By Senator Benacquisto

	30-00590-16 2016634
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to sexual offense victim or witness
3	testimony; amending s. 92.53, F.S.; authorizing a
4	trial court to order the videotaping of the testimony
5	of a victim of sexual battery under certain
6	circumstances; expanding who may stipulate that the
7	requirement for the presence of the judge at the
8	videotaping of testimony may be waived; amending s.
9	92.54, F.S.; authorizing a trial court to order the
10	use of closed circuit television in proceedings
11	involving a victim of sexual battery under certain
12	circumstances; permitting certain persons to be
13	present in the room during the recording of testimony;
14	amending s. 92.55, F.S.; redefining the term "sexual
15	offense victim or witness"; conforming provisions to
16	changes made by the act; providing an effective date.
17	
18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
19	
20	Section 1. Section 92.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to
21	read:
22	92.53 Videotaping the testimony of <u>a victim of sexual</u>
23	<u>battery,</u> a victim or witness under age 16 <u>,</u> or <u>a victim or</u>
24	witness who has an intellectual disability
25	(1) On motion and hearing in camera and a finding that
26	there is a substantial likelihood that <u>a victim of sexual</u>
27	<u>battery or</u> a victim or witness who is under the age of 16 or who
28	has an intellectual disability as defined in s. 393.063 would
29	suffer at least moderate emotional or mental harm due to the
	Page 1 of 6

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i	30-00590-16 2016634
30	presence of the defendant if such victim or witness is required
31	to testify in open court, or is unavailable as defined in s.
32	90.804(1), the trial court may order the videotaping of the
33	testimony of the victim or witness in a case, whether civil or
34	criminal in nature, in which videotaped testimony is to be used
35	at trial in lieu of trial testimony in open court.
36	(2) The motion may be filed by:
37	(a) The victim or witness, or the victim's or witness's
38	attorney, parent, legal guardian, or guardian ad litem;
39	(b) A trial judge on his or her own motion;
40	(c) Any party in a civil proceeding; or
41	(d) The prosecuting attorney or the defendant, or the
42	defendant's counsel.
43	(3) The judge shall preside, or shall appoint a special
44	master to preside, at the videotaping unless:
45	(a) The child or the person who has the intellectual
46	disability is represented by a guardian ad litem or counsel;
47	(b) The victim or a representative of the victim or witness
48	and the counsel for each party stipulate that the requirement
49	for the presence of the judge or special master may be waived;
50	and
51	(c) The court finds at a hearing on the motion that the
52	presence of a judge or special master is not necessary to
53	protect the victim or witness.
54	(4) The defendant and the defendant's counsel must be
55	present at the videotaping unless the defendant has waived this
56	right. The court may require the defendant to view the testimony
57	from outside the presence of the $victim$ of sexual battery, the
58	child, or the person who has an intellectual disability by means
I	

Page 2 of 6

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SB 634

30-00590-16 2016634 59 of a two-way mirror or another similar method that ensures that 60 the defendant can observe and hear the testimony of the victim 61 or witness in person, but the victim or witness cannot hear or see the defendant. The defendant and the attorney for the 62 63 defendant may communicate by any appropriate private method. 64 (5) Any party, or the court on its own motion, may request 65 the aid of an interpreter, as provided in s. 90.606, to aid the parties in formulating methods of questioning the child or 66 person who has the intellectual disability and in interpreting 67 68 the answers of the child or person during proceedings conducted 69 under this section. 70 (6) The motion referred to in subsection (1) may be made at 71 any time with reasonable notice to each party to the cause, and 72 videotaping of testimony may be made any time after the court 73 grants the motion. The videotaped testimony is admissible as 74 evidence in the trial of the cause; however, such testimony is 75 not admissible in any trial or proceeding in which such witness 76 testifies by use of closed circuit television pursuant to s. 77 92.54. 78 (7) The court shall make specific findings of fact, on the record, as to the basis for its ruling under this section. 79 80 Section 2. Section 92.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to 81 read: 82 92.54 Use of closed circuit television in proceedings involving a victim of sexual battery, a victim or witness under 83 84 the age of 16, or a victim or witness who has an intellectual 85 disability.-86 (1) Upon motion and hearing in camera and upon a finding 87 that there is a substantial likelihood that a victim of sexual

Page 3 of 6

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SB 634

30-00590-16

88 battery, a victim or witness under the age of 16, or a victim or 89 witness who has an intellectual disability will suffer at least 90 moderate emotional or mental harm due to the presence of the 91 defendant if such victim or witness is required to testify in 92 open court, or is unavailable as defined in s. 90.804(1), the 93 trial court may order that the testimony of the victim or 94 witness be taken outside of the courtroom and shown by means of 95 closed circuit television. 96 (2) The motion may be filed by the victim or witness; the 97 attorney, parent, legal guardian, or guardian ad litem of the 98 victim or witness; the prosecutor; the defendant or the 99 defendant's counsel; or the trial judge on his or her own 100 motion. 101 (3) Only the judge, the prosecutor, the defendant, the 102 attorney for the defendant, the operators of the videotape 103 equipment, an interpreter, and some other person who, in the 104 opinion of the court, contributes to the well-being of the 105 victim, the child, or the person who has an intellectual 106 disability and who will not be a witness in the case may be in 107 the room during the recording of the testimony. (4) During the victim's or witness's testimony by closed 108 109 circuit television, the court may require the defendant to view 110 the testimony from the courtroom. In such a case, the court 111 shall permit the defendant to observe and hear the testimony of 112 the victim or witness, but must ensure that the victim or 113 witness cannot hear or see the defendant. The defendant's right to assistance of counsel, which includes the right to immediate 114 115 and direct communication with counsel conducting cross-116 examination, must be protected and, upon the defendant's

Page 4 of 6

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SB 634

2016634

	30-00590-16 2016634
117	request, such communication must be provided by any appropriate
118	electronic method.
119	(5) The court shall make specific findings of fact, on the
120	record, as to the basis for its ruling under this section.
121	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 92.55,
122	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
123	92.55 Judicial or other proceedings involving <u>a</u> victim or
124	witness under the age of 16, a person who has an intellectual
125	disability, or a sexual offense victim <u>of any age</u> or <u>a</u> witness
126	to a sexual offense; special protections; use of registered
127	service or therapy animals
128	(1) For purposes of this section, the term:
129	(a) "Sexual offense victim or witness" means a person who
130	was under the age of 16 when he or she was the victim of or a
131	witness to a sexual offense.
132	(b) "Sexual offense" means any offense specified in s.
133	775.21(4)(a)1. or s. 943.0435(1)(a)1.a.(I).
134	(3) In ruling upon the motion, the court shall consider:
135	(a) The age of the <u>victim or witness</u> child , the nature of
136	the offense or act, the relationship of the victim or witness
137	child to the parties in the case or to the defendant in a
138	criminal action, the degree of emotional trauma that will result
139	to the <u>victim or witness</u> child as a consequence of the
140	defendant's presence, and any other fact that the court deems
141	relevant;
142	(b) The age of the person who has an intellectual
143	disability, the functional capacity of such person, the nature
144	of the offenses or act, the relationship of the person to the
145	parties in the case or to the defendant in a criminal action,

Page 5 of 6

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	30-00590-16 2016634
146	the degree of emotional trauma that will result to the person as
147	a consequence of the defendant's presence, and any other fact
148	that the court deems relevant; or
149	(c) The age of the sexual offense victim or witness when
150	the sexual offense occurred, the relationship of the sexual
151	offense victim or witness to the parties in the case or to the
152	defendant in a criminal action, the degree of emotional trauma
153	that will result to the sexual offense victim or witness as a
154	consequence of the defendant's presence, and any other fact that
155	the court deems relevant.
156	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.