936370

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: FAV	•	
02/09/2016	•	
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The Committee on Criminal Justice (Brandes) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment

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and insert:

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Delete lines 149 - 186

b. Whether aggravating factors exist which outweigh the mitigating circumstances found to exist.

c. Based on the considerations in sub-subparagraphs a. and b., whether the defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to death.

(c) If a unanimous jury determines that the defendant

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should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of death. If a less than unanimous jury determines that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.

- (3) IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR DEATH.
- (a) If the jury has recommended a sentence of:
- 1. Life imprisonment without the possibility of parole, the court shall impose the recommended sentence.
- 2. Death, the court, after considering each aggravating factor found by the jury and all mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of death. The court may consider only an aggravating factor that was unanimously found to exist by the jury.
- (b) If the defendant waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury, the court, after considering all aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of death. The court may impose a sentence of death only if the court finds that at least one aggravating factor has been proven to exist beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (4) ORDER OF THE COURT IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCE OF DEATH.-In each case in which the court imposes a sentence of death, the court shall, considering the records of the trial and the sentencing proceedings, enter a written order addressing the aggravating factors set forth in subsection (6) found to exist, the mitigating circumstances in subsection (7) reasonably established by the evidence, whether there are sufficient



aggravating factors to warrant the death penalty, and whether the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating circumstances reasonably established by the evidence. If the court does not

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Delete lines 380 - 417

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and insert:

- b. Whether aggravating factors exist which outweigh the mitigating circumstances found to exist.
- c. Based on the considerations in sub-subparagraphs a. and b., whether the defendant should be sentenced to life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or to death.
- (c) If a unanimous jury determines that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of death. If less than a unanimous jury determines that the defendant should be sentenced to death, the jury's recommendation to the court shall be a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole.
  - (4) IMPOSITION OF SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT OR DEATH.
  - (a) If the jury has recommended a sentence of:
- 1. Life imprisonment without the possibility of parole, the court shall impose the recommended sentence.
- 2. Death, the court, after considering each aggravating factor found by the jury and all mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of death. The court may consider only an aggravating factor that was unanimously found to exist by the jury.
- (b) If the defendant waived his or her right to a sentencing proceeding by a jury, the court, after considering

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all aggravating factors and mitigating circumstances, may impose a sentence of life imprisonment without the possibility of parole or a sentence of death. The court may impose a sentence of death only if the court finds at least one aggravating factor has been proven to exist beyond a reasonable doubt.

(5) ORDER OF THE COURT IN SUPPORT OF SENTENCE OF DEATH.—In each case in which the court imposes a death sentence, the court shall, considering the records of the trial and the sentencing proceedings, enter a written order addressing the aggravating factors set forth in subsection (7) found to exist, the mitigating circumstances in subsection (8) reasonably established by the evidence, whether there are sufficient aggravating factors to warrant the death penalty, and whether the aggravating factors outweigh the mitigating circumstances reasonably established by the evidence. If the court does not