

LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

Senate Comm: RCS 02/09/2016 House

The Committee on Finance and Tax (Flores) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 37 - 130

and insert:

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tax of 4.27 $\frac{6.9}{6.9}$ cents per gallon of aviation fuel is imposed upon every gallon of aviation fuel sold in this state, or 6 7 brought into this state for use, upon which such tax has not been paid or the payment thereof has not been lawfully assumed 8 by some person handling the same in this state. Fuel taxed 9 10 pursuant to this part is shall not be subject to the taxes



11 imposed by ss. 206.41(1)(d), (e), and (f) and 206.87(1)(b), (c), 12 and (d).

(b) Any licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that 13 delivers aviation fuel to an air carrier offering 14 15 transcontinental jet service and that, after January 1, 1996, but before July 1, 2016, increases the air carrier's Florida 16 17 workforce by more than 1000 percent and by 250 or more full-time equivalent employee positions, may receive a credit or refund as 18 the ultimate vendor of the aviation fuel for the 6.9 cents 19 20 excise tax previously paid, provided that the air carrier has no facility for fueling highway vehicles from the tank in which the 21 22 aviation fuel is stored. In calculating the new or additional 23 Florida full-time equivalent employee positions, any full-time 24 equivalent employee positions of parent or subsidiary 25 corporations which existed before January 1, 1996, shall not be 26 counted toward reaching the Florida employment increase 27 thresholds. The refund allowed under this paragraph is in furtherance of the goals and policies of the State Comprehensive 28 29 Plan set forth in s. 187.201(16) (a), (b)1., 2., (17) (a), (b)1., 30 4., (19) (a), (b) 5., (21) (a), (b) 1., 2., 4., 7., 9., and 12. (c) If, before July 1, 2001, the number of full-time 31 32 equivalent employee positions created or added to the air 33 carrier's Florida workforce falls below 250, the exemption 34 granted pursuant to this section shall not apply during the 35 period in which the air carrier has fewer than the 250 36 additional employees. 37 (d) The exemption taken by credit or refund pursuant to

38 paragraph (b) shall apply only under the terms and conditions 39 set forth therein. If any part of that paragraph is judicially

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40 declared to be unconstitutional or invalid, the validity of any 41 provisions taxing aviation fuel shall not be affected and all 42 fuel exempted pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be subject to tax 43 as if the exemption was never enacted. Every person benefiting 44 from such exemption shall be liable for and make payment of all 45 taxes for which a credit or refund was granted.

(b)-(e)-1. Sales of aviation fuel to, and exclusively used for flight training through a school of aeronautics or college of aviation by, a college based in this state which is a taxexempt organization under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or a university based in this state are exempt from the tax imposed by this part if the college or university:

a. Is accredited by or has applied for accreditation by the Aviation Accreditation Board International; and

b. Offers a graduate program in aeronautical or aerospace engineering or offers flight training through a school of aeronautics or college of aviation.

2. A licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that sells aviation fuel to a college or university qualified under this paragraph and that does not collect the aviation fuel tax from the college or university on such sale may receive an ultimate vendor credit for the <u>4.27-cent</u> 6.9-cent excise tax previously paid on the aviation fuel delivered to such college or university.

3. A college or university qualified under this paragraph
which purchases <u>aviation</u> fuel from a retail supplier, including
a fixed-base operator, and pays the <u>4.27-cent</u> 6.9-cent excise
tax on the purchase may apply for and receive a refund of the
aviation fuel tax paid.

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(2) (a) An excise tax of <u>4.27</u> 6.9 cents per gallon is
imposed on each gallon of kerosene in the same manner as
prescribed for diesel fuel under ss. 206.87(2) and 206.872.

(b) The exemptions provided by s. 206.874 shall apply to kerosene if the dyeing and marking requirements of s. 206.8741 are met.

(c) Kerosene prepackaged in containers of 5 gallons or less and labeled "Not for Use in a Motor Vehicle" is exempt from the taxes imposed by this part when sold for home heating and cooking. Packagers may qualify for a refund of taxes previously paid, as prescribed by the department.

(d) Sales of kerosene in quantities of 5 gallons or less by a person not licensed under this chapter who has no facilities for placing kerosene in the fuel supply system of a motor vehicle may qualify for a refund of taxes paid. Refunds of taxes paid shall be limited to sales for use in home heating or cooking and shall be documented as prescribed by the department.

(3) An excise tax of 4.27 + 6.9 cents per gallon is imposed on each gallon of aviation gasoline in the manner prescribed by paragraph (2)(a). However, the exemptions allowed by paragraph (2)(b) do not apply to aviation gasoline.

(4) Any licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that delivers undyed kerosene to a residence for home heating or cooking may receive a credit or refund as the ultimate vendor of the kerosene for the 4.27-cent 6.9 cents excise tax previously paid.

95 (5) Any licensed wholesaler or terminal supplier that 96 delivers undyed kerosene to a retail dealer not licensed as a 97 wholesaler or terminal supplier for sale as a home heating or

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98 cooking fuel may receive a credit or refund as the ultimate 99 vendor of the kerosene for the 4.27-cent 6.9 cents excise tax