A bill to be entitled

An act relating to assault or battery on healthcare providers; amending s. 784.07, F.S.; defining the term "healthcare provider"; providing for the reclassification of certain assault and battery offenses committed on healthcare providers; reenacting ss. 775.0877(1)(d), (e), (f), and (g), 901.15(15), 921.0022(3)(d), 938.08, 938.085, 943.051(3)(b), 985.11(1)(b), and 985.644(3)(a), F.S., relating to criminal transmission of HIV, when arrest by an officer without warrant is lawful, the offense severity ranking chart of the Criminal Punishment Code, additional cost to fund programs in domestic violence, additional cost to fund rape crisis centers, criminal justice information, fingerprinting and photographing juveniles, and the Departmental of Juvenile Justice, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made by the act; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraphs (c) through (f) of subsection (1) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (g), respectively, a new paragraph (c) is added to

that subsection, subsection (2) of that section is amended, and subsection (3) of that section is republished to read:

784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(c) "Healthcare provider" includes a physician, registered nurse, employee, agent, or volunteer of a hospital, as defined in s. 395.002, who is employed, under contract, or otherwise authorized by such a hospital to perform duties directly associated with the care and treatment rendered by the hospital.

(2) Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a healthcare provider, a railroad special officer, a traffic accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a nonsworn law enforcement agency employee who is certified as an agency inspector, a blood alcohol analyst, or a breath test operator while such employee is in uniform and engaged in processing, testing, evaluating, analyzing, or transporting a person who is detained or under arrest for DUI, a law enforcement explorer, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 316.640, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, a person licensed as a security officer as defined in

s. 493.6101 and wearing a uniform that bears at least one patch or emblem that is visible at all times that clearly identifies the employing agency and that clearly identifies the person as a licensed security officer, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, railroad special officer, traffic accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, inspector, analyst, operator, law enforcement explorer, parking enforcement specialist, public transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:

(a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.

(b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.

(c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.

(d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer shall be

sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 years.

(3) Any person who is convicted of a battery under paragraph (2)(b) and, during the commission of the offense, such person possessed:

(a) A "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.

(b) A semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box magazine, as defined in s. 775.087(3), or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 8 years.

Notwithstanding s. 948.01, adjudication of guilt or imposition of sentence shall not be suspended, deferred, or withheld, and the defendant is not eligible for statutory gain-time under s. 944.275 or any form of discretionary early release, other than pardon or executive clemency, or conditional medical release under s. 947.149, prior to serving the minimum sentence.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (d), (e), (f), and (g) of subsection (1) of section 775.0877, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

775.0877 Criminal transmission of HIV; procedures; penalties.—

(1) In any case in which a person has been convicted of or has pled nolo contendere or guilty to, regardless of whether adjudication is withheld, any of the following offenses, or the attempt thereof, which offense or attempted offense involves the transmission of body fluids from one person to another:

(d) Sections 784.011, 784.07(2)(a), and 784.08(2)(d), relating to assault;

(e) Sections 784.021, 784.07(2)(c), and 784.08(2)(b), relating to aggravated assault;

(f) Sections 784.03, 784.07(2)(b), and 784.08(2)(c), relating to battery;

(g) Sections 784.045, 784.07(2)(d), and 784.08(2)(a), relating to aggravated battery;

the court shall order the offender to undergo HIV testing, to be performed under the direction of the Department of Health in accordance with s. 381.004, unless the offender has undergone HIV testing voluntarily or pursuant to procedures established in s. 381.004(2)(h)6. or s. 951.27, or any other applicable law or rule providing for HIV testing of criminal offenders or inmates, subsequent to her or his arrest for an offense enumerated in paragraphs (a)-(n) for which she or he was convicted or to which she or he pled nolo contendere or guilty. The results of an HIV test performed on an offender pursuant to this subsection are not admissible in any criminal proceeding arising out of the

alleged offense.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (15) of section 901.15, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful.—A law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when:

(15) There is probable cause to believe that the person has committed assault upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers as set forth in s. 784.07 or has committed assault or battery upon any employee of a receiving facility as defined in s. 394.455 who is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—

(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART

(d) LEVEL 4

Florida	Felony	Description

Statute	Degree	
316.1935(3)(a)	2nd	Driving at high speed or with wanton disregard for safety while fleeing or attempting to elude law enforcement officer who is in a patrol vehicle with siren and lights activated.
499.0051(1)	3rd	Failure to maintain or deliver transaction history, transaction information, or transaction statements.
499.0051(5)	2nd	Knowing sale or delivery, or possession with intent to sell, contraband prescription drugs.
517.07(1)	3rd	Failure to register securities.
517.12(1)	3rd	Failure of dealer, associated person, or issuer of securities to register.
784.07(2)(b)	3rd	Battery of law enforcement

			officer, firefighter, etc.
156			
	784.074(1)(c)	3rd	Battery of sexually violent predators facility staff.
157			
	784.075	3rd	Battery on detention or commitment facility staff.
158			
	784.078	3rd	Battery of facility employee by throwing, tossing, or expelling certain fluids or materials.
159			
	784.08(2)(c)	3rd	Battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
160			
	784.081(3)	3rd	Battery on specified official or employee.
161			
	784.082(3)	3rd	Battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
162			
	784.083(3)	3rd	Battery on code inspector.
163			
	784.085	3rd	Battery of child by throwing, tossing, projecting, or

			expelling certain fluids or materials.
164			
	787.03(1)	3rd	Interference with custody; wrongly takes minor from appointed guardian.
165			
	787.04(2)	3rd	Take, entice, or remove child beyond state limits with criminal intent pending custody proceedings.
166			
	787.04(3)	3rd	Carrying child beyond state lines with criminal intent to avoid producing child at custody hearing or delivering to designated person.
167			
	787.07	3rd	Human smuggling.
168			
	790.115(1)	3rd	Exhibiting firearm or weapon within 1,000 feet of a school.
169			
	790.115(2)(b)	3rd	Possessing electric weapon or device, destructive device, or

		other weapon on school property.
790.115(2)(c)	3rd	Possessing firearm on school property.
800.04(7)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition; offender less than 18 years.
810.02(4)(a)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary, of an unoccupied structure; unarmed; no assault or battery.
810.02(4)(b)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary, of an unoccupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
810.06	3rd	Burglary; possession of tools.
810.08(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property, armed with firearm or dangerous weapon.

812.014(2)(c)3.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree $10,000 or more but less than $20,000.
812.014 (2)(c)4.-10.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree, a will, firearm, motor vehicle, livestock, etc.
812.0195(2)	3rd	Dealing in stolen property by use of the Internet; property stolen $300 or more.
817.563(1)	3rd	Sell or deliver substance other than controlled substance agreed upon, excluding s. 893.03(5) drugs.
817.568(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of personal identification information.
817.625(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of scanning device or reencoder.
828.125(1)	2nd	Kill, maim, or cause great bodily harm or permanent breeding disability to any

			registered horse or cattle.
183			
	837.02(1)	3rd	Perjury in official proceedings.
184			
	837.021(1)	3rd	Make contradictory statements in official proceedings.
185			
	838.022	3rd	Official misconduct.
186			
	839.13(2)(a)	3rd	Falsifying records of an individual in the care and custody of a state agency.
187			
	839.13(2)(c)	3rd	Falsifying records of the Department of Children and Families.
188			
	843.021	3rd	Possession of a concealed handcuff key by a person in custody.
189			
	843.025	3rd	Deprive law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer of means of

			protection or communication.
190			
	843.15(1)(a)	3rd	Failure to appear while on bail for felony (bond estreature or bond jumping).
191			
	847.0135(5)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition using computer; offender less than 18 years.
192			
	874.05(1)(a)	3rd	Encouraging or recruiting another to join a criminal gang.
193			
	893.13(2)(a)1.	2nd	Purchase of cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (b), or (d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).
194			
	914.14(2)	3rd	Witnesses accepting bribes.
195			
	914.22(1)	3rd	Force, threaten, etc., witness, victim, or informant.
196			
	914.23(2)	3rd	Retaliation against a witness,

			victim, or informant, no bodily injury.
918.12		3rd	Tampering with jurors.
934.215		3rd	Use of two-way communications device to facilitate commission of a crime.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 938.08, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

938.08 Additional cost to fund programs in domestic violence.—In addition to any sanction imposed for a violation of s. 784.011, s. 784.021, s. 784.03, s. 784.041, s. 784.045, s. 784.048, s. 784.07, s. 784.08, s. 784.081, s. 784.082, s. 784.083, s. 784.085, s. 794.011, or for any offense of domestic violence described in s. 741.28, the court shall impose a surcharge of $201. Payment of the surcharge shall be a condition of probation, community control, or any other court-ordered supervision. The sum of $85 of the surcharge shall be deposited into the Domestic Violence Trust Fund established in s. 741.01. The clerk of the court shall retain $1 of each surcharge that the clerk of the court collects as a service charge of the

clerk's office. The remainder of the surcharge shall be provided to the governing board of the county and must be used only to defray the costs of incarcerating persons sentenced under s. 741.283 and provide additional training to law enforcement personnel in combating domestic violence.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 938.085, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

938.085 Additional cost to fund rape crisis centers.—In addition to any sanction imposed when a person pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, a violation of s. 775.21(6) and (10)(a), (b), and (g); s. 784.011; s. 784.021; s. 784.03; s. 784.041; s. 784.045; s. 784.048; s. 784.07; s. 784.08; s. 784.081; s. 784.082; s. 784.083; s. 784.085; s. 787.01(3); s. 787.02(3); 787.025; s. 787.06; s. 787.07; s. 794.011; s. 794.05; s. 794.08; former s. 796.03; former s. 796.035; s. 796.04; s. 796.05; s. 796.06; s. 796.07(2)(a)-(d) and (i); s. 800.03; s. 800.04; s. 810.14; s. 810.145; s. 812.135; s. 817.025; s. 825.102; s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 836.10; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135(2); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0145; s. 943.0435(4)(c), (7), (8), (9)(a), (13), and (14)(c); or s. 985.701(1), the court shall impose a surcharge of $151. Payment of the surcharge shall be a condition of probation, community control, or any other court-ordered

supervision. The sum of $150 of the surcharge shall be deposited into the Rape Crisis Program Trust Fund established within the Department of Health by chapter 2003-140, Laws of Florida. The clerk of the court shall retain $1 of each surcharge that the clerk of the court collects as a service charge of the clerk's office.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 943.051, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.051 Criminal justice information; collection and storage; fingerprinting.—

(3)

(b) A minor who is charged with or found to have committed the following offenses shall be fingerprinted and the fingerprints shall be submitted electronically to the department, unless the minor is issued a civil citation pursuant to s. 985.12:

1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.

2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.

3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 790.01(1).

4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined in s. 790.1615(1).

5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).

6. Assault or battery on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a) and (b).

7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.

8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.

9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s. 790.22(5).

10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014(3).

11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).

12. Arson, as defined in s. 806.031(1).

13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm at a school-sponsored event or on school property, as provided in s. 790.115.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 985.11, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

985.11 Fingerprinting and photographing.—

(1)

(b) Unless the child is issued a civil citation or is participating in a similar diversion program pursuant to s. 985.12, a child who is charged with or found to have committed one of the following offenses shall be fingerprinted, and the fingerprints shall be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.051(3)(b):

1. Assault, as defined in s. 784.011.

2. Battery, as defined in s. 784.03.

3. Carrying a concealed weapon, as defined in s. 790.01(1).

4. Unlawful use of destructive devices or bombs, as defined in s. 790.1615(1).

5. Neglect of a child, as defined in s. 827.03(1)(e).

6. Assault on a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, or other specified officers, as defined in s. 784.07(2)(a).

7. Open carrying of a weapon, as defined in s. 790.053.

8. Exposure of sexual organs, as defined in s. 800.03.

9. Unlawful possession of a firearm, as defined in s. 790.22(5).

10. Petit theft, as defined in s. 812.014.

11. Cruelty to animals, as defined in s. 828.12(1).

12. Arson, resulting in bodily harm to a firefighter, as defined in s. 806.031(1).

13. Unlawful possession or discharge of a weapon or firearm at a school-sponsored event or on school property as defined in s. 790.115.

A law enforcement agency may fingerprint and photograph a child taken into custody upon probable cause that such child has committed any other violation of law, as the agency deems appropriate. Such fingerprint records and photographs shall be

retained by the law enforcement agency in a separate file, and these records and all copies thereof must be marked "Juvenile Confidential." These records are not available for public disclosure and inspection under s. 119.07(1) except as provided in ss. 943.053 and 985.04(2), but shall be available to other law enforcement agencies, criminal justice agencies, state attorneys, the courts, the child, the parents or legal custodians of the child, their attorneys, and any other person authorized by the court to have access to such records. In addition, such records may be submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement for inclusion in the state criminal history records and used by criminal justice agencies for criminal justice purposes. These records may, in the discretion of the court, be open to inspection by anyone upon a showing of cause. The fingerprint and photograph records shall be produced in the court whenever directed by the court. Any photograph taken pursuant to this section may be shown by a law enforcement officer to any victim or witness of a crime for the purpose of identifying the person who committed such crime.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.07, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 985.644, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

985.644 Departmental contracting powers; personnel standards and investigation.—

(3)(a) All employees of the department and all personnel of contract providers for any program for children, including all owners, operators, employees, persons who have access to confidential juvenile records, and volunteers, must complete:

1. A level 2 employment screening pursuant to chapter 435 before employment. The security background investigation conducted under this section must ensure that, in addition to the disqualifying offenses listed in s. 435.04, no person subject to the background screening provisions of this section has an arrest awaiting final disposition for, been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, or been adjudicated delinquent and the record has not been sealed or expunged for, any offense prohibited under the following provisions of state law or similar laws of another jurisdiction:

a. Section 784.07, relating to assault or battery of law enforcement officers, firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers.

b. Section 817.568, relating to criminal use of personal identification information.

2. A national criminal records check by the Federal Bureau of Investigation every 5 years following the date of the person's employment.

Section 10. This act shall take effect October 1, 2017.