$\boldsymbol{B}\boldsymbol{y}$ the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Hukill

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to estates; creating s. 731.1055,
3	F.S.; providing that the validity and the effect of a
4	specified disposition of real property be determined
5	by Florida law; amending ss. 731.106 and 736.0105,
6	F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the
7	act, amending s. 736.0412, F.S.; providing
8	applicability for nonjudicial modification of
9	irrevocable trust; amending s. 736.0802, F.S.;
10	defining the term "pleading"; authorizing a trustee to
11	pay attorney fees and costs from the assets of the
12	trust without specified approval or court
13	authorization in certain circumstances; requiring the
14	trustee to serve a written notice of intent upon each
15	qualified beneficiary of the trust before the payment
16	is made; requiring the notice of intent to contain
17	specified information and to be served in a specified
18	manner; providing that specified qualified
19	beneficiaries may be entitled to an order compelling
20	the refund of a specified payment to the trust;
21	requiring the court to award specified attorney fees
22	and costs in certain circumstances; authorizing the
23	court to prohibit a trustee from using trust assets to
24	make a specified payment; authorizing the court to
25	enter an order compelling the return of specified
26	attorney fees and costs to the trust with interest at
27	the statutory rate; requiring the court to deny a
28	specified motion unless the court finds a reasonable
29	basis to conclude that there has been a breach of the

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30	trust; authorizing a court to deny the motion if it
31	finds good cause to do so; authorizing the movant to
32	show that a reasonable basis exists, and a trustee to
33	rebut the showing, through specified means;
34	authorizing the court to impose such remedies or
35	sanctions as it deems appropriate; providing that a
36	trustee is authorized to use trust assets in a
37	specified manner if a claim or defense of breach of
38	trust is withdrawn, dismissed, or judicially resolved
39	in a trial court without a determination that the
40	trustee has committed a breach of trust; providing
41	that specified proceedings, remedies, and rights are
42	not limited; amending ss. 736.0816 and 736.1007, F.S.;
43	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
44	providing an effective date.
45	
46	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
47	
48	Section 1. Section 731.1055, Florida Statutes, is created
49	to read:
50	731.1055 Disposition of real propertyThe validity and
51	effect of a disposition, whether intestate or testate, of real
52	property in this state shall be determined by Florida law.
53	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 731.106, Florida
54	Statutes, is amended to read:
55	731.106 Assets of nondomiciliaries
56	(2) When a nonresident decedent, whether or not a citizen
57	of the United States, provides by will that the testamentary
58	disposition of tangible or intangible personal property having a
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59	situs within this state , or of real property in this state,
60	shall be construed and regulated by the laws of this state, the
61	validity and effect of the dispositions shall be determined by
62	Florida law. The court may, and in the case of a decedent who
63	was at the time of death a resident of a foreign country the
64	court shall, direct the personal representative appointed in
65	this state to make distribution directly to those designated by
66	the decedent's will as beneficiaries of the tangible or
67	intangible property or to the persons entitled to receive the
68	decedent's personal estate under the laws of the decedent's
69	domicile.
70	Section 3. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section
71	736.0105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
72	736.0105 Default and mandatory rules
73	(2) The terms of a trust prevail over any provision of this
74	code except:
75	(k) The ability to modify a trust under s. 736.0412, except
76	as provided in s. 736.0412(4)(b) <u>or (c)</u> .
77	Section 4. Section 736.0412, Florida Statutes, is amended
78	to read:
79	736.0412 Nonjudicial modification of irrevocable trust
80	(1) After the settlor's death, a trust may be modified at
81	any time as provided in s. 736.04113(2) upon the unanimous
82	agreement of the trustee and all qualified beneficiaries.
83	(2) Modification of a trust as authorized in this section
84	is not prohibited by a spendthrift clause or by a provision in
85	the trust instrument that prohibits amendment or revocation of
86	the trust.
87	(3) An agreement to modify a trust under this section is

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88	binding on a beneficiary whose interest is represented by
89	another person under part III of this code.
90	(4) This section <u>does</u> shall not apply to <u>any trust</u> :
91	(a) Any trust Created prior to January 1, 2001.
92	(b) Any trust Created after December 31, 2000, <u>and before</u>
93	July 1, 2016, if, under the terms of the trust, all beneficial
94	interests in the trust must vest or terminate within the period
95	prescribed by the rule against perpetuities in s. 689.225(2),
96	notwithstanding s. 689.225(2)(f), unless the terms of the trust
97	expressly authorize nonjudicial modification.
98	(c) Created on or after July 1, 2016, during the first 90
99	years after it is created, unless the terms of the trust
100	expressly authorize nonjudicial modification.
101	(d) Any trust For which a charitable deduction is allowed
102	or allowable under the Internal Revenue Code until the
103	termination of all charitable interests in the trust.
104	(5) For purposes of subsection (4), a revocable trust shall
105	be treated as created when the right of revocation terminates.
106	(6) The provisions of this section are in addition to, and
107	not in derogation of, rights under the common law to modify,
108	amend, terminate, or revoke trusts.
109	Section 5. Subsection (10) of section 736.0802, Florida
110	Statutes, is amended to read:
111	736.0802 Duty of loyalty
112	(10) Unless otherwise provided in this subsection, payment
113	of costs or <u>attorney</u>
114	from the assets of the trust may be made by <u>a</u> the trustee <u>from</u>
115	assets of the trust without the approval of any person and
116	without court authorization, unless the court orders otherwise

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590-01330-16 2016540c1 117 as provided in ss. 736.0816(20) and 736.1007(1) paragraph (b). 118 (a) As used in this subsection, the term "pleading" means a 119 pleading as defined in Rule 1.110 of the Florida Rules of Civil 120 Procedure. 121 (b) If a trustee incurs attorney fees or costs in 122 connection with a claim or defense of breach of trust which is 123 made in a filed pleading, the trustee may pay such attorney fees 124 or costs from trust assets without the approval of any person 125 and without any court authorization. However, the trustee must 126 serve a written notice of intent upon each qualified beneficiary 127 of the trust whose share of the trust may be affected by the 128 payment before such payment is made. The notice of intent does not need to be served upon a qualified beneficiary whose 129 130 identity or location is unknown to, and not reasonably 131 ascertainable by, the trustee. 132 (c) The notice of intent must identify the judicial 133 proceeding in which the claim or defense of breach of trust has 134 been made in a filed pleading and must inform the person served 135 of his or her right under paragraph (e) to apply to the court 136 for an order prohibiting the trustee from using trust assets to 137 pay attorney fees or costs as provided in paragraph (b) or compelling the return of such attorney fees and costs to the 138 139 trust. The notice of intent must be served by any commercial 140 delivery service or form of mail requiring a signed receipt; the manner provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for 141 142 service of process; or, as to any party over whom the court has 143 already acquired jurisdiction in that judicial proceeding, in 144 the manner provided for service of pleadings and other documents 145 by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.

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590-01330-16 2016540c1 (d) If a trustee has used trust assets to pay attorney fees 146 147 or costs described in paragraph (b) before service of a notice 148 of intent, any qualified beneficiary who is not barred under s. 149 736.1008 and whose share of the trust may have been affected by 150 such payment is entitled, upon the filing of a motion to compel 151 the return of such payment to the trust, to an order compelling 152 the return of such payment, with interest at the statutory rate. The court shall award attorney fees and costs incurred in 153 154 connection with the motion to compel as provided in s. 736.1004. 155 (e) Upon the motion of any qualified beneficiary who is not 156 barred under s. 736.1008 and whose share of the trust may be 157 affected by the use of trust assets to pay attorney fees or 158 costs as provided in paragraph (b), the court may prohibit the 159 trustee from using trust assets to make such payment and, if 160 such payment has been made from trust assets after service of a 161 notice of intent, the court may enter an order compelling the 162 return of the attorney fees and costs to the trust, with 163 interest at the statutory rate. In connection with any hearing 164 on a motion brought under this paragraph: 165 1. The court shall deny the motion unless it finds a 166 reasonable basis to conclude that there has been a breach of 167 trust. If the court finds there is a reasonable basis to conclude there has been a breach of trust, the court may still 168 169 deny the motion if it finds good cause to do so. 2. The movant may show that such reasonable basis exists, 170 171 and the trustee may rebut any such showing by presenting 172 affidavits, answers to interrogatories, admissions, depositions, 173 and any evidence otherwise admissible under the Florida Evidence 174 Code.

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590-01330-16 2016540c1 175 (f) If a trustee fails to comply with an order of the court 176 prohibiting the use of trust assets to pay attorney fees or 177 costs described in paragraph (b) or fails to comply with an 178 order compelling that such payment be refunded to the trust, the 179 court may impose such remedies or sanctions as the court deems 180 appropriate, including, without limitation, striking the 181 defenses or pleadings filed by the trustee. 182 (g) Notwithstanding the entry of an order prohibiting the 183 use of trust assets to pay attorney fees and costs as provided 184 in paragraph (b), or compelling the return of such attorney fees 185 or costs, if a claim or defense of breach of trust is withdrawn, 186 dismissed, or judicially resolved in the trial court without a 187 determination that the trustee has committed a breach of trust, 188 the trustee is authorized to use trust assets to pay attorney 189 fees and costs as provided in paragraph (b) and may do so 190 without service of a notice of intent or order of the court. The 191 attorney fees and costs may include fees and costs that were 192 refunded to the trust pursuant to an order of the court. 193 (h) This subsection does not limit proceedings under s. 194 736.0206 or remedies for breach of trust under s. 736.1001, or 195 the right of any interested person to challenge or object to the 196 payment of compensation or costs from the trust. 197 (a) If a claim or defense based upon a breach of trust is made against a trustee in a proceeding, the trustee shall 198 199 provide written notice to each qualified beneficiary of the 200 trust whose share of the trust may be affected by the payment of 201 attorney's fees and costs of the intention to pay costs or 202 attorney's fees incurred in the proceeding from the trust prior to making payment. The written notice shall be delivered by 203

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590-01330-16 2016540c1 204 sending a copy by any commercial delivery service requiring a 205 signed receipt, by any form of mail requiring a signed receipt, 206 or as provided in the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure for 207 service of process. The written notice shall inform each 208 qualified beneficiary of the trust whose share of the trust may 209 be affected by the payment of attorney's fees and costs of the 210 right to apply to the court for an order prohibiting the trustee 211 from paying attorney's fees or costs from trust assets. If a 212 trustee is served with a motion for an order prohibiting the 213 trustee from paying attorney's fees or costs in the proceeding 214 and the trustee pays attorney's fees or costs before an order is entered on the motion, the trustee and the trustee's attorneys 215 216 who have been paid attorney's fees or costs from trust assets to 217 defend against the claim or defense are subject to the remedies 218 in paragraphs (b) and (c). 219 (b) If a claim or defense based upon breach of trust is 220 made against a trustee in a proceeding, a party must obtain a

221 court order to prohibit the trustee from paying costs or 222 attorney's fees from trust assets. To obtain an order 223 prohibiting payment of costs or attorney's fees from trust 224 assets, a party must make a reasonable showing by evidence in 225 the record or by proffering evidence that provides a reasonable 226 basis for a court to conclude that there has been a breach of 227 trust. The trustee may proffer evidence to rebut the evidence 228 submitted by a party. The court in its discretion may defer 229 ruling on the motion, pending discovery to be taken by the 230 parties. If the court finds that there is a reasonable basis to 231 conclude that there has been a breach of trust, unless the court 232 finds good cause, the court shall enter an order prohibiting the

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590-01330-16 2016540c1 233 payment of further attorney's fees and costs from the assets of 234 the trust and shall order attorney's fees or costs previously 235 paid from assets of the trust to be refunded. An order entered 236 under this paragraph shall not limit a trustee's right to seek 237 an order permitting the payment of some or all of the attorney's 238 fees or costs incurred in the proceeding from trust assets, 239 including any fees required to be refunded, after the claim or 240 defense is finally determined by the court. If a claim or 241 defense based upon a breach of trust is withdrawn, dismissed, or 242 resolved without a determination by the court that the trustee 243 committed a breach of trust after the entry of an order 244 prohibiting payment of attorney's fees and costs pursuant to 245 this paragraph, the trustee may pay costs or attorney's fees 246 incurred in the proceeding from the assets of the trust without 247 further court authorization.

(c) If the court orders a refund under paragraph (b), the court may enter such sanctions as are appropriate if a refund is not made as directed by the court, including, but not limited to, striking defenses or pleadings filed by the trustee. Nothing in this subsection limits other remedies and sanctions the court may employ for the failure to refund timely.

(d) Nothing in this subsection limits the power of the court to review fees and costs or the right of any interested persons to challenge fees and costs after payment, after an accounting, or after conclusion of the litigation.

258 (e) Notice under paragraph (a) is not required if the 259 action or defense is later withdrawn or dismissed by the party 260 that is alleging a breach of trust or resolved without a 261 determination by the court that the trustee has committed a

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262	breach of trust.
263	Section 6. Subsection (20) of section 736.0816, Florida
264	Statutes, is amended to read:
265	736.0816 Specific powers of trustee.—Except as limited or
266	restricted by this code, a trustee may:
267	(20) Employ persons, including, but not limited to,
268	attorneys, accountants, investment advisers, or agents, even if
269	they are the trustee, an affiliate of the trustee, or otherwise
270	associated with the trustee, to advise or assist the trustee in
271	the exercise of any of the trustee's powers and pay reasonable
272	compensation and costs incurred in connection with such
273	employment from the assets of the trust, subject to s.
274	736.0802(10) with respect to attorney fees and costs, and act
275	without independent investigation on the recommendations of such
276	persons.
277	Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 736.1007, Florida
278	Statutes, is amended to read:
279	736.1007 Trustee's attorney's fees
280	(1) If the trustee of a revocable trust retains an attorney
281	to render legal services in connection with the initial
282	administration of the trust, the attorney is entitled to
283	reasonable compensation for those legal services, payable from
284	the assets of the trust, subject to s. 736.0802(10), without
285	court order. The trustee and the attorney may agree to
286	compensation that is determined in a manner or amount other than
287	the manner or amount provided in this section. The agreement is
288	not binding on a person who bears the impact of the compensation
289	unless that person is a party to or otherwise consents to be
290	bound by the agreement. The agreement may provide that the

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291	trustee is not individually liable for the <u>attorney</u> attorney's
292	fees and costs.
293	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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