

1 A bill to be entitled
2 An act relating to insurer solvency; amending s.
3 624.4073, F.S.; prohibiting former officers and
4 directors of insolvent insurers or health maintenance
5 organizations from serving as an officer or director
6 of an insurer or health maintenance organization under
7 certain circumstances; amending s. 624.4085, F.S.;
8 providing and revising definitions; revising
9 requirements relating to the filing of a risk-based
10 capital report by a property and casualty insurer or
11 health organization; providing an exception for
12 certain health organizations; conforming provisions;
13 amending s. 631.271, F.S.; revising provisions
14 relating to the order of distribution of claims from
15 an insurer's estate to include certain claims related
16 to a patient's health care coverage; amending s.
17 631.718, F.S.; providing requirements relating to
18 certain assessments for payment of claims under long-
19 term care insurance policies of an impaired or
20 insolvent insurer; requiring the Florida Insurance
21 Guaranty Association, Inc., to provide notice to the
22 Department of Financial Services and the Office of
23 Insurance Regulation within a specified period;
24 amending s. 641.201, F.S.; providing that health
25 maintenance organizations are considered insurers for

26 | certain purposes and are subject to the risk-based
27 | capital requirements; providing a directive to the
28 | Division of Law Revision and Information; providing
29 | effective dates.

30 |

31 | Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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33 | Section 1. Section 624.4073, Florida Statutes, is amended
34 | to read:

35 | 624.4073 Officers and directors of insolvent insurers.—Any
36 | person who was an officer or director of an insurer or a health
37 | maintenance organization doing business in this state and who
38 | served in that capacity within the 2-year period prior to the
39 | date the insurer became insolvent, for any insolvency that
40 | occurs on or after July 1, 2002, may not thereafter serve as an
41 | officer or director of an insurer or a health maintenance
42 | organization authorized in this state unless the officer or
43 | director demonstrates that his or her personal actions or
44 | omissions were not a significant contributing cause to the
45 | insolvency.

46 | Section 2. Effective July 1, 2017, paragraphs (g) and (j)
47 | of subsection (1), of section 624.4085, Florida Statutes, are
48 | redesignated as paragraphs (h) and (k), respectively, present
49 | paragraphs (g) and (j) of subsection (1), subsection (2),
50 | paragraph (a) of subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of subsection

51 (6) are amended, and a new paragraph (g) is added to subsection
 52 (1), to read:

53 624.4085 Risk-based capital requirements for insurers.—

54 (1) As used in this section, the term:

55 (g) "Health organization" means a health maintenance
 56 organization or a prepaid limited health service organization.

57 (h)~~(g)~~ "Life and health insurer" means an insurer
 58 authorized or eligible under the Florida Insurance Code to
 59 underwrite life or health insurance. The term also includes a
 60 property and casualty insurer that writes accident and health
 61 insurance only. ~~Effective January 1, 2015, the term also~~
 62 ~~includes a health maintenance organization that is authorized in~~
 63 ~~this state and one or more other states, jurisdictions, or~~
 64 ~~countries and a prepaid limited health service organization that~~
 65 ~~is authorized in this state and one or more other states,~~
 66 ~~jurisdictions, or countries.~~

67 (k)~~(j)~~ "Property and casualty insurer" means any insurer
 68 licensed under the Florida Insurance Code, but does not include
 69 a single-line mortgage guaranty insurer, financial guaranty
 70 insurer, ~~or~~ title insurer, or a property and casualty insurer
 71 that writes accident and health insurance only ~~life and health~~
 72 ~~insurer.~~

73 (2) (a) Each domestic insurer that is subject to this
 74 section shall, on or before March 1 of each year, prepare and
 75 file with the National Association of Insurance Commissioners a

76 | report of its risk-based capital levels as of the end of the
77 | calendar year just ended, in a form and containing the
78 | information required in the risk-based capital instructions. In
79 | addition, each domestic insurer shall file a printed copy of its
80 | risk-based capital report:

81 | 1. With the office on or before March 1 of each year.

82 | 2. With the insurance department in any other state in
83 | which the insurer is authorized to do business, if that
84 | department has notified the insurer of its request in writing,
85 | in which case the insurer shall file its risk-based capital
86 | report not later than the later of:

87 | a. Fifteen days after the receipt of notice to file its
88 | risk-based capital report with that state; or

89 | b. March 1.

90 | (b) The comparison of an insurer's total adjusted capital
91 | to any of its risk-based capital levels is a regulatory tool
92 | that may indicate the need for possible corrective action with
93 | respect to the insurer, and may not be used as a means to rank
94 | insurers generally. Therefore, except as otherwise required
95 | under this section, the making, publishing, disseminating,
96 | circulating, or placing before the public, or causing, directly
97 | or indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated,
98 | or placed before the public, in a newspaper, magazine, or other
99 | publication, or in the form of a notice, circular, pamphlet,
100 | letter, or poster, or over any radio or television station, or

101 in any other way, an advertisement, announcement, or statement
102 containing an assertion, representation, or statement with
103 regard to the risk-based capital levels of any insurer, or of
104 any component derived in the calculation, by any insurer, agent,
105 broker, or other person engaged in any manner in the insurance
106 business would be misleading and is therefore prohibited;
107 however, if any materially false statement with respect to the
108 comparison regarding an insurer's total adjusted capital to its
109 risk-based capital levels (or any of them) or an inappropriate
110 comparison of any other amount to the insurer's risk-based
111 capital levels is published in any written publication and the
112 insurer is able to demonstrate to the office with substantial
113 proof the falsity or inappropriateness of the statement, the
114 insurer may publish in a written publication an announcement the
115 sole purpose of which is to rebut the materially false
116 statement.

117 (c) The office shall use the risk-based capital
118 instructions, risk-based capital reports, adjusted risk-based
119 capital reports, risk-based capital plans, and revised risk-
120 based capital plans solely for monitoring the solvency of
121 insurers and assessing the need for corrective action with
122 respect to insurers. The office may not use that information for
123 ratemaking, as evidence in any rate proceeding, or for
124 calculating or deriving any elements of an appropriate premium
125 level or rate of return for any line of insurance which an

126 | insurer or an affiliate of such insurer is authorized to write.

127 | (d) The risk-based capital level for a life and health
 128 | insurer ~~insurer's risk-based capital~~ is determined in accordance
 129 | with the formula set forth in the risk-based capital
 130 | instructions. The formula takes into account and may adjust for
 131 | the covariance between:

- 132 | 1. The risk with respect to the insurer's assets;
- 133 | 2. The risk of adverse insurance experience with respect
 134 | to the insurer's liabilities and obligations;
- 135 | 3. The interest rate risk with respect to the insurer's
 136 | business; and
- 137 | 4. Any other business or other relevant risk set out in
 138 | the risk-based capital instructions,

139 |
 140 | determined in each case by applying the factors in the manner
 141 | set forth in the risk-based capital instructions.

142 | (e) The A property and casualty insurer's risk-based
 143 | capital of a property and casualty insurer or a health
 144 | organization, is determined in accordance with the formula set
 145 | forth in the risk-based capital instructions. The formula takes
 146 | into account and may adjust for the covariance between:

- 147 | 1. The asset risk;
- 148 | 2. The credit risk;
- 149 | 3. The underwriting risk; and
- 150 | 4. Any other business or other relevant risk set out in

151 the risk-based capital instructions,
152
153 determined in each case by applying the factors in the manner
154 set forth in the risk-based capital instructions.

155 (f) The Legislature finds that an excess of capital over
156 the amount produced by the risk-based capital requirements and
157 the formulas, schedules, and instructions specified in this
158 section is a desirable goal with respect to the business of
159 insurance. Accordingly, insurers should seek to maintain capital
160 above the risk-based capital levels required by this section.
161 Additional capital is used and useful in the insurance business
162 and helps to secure an insurer against various risks inherent
163 in, or affecting, the business of insurance and not accounted
164 for or only partially measured by the risk-based capital
165 requirements contained in this section.

166 (g) If a domestic insurer files a risk-based capital
167 report that the office finds is inaccurate, the office shall
168 adjust the risk-based capital report to correct the inaccuracy
169 and shall notify the insurer of the adjustment. The notice must
170 state the reason for the adjustment. A risk-based capital report
171 that is so adjusted is referred to as the adjusted risk-based
172 capital report. The adjusted risk-based capital report must also
173 be filed by the insurer with the National Association of
174 Insurance Commissioners.

175

176 Until January 1, 2020, a health organization that holds a
 177 certificate of authority in this state before the effective date
 178 of this act, but is not authorized in any other state,
 179 jurisdiction, or country, is not required to comply with this
 180 subsection. A health organization that has agreed to comply with
 181 this section by execution of an agreement with the office
 182 remains subject to the terms of that agreement.

183 (3) (a) A company action level event includes:

184 1. The filing of a risk-based capital report by an insurer
 185 which indicates that:

186 a. The insurer's total adjusted capital is greater than or
 187 equal to its regulatory action level risk-based capital but less
 188 than its company action level risk-based capital;

189 b. If a life and health insurer reports using the life and
 190 health annual statement instructions, the insurer has total
 191 adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its company
 192 action level risk-based capital, but is less than the product of
 193 its authorized control level risk-based capital and 3.0, and has
 194 a negative trend;

195 c. ~~Effective January 1, 2015,~~ If a life and health
 196 insurer, or property and casualty insurer, or health
 197 organization reports using the health annual statement
 198 instructions, the insurer or organization has total adjusted
 199 capital that is greater than or equal to its company action
 200 level risk-based capital, but is less than the product of its

201 authorized control level risk-based capital and 3.0, and
202 triggers the trend test determined in accordance with the trend
203 test calculation included in the Risk-Based Capital Forecasting
204 and Instructions, Health, updated annually by the NAIC; or

205 d. If a property and casualty insurer reports using the
206 property and casualty annual statement instructions, the insurer
207 has total adjusted capital that is greater than or equal to its
208 company action level risk-based capital, but less than the
209 product of its authorized control level risk-based capital and
210 3.0, and triggers the trend test determined in accordance with
211 the trend test calculation included in the Risk-Based Capital
212 Forecasting and Instructions, Property/Casualty, updated
213 annually by the NAIC;

214 2. The notification by the office to the insurer of an
215 adjusted risk-based capital report that indicates an event in
216 subparagraph 1., unless the insurer challenges the adjusted
217 risk-based capital report under subsection (7); or

218 3. If, under subsection (7), an insurer challenges an
219 adjusted risk-based capital report that indicates an event in
220 subparagraph 1., the notification by the office to the insurer
221 that the office has, after a hearing, rejected the insurer's
222 challenge.

223 (6)

224 (b) If a mandatory control level event occurs:

225 1. With respect to a life and health insurer or health

226 organization, the office shall, after due consideration of ss.
227 ~~s. 624.408, and effective January 1, 2015, ss. 636.045,~~ and
228 641.225, take any action necessary to place the insurer under
229 regulatory control, including any remedy available under chapter
230 631. A mandatory control level event is sufficient ground for
231 the department to be appointed as receiver as provided in
232 chapter 631. The office may forego taking action for up to 90
233 days after the mandatory control level event if the office finds
234 there is a reasonable expectation that the event may be
235 eliminated within the 90-day period.

236 2. With respect to a property and casualty insurer, the
237 office shall, after due consideration of s. 624.408, take any
238 action necessary to place the insurer under regulatory control,
239 including any remedy available under chapter 631, or, in the
240 case of an insurer that is not writing new business, may allow
241 the insurer to continue to operate under the supervision of the
242 office. In either case, the mandatory control level event is
243 sufficient ground for the department to be appointed as receiver
244 as provided in chapter 631. The office may forego taking action
245 for up to 90 days after the mandatory control level event if the
246 office finds there is a reasonable expectation that the event
247 may be eliminated within the 90-day period.

248 Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
249 631.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

250 631.271 Priority of claims.—

251 (1) The priority of distribution of claims from the
252 insurer's estate shall be in accordance with the order in which
253 each class of claims is set forth in this subsection. Every
254 claim in each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds
255 shall be retained for such payment before the members of the
256 next class may receive any payment. No subclasses may be
257 established within any class. The order of distribution of
258 claims shall be:

259 (b) Class 2.—All claims under policies for losses
260 incurred, including third-party claims, all claims against the
261 insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or
262 destruction of tangible property which claims are not under
263 policies, ~~and~~ all claims of a guaranty association or foreign
264 guaranty association, and all claims related to a patient's
265 health care coverage by physicians, hospitals, and other
266 providers of a health insurer or health maintenance
267 organization. All claims under life insurance and annuity
268 policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or
269 investment values, shall be treated as loss claims. That portion
270 of any loss, indemnification for which is provided by other
271 benefits or advantages recovered by the claimant, may not be
272 included in this class, other than benefits or advantages
273 recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial obligations of
274 support or by way of succession at death or as proceeds of life
275 insurance, or as gratuities. No payment by an employer to her or

276 his employee may be treated as a gratuity.

277 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 631.718, Florida
278 Statutes, is amended to read:

279 631.718 Assessments.—

280 (3) (a) The amount of any Class A assessment shall be
281 determined by the board and may be made on a non-pro rata basis.
282 The assessment may not be credited against future insolvency
283 assessments and may not exceed \$250 per member insurer in any
284 one calendar year.

285 (b) The amount of any Class B assessment shall be
286 allocated for assessment purposes among the accounts pursuant to
287 an allocation formula, which may be based on the premiums or
288 reserves of the impaired or insolvent insurer.

289 (c) Class B assessments against member insurers for each
290 account, except assessments made pursuant to paragraph (d), must
291 be based upon the premiums received on business in this state by
292 each assessed member insurer on policies or contracts covered by
293 each account for the 3 most recent calendar years for which
294 information is available preceding the year of the assessment in
295 proportion to premiums received on business in this state for
296 those calendar years by all assessed member insurers. If the
297 most recent 3 years of premium information is not available for
298 each member insurer, the board of directors may use the premium
299 information that is reasonably available. Notice of an
300 assessment for expenses of the association in handling claims

301 must be given to the department and the office at least 60 days
302 prior to the assessment, along with details of expenses by
303 category and date and a justification for the expenditure.

304 (d) Class B assessments made by the board of directors
305 pursuant to paragraph (2) (b) for the payment of obligations
306 under long-term care insurance policies or long-term care
307 insurance contracts of an impaired or insolvent insurer must be
308 made against all health insurers and life insurers in an amount
309 sufficient to pay all long-term care obligations as they come
310 due. Such assessment must be based upon the combined total of
311 life and health insurance premiums written in this state for the
312 3 calendar years preceding the assessment and may not be
313 considered borrowing between accounts. The assessment for each
314 member insurer must be based on the ratio of the combined total
315 of life and health insurance premiums written in this state by
316 the insurer for the 3 most recent calendar years to the combined
317 total of life and health insurance premiums written by all
318 member insurers for the 3 most recent calendar years. For
319 purposes of calculating the limit set forth in paragraph (5) (a),
320 an insurer's assessment must be allocated to each account in
321 proportion to the amount of premium received by the insurer for
322 business covered by the account.

323 (e) ~~(d)~~ Assessments for funds to meet the requirements of
324 the association with respect to an impaired or insolvent insurer
325 may not be made until necessary to implement the purposes of

326 | this part.

327 | (f)~~(e)~~ Classification of assessments under subsection (2)
 328 | and computation of assessments under this subsection must be
 329 | made with a reasonable degree of accuracy, recognizing that
 330 | exact determinations are not always possible.

331 |
 332 | This subsection applies to all assessments issued on or after
 333 | the effective date of this act, regardless of the date of
 334 | liquidation.

335 | Section 5. Section 641.201, Florida Statutes, is amended
 336 | to read:

337 | 641.201 Applicability of other laws.—

338 | (1) Except as provided in this part, health maintenance
 339 | organizations are ~~shall be~~ governed by ~~the provisions of~~ this
 340 | part and part III of this chapter and are ~~shall be~~ exempt from
 341 | all other provisions of the Florida Insurance Code except those
 342 | provisions ~~of the Florida Insurance Code~~ that are explicitly
 343 | made applicable to health maintenance organizations.

344 | (2) Health maintenance organizations are considered
 345 | insurers for purposes of:

346 | (a) Sections 624.4073 and 628.231.

347 | (b) Section 624.4095, except that:

348 | 1. The ratio of actual or projected annual gross written
 349 | premiums to current or projected surplus as to policyholders for
 350 | a health maintenance organization holding a certificate of

351 authority before the effective date of this act may not exceed
352 30 to 1 beginning July 1, 2020, until June 30, 2024; 20 to 1
353 beginning July 1, 2024, until June 30, 2028; and 10 to 1
354 beginning July 1, 2028.

355 2. In calculating the premium-to-surplus ratio of a health
356 maintenance organization pursuant to s. 624.4095(1), actual or
357 projected risk revenue must be added to actual or projected
358 written premiums.

359 (3) Health maintenance organizations are subject to the
360 applicable provisions of s. 624.4085.

361 Section 6. The Division of Law Revision and Information is
362 directed to replace the phrase "the effective date of this act"
363 wherever it occurs in this act with the date this act becomes a
364 law.

365 Section 7. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
366 act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.