a., if the
district's prior year preliminary taxable value is greater than
the district's prior year final taxable value, the prior period

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651 unrealized required local effort funds are the difference 652 between the district's prior year preliminary taxable value and 653 the district's prior year final taxable value, multiplied by the 654 prior year district required local effort millage. If the 655 district's prior year preliminary taxable value is less than the 656 district's prior year final taxable value, the prior period 657 unrealized required local effort funds are zero.

658 For the 2015-2016 fiscal year only, If a district's с. 659 prior period unrealized required local effort funds and prior 660 period district required local effort millage cannot be determined because such district's final taxable value has not 661 662 yet been certified pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), for the 663 2015 tax levy, the Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage for 664 such fiscal year shall be levied, if not previously levied, in 665 $\frac{2015}{100}$ in an amount equal to 75 percent of such district's most 666 recent unrealized required local effort for which a Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage was determined as provided in this 667 668 section. Upon certification of the final taxable value in 669 accordance with s. 193.122(2) or (3) for a the 2012, 2013, or 2014 tax roll rolls for which a 75 percent Prior Period Funding 670 671 Adjustment Millage was levied in accordance with s. 193.122(2) 672 or (3), the next Prior Period Funding Adjustment Millage levied 673 in 2015 and 2016 shall be adjusted to include any shortfall or 674 surplus in the prior period unrealized required local effort 675 funds that would have been levied in 2014 or 2015, had the district's final taxable value been certified pursuant to s. 676

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677 193.122(2) or (3) for the 2014 or 2015 tax levy. If this 678 adjustment is made for a surplus, the reduction in prior period 679 millage may not exceed the prior period funding adjustment 680 millage calculated pursuant to subparagraph 1. and sub-681 subparagraphs a. and b., or pursuant to this sub-subparagraph, 682 <u>whichever is applicable</u>, and any additional reduction shall be 683 carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year.

Section 15. <u>Subsections (4) and (5) of rule 12D-9.019</u>,
Florida Administrative Code, relating to scheduling and notice
of a hearing of the Department of Revenue, are repealed, and the
Department of State shall update the Florida Administrative Code
to remove those subsections of the rule.

689 Section 16. <u>The Legislature finds that this act fulfills</u>
690 <u>an important state interest.</u>

Section 17. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
act, and except for this section, which shall take effect June
30, 2016, this act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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