Bill No. CS/CS/HB 91 (2016)

Amendment No. 1

COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Judiciary Committee Representative Steube offered the following:

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Amendment (with title amendment)
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Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. <u>The Division of Law Revision and Information is</u> <u>directed to designate ss. 767.01-767.07, Florida Statutes, as</u> <u>part I of chapter 767, Florida Statutes, entitled "Damage by</u> <u>Dogs," and ss. 767.10-767.16, Florida Statutes, as part II of</u> <u>that chapter, entitled "Dangerous Dogs."</u>

Section 2. Section 767.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

13 767.12 Classification of dogs as dangerous; certification 14 of registration; notice and hearing requirements; confinement of 15 animal; exemption; appeals; unlawful acts.-

16 (1) (a) An animal control authority shall investigate 17 reported incidents involving any dog that may be dangerous and

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18 shall, if possible, <u>shall</u> interview the owner and require a 19 sworn affidavit from any person, including any animal control 20 officer or enforcement officer, desiring to have a dog 21 classified as dangerous.

(a) An animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog 22 23 investigation because of severe injury to a human being may be 24 immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, placed 25 in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time, or 26 impounded and held. The animal may be held pending the outcome 27 of the investigation and any hearings or appeals related to the 28 dangerous dog classification or any penalty imposed under this 29 section. If the dog is to be destroyed, the dog may not be 30 destroyed while an appeal is pending. The owner is responsible 31 for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be 32 required to humanely and safely keep the animal pending any 33 hearing or appeal.

34 An any animal that is the subject of a dangerous dog (b) 35 investigation which, that is not impounded with the animal 36 control authority must, shall be humanely and safely confined by 37 the owner in a securely fenced or enclosed area. The animal shall be confined in such manner pending the outcome of the 38 investigation and the resolution of any hearings or appeals 39 related to the dangerous dog classification or any penalty 40 41 imposed under this section. The address at which of where the 42 animal resides shall be provided to the animal control 43 authority. A no dog that is the subject of a dangerous dog

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investigation may <u>not</u> be relocated or <u>its</u> ownership transferred pending the outcome of <u>the</u> an investigation <u>and</u> or any hearings or appeals</u> related to the determination of a dangerous dog classification <u>or any penalty imposed under this section</u>. <u>If</u> In the event that a dog is to be destroyed, the dog <u>may shall</u> not be relocated or <u>its</u> ownership transferred.

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(2) (b) A dog may shall not be declared dangerous if:

51 (a) The threat, injury, or damage was sustained by a 52 person who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or, who, 53 while lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or 54 assaulting the dog or its owner or a family member.

55 <u>(b)</u> No dog may be declared dangerous if The dog was 56 protecting or defending a human being within the immediate 57 vicinity of the dog from an unjustified attack or assault.

58 (3) (c) After the investigation, the animal control authority shall make an initial determination as to whether 59 60 there is sufficient cause to classify the dog as dangerous and, if sufficient cause is found, as to the appropriate penalty 61 under subsection (5). The animal control authority shall afford 62 the owner an opportunity for a hearing prior to making a final 63 determination regarding the classification or penalty. The 64 animal control authority shall provide written notification of 65 the sufficient cause finding and proposed penalty, to the owner, 66 67 by registered mail, certified hand delivery, or service in conformance with the provisions of chapter 48 relating to 68 69 service of process. The owner may file a written request for a

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70 hearing regarding the dangerous dog classification, penalty, or 71 both, within 7 calendar days after from the date of receipt of 72 the notification of the sufficient cause finding and proposed 73 penalty. τ If the owner requests a hearing requested, the hearing 74 shall be held as soon as possible, but not later more than 21 75 calendar days and not no sooner than 5 days after receipt of the 76 request from the owner. If a hearing is not timely requested 77 regarding the dangerous dog classification or proposed penalty, 78 the determination of the animal control authority as to such matter shall become final. Each applicable local governing 79 80 authority shall establish hearing procedures that conform to 81 this subsection paragraph.

82 (4) (d) Upon a dangerous dog classification and penalty 83 becoming final after a hearing or by operation of law pursuant 84 to subsection (3) Once a dog is classified as a dangerous dog, 85 the animal control authority shall provide a written final order 86 notification to the owner by registered mail, certified hand 87 delivery or service., and The owner may file a written request for a hearing in the county court to appeal the classification, 88 89 penalty, or both, to the circuit court in accordance with the 90 Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure within 10 business days after receipt of the final order. If the dog is not held by the 91 92 animal control authority, the owner a written determination of 93 dangerous dog classification and must confine the dog in a 94 securely fenced or enclosed area pending a resolution of the appeal. Each applicable local governing authority must establish 95

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96 appeal procedures that conform to this subsection paragraph. 97 (5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the 98 owner of a dog classified as a dangerous dog shall: 99 1.(2) Within 14 days after the issuance of the final order 100 classifying the dog as dangerous or the conclusion of any appeal 101 that affirms such final order a dog has been classified as 102 dangerous by the animal control authority or a dangerous dog 103 classification is upheld by the county court on appeal, the 104 owner of the dog must obtain a certificate of registration for 105 the dog from the animal control authority serving the area in 106 which he or she resides, and renew the certificate shall be 107 renewed annually. Animal control authorities are authorized to 108 issue such certificates of registration, and renewals thereof, 109 only to persons who are at least 18 years of age and who present 110 to the animal control authority sufficient evidence of:

111 <u>a.-(a)</u> A current certificate of rabies vaccination for the 112 dog.

113 <u>b.(b)</u> A proper enclosure to confine a dangerous dog and 114 the posting of the premises with a clearly visible warning sign 115 at all entry points <u>which that</u> informs both children and adults 116 of the presence of a dangerous dog on the property.

117 $\underline{c.}$ (c)Permanent identification of the dog, such as a118tattoo on the inside thigh or electronic implantation.

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120 The appropriate governmental unit may impose an annual fee for 121 the issuance of certificates of registration required by this

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122 section.

123 2.(3) The owner shall Immediately notify the appropriate 124 animal control authority when the a dog that has been classified 125 as dangerous:

b.(b) Has bitten a human being or attacked another animal.

126 a. (a) Is loose or unconfined.

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c.(c) Is sold, given away, or dies.

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d. (d) Is moved to another address.

Prior to a dangerous dog being sold or given away, the owner shall provide the name, address, and telephone number of the new owner to the animal control authority. The new owner must comply with all of the requirements of this section act and implementing local ordinances, even if the animal is moved from one local jurisdiction to another within the state. The animal control officer must be notified by the owner of a dog classified as dangerous that the dog is in his or her

139 jurisdiction.

3.(4) Not It is unlawful for the owner of a dangerous dog 140 to permit the dog to be outside a proper enclosure unless the 141 142 dog is muzzled and restrained by a substantial chain or leash and under control of a competent person. The muzzle must be made 143 144 in a manner that will not cause injury to the dog or interfere 145 with its vision or respiration but will prevent it from biting a 146 any person or animal. The owner may exercise the dog in a 147 securely fenced or enclosed area that does not have a top,

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148 without a muzzle or leash, if the dog remains within his or her 149 sight and only members of the immediate household or persons 18 150 years of age or older are allowed in the enclosure when the dog 151 is present. When being transported, such dogs must be safely and 152 securely restrained within a vehicle.

(b) If a dog is classified as a dangerous dog due to an
incident that causes severe injury to a human being, based upon
the nature and circumstances of the injury and the likelihood of
a future threat to the public safety, health, and welfare, the
dog may be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.

158 (6) (5) Hunting dogs are exempt from the provisions of this 159 section act when engaged in any legal hunt or training 160 procedure. Dogs engaged in training or exhibiting in legal sports such as obedience trials, conformation shows, field 161 162 trials, hunting/retrieving trials, and herding trials are exempt from the provisions of this section act when engaged in any 163 164 legal procedures. However, such dogs at all other times in all 165 other respects are shall be subject to this and local laws. Dogs 166 that have been classified as dangerous may shall not be used for 167 hunting purposes.

168 (6) This section does not apply to dogs used by law
 169 enforcement officials for law enforcement work.

(7) <u>A</u> Any person who violates any provision of this
section <u>commits</u> is guilty of a noncriminal infraction,
punishable by a fine not to exceed exceeding \$500.

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Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 767.13, Florida

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174 Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 767.135, Florida 175 Statutes, and amended, to read:

176767.135767.13Attack or bite by unclassified dangerous177dog that causes death; penalties; confiscation; destruction.-

178 (2) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks 179 and causes the severe injury to or death of a any human, the dog 180 shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority, 181 placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time or held for 10 business days after the owner is given 182 183 written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed 184 in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time period 185 shall allow the owner to request a hearing under s. 767.12. If 186 the owner files a written appeal under s. 767.12 or this 187 section, the dog must be held and may not be destroyed while the 188 appeal is pending. The owner is shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to 189 190 humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure. 191 In addition, if the owner of the dog had prior knowledge of the dog's dangerous propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless 192 193 disregard for such propensities under the circumstances, the 194 owner of the dog is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 195 196 Section 4. Section 767.136, Florida Statutes, is created 197 to read:

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767.136 Attack or bite by unclassified dog that causes severe injury or death; penalties.-

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200	(1) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks
201	and causes severe injury to, or the death of, a human, and the
202	owner of the dog had knowledge of the dog's dangerous
203	propensities, yet demonstrated a reckless disregard for such
204	propensities under the circumstances, the owner of the dog
205	commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as
206	provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
207	(2) If the dog attacks or bites a person who is engaged in
208	or attempting to engage in a criminal activity at the time of
209	the attack, the owner of the dog is not guilty of any crime
210	under this section.
211	Section 5. Section 767.14, Florida Statutes, is amended to
212	read:
213	767.14 Additional local restrictions authorized. Nothing
214	in This act <u>does not</u> shall limit any local government from
215	adopting an ordinance to address the safety and welfare concerns
216	caused by attacks on persons or domestic animals, placing
217	further restrictions or additional requirements on owners of
218	dangerous dogs <u>that have bitten or attacked persons or domestic</u>
219	animals, or developing procedures and criteria for the
220	implementation of this act, provided that no such regulation is
221	specific to breed and that the provisions of this act are not
222	lessened by such additional regulations or requirements. This
223	section <u>does</u> shall not apply to any local ordinance adopted
224	prior to October 1, 1990.
225	Section 6. Section 767.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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226 read:

227 767.16 Bite by a Police or service dog; exemption from 228 quarantine.-

229 (1) Any dog that is owned, or the service of which is
230 employed, by a law enforcement agency, is exempt from this part.

231 (2) or Any dog that is used as a service dog for blind, 232 hearing impaired, or disabled persons, and that bites another 233 animal or <u>a</u> human is exempt from any quarantine requirement 234 following such bite if the dog has a current rabies vaccination 235 that was administered by a licensed veterinarian.

Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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TITLE AMENDMENT

240 Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert: An act relating to severe injuries caused by dogs; providing a 241 242 directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; amending s. 767.12, F.S.; providing for discretionary, rather 243 than mandatory, guarantine or impoundment of dogs that cause 244 245 severe injuries to humans; revising the hearing and final order 246 procedures, and related confinement requirements, for dangerous dog actions; specifying circumstances under which a dog that has 247 248 caused severe injury to a human may be euthanized; transferring, 249 renumbering, and amending s. 767.13(2), F.S.; repealing 250 automatic euthanasia requirement for dogs that cause severe injury to humans; deleting a criminal penalty related to severe 251

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252 injury or death caused by a dog; creating s. 767.136, F.S.; re-253 creating an existing criminal penalty related to severe injury 254 or death caused by a dog in a new statutory section; amending s. 255 767.14, F.S.; authorizing local governments to adopt certain 256 ordinances pertaining to dogs that have bitten or attacked 257 persons or domestic animals; amending s. 767.16, F.S.; exempting 258 law enforcement dogs from regulation under Part II of ch. 767, 259 F.S.; providing an effective date.

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