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An act relating to prohibited insurance acts; reordering and amending s. 626.9891, F.S.; defining and revising definitions; requiring every insurer to designate at least one primary anti-fraud employee for certain purposes; requiring insurers to adopt an antifraud plan; revising insurer requirements in providing anti-fraud information to the Department of Financial Services; requiring specified information to be filed annually with the department; revising the information to be provided by insurers who write workers' compensation insurance; requiring each insurer to provide annual anti-fraud education and training; requiring insurers who submit an application for a certificate of authority after a specified date to comply with the section; providing penalties for the failure to comply with requirements of the section; requiring the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services of the department to create, by a specified date, a report detailing best practices for the detection, investigation, prevention, and reporting of insurance fraud and other fraudulent insurance acts; requiring such report to be updated at certain intervals; specifying required information in the report; requiring the department to adopt rules

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relating to insurers' annual reporting of certain data; creating s. 626.9896, F.S.; requiring the department to collect specified data from certain state attorney offices; requiring such state attorneys to submit such data at specified intervals; requiring the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services to provide an annual report to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate; amending s. 641.221, F.S.; requiring a health maintenance organization authorized to exclusively market, sell, or offer to sell Medicare Advantage plans in this state to meet certain criteria to maintain eligibility for a certificate of authority; authorizing the Office of Insurance Regulation to extend the period of eligibility; amending s. 641.3915, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 626.9911, F.S.; defining the terms "fraudulent viatical settlement act" and "strangeroriginated life insurance practice" for purposes of provisions relating to the Viatical Settlement Act; amending ss. 626.9924 and 626.99245, F.S.; conforming cross-references; amending s. 626.99275, F.S.; providing additional prohibited acts related to viatical settlement contracts; amending s. 626.99287,

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F.S.; providing that a viatical settlement contract is void and unenforceable by either party if the viatical settlement policy is subject, within a specified timeframe, to a loan secured by an interest in the policy; revising conditions and requirements in which viatical settlement contracts entered into within specified timeframes are valid and enforceable; deleting provisions related to the transfer of insurance policies or certificates to viatical settlement providers; creating s. 626.99289, F.S.; providing that certain contracts, agreements, arrangements, or transactions relating to strangeroriginated life insurance practices are void and unenforceable; creating s. 626.99291, F.S.; authorizing a life insurer to contest policies obtained through such practices; creating s. 626.99292, F.S.; requiring life insurers to provide a specified statement to individual life insurance policyholders; authorizing such statements to accompany or be included in notices or mailings provided to the policyholders; requiring such statements to include contact information of the department; amending s. 627.744, F.S.; deleting a provision that provides construction; authorizing insurers to opt out of the preinsurance inspection

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(b)

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requirements for private passenger motor vehicles; 76 77 requiring insurers opting out to file a certain manual 78 rule with the Office of Insurance Regulation; 79 authorizing such insurers to establish their own 80 preinsurance inspection requirements, which must be included in the filed manual rule; prohibiting such 81 82 insurers from requiring applicants to pay for the cost of inspections; deleting an obsolete provision; 83 amending s. 641.3915, F.S.; deleting obsolete 84 85 provisions; providing effective dates. 86 87 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 88 89 Section 1. Effective September 1, 2017, section 626.9891, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read: 90 626.9891 Insurer anti-fraud investigative units; reporting 91 92 requirements; penalties for noncompliance.-93 (1) As used in For purposes of this section, the term: 94 "Anti-fraud investigative unit" means the designated 95 anti-fraud unit or division, or contractor authorized under 96 subparagraph (2) (a) 2.

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responsibilities are the investigation and disposition of claims

distinct unit or division or a unit or division made up of the

assignment of fraud investigation to employees whose principal

"Designated anti-fraud unit or division" includes a

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- who are also assigned investigation of fraud. If an insurer creates a distinct unit or division, hires additional employees, or contracts with another entity to fulfill the requirements of this section, the additional cost incurred must be included as an administrative expense for ratemaking purposes.
- (2)(1) By December 31, 2017, every insurer admitted to do business in this state who in the previous calendar year, at any time during that year, had \$10 million or more in direct premiums written shall:
- (a) 1. Establish and maintain a designated anti-fraud unit or division within the company to investigate and report possible fraudulent insurance acts claims by insureds or by persons making claims for services or repairs against policies held by insureds; or
- 2.(b) Contract with others to investigate and report possible fraudulent insurance acts by insureds or by persons making claims for services or repairs against policies held by insureds.
  - (b) Adopt an anti-fraud plan.
- (c) Designate at least one employee with primary responsibility for implementing the requirements of this section.
- (d) Electronically An insurer subject to this subsection shall file with the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services of the department, and annually thereafter on or before

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<u>fraud</u> unit or division <u>established pursuant to paragraph (a)</u> or a copy of the contract <u>executed under subparagraph (a)2., as applicable, a copy of the anti-fraud plan, and the name of the employee designated under paragraph (c) and related documents required by paragraph (b).</u>

- An insurer must include the additional cost incurred in creating a distinct unit or division, hiring additional employees, or contracting with another entity to fulfill the requirements of this section, as an administrative expense for ratemaking purposes.
- (2) Every insurer admitted to do business in this state, which in the previous calendar year had less than \$10 million in direct premiums written, must adopt an anti-fraud plan and file it with the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services of the department on or before July 1, 1996. An insurer may, in lieu of adopting and filing an anti-fraud plan, comply with the provisions of subsection (1).
- (3) Each insurers anti-fraud plan must plans shall include:
- (a) An acknowledgement that the insurer has established procedures for detecting and investigating possible fraudulent insurance acts relating to the different types of insurance by that insurer A description of the insurer's procedures for

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detecting and investigating possible fraudulent insurance acts;

- (b) An acknowledgment that the insurer has established A description of the insurer's procedures for the mandatory reporting of possible fraudulent insurance acts to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services of the department;
- (c) An acknowledgement that the insurer provides the A description of the insurer's plan for anti-fraud education and training required by this section to the anti-fraud investigative unit of its claims adjusters or other personnel; and
- (d) A description of the required anti-fraud education and training;
- (e) A written description or chart outlining the organizational arrangement of the insurer's anti-fraud investigative unit, including the position titles and descriptions of staffing; and personnel who are responsible for the investigation and reporting of possible fraudulent insurance acts
- (f) The rationale for the level of staffing and resources being provided for the anti-fraud investigative unit which may include objective criteria, such as the number of policies written, the number of claims received on an annual basis, the volume of suspected fraudulent claims detected on an annual basis, an assessment of the optimal caseload that one investigator can handle on an annual basis, and other factors.

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176	(4) By December 31, 2018, each insurer shall provide staff
177	of the anti-fraud investigative unit at least 2 hours of initial
178	anti-fraud training that is designed to assist in identifying
179	and evaluating instances of suspected fraudulent insurance acts
180	in underwriting or claims activities. Annually thereafter, an
181	insurer shall provide such employees a 1-hour course that
182	addresses detection, referral, investigation, and reporting of
183	possible fraudulent insurance acts for the types of insurance
184	lines written by the insurer.
185	(5) Each insurer is required to report data related to
186	fraud for each identified line of business written by the
187	insurer during the prior calendar year. The data shall be
188	reported to the department by March 1, 2019, and annually
189	thereafter, and must include, at a minimum:
190	(a) The number of policies in effect;
191	(b) The amount of premiums written for policies;
192	(c) The number of claims received;
193	(d) The number of claims referred to the anti-fraud
194	investigative unit;
195	(e) The number of other insurance fraud matters referred
196	to the anti-fraud investigative unit that were not claim
197	related;
198	(f) The number of claims investigated or accepted by the
199	anti-fraud investigative unit;
200	(g) The number of other insurance fraud matters

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201	investigated or accepted by the anti-fraud investigative unit
202	that were not claim related;
203	(h) The number of cases referred to the Division of
204	Investigative and Forensic Services;
205	(i) The number of cases referred to other law enforcement
206	agencies;
207	(j) The number of cases referred to other entities; and
208	(k) The estimated dollar amount or range of damages on
209	cases referred to the Division of Investigative and Forensic
210	Services or other agencies.
211	(6) In addition to providing information required under
212	subsections (2), (4), and (5), each insurer writing workers'
213	compensation insurance shall <u>also</u> report the following
214	information to the department, on or before March 1, 2019, and
215	annually thereafter August 1 of each year, on its experience in
216	implementing and maintaining an anti-fraud investigative unit or
217	an anti-fraud plan. The report must include, at a minimum:
218	(a) The estimated dollar amount of losses attributable to
219	workers' compensation fraud delineated by the type of fraud,
220	including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other type.
221	(b) The estimated dollar amount of recoveries attributable
222	to workers' compensation fraud delineated by the type of fraud,
223	including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other type.
224	(c) The number of cases referred to the Division of
225	Investigative and Forensic Services, delineated by the type of

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226	fraud, including claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other
227	type.
228	(a) The dollar amount of recoveries and losses
229	attributable to workers' compensation fraud delineated by the
230	type of fraud: claimant, employer, provider, agent, or other.
231	(b) The number of referrals to the Bureau of Workers!
232	Compensation Fraud for the prior year.
233	(c) A description of the organization of the anti-fraud
234	investigative unit, if applicable, including the position titles
235	and descriptions of staffing.
236	(d) The rationale for the level of staffing and resources
237	being provided for the anti-fraud investigative unit, which may
238	include objective criteria such as number of policies written,
239	number of claims received on an annual basis, volume of
240	suspected fraudulent claims currently being detected, other
241	factors, and an assessment of optimal caseload that can be
242	handled by an investigator on an annual basis.
243	(e) The inservice education and training provided to
244	underwriting and claims personnel to assist in identifying and
245	evaluating instances of suspected fraudulent activity in
246	underwriting or claims activities.
247	(f) A description of a public awareness program focused on
248	the costs and frequency of insurance fraud and methods by which
249	the public can prevent it.
250	$(7)\frac{14}{1}$ An Any insurer who obtains a certificate of

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authority <u>has 6</u> after July 1, 1995, shall have 18 months in which to comply with <u>subsection (2)</u>, and one calendar year thereafter, to comply with subsections (4), (5), and (6) the requirements of this section.

- (8) (7) If an insurer fails to timely submit a final acceptable anti-fraud plan or anti-fraud investigative unit description, fails to implement the provisions of a plan or an anti-fraud investigative unit description, or otherwise refuses to comply with the provisions of this section, the department, office, or commission may:
- (a) Impose an administrative fine of not more than \$2,000 per day for such failure by an insurer to submit an acceptable anti-fraud plan or anti-fraud investigative unit description, until the department, office, or commission deems the insurer to be in compliance;
- (b) Impose an administrative fine for failure by an insurer to implement or follow the provisions of an anti-fraud plan or anti-fraud investigative unit description; or
  - (c) Impose the provisions of both paragraphs (a) and (b).
- (9) On or before December 31, 2018, the Division of
  Investigative and Forensic Services shall create a report
  detailing best practices for the detection, investigation,
  prevention, and reporting of insurance fraud and other
  fraudulent insurance acts. The report must be updated as
  necessary but at least every 2 years. The report must provide:

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2/0	(a) information on the best practices for the
277	establishment of anti-fraud investigative units within insurers;
278	(b) Information on the best practices and methods for
279	detecting and investigating insurance fraud and other fraudulent
280	insurance acts;
281	(c) Information on appropriate anti-fraud education and
282	training of insurer personnel;
283	(d) Information on the best practices for reporting
284	insurance fraud and other fraudulent insurance acts to the
285	Division of Investigative and Forensic Services and to other law
286	<pre>enforcement agencies;</pre>
287	(e) Information regarding the appropriate level of
288	staffing and resources for anti-fraud investigative units within
289	insurers;
290	(f) Information detailing statistics and data relating to
291	insurance fraud which insurers should maintain; and
292	(g) Other information as determined by the Division of
293	Investigative and Forensic Services.
294	(10) (8) The department may adopt rules to administer this
295	section, except that it shall adopt rules to administer
296	subsection (5).
297	Section 2. Effective July 1, 2017, section 626.9896,
298	Florida Statutes, is created to read:
299	626.9896 Dedicated insurance fraud prosecutors.
300	(1) The department shall collect data from each state

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attorney office that receives an appropriation to fund attorneys and paralegals dedicated solely to the prosecution of insurance fraud cases and report on the use of such funds. The data must be submitted by the state attorneys to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services on the last day of each calendar quarter beginning September 30, 2017, and quarterly thereafter. Data must be submitted for each attorney funded by the appropriation and grouped by case type, including Division of Investigative and Forensic Services insurance fraud cases, other insurance fraud cases, and cases not involving insurance fraud. For each type of case, the data must include the number of cases in which an information has been filed; the number of cases pending at pretrial or intake, the number of cases in which the attorney is assisting in the investigation; the number of cases closed or disposed of during the prior quarter; the disposition of the cases closed during the prior quarter; and the number of cases currently pending in a pretrial diversion program. The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services (2) must report the data collected pursuant to subsection (1) for the year ending June 30, to the Executive Office of the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate by September 1, 2018, and annually thereafter.

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Section 3. Section 641.221, Florida Statutes, is amended

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326	to	read:
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- $\,$  641.221 Continued eligibility for certificate of authority.—
- (1) In order to maintain its eligibility for a certificate of authority, a health maintenance organization shall continue to meet all conditions required to be met under this part and the rules promulgated thereunder for the initial application for and issuance of its certificate of authority under s. 641.22.
- (2) In order to maintain eligibility for a certificate of authority, a health maintenance organization authorized under the Florida Insurance Code to exclusively market, sell, or offer to sell Medicare Advantage plans in this state shall be actively engaged in managed care within 24 months after licensure, shall designate and maintain at least one primary anti-fraud employee, and shall adopt an anti-fraud plan. The Office of Insurance Regulation may extend the period of eligibility upon written request.

Section 4. Section 641.3915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

641.3915 Health maintenance organization anti-fraud plans and investigative units.—Each authorized health maintenance organization and applicant for a certificate of authority shall comply with the provisions of ss. 626.989 and 626.9891 as though such organization or applicant were an authorized insurer. For purposes of this section, the reference to the year 1996 in s.

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- 351 626.9891 means the year 2000 and the reference to the year 1995
  352 means the year 1999.
  353 Section 5. Present subsections (2) through (7) of section
  - Section 5. Present subsections (2) through (7) of section 626.9911, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (3) through (8), respectively, present subsections (8) through (14) of that section are renumbered as subsections (10) through (16), respectively, and new subsections (2) and (9) are added to that section, to read:
    - 626.9911 Definitions.—As used in this act, the term:
  - (2) "Fraudulent viatical settlement act" means an act or omission committed by a person who knowingly, or with intent to defraud for the purpose of depriving another of property or for pecuniary gain, commits or allows an employee or agent to commit any of the following acts:
  - (a) Presenting, causing to be presented, or preparing with the knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by another person, false or concealed material information as part of, in support of, or concerning a fact material to:
  - 1. An application for the issuance of a viatical settlement contract or a life insurance policy;
  - 2. The underwriting of a viatical settlement contract or a life insurance policy;
  - 3. A claim for payment or benefit pursuant to a viatical settlement contract or a life insurance policy;
    - 4. Premiums paid on a life insurance policy;

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376	5. Payments and changes in ownership or beneficiary made
377	in accordance with the terms of a viatical settlement contract
378	or a life insurance policy;
379	6. The reinstatement or conversion of a life insurance
380	policy;
381	7. The solicitation, offer, effectuation, or sale of a
382	viatical settlement contract or a life insurance policy;
383	8. The issuance of written evidence of a viatical
384	settlement contract or a life insurance policy; or
385	9. A financing transaction for a viatical settlement
386	contract or life insurance policy.
387	(b) Employing a plan, financial structure, device, scheme,
388	or artifice relating to viaticated policies for the purpose of
389	perpetrating fraud.
390	(c) Engaging in a stranger-originated life insurance
391	practice.
392	(d) Failing to disclose, upon request by an insurer, that
393	the prospective insured has undergone a life expectancy
394	evaluation by a person other than the insurer or its authorized
395	representatives in connection with the issuance of the life
396	insurance policy.
397	(e) Perpetuating a fraud or preventing the detection of a
398	fraud by:
399	1. Removing, concealing, altering, destroying, or
400	sequestering from the office the assets or records of a licensee

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101	or other person engaged in the business of viatical settlements;
102	2. Misrepresenting or concealing the financial condition
103	of a licensee, financing entity, insurer, or other person;
104	3. Transacting in the business of viatical settlements in
105	violation of laws requiring a license, certificate of authority,
106	or other legal authority to transact such business; or
107	4. Filing with the office or the equivalent chief
108	insurance regulatory official of another jurisdiction a document
109	that contains false information or conceals information about a
110	material fact from the office or other regulatory official.
111	(f) Embezzlement, theft, misappropriation, or conversion
112	of moneys, funds, premiums, credits, or other property of a
113	viatical settlement provider, insurer, insured, viator,
114	insurance policyowner, or other person engaged in the business
115	of viatical settlements or life insurance.
116	(g) Entering into, negotiating, brokering, or otherwise
117	dealing in a viatical settlement contract, the subject of which
118	is a life insurance policy that was obtained based on
119	information that was falsified or concealed for the purpose of
120	defrauding the policy's issuer, viatical settlement provider, or
121	viator.
122	(h) Facilitating the viator's change of residency state to
123	avoid the provisions of this act.
124	(i) Facilitating or causing the creation of a trust with a

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non-Florida or other nonresident entity for the purpose of

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- owning a life insurance policy covering a Florida resident to avoid the provisions of this act.
  - (j) Facilitating or causing the transfer of the ownership of an insurance policy covering a Florida resident to a trust with a situs outside this state or to another nonresident entity to avoid the provisions of this act.
  - (k) Applying for or obtaining a loan that is secured directly or indirectly by an interest in a life insurance policy with intent to defraud, for the purpose of depriving another of property or for pecuniary gain.
  - (1) Attempting to commit, assisting, aiding, or abetting in the commission of, or conspiring to commit, an act or omission specified in this subsection.
  - (9) "Stranger-originated life insurance practice" means an act, practice, arrangement, or agreement to initiate a life insurance policy for the benefit of a third-party investor who, at the time of policy origination, has no insurable interest in the insured. Stranger-originated life insurance practices include, but are not limited to:
  - (a) The purchase of a life insurance policy with resources or guarantees from or through a person who, at the time of such policy's inception, could not lawfully initiate the policy and the execution of a verbal or written arrangement or agreement to directly or indirectly transfer the ownership of such policy or policy benefits to a third party.

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(b) The creation of a trust or other entity that has the

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452	appearance of an insurable interest in order to initiate
453	policies for investors, in violation of insurable interest laws
454	and the prohibition against wagering on life.
455	Section 6. Subsection (7) of section 626.9924, Florida
456	Statutes, is amended to read:
457	626.9924 Viatical settlement contracts; procedures;
458	rescission.—
459	(7) At any time during the contestable period, within 20
460	days after a viator executes documents necessary to transfer
461	rights under an insurance policy or within 20 days of any
462	agreement, option, promise, or any other form of understanding,
463	express or implied, to viaticate the policy, the provider must
464	give notice to the insurer of the policy that the policy has or
465	will become a viaticated policy. The notice must be accompanied
466	by the documents required by s. <u>626.99287</u> <del>626.99287(5)(a) in</del>
467	their entirety.
468	Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 626.99245, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

626.99245 Conflict of regulation of viaticals.-

(2) This section does not affect the requirement of ss. 626.9911(14) 626.9911(12) and 626.9912(1) that a viatical settlement provider doing business from this state must obtain a viatical settlement license from the office. As used in this subsection, the term "doing business from this state" includes

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effectuating viatical settlement contracts from offices in this state, regardless of the state of residence of the viator.

Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 626.99275, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.99275 Prohibited practices; penalties.-

- (1) It is unlawful for a any person to:
- (a) To Knowingly enter into, broker, or otherwise deal in a viatical settlement contract the subject of which is a life insurance policy, knowing that the policy was obtained by presenting materially false information concerning any fact material to the policy or by concealing, for the purpose of misleading another, information concerning any fact material to the policy, where the viator or the viator's agent intended to defraud the policy's issuer.
- (b) To Knowingly or with the intent to defraud, for the purpose of depriving another of property or for pecuniary gain, issue or use a pattern of false, misleading, or deceptive life expectancies.
- (c) To Knowingly engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business intending thereby to avoid the notice requirements of s. 626.9924(7).
- (d)  $\overline{\text{To}}$  Knowingly or intentionally facilitate the change of state of residency of a viator to avoid the provisions of this chapter.
  - (e) Knowingly enter into a viatical settlement contract

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before the application for or issuance of a life insurance
policy that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract or
during an applicable period specified in s. 626.99287(1) or (2),
unless the viator provides a sworn affidavit and accompanying
independent evidentiary documentation in accordance with s.
626.99287.
(f) Engage in a fraudulent viatical settlement act, as
defined in s. 626.9911.

- (g) Knowingly issue, solicit, market, or otherwise promote the purchase of a life insurance policy for the purpose of or
- 511 with an emphasis on selling the policy to a third party.
  - (h) Engage in a stranger-originated life insurance practice, as defined in s. 626.9911.
    - Section 9. Section 626.99287, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
      - 626.99287 Contestability of viaticated policies.-
    - (1) Except as hereinafter provided, if a viatical settlement contract is entered into within the 2-year period commencing with the date of issuance of the insurance policy or certificate to be acquired, the viatical settlement contract is void and unenforceable by either party.
    - (2) Except as hereinafter provided, if a viatical settlement policy is subject to a loan secured directly or indirectly by an interest in the policy within a 5-year period commencing on the date of issuance of the policy or certificate,

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526	the viatical settlement contract is void and unenforceable by
527	either party.
528	(3) Notwithstanding the limitations in subsections (1) and
529	(2) this limitation, such a viatical settlement contract is not
530	void and unenforceable if $\underline{\text{the viator provides a sworn affidavit}}$
531	and accompanying independent evidentiary documentation
532	certifying to the viatical settlement provider that one or more
533	of the following conditions were met during the periods
534	applicable to the viaticated policy as stated in subsections (1)
535	<u>or (2)</u> :
536	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ The policy was issued upon the owner's exercise of
537	conversion rights arising out of a group or term policy, if the
538	total time covered under the prior policy is at least 60 months.
539	The time covered under a group policy must be calculated without
540	regard to any change in insurance carriers, provided the
541	coverage has been continuous and under the same group
542	sponsorship.÷
543	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ The owner of the policy is a charitable
544	organization exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) $\underline{\cdot}$
545	(3) The owner of the policy is not a natural person;
546	(4) The viatical settlement contract was entered into
547	before July 1, 2000;
548	$\underline{\text{(c)}}$ The viator certifies by producing independent
549	evidence to the viatical settlement provider that one or more of
550	the following conditions were have been met within the 2-year

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551	period:
552	$\frac{(a)}{(a)}$ 1. The viator or insured is terminally or chronically
553	ill diagnosed with an illness or condition that is either:
554	a. Catastrophic or life threatening; or
555	b. Requires a course of treatment for a period of at least
556	3 years of long-term care or home health care; and
557	$\frac{2}{2}$ the condition was not known to the insured at the time
558	the life insurance contract was entered into $:$
559	2.(b) The viator's spouse dies;
560	3.(c) The viator divorces his or her spouse;
561	4.(d) The viator retires from full-time employment;
562	5. (e) The viator becomes physically or mentally disabled
563	and a physician determines that the disability prevents the
564	viator from maintaining full-time employment;
65	6.(f) The owner of the policy was the insured's employer
566	at the time the policy or certificate was issued and the
567	employment relationship terminated;
568	$\frac{7.(g)}{}$ A final order, judgment, or decree is entered by a
569	court of competent jurisdiction, on the application of a
570	creditor of the viator, adjudicating the viator bankrupt or
571	insolvent, or approving a petition seeking reorganization of the
572	viator or appointing a receiver, trustee, or liquidator to all
573	or a substantial part of the viator's assets; or
574	8.(h) The viator experiences a significant decrease in
575	income which is unexpected by the viator and which impairs his

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or her reasonable ability to pay the policy premium.

- (d) The viator entered into a viatical settlement contract more than 2 years after the policy's issuance date and, with respect to the policy, at all times before the date that is 2 years after policy issuance, each of the following conditions is met:
- 1. Policy premiums have been funded exclusively with unencumbered assets, including an interest in the life insurance policy being financed only to the extent of its net cash surrender value, provided by, or fully recourse liability incurred by, the insured;
- 2. There is no agreement or understanding with any other person to guarantee any such liability or to purchase, or stand ready to purchase, the policy, including through an assumption or forgiveness of the loan; and
- 3. Neither the insured or the policy has been evaluated for settlement.

If the viatical settlement provider submits to the insurer a copy of the viator's or owner's certification described above, then the provider submits a request to the insurer to effect the transfer of the policy or certificate to the viatical settlement provider, the viatical settlement agreement shall not be void or unenforceable by operation of this section. The insurer shall timely respond to such request. Nothing in this section shall

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prohibit an insurer from exercising its right during the 601 602 contestability period to contest the validity of any policy on 603 grounds of fraud. 604 Section 10. Section 626.99289, Florida Statutes, is 605 created to read: 606 626.99289 Void and unenforceable contracts, agreements, 607 arrangements, and transactions.-Notwithstanding s. 627.455, a 608 contract, agreement, arrangement, or transaction, including, but 609 not limited to, a financing agreement or any other arrangement 610 or understanding entered into, whether written or verbal, for 611 the furtherance or aid of a stranger-originated life insurance 612 practice is void and unenforceable. 613 Section 11. Section 626.99291, Florida Statutes, is 614 created to read: 615 626.99291 Contestability of life insurance policies.-616 Notwithstanding s. 627.455, a life insurer may contest a life 617 insurance policy if the policy was obtained by a strangeroriginated life insurance practice, as defined in s. 626.9911. 618 619 Section 12. Section 626.99292, Florida Statutes, is 620 created to read: 621 626.99292 Notice to insureds.-622 (1) A life insurer shall provide an individual life 623 insurance policyholder with a statement informing him or her 624 that if he or she is considering making changes in the status of his or her policy, he or she should consult with a licensed 625

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- insurance or financial advisor. The statement may accompany or be included in notices or mailings otherwise provided to the policyholder.
  - (2) The statement must also advise the policyholder that he or she may contact the department for more information and include a website address or other location or manner by which the policyholder may contact the department.
  - Section 13. Effective January 1, 2019, section 627.744, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 627.744 Required Preinsurance inspection of private passenger motor vehicles.—
  - (1) A private passenger motor vehicle insurance policy providing physical damage coverage, including collision or comprehensive coverage, may not be issued in this state unless the insurer has inspected the motor vehicle in accordance with this section.
    - (2) This section does not apply:
  - (a) To a policy for a policyholder who has been insured for 2 years or longer, without interruption, under a private passenger motor vehicle policy that provides physical damage coverage for any vehicle if the agent of the insurer verifies the previous coverage.
  - (b) To a new, unused motor vehicle purchased or leased from a licensed motor vehicle dealer or leasing company. The insurer may require:

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- 1. A bill of sale, buyer's order, or lease agreement that contains a full description of the motor vehicle; or
- 2. A copy of the title or registration that establishes transfer of ownership from the dealer or leasing company to the customer and a copy of the window sticker.

- For the purposes of this paragraph, the physical damage coverage on the motor vehicle may not be suspended during the term of the policy due to the applicant's failure to provide or the insurer's option not to require the documents. However, if the insurer requires a document under this paragraph at the time the policy is issued, payment of a claim may be conditioned upon the receipt by the insurer of the required documents, and no physical damage loss occurring after the effective date of the coverage may be payable until the documents are provided to the insurer.
  - (c) To a temporary substitute motor vehicle.
- (d) To a motor vehicle which is leased for less than 6 months, if the insurer receives the lease or rental agreement containing a description of the leased motor vehicle, including its condition. Payment of a physical damage claim is conditioned upon receipt of the lease or rental agreement.
- (e) To a vehicle that is 10 years old or older, as determined by reference to the model year.
  - (f) To any renewal policy.

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- (g) To a motor vehicle policy issued in a county with a 1988 estimated population of less than 500,000.
- (h) To any other vehicle or policy exempted by rule of the commission. The commission may base a rule under this paragraph only on a determination that the likelihood of a fraudulent physical damage claim is remote or that the inspection would cause a serious hardship to the insurer or the applicant.
- (i) When the insurer's authorized inspection service has no inspection facility either in the municipality in which the automobile is principally garaged or within 10 miles of such municipality.
- (j) When the insured vehicle is insured under a commercially rated policy that insures five or more vehicles.
- (k) When an insurance producer is transferring a book of business from one insurer to another.
- (1) When an individual insured's coverage is being transferred and initiated by a producer to a new insurer.
- (3) This subsection does not prohibit an insurer from requiring a preinsurance inspection of any motor vehicle as a condition of issuance of physical damage coverage.
- (3)(4) The inspection required by this section shall be provided by the insurer or by a person or organization authorized by the insurer. The applicant may be required to pay the cost of the inspection, not to exceed \$5. The inspection shall be recorded on a form prescribed by the commission, and

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the form or a copy shall be retained by the insurer with its policy records for the insured. The insurer shall provide a copy of the form to the insured upon request. Any inspection fee paid directly by the applicant may not be considered part of the premium. However, an insurer that provides the inspection at no cost to the applicant may include the expense of the inspection within a rate filing.

- $\underline{(4)}$  (5) The inspection shall include at least the following:
- (a) Taking a physical imprint of the vehicle identification number of the vehicle or otherwise recording the vehicle identification number in a manner prescribed by the commission.
- (b) Recording the presence of accessories required by the commission to be recorded.
- (c) Recording the locations of and a description of existing damage to the vehicle.
- (5)(6) An insurer may defer an inspection for 30 calendar days following the effective date of coverage for a new policy, but not for a renewal policy, and for additional or replacement vehicles to an existing policy, if an inspection at the time of the request for coverage would create a serious inconvenience for the applicant and such hardship is documented in the insured's policy record.
  - (6) $\frac{7}{7}$  The commission may, by rule, establish such

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procedures and notice requirements that it finds necessary to implement this section.

- (7) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an insurer may opt out of the inspection requirements of this section. An insurer opting out of the inspection must file a manual rule with the office indicating that the insurer will not participate in the inspection program under this section. An insurer that files such a manual rule with the office may establish its own preinsurance inspection requirements as a condition to issuing a private passenger motor vehicle insurance policy. The insurer's preinsurance inspection requirements must be included in the manual rule filed with the office. An insurer opting out of the inspection requirements of this section may not require an applicant to pay for the cost of an inspection.
- (8) The Division of Insurance Fraud of the Department of Financial Services shall provide a report of data from the required preinsurance inspection of motor vehicles to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2016.
  - (a) The data must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1. A written estimate of the total cost incurred by insurers and policyholders in order to comply with the inspections.
- 2. A written estimate of the total cost incurred by insurers to have their motor vehicles inspected.

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751	3. Documentation regarding the total premium savings for
752	policyholders as a result of the inspections.
753	4. Documentation of the total number of inspected motor
754	vehicles that had a preexisting condition.
755	5. Documentation regarding the potential fraud in motor
756	vehicle claims incurred within the first 125 days after issuance
757	of a new policy.
758	6. Documentation of the total number of referrals of
759	fraudulent acts to the National Insurance Crime Bureau by
760	preinsurance inspectors during the past 5 years.
761	(b) The Legislature may use the report data in determining
762	the future public necessity for this section.
763	Section 14. Effective September 1, 2017, section 641.3915,
764	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
765	641.3915 Health maintenance organization anti-fraud plans
766	and investigative units.—Each authorized health maintenance
767	organization and applicant for a certificate of authority shall
768	comply with the provisions of ss. 626.989 and 626.9891 as though
769	such organization or applicant were an authorized insurer. For
770	purposes of this section, the reference to the year 1996 in s.
771	626.9891 means the year 2000 and the reference to the year 1995
772	means the year 1999.
773	Section 15. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
774	act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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