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An act relating to the Petroleum Restoration Program; amending s. 376.305, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program; deleting provisions prohibiting the relief of liability for persons who acquired title after a specified date; amending s. 376.3071, F.S.; abrogating the scheduled expiration of provisions authorizing the use of funds to pay for certain program deductibles, copayments, and assessment reports; renaming the "lowscored site initiative" under the Inland Protection Trust Fund as the "low-risk site initiative"; revising conditions for eligibility and methods for payment of costs for the low-risk site initiative; revising eligibility requirements for receiving rehabilitation funding; providing that a change in ownership does not preclude a site from entering into the Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program; amending s. 376.30713, F.S.; reducing the number of sites that may be proposed for certain advanced cleanup applications; increasing the total amount for which the department may contract for advanced cleanup work in a fiscal year; authorizing property owners and responsible parties to enter into voluntary cost-share agreements under certain circumstances; providing an effective date.

Page 1 of 17

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (6) of section 376.305, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.305 Removal of prohibited discharges.-

- (6) The Legislature created the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program in response to the need to provide financial assistance for cleanup of sites that have abandoned petroleum storage systems. For purposes of this subsection, the term "abandoned petroleum storage system" means a petroleum storage system that has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale since March 1, 1990. The department shall establish the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program to facilitate the restoration of sites contaminated by abandoned petroleum storage systems.
  - (a) To be included in the program:
- 1. An application must be submitted to the department by June 30, 1996, certifying that the system has not stored petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale at the facility since March 1, 1990.
- 2. The owner or operator of the petroleum storage system when it was in service must have ceased conducting business involving consumption, use, or sale of petroleum products at that facility on or before March 1, 1990.
- 3. The site is not otherwise eligible for the cleanup programs pursuant to  $\frac{3.076.3071}{0.0000}$  s. 376.3072.

Page 2 of 17

4. The site is not otherwise eligible for the Petroleum

Cleanup Participation Program under s. 376.3071(13) based on any

discharge reporting form received by the department before

January 1, 1995, or a written report of contamination submitted

to the department on or before December 31, 1998.

- (b) In order to be eligible for the program, petroleum storage systems from which a discharge occurred must be closed pursuant to department rules before an eligibility determination. However, if the department determines that the owner of the facility cannot financially comply with the department's petroleum storage system closure requirements and all other eligibility requirements are met, the petroleum storage system closure requirements shall be waived. The department shall take into consideration the owner's net worth and the economic impact on the owner in making the determination of the owner's financial ability. The June 30, 1996, application deadline shall be waived for owners who cannot financially comply.
- (c) Sites accepted in the program are eligible for site rehabilitation funding as provided in s. 376.3071.
  - (d) The following sites are excluded from eligibility:
  - 1. Sites on property of the Federal Government;
- 2. Sites contaminated by pollutants that are not petroleum products; or
- 3. Sites where the department has been denied site access:  $\frac{1}{2}$

Page 3 of 17

4. Sites which are owned by a person who had knowledge of the polluting condition when title was acquired unless the person acquired title to the site after issuance of a notice of site eligibility by the department.

(e) Participating sites are subject to a deductible as determined by rule, not to exceed \$10,000.

This subsection does not relieve a person who has acquired title after July 1, 1992, from the duty to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she undertook, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and use of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize liability, as required by s. 376.308(1)(c).

Section 2. Paragraph (q) of subsection (4) and subsections (12) and (13) of section 376.3071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

376.3071 Inland Protection Trust Fund; creation; purposes; funding.—

- (4) USES.—Whenever, in its determination, incidents of inland contamination related to the storage of petroleum or petroleum products may pose a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment, the department shall obligate moneys available in the fund to provide for:
  - (q) Payments for program deductibles, copayments, and

Page 4 of 17

limited contamination assessment reports that otherwise would be paid by another state agency for state-funded petroleum contamination site rehabilitation. This paragraph expires July 1, 2016.

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The Inland Protection Trust Fund may only be used to fund the activities in ss. 376.30-376.317 except ss. 376.3078 and 376.3079. Amounts on deposit in the fund in each fiscal year shall first be applied or allocated for the payment of amounts payable by the department pursuant to paragraph (n) under a service contract entered into by the department pursuant to s. 376.3075 and appropriated in each year by the Legislature before making or providing for other disbursements from the fund. This subsection does not authorize the use of the fund for cleanup of contamination caused primarily by a discharge of solvents as defined in s. 206.9925(6), or polychlorinated biphenyls when their presence causes them to be hazardous wastes, except solvent contamination which is the result of chemical or physical breakdown of petroleum products and is otherwise eligible. Facilities used primarily for the storage of motor or diesel fuels as defined in ss. 206.01 and 206.86 are not excluded from eligibility pursuant to this section.

- (12) SITE CLEANUP.
- (a) Voluntary cleanup.—This section does not prohibit a person from conducting site rehabilitation through his or her own personnel or through responsible response action contractors

Page 5 of 17

or subcontractors when such person is not seeking site rehabilitation funding from the fund. Such voluntary cleanups must meet all applicable environmental standards.

- (b) Low-risk Low-scored site initiative.—Notwithstanding subsections (5) and (6), a site with a priority ranking score of 29 points or less may voluntarily participate in the low-risk low-scored site initiative regardless of whether the site is eligible for state restoration funding.
- 1. To participate in the <u>low-risk low-scored</u> site initiative, the <u>responsible party or</u> property owner <u>or a responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner must <u>submit a "No Further Action" proposal and affirmatively demonstrate that the following conditions under subparagraph 4. are met.:</u></u>
- a. Upon reassessment pursuant to department rule, the site retains a priority ranking score of 29 points or less.
- b. Excessively contaminated soil, as defined by department rule, does not exist onsite as a result of a release of petroleum products.
- c. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
- d. The release of petroleum products at the site does not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their effects on human health and the environment.
- e. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is less than one-quarter acre and

Page 6 of 17

is confined to the source property boundaries of the real property on which the discharge originated.

- f. Soils onsite that are subject to human exposure found between land surface and 2 feet below land surface meet the soil cleanup target levels established by department rule or human exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or engineering controls.
- 2. Upon affirmative demonstration that of the conditions under subparagraph 4. are met 1., the department shall issue a site rehabilitation completion order incorporating the determination of "No Further Action." proposal submitted by the property owner or the responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner Such determination acknowledges that minimal contamination exists onsite and that such contamination is not a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment. If no contamination is detected, the department may issue a site rehabilitation completion order.
- 3. Sites that are eligible for state restoration funding may receive payment of costs for the <a href="low-risk">low-scored</a> site initiative as follows:
- a. A responsible party or property owner or a responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner may submit an assessment and limited remediation plan designed to affirmatively demonstrate that the site meets the conditions under subparagraph 4. 1. Notwithstanding the priority

Page 7 of 17

ranking score of the site, the department may approve the cost of the assessment and limited remediation, including up to 6 months of groundwater monitoring, in one or more task assignments, or modifications thereof, not to exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO, \$30,000 for each site where the department has determined that the assessment and limited remediation, if applicable, will likely result in a determination of "No Further Action." The department may not pay the costs associated with the establishment of institutional or engineering controls, except the costs associated with a professional land survey or specific purpose survey, if needed, and the costs associated with obtaining a title report and paying recording fees.

- b. After the approval of initial site assessment results provided pursuant to state funding under sub-subparagraph a., the department may approve an additional amount not to exceed the threshold amount provided in s. 287.017 for CATEGORY TWO for limited remediation where needed to achieve a determination of "No Further Action."
- c.b. The assessment and limited remediation work shall be completed no later than 9 6 months after the department authorizes the start of a state-funded, low-risk site initiative task issues its approval. If groundwater monitoring is required after the assessment and limited remediation in order to satisfy the conditions under subparagraph 4., the department may authorize an additional 6 months to complete the monitoring.

Page 8 of 17

d.c. No more than \$15 \$10 million for the low-risk low-scored site initiative may be encumbered from the fund in any fiscal year. Funds shall be made available on a first-come, first-served basis and shall be limited to 10 sites in each fiscal year for each responsible party or property owner or each responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner.

- <u>e.d.</u> Program deductibles, copayments, and the limited contamination assessment report requirements under paragraph (13)(c) do not apply to expenditures under this paragraph.
- 4. The department shall issue a site rehabilitation completion order incorporating the "No Further Action" proposal submitted by a property owner or a responsible party that provides evidence of authorization from the property owner upon affirmative demonstration that all of the following conditions are met:
- a. Soil saturated with petroleum or petroleum products, or soil that causes a total corrected hydrocarbon measurement of 500 parts per million or more for the gasoline analytical group or 50 parts per million or more for the kerosene analytical group, as defined by department rule, does not exist onsite as a result of a release of petroleum products.
- b. A minimum of 6 months of groundwater monitoring indicates that the plume is shrinking or stable.
- c. The release of petroleum products at the site does not adversely affect adjacent surface waters, including their

Page 9 of 17

effects on human health and the environment.

- d. The area of groundwater containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is confined to the source property boundaries of the real property on which the discharge originated or has migrated from the source property to only a transportation facility of the Department of Transportation.
- e. The groundwater contamination containing the petroleum products' chemicals of concern is not a threat to any permitted potable water supply well.
- f. Soils onsite found between land surface and 2 feet below land surface which are subject to human exposure meet the soil cleanup target levels established in subparagraph (5)(b)9., or human exposure is limited by appropriate institutional or engineering controls.

Issuance of a site rehabilitation completion order under this paragraph acknowledges that minimal contamination exists onsite and that such contamination is not a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment. If the department determines that a discharge for which a site rehabilitation completion order was issued pursuant to this paragraph may pose a threat to the public health, safety, or welfare, water resources, or the environment, the issuance of the site rehabilitation completion order, with or without conditions, does not alter eligibility for state-funded rehabilitation that would otherwise be applicable under this

Page 10 of 17

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- (13) PETROLEUM CLEANUP PARTICIPATION PROGRAM.—To encourage detection, reporting, and cleanup of contamination caused by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products, the department shall, within the guidelines established in this subsection, implement a cost-sharing cleanup program to provide rehabilitation funding assistance for all property contaminated by discharges of petroleum or petroleum products from a petroleum storage system occurring before January 1, 1995, subject to a copayment provided for in a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement. Eligibility is subject to an annual appropriation from the fund. In addition Additionally, funding for eligible sites is contingent upon annual appropriation in subsequent years. Such continued state funding is not an entitlement or a vested right under this subsection. Eligibility shall be determined in the program, notwithstanding any other provision of law, consent order, order, judgment, or ordinance to the contrary.
- (a)1. The department shall accept any discharge reporting form received before January 1, 1995, as an application for this program, and the facility owner or operator need not reapply.
- 2. Owners or operators of property, regardless of whether ownership has changed, which is contaminated by petroleum or petroleum products from a petroleum storage system may apply for such program by filing a written report of the contamination incident, including evidence that such incident occurred before

Page 11 of 17

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January 1, 1995, with the department. Incidents of petroleum contamination discovered after December 31, 1994, at sites which have not stored petroleum or petroleum products for consumption, use, or sale after such date shall be presumed to have occurred before January 1, 1995. An operator's filed report shall be an application of the owner for all purposes. Sites reported to the department after December 31, 1998, are not eligible for the program.

- Subject to annual appropriation from the fund, sites meeting the criteria of this subsection are eligible for up to \$400,000 of site rehabilitation funding assistance in priority order pursuant to subsections (5) and (6). Sites meeting the criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation completion order was issued before June 1, 2008, do not qualify for the 2008 increase in site rehabilitation funding assistance and are bound by the pre-June 1, 2008, limits. Sites meeting the criteria of this subsection for which a site rehabilitation completion order was not issued before June 1, 2008, regardless of whether they have previously transitioned to nonstate-funded cleanup status, may continue state-funded cleanup pursuant to this section until a site rehabilitation completion order is issued or the increased site rehabilitation funding assistance limit is reached, whichever occurs first. The department may not pay expenses incurred beyond the scope of an approved contract.
- (c) Upon notification by the department that rehabilitation funding assistance is available for the site

Page 12 of 17

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pursuant to subsections (5) and (6), the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation shall provide the department with a limited contamination assessment report and shall enter into a Petroleum Cleanup Participation Program site rehabilitation agreement with the department. The agreement must provide for a 25-percent copayment by the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation. The owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for conducting site rehabilitation shall adequately demonstrate the ability to meet the copayment obligation. The limited contamination assessment report and the copayment costs may be reduced or eliminated if the owner and all operators responsible for restoration under s. 376.308 demonstrate that they cannot financially comply with the copayment and limited contamination assessment report requirements. The department shall take into consideration the owner's and operator's net worth in making the determination of financial ability. In the event the department and the owner, operator, or person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation cannot complete negotiation of the cost-sharing agreement within 120 days after beginning negotiations, the department shall terminate negotiations and the site shall be ineligible for state funding under this subsection and all liability protections provided for in this subsection shall be revoked.

(d) A report of a discharge made to the department by a person pursuant to this subsection or any rules adopted pursuant

Page 13 of 17

to this subsection may not be used directly as evidence of liability for such discharge in any civil or criminal trial arising out of the discharge.

- (e) This subsection does not preclude the department from pursuing penalties under s. 403.141 for violations of any law or any rule, order, permit, registration, or certification adopted or issued by the department pursuant to its lawful authority.
- (f) Upon the filing of a discharge reporting form under paragraph (a), the department or local government may not pursue any judicial or enforcement action to compel rehabilitation of the discharge. This paragraph does not prevent any such action with respect to discharges determined ineligible under this subsection or to sites for which rehabilitation funding assistance is available pursuant to subsections (5) and (6).
- (g) The following are excluded from participation in the program:
- 1. Sites at which the department has been denied reasonable site access to implement this section.
- 2. Sites that were active facilities when owned or operated by the Federal Government.
- 3. Sites that are identified by the United States Environmental Protection Agency to be on, or which qualify for listing on, the National Priorities List under Superfund. This exception does not apply to those sites for which eligibility has been requested or granted as of the effective date of this act under the Early Detection Incentive Program established

Page 14 of 17

365 pursuant to s. 15, chapter 86-159, Laws of Florida.

- 4. Sites for which contamination is covered under the Early Detection Incentive Program, the Abandoned Tank Restoration Program, or the Petroleum Liability and Restoration Insurance Program, in which case site rehabilitation funding assistance shall continue under the respective program.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (4) of section 376.30713, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 376.30713 Advanced cleanup.—
  - (2) The department may approve an application for advanced cleanup at eligible sites, before funding based on the site's priority ranking established pursuant to s. 376.3071(5)(a), pursuant to this section. Only the facility owner or operator or the person otherwise responsible for site rehabilitation qualifies as an applicant under this section.
  - (a) Advanced cleanup applications may be submitted between May 1 and June 30 and between November 1 and December 31 of each fiscal year. Applications submitted between May 1 and June 30 shall be for the fiscal year beginning July 1. An application must consist of:
  - 1. A commitment to pay 25 percent or more of the total cleanup cost deemed recoverable under this section along with proof of the ability to pay the cost share. An application proposing that the department enter into a performance-based contract for the cleanup of  $\underline{10}$   $\underline{20}$  or more sites may use a commitment to pay, a demonstrated cost savings to the

Page 15 of 17

department, or both to meet the cost-share requirement. For an application relying on a demonstrated cost savings to the department, the applicant shall, in conjunction with the proposed agency term contractor, establish and provide in the application the percentage of cost savings in the aggregate that is being provided to the department for cleanup of the sites under the application compared to the cost of cleanup of those same sites using the current rates provided to the department by the proposed agency term contractor. The department shall determine whether the cost savings demonstration is acceptable. Such determination is not subject to chapter 120.

- 2. A nonrefundable review fee of \$250 to cover the administrative costs associated with the department's review of the application.
  - 3. A limited contamination assessment report.
  - 4. A proposed course of action.

The limited contamination assessment report must be sufficient to support the proposed course of action and to estimate the cost of the proposed course of action. Costs incurred related to conducting the limited contamination assessment report are not refundable from the Inland Protection Trust Fund. Site eligibility under this subsection or any other provision of this section is not an entitlement to advanced cleanup or continued restoration funding. The applicant shall certify to the department that the applicant has the prerequisite authority to

Page 16 of 17

enter into an advanced cleanup contract with the department. The certification must be submitted with the application.

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- The department may enter into contracts for a total of up to \$25 <del>\$15</del> million of advanced cleanup work in each fiscal year. However, a facility or an applicant who bundles multiple sites as specified in subparagraph (2)(a)1. may not be approved for more than \$5 million of cleanup activity in each fiscal year. A property owner or responsible party may enter into a voluntary cost-share agreement in which the property owner or responsible party commits to bundle multiple sites and lists the facilities that will be included in those future bundles. The facilities listed are not subject to agency term contractor assignment pursuant to department rule. The department reserves the right to terminate the voluntary cost-share agreement if the property owner or responsible party fails to submit an application to bundle multiple sites within an open application period during which it is eligible to participate. For the purposes of this section, the term "facility" includes, but is not limited to, multiple site facilities such as airports, port facilities, and terminal facilities even though such enterprises may be treated as separate facilities for other purposes under this chapter.
  - Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

Page 17 of 17