By Senator Steube

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to controlled substances; amending s. 893.13, F.S.; requiring a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment for specified violations related to controlled substances which are committed in a dwelling; creating a criminal penalty for possession with intent to distribute a controlled substance under certain circumstances; amending s. 893.135, F.S.; creating the criminal penalty of "trafficking in fentanyl"; requiring mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment and fines for specified quantities of fentanyl; adding a minimum specified quantity of fentanyl to the crime of trafficking in illegal drugs; creating the criminal penalty of "trafficking in synthetic drugs"; requiring mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment and fines for specified quantities of certain controlled substances; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.; adding offenses relating to trafficking in LSD and synthetic drugs to the offense severity ranking chart; reenacting ss. 112.0455(8)(s), 397.451(4)(b), 435.07(2), 775.084(1)(a), 831.311(1), 893.138(3), 921.187(1)(1), F.S., relating to the Drug-Free Workplace Act, background checks of service provider personnel, exemptions from disqualification from employment, habitual felony offenders, counterfeitresistant prescription blanks for controlled substances, abatement of a declared public nuisance, and alternatives to a state prison sentence, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 893.13, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 373.6055(3)(c), 397.451(6), 414.095(1), 775.087(2)(a)and (3)(a), 782.04(1)(a), (3), and (4), 893.03(3)(c),

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907.041(4)(c), 921.0024(1)(b), 943.0585, and 943.059, F.S., relating to criminal history checks for certain water management district employees and others, disqualification from receiving state funds, determining eligibility for temporary cash assistance, minimum term of imprisonment for conviction of a felony or attempting to commit a felony, murder, Schedule III controlled substances, pretrial detention and release, Criminal Punishment Code worksheet computations, court-ordered expunction of criminal history records, and court-ordered sealing of criminal history records, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 893.135, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 772.12(2), 810.02(3), 812.014(2)(c), 893.1351(1) and (2), and 903.133, F.S., relating to the Drug Dealer Liability Act; burglary; theft; owning, leasing, renting, or possessing for trafficking in or manufacturing a controlled substance; and the prohibition of bail on appeal for certain felony convictions, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 893.13 and 893.135, F.S., in references thereto; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 893.13, Florida Statutes, is amended, paragraph (d) of subsection (8) of that section is republished, and subsection

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(11) is added to that section, to read:
893.13 Prohibited acts; penalties.—

- (1) (a) Except as authorized by this chapter and chapter 499, a person may not sell, manufacture, or deliver, or possess with intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver, a controlled substance. A person who violates this provision with respect to:
- 1. A controlled substance named or described in s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who violates this subparagraph in a dwelling, as defined in s. 810.011, shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- 2. A controlled substance named or described in s. 893.03(1)(c), (2)(c)1., (2)(c)2., (2)(c)3., (2)(c)5., (2)(c)6., (2)(c)7., (2)(c)8., (2)(c)9., (3), or (4) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 3. A controlled substance named or described in s. 893.03(5) commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(8)

(d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if a prescribing practitioner has violated paragraph (a) and received \$1,000 or more in payment for writing one or more prescriptions or, in the case of a prescription written for a controlled substance described in s. 893.135, has written one or more prescriptions for a quantity of a controlled substance which, individually or in the aggregate, meets the threshold for the offense of

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trafficking in a controlled substance under s. 893.135, the violation is reclassified as a felony of the second degree and ranked in level 4 of the Criminal Punishment Code.

(11) A person who knowingly and intentionally possesses with intent to distribute a quantity of a substance or mixture containing detectable amounts of a controlled substance named or described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4. and (2)(b)9., the use of which results in death, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 2. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 893.135, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (m) is added to that subsection, to read:

- 893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking.—
- (1) Except as authorized in this chapter or in chapter 499 and notwithstanding the provisions of s. 893.13:
- (c)1. A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of any morphine, opium, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b), (2)(a), (3)(c)3., or (3)(c)4., or 4 grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, but less than 30 kilograms of such substance or mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in illegal drugs," punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the quantity involved:
 - a. Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such person

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shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.

- b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$500,000.
- 2. A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 14 grams or more of hydrocodone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, or 14 grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in hydrocodone," punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 50 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 50 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$500,000.
 - d. Is 200 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such

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person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$750,000.

- 3. A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 7 grams or more of oxycodone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, or 7 grams or more of any mixture containing any such substance, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in oxycodone," punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the quantity involved:
- a. Is 7 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 25 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 25 grams or more, but less than 100 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$500,000.
- d. Is 100 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$750,000.
- 4. A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 4 grams or more of

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fentanyl, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer
thereof, or 4 grams or more of any mixture containing any such
substance, but less than 30 kilograms of such substance or
mixture, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony
shall be known as "trafficking in fentanyl," punishable as
provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the
quantity involved:

- a. Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.
- b. Is 14 grams or more, but less than 28 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$100,000.
- c. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$500,000.
- 5.4. A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 30 kilograms or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b), (2)(a), (3)(c)3., or (3)(c)4., or 30 kilograms or more of fentanyl as described in s. 893.03(2)(b)9., or 30 kilograms or more of any mixture containing any such substance, commits the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs. A person who has been convicted of the first degree felony of trafficking in illegal drugs under this subparagraph shall be punished by life

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imprisonment and is ineligible for any form of discretionary early release except pardon or executive clemency or conditional medical release under s. 947.149. However, if the court determines that, in addition to committing any act specified in this paragraph:

- a. The person intentionally killed an individual or counseled, commanded, induced, procured, or caused the intentional killing of an individual and such killing was the result; or
- b. The person's conduct in committing that act led to a natural, though not inevitable, lethal result,

such person commits the capital felony of trafficking in illegal drugs, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. A person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

6.5. A person who knowingly brings into this state 60 kilograms or more of any morphine, opium, oxycodone, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, or any salt, derivative, isomer, or salt of an isomer thereof, including heroin, as described in s. 893.03(1)(b), (2)(a), (3)(c)3., or (3)(c)4., or 60 kilograms or more of any mixture containing any such substance, and who knows that the probable result of such importation would be the death of a person, commits capital importation of illegal drugs, a capital felony punishable as provided in ss. 775.082 and 921.142. A person sentenced for a capital felony under this paragraph shall also be sentenced to pay the maximum fine provided under subparagraph 1.

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(m) A person who knowingly sells, purchases, manufactures, delivers, or brings into this state, or who is knowingly in actual or constructive possession of, 250 grams or more of a controlled substance described in s. 893.03(1)(c)46.-50., 114.-142., 151.-159., or 166.-173., or any mixture containing those substances, commits a felony of the first degree, which felony shall be known as "trafficking in synthetic drugs," punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. If the quantity involved:

- 1. Is 250 grams or more, but less than 500 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$25,000.
- 2. Is 500 grams or more, but less than 1,000 grams, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 7 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$50,000.
- 3. Is 1,000 grams or more, but less than 30 kilograms, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$200,000.
- 4. Is 30 kilograms or more, such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years and shall be ordered to pay a fine of \$750,000.

Section 3. Paragraphs (g) and (i) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of that section is republished, to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.—

i	23-00203-17		2017150
265	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY	RANKING CHAR	Г
266	(e) LEVEL 5		
267			
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
268			
	316.027(2)(a)	3rd	Accidents involving
			personal injuries other
			than serious bodily
			injury, failure to stop;
			leaving scene.
269			
	316.1935(4)(a)	2nd	Aggravated fleeing or
0.70			eluding.
270	216 00 (0)	0 1	77] 6]
	316.80(2)	2nd	Unlawful conveyance of
			<pre>fuel; obtaining fuel fraudulently.</pre>
271			rraudurencry.
271	322.34(6)	3rd	Careless operation of
	322.31(0)	314	motor vehicle with
			suspended license,
			resulting in death or
			serious bodily injury.
272			1 3 1
	327.30(5)	3rd	Vessel accidents
			involving personal
			injury; leaving scene.
273			
I			l

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379.365(2)(c)1.

3rd

Violation of rules relating to: willful molestation of stone crab traps, lines, or buoys; illegal bartering, trading, or sale, conspiring or aiding in such barter, trade, or sale, or supplying, agreeing to supply, aiding in supplying, or giving away stone crab trap tags or certificates; making, altering, forging, counterfeiting, or reproducing stone crab trap tags; possession of forged, counterfeit, or imitation stone crab trap tags; and engaging in the commercial harvest of stone crabs while license is suspended or revoked.

274

379.367(4)

3rd

Willful molestation of a commercial harvester's

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			spiny lobster trap,
			line, or buoy.
275			
	379.407(5)(b)3.	3rd	Possession of 100 or
			more undersized spiny
			lobsters.
276			
	381.0041(11)(b)	3rd	Donate blood, plasma, or
			organs knowing HIV
077			positive.
277	440 10/1\/~\	2nd	Failure to obtain
	440.10(1)(g)	2110	workers' compensation
			coverage.
278			coverage.
2,0	440.105(5)	2nd	Unlawful solicitation
	, ,		for the purpose of
			making workers'
			compensation claims.
279			
	440.381(2)	2nd	Submission of false,
			misleading, or
			incomplete information
			with the purpose of
			avoiding or reducing
			workers' compensation
			premiums.
280			
	624.401(4)(b)2.	2nd	Transacting insurance

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			without a certificate or
			authority; premium
			collected \$20,000 or
			more but less than
			\$100,000.
281			
	626.902(1)(c)	2nd	Representing an
			unauthorized insurer;
			repeat offender.
282			
	790.01(2)	3rd	Carrying a concealed
			firearm.
283			
	790.162	2nd	Threat to throw or
			discharge destructive
			device.
284			
	790.163(1)	2nd	False report of bomb,
			explosive, weapon of
			mass destruction, or use
			of firearms in violent
			manner.
285			
	790.221(1)	2nd	Possession of short-
			barreled shotgun or
			machine gun.
286			
	790.23	2nd	Felons in possession of
			firearms, ammunition, or

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į	23-00203-17		2017150
			electronic weapons or
			devices.
287			
	796.05(1)	2nd	Live on earnings of a
	,		prostitute; 1st offense.
288			prostruct, ist offense.
200	200 04(6)(3)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious
	800.04(6)(c)	210	
			conduct; offender less
			than 18 years of age.
289			
	800.04(7)(b)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious
			exhibition; offender 18
			years of age or older.
290			
	806.111(1)	3rd	Possess, manufacture, or
			dispense fire bomb with
			intent to damage any
			structure or property.
291			1 1 1
	812.0145(2)(b)	2nd	Theft from person 65
	012:0110(2)(2)	2110	years of age or older;
			\$10,000 or more but less
0.00			than \$50,000.
292			
	812.015(8)	3rd	Retail theft; property
			stolen is valued at \$300
			or more and one or more
			specified acts.
293			
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•	23-00203-17		2017150
	812.019(1)	2nd	Stolen property; dealing
			in or trafficking in.
294			
	812.131(2)(b)	3rd	Robbery by sudden
			snatching.
295			
	812.16(2)	3rd	Owning, operating, or
			conducting a chop shop.
296	017 024/40 /- 02	Q1	
	817.034(4)(a)2.	2nd	Communications fraud, value \$20,000 to
			\$50,000.
297			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
231	817.234(11)(b)	2nd	Insurance fraud;
	- ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		property value \$20,000
			or more but less than
			\$100,000.
298			
	817.2341(1),	3rd	Filing false financial
	(2)(a) & (3)(a)		statements, making false
			entries of material fact
			or false statements
			regarding property
			values relating to the
			solvency of an insuring
			entity.
299	048 560 (0) (0)		
	817.568(2)(b)	2nd	Fraudulent use of
			personal identification

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			information; value of
			benefit, services
			received, payment
			avoided, or amount of
			injury or fraud, \$5,000
			or more or use of
			personal identification
			information of 10 or
			more persons.
300			
	817.611(2)(a)	2nd	Traffic in or possess 5
			to 14 counterfeit credit
			cards or related
			documents.
301			
	817.625(2)(b)	2nd	Second or subsequent
			fraudulent use of
			scanning device or
200			reencoder.
302	005 1005 (4)	2 1	
	825.1025(4)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious
			exhibition in the
			presence of an elderly
			person or disabled
303			adult.
303	827.071(4)	2nd	Possess with intent to
	021.011(1)	2110	promote any photographic
			material, motion

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			picture, etc., which
			includes sexual conduct
			by a child.
304			
	827.071(5)	3rd	Possess, control, or
			intentionally view any
			photographic material,
			motion picture, etc.,
			which includes sexual
			conduct by a child.
305			
	839.13(2)(b)	2nd	Falsifying records of an
			individual in the care
			and custody of a state
			agency involving great
206			bodily harm or death.
306	843.01	3rd	Resist officer with
	043.01	310	violence to person;
			resist arrest with
			violence.
307			violence.
	847.0135(5)(b)	2nd	Lewd or lascivious
			exhibition using
			computer; offender 18
			years or older.
308			
	847.0137	3rd	Transmission of
	(2) & (3)		pornography by
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ı	23-00203-17		2017150
			or (4) within 1,000 feet
			of property used for
			religious services or a
			specified business site.
316			
	893.13(1)(f)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver cocaine (or
			other s. 893.03(1)(a),
			(1)(b), (1)(d), or
			(2)(a), (2)(b), or
			(2)(c)4. drugs) within
			1,000 feet of public
			housing facility.
317			
	893.13(4)(b)	2nd	Use or hire of minor;
			deliver to minor other
			controlled substance.
318	000 1051 (1)	2 1	
	893.1351(1)	3rd	Ownership, lease, or
			rental for trafficking
			in or manufacturing of controlled substance.
319			controlled substance.
320	(g) LEVEL 7		
321	(2),,		
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
322		3	-
	316.027(2)(c)	1st	Accident involving death,

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			failure to stop; leaving
			scene.
323			
020	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious
	310.133(3)(0)2.	JIU	-
			bodily injury.
324			
	316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily
			injury or death to another
			person; driving at high
			speed or with wanton
			disregard for safety while
			fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement
			officer who is in a patrol
			vehicle with siren and
			lights activated.
325			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in
			serious bodily injury.
326			
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and
			negligence or intentional
			act resulting in great
			bodily harm, permanent
			disfiguration, permanent
			disability, or death.
207			disability, or deadir.
327	400.000		
	409.920	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2)(b)1.a.		\$10,000 or less.

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328			
	409.920	2nd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	(2) (b) 1.b.		more than \$10,000, but
			less than \$50,000.
329			
	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license.
330			
	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care
			profession without a
			license which results in
			serious bodily injury.
331			
	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine
			without a license.
332			
	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic
			medicine without a
			license.
333			
	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic
			medicine without a
			license.
334			
	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric
			medicine without a
			license.
335			
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	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy
336			without a license.
	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry
337			without a license.
337	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without
			a license.
338	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy
			without a license.
339	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or
	400.020(1)	Jiu	dental hygiene without a
			license.
340	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery
			without a license.
341	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory
	400.300	Siu	care services without a
			license.
342	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical
			laboratory personnel
242			without a license.
343	483.901(7)	3rd	Practicing medical physics
			without a license.

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344	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a
345			prescription.
313	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without a license.
346			
	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of chapter 494 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.
347			
	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business.
348	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money services business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report

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			financial transactions
			exceeding \$300 but less
			than \$20,000 by financial
			institution.
350			
	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure
			to register; failure to
			renew driver license or
			identification card; other
351			registration violations.
331	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working
	773.21(10)(D)	314	where children regularly
			congregate.
352			
	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or
			providing false
			information about a sexual
			predator; harbor or
			conceal a sexual predator.
353			
	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of
			a person by a person other
			than the perpetrator or
			the perpetrator of an
354			attempted felony.
334	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being
	, 02 • 0 / (±)	2110	by the act, procurement,
			in the deet, productioner,

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			or culpable negligence of
			another (manslaughter).
355			
	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being
			or unborn child by the
			operation of a motor
			vehicle in a reckless
			manner (vehicular
			homicide).
356			
	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being
			by the operation of a
			vessel in a reckless
			manner (vessel homicide).
357			
	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			intentionally causing
			great bodily harm or
			disfigurement.
358			
	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using
			deadly weapon.
359			
	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery;
			perpetrator aware victim
			pregnant.
360			
	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of injunction or
			'

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			court order.
361			
	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking;
			violation of court order.
362			
0 0 1	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law
	/ 0 1 • 0 / (2 / (d)	150	enforcement officer.
363			enioreement orriteer.
303	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on
	704.074(1)(a)	130	sexually violent predators
0.64			facility staff.
364			
	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a
			person 65 years of age or
			older.
365			
	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on
			specified official or
			employee.
366			
	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by
			detained person on visitor
			or other detainee.
367			
307	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code
	,04.000(1)	130	
260			inspector.
368	707 06 (2) () 0	1 .	
	787.06(3)(a)2.	1st	Human trafficking using
			coercion for labor and

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			services of an adult.
369			
	787.06(3)(e)2.	1st	Human trafficking using
			coercion for labor and
			services by the transfer
			or transport of an adult
			from outside Florida to
0.7.0			within the state.
370	700 07 (4)	1 .	
	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons
			violation subsequent to previous conviction of s.
			790.07(1) or (2).
371			730.07(1) 01 (2).
	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun
			under specified
			circumstances.
372			
	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell,
			possess, or deliver hoax
			bomb.
373			
	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
			threatening to use any
			hoax bomb while committing
			or attempting to commit a
			felony.
374	700 166721	O == 4	Degeography golling
ļ	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling,

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			using, or attempting to
			use a hoax weapon of mass
			destruction.
375			
	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or
			threatening to use a hoax
			weapon of mass destruction
			while committing or
			attempting to commit a
276			felony.
376	790.23	1st,PBL	Possession of a firearm by
	790.23	150,600	a person who qualifies for
			the penalty enhancements
			provided for in s. 874.04.
377			P2012404 202 21 01 07 170 17
	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation;
			consent by a parent,
			guardian, or a person in
			custodial authority to a
			victim younger than 18
			years of age.
378			
	796.05(1)	1st	Live on earnings of a
			prostitute; 2nd offense.
379			
	796.05(1)	1st	Live on earnings of a
			prostitute; 3rd and
			subsequent offense.

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380			
	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious
			molestation; victim
			younger than 12 years of
			age; offender younger than
			18 years of age.
381			
	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious
			molestation; victim 12
			years of age or older but
			younger than 16 years of
			age; offender 18 years of
			age or older.
382	000 04/5) /)	1 .	- , , , , , , ,
	800.04(5)(e)	1st	Lewd or lascivious
			molestation; victim 12
			years of age or older but younger than 16 years;
			offender 18 years or
			older; prior conviction
			for specified sex offense.
383			1
	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage
			structure by fire or
			explosive.
384			
	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied
			dwelling; unarmed; no
			assault or battery.
ı			'

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385			
	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied
			dwelling; unarmed; no
			assault or battery.
386	010 00 (0) (1)		
	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied
			conveyance; unarmed; no
207			assault or battery.
387	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized
	010.02(3)(e)	2110	emergency vehicle.
388			emergency venicie.
	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at
	, , , ,		\$100,000 or more or a
			semitrailer deployed by a
			law enforcement officer;
			property stolen while
			causing other property
			damage; 1st degree grand
			theft.
389			
	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo
			valued at less than
			\$50,000, grand theft in
			2nd degree.
390			_
	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency
			medical equipment; 2nd
			degree grand theft.

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391	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle.
393	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more.
	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
394 395	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly weapon, or other weapon.
396	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value greater than \$50,000.
397	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims

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1	23-00203-17		2017150
			with intent to defraud.
398	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or
			participating in an
			intentional motor vehicle
			collision.
399			
	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property
			value \$100,000 or more.
400			
	817.2341	1st	Making false entries of
	(2) (b) & (3) (b)		material fact or false
			statements regarding
			property values relating
			to the solvency of an insuring entity which are
			a significant cause of the
			insolvency of that entity.
401			instruction of that energy.
	817.535(2)(a)	3rd	Filing false lien or other
			unauthorized document.
402			
	817.611(2)(b)	2nd	Traffic in or possess 15
			to 49 counterfeit credit
			cards or related
			documents.
403			
	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly
			person or disabled adult

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i	23-00203-17		2017150
			causing great bodily harm,
			disability, or
			disfigurement.
404			
	825.103(3)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly
			person or disabled adult
			and property is valued at
			\$10,000 or more, but less
			than \$50,000.
405			
	827.03(2)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing
			great bodily harm,
			disability, or
400			disfigurement.
406	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child
	027.04(3)	Jid	under 16 years of age by
			person 21 years of age or
			older.
407			
	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information
			about alleged capital
			felony to a law
			enforcement officer.
408			
	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
409			
	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or
			reward for official

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410			behavior.
110	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
411			
	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
412	843.0855(2)	3rd	Impersonation of a public
413			officer or employee.
	843.0855(3)	3rd	Unlawful simulation of legal process.
414			
	843.0855(4)	3rd	Intimidation of a public officer or employee.
415			
	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a computer service, to commit an unlawful sex
416			act.
	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor to commit an unlawful sex act.
417	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human
418	072.00	2110	body.
410	874.05(2)(b)	1st	Encouraging or recruiting

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			person under 13 to join a
			criminal gang; second or
			subsequent offense.
419			
	874.10	1st,PBL	Knowingly initiates,
			organizes, plans,
			finances, directs,
			manages, or supervises
			criminal gang-related
			activity.
420			
	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver cocaine (or other
			drug prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
			(2)(c)4.) within 1,000
			feet of a child care
			facility, school, or
			state, county, or
			municipal park or publicly
			owned recreational
			facility or community
			center.
421			
	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or
			deliver cocaine or other
			drug prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b),
ļ			

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,	23-00203-17		2017150
			(1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or
			(2)(c)4., within 1,000
			feet of property used for
			religious services or a
			specified business site.
422			
	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Use or hire of minor;
			deliver to minor other
			controlled substance.
423			
	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis,
			more than 25 lbs., less
			than 2,000 lbs.
424			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in cocaine,
	(1)(b)1.a.		more than 28 grams, less
			than 200 grams.
425			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in illegal
	(1)(c)1.a.		drugs, more than 4 grams,
			less than 14 grams.
426			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(c)2.a.		hydrocodone, 14 grams or
			more, less than 28 grams.
427			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(c)2.b.		hydrocodone, 28 grams or
			more, less than 50 grams.

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428			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in oxycodone,
	(1)(c)3.a.		7 grams or more, less than
			14 grams.
429			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in oxycodone,
	(1) (c) 3.b.		14 grams or more, less
			than 25 grams.
430			
	893.135(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			phencyclidine, more than
			28 grams, less than 200
			grams.
431			
	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			methaqualone, more than
			200 grams, less than 5
			kilograms.
432			
	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in
			amphetamine, more than 14
			grams, less than 28 grams.
433			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1)(g)1.a.		flunitrazepam, 4 grams or
			more, less than 14 grams.
434			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
	(1)(h)1.a.		hydroxybutyric acid (GHB),
•			'

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			1 kilogram or more, less
			than 5 kilograms.
435			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
	(1)(j)1.a.		Butanediol, 1 kilogram or
			more, less than 5
			kilograms.
436			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
	(1) (k) 2.a.		Phenethylamines, 10 grams
			or more, less than 200
			grams.
437			
	893.135	<u>1st</u>	Trafficking in LSD, 1 gram
	(1)(1)1.a.		or more, less than 5
			grams.
438			
	893.135(1)(m)1.	<u>1st</u>	Trafficking in synthetic
			drugs, 250 grams or more,
			less than 500 grams.
439			
	893.135(1)(m)2.	<u>1st</u>	Trafficking in synthetic
			drugs, 500 grams or more,
			less than 1,000 grams.
440			
	893.1351(2)	2nd	Possession of place for
			trafficking in or
			manufacturing of
			controlled substance.

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441	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less
442	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	than \$20,000. Structuring transactions to evade reporting or
			registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
443	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent residence; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
444	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting
445	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	requirements. Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
446	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or

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			providing false
			information about a sexual
			offender; harbor or
			conceal a sexual offender.
447			
	943.0435(14)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to report and reregister;
			failure to respond to
			address verification;
			providing false
110			registration information.
448	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
	344.007(3)	Jiu	to comply with reporting
			requirements.
449			
	944.607(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to submit to the taking of
			a digitized photograph.
450			
	944.607(12)	3rd	Failure to report or
			providing false
			information about a sexual
			offender; harbor or
			conceal a sexual offender.
451	0.4.4 (0.5.4.1.0.)	2	
	944.607(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to report and reregister;
			failure to respond to

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			address verification;
			providing false
			registration information.
452			
	985.4815(10)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to submit to the taking of
			a digitized photograph.
453			
	985.4815(12)	3rd	Failure to report or
			providing false
			information about a sexual
			offender; harbor or
			conceal a sexual offender.
454			
	985.4815(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure
			to report and reregister;
			failure to respond to
			address verification;
			providing false
			registration information.
455			
456	(i) LEVEL 9		
457			
	Florida	Felony	
	Statute	Degree	Description
458			
	316.193	1st	DUI manslaughter; failing
	(3) (c) 3.b.		to render aid or give
			information.
l			l

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459			
	327.35	1st	BUI manslaughter; failing
	(3) (c) 3.b.		to render aid or give
			information.
460	400.000		
	409.920	1st	Medicaid provider fraud;
1.61	(2) (b) 1.c.		\$50,000 or more.
461	499.0051(8)	1st	Vnoving gale on numbers
	499.0031(0)	150	Knowing sale or purchase of contraband
			prescription drugs
			resulting in great bodily
			harm.
462			
	560.123(8)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report
			currency or payment
			instruments totaling or
			exceeding \$100,000 by
			money transmitter.
463			
	560.125(5)(c)	1st	Money transmitter
			business by unauthorized
			person, currency, or
			payment instruments
			totaling or exceeding
4.6.4			\$100,000.
464	CEE E0 (10) (1-) 2	1	Deilane te nonet
	655.50(10)(b)3.	1st	Failure to report financial transactions
			TIMANUTAL CLANSACCIONS

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,	23-00203-17		2017150
			totaling or exceeding
			\$100,000 by financial
			institution.
465			
	775.0844	1st	Aggravated white collar
			crime.
466			
	782.04(1)	1st	Attempt, conspire, or
			solicit to commit
			premeditated murder.
467			
	782.04(3)	1st,PBL	Accomplice to murder in
			connection with arson,
			sexual battery, robbery,
			burglary, aggravated
			fleeing or eluding with
			serious bodily injury or
			death, and other
			specified felonies.
468			-
	782.051(1)	1st	Attempted felony murder
	,		while perpetrating or
			attempting to perpetrate
			a felony enumerated in s.
			782.04(3).
469			,02.01(0).
100	782.07(2)	1st	Aggravated manslaughter
	,02.0/(2)	130	of an elderly person or
			disabled adult.
			arsabrea adure.

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470			
	787.01(1)(a)1.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping; hold for
			ransom or reward or as a
471			shield or hostage.
471	787.01(1)(a)2.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to
	707.UI(I)(d)2.	ISC, PDL	commit or facilitate
			commission of any felony.
472			conumication of any retory.
	787.01(1)(a)4.	1st,PBL	Kidnapping with intent to
			interfere with
			performance of any
			governmental or political
			function.
473			
	787.02(3)(a)	1st,PBL	False imprisonment; child
			under age 13; perpetrator
			also commits aggravated child abuse, sexual
			battery, or lewd or
			lascivious battery,
			molestation, conduct, or
			exhibition.
474			
	787.06(3)(c)1.	1st	Human trafficking for
			labor and services of an
			unauthorized alien child.
475			
	787.06(3)(d)	1st	Human trafficking using

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			coercion for commercial
			sexual activity of an
			unauthorized adult alien.
476			
	787.06(3)(f)1.	1st,PBL	Human trafficking for
			commercial sexual
			activity by the transfer
			or transport of any child
			from outside Florida to
			within the state.
477			
	790.161	1st	Attempted capital
			destructive device
			offense.
478	T00 16640)	4	
	790.166(2)	1st,PBL	Possessing, selling,
			using, or attempting to
			use a weapon of mass destruction.
479			destruction.
4/9	794.011(2)	1st	Attempted sexual battery;
	794.011(2)	150	victim less than 12 years
			of age.
480			or age.
400	794.011(2)	Life	Sexual battery; offender
	, 51.011 (2)	TITIC	younger than 18 years and
			commits sexual battery on
			a person less than 12
			years.
			, 5 4 2 5 .

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481			
482	794.011(4)(a)	1st,PBL	Sexual battery, certain circumstances; victim 12 years of age or older but younger than 18 years; offender 18 years or older.
483	794.011(4)(b)	1st	Sexual battery, certain circumstances; victim and offender 18 years of age or older.
484	794.011(4)(c)	1st	Sexual battery, certain circumstances; victim 12 years of age or older; offender younger than 18 years.
	794.011(4)(d)	1st,PBL	Sexual battery, certain circumstances; victim 12 years of age or older; prior conviction for specified sex offenses.
485	794.011(8)(b)	1st,PBL	Sexual battery; engage in sexual conduct with minor 12 to 18 years by person in familial or custodial

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486			authority.
	794.08(2)	1st	Female genital
			mutilation; victim
			younger than 18 years of
			age.
487			
	800.04(5)(b)	Life	Lewd or lascivious
			molestation; victim less
			than 12 years; offender
			18 years or older.
488		_	
	812.13(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Robbery with firearm or
400			other deadly weapon.
489	812.133(2)(a)	1st,PBL	Carjacking; firearm or
	012.133(2)(a)	150,100	other deadly weapon.
490			dener acadr, weapon.
	812.135(2)(b)	1st	Home-invasion robbery
	, , , ,		with weapon.
491			-
	817.535(3)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized
			document; second or
			subsequent offense;
			property owner is a
			public officer or
			employee.
492			

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	817.535(4)(a)2.	1st	Filing false claim or
			other unauthorized
			document; defendant is
			incarcerated or under
			supervision.
493			
	817.535(5)(b)	1st	Filing false lien or
			other unauthorized
			document; second or
			subsequent offense; owner
			of the property incurs
			financial loss as a
			result of the false
			instrument.
494			
	817.568(7)	2nd,	Fraudulent use of
		PBL	personal identification
			information of an
			individual under the age
			of 18 by his or her
			parent, legal guardian,
			or person exercising
			custodial authority.
495			
	827.03(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated child abuse.
496	0.45 0.1.45 (1)		
	847.0145(1)	1st	Selling, or otherwise
			transferring custody or
			control, of a minor.

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497			
	847.0145(2)	1st	Purchasing, or otherwise
			obtaining custody or
			control, of a minor.
498			
	859.01	1st	Poisoning or introducing
			bacteria, radioactive
			materials, viruses, or
			chemical compounds into
			food, drink, medicine, or
			water with intent to kill
			or injure another person.
499			
	893.135	1st	Attempted capital
500			trafficking offense.
500	000 105 (1) () 0	.	- 661 11
	893.135(1)(a)3.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis,
F 0 1			more than 10,000 lbs.
501	000 105	1 - +	mus 66 i alainan in anna in
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in cocaine,
	(1) (b) 1.c.		more than 400 grams, less than 150 kilograms.
502			Chan 150 Kilogiams.
302	893.135	1st	Trafficking in illegal
	(1) (c) 1.c.	150	drugs, more than 28
	(1) (0) 1.0.		grams, less than 30
			kilograms.
503			
	893.135	1st	Trafficking in
			- 5 .

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(1)(c)2.d.		hydrocodone, 200 grams or
		more, less than 30
		kilograms.
504		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in oxycodone,
(1)(c)3.d.		100 grams or more, less
		than 30 kilograms.
505		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in
(1) (d) 1.c.		phencyclidine, more than
		400 grams.
506		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in
(1) (e) 1.c.		methaqualone, more than
		25 kilograms.
507		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in
(1) (f) 1.c.		amphetamine, more than
		200 grams.
508		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in gamma-
(1) (h) 1.c.		hydroxybutyric acid
		(GHB), 10 kilograms or
		more.
509		
893.135	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-
(1)(j)1.c.		Butanediol, 10 kilograms
		or more.
510		

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	893.135	1st	Trafficking in	
	(1)(k)2.c.		Phenethylamines, 400	
			grams or more.	
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	893.135	<u>1st</u>	Trafficking in synthetic	
	(1) (m) 4.		drugs, 30 kilograms or	
			more.	
512				
	896.101(5)(c)	1st	Money laundering,	
			financial instruments	
			totaling or exceeding	
			\$100,000.	
513				
	896.104(4)(a)3.	1st	Structuring transactions	
			to evade reporting or	
			registration	
			requirements, financial	
			transactions totaling or	
			exceeding \$100,000.	
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515	Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment			
516	made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a			
517	reference thereto, paragraph (s) of subsection (8) of section			
518	112.0455, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:			
519	112.0455 Drug-Free Workplace Act			
520	(8) PROCEDURES AND EMPLOYEE PROTECTION.—All specimen			
521	collection and testing for drugs under this section shall be			
522	performed in accordance with the following procedures:			
523	(s) An employer may	not discharge	e, discipline, or	

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discriminate against an employee solely upon voluntarily seeking treatment, while under the employ of the employer, for a drug-related problem if the employee has not previously tested positive for drug use, entered an employee assistance program for drug-related problems, or entered an alcohol and drug rehabilitation program. However, special risk employees may be subject to discharge or disciplinary action when the presence of illicit drugs, pursuant to s. 893.13, is confirmed.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 397.451, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.-
- (4) EXEMPTIONS FROM DISQUALIFICATION. -
- (b) Since rehabilitated substance abuse impaired persons are effective in the successful treatment and rehabilitation of individuals with substance use disorders, for service providers which treat adolescents 13 years of age and older, service provider personnel whose background checks indicate crimes under s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this paragraph.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 435.07, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

435.07 Exemptions from disqualification.—Unless otherwise provided by law, the provisions of this section apply to exemptions from disqualification for disqualifying offenses revealed pursuant to background screenings required under this

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chapter, regardless of whether those disqualifying offenses are listed in this chapter or other laws.

(2) Persons employed, or applicants for employment, by treatment providers who treat adolescents 13 years of age and older who are disqualified from employment solely because of crimes under s. 817.563, s. 893.13, or s. 893.147 may be exempted from disqualification from employment pursuant to this chapter without application of the waiting period in subparagraph (1) (a) 1.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or mandatory minimum prison terms.—

- (1) As used in this act:
- (a) "Habitual felony offender" means a defendant for whom the court may impose an extended term of imprisonment, as provided in paragraph (4)(a), if it finds that:
- 1. The defendant has previously been convicted of any combination of two or more felonies in this state or other qualified offenses.
- 2. The felony for which the defendant is to be sentenced was committed:
- a. While the defendant was serving a prison sentence or other sentence, or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision that is imposed as a result of a prior conviction for a felony

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or other qualified offense; or

- b. Within 5 years of the date of the conviction of the defendant's last prior felony or other qualified offense, or within 5 years of the defendant's release from a prison sentence, probation, community control, control release, conditional release, parole or court-ordered or lawfully imposed supervision or other sentence that is imposed as a result of a prior conviction for a felony or other qualified offense, whichever is later.
- 3. The felony for which the defendant is to be sentenced, and one of the two prior felony convictions, is not a violation of s. 893.13 relating to the purchase or the possession of a controlled substance.
- 4. The defendant has not received a pardon for any felony or other qualified offense that is necessary for the operation of this paragraph.
- 5. A conviction of a felony or other qualified offense necessary to the operation of this paragraph has not been set aside in any postconviction proceeding.
- Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 831.311, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
- 831.311 Unlawful sale, manufacture, alteration, delivery, uttering, or possession of counterfeit-resistant prescription blanks for controlled substances.—
- (1) It is unlawful for any person having the intent to injure or defraud any person or to facilitate any violation of s. 893.13 to sell, manufacture, alter, deliver, utter, or

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possess with intent to injure or defraud any person, or to facilitate any violation of s. 893.13, any counterfeit-resistant prescription blanks for controlled substances, the form and content of which are adopted by rule of the Department of Health pursuant to s. 893.065.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (3) of section 893.138, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

893.138 Local administrative action to abate drug-related, prostitution-related, or stolen-property-related public nuisances and criminal gang activity.—

- (3) Any pain-management clinic, as described in s. 458.3265 or s. 459.0137, which has been used on more than two occasions within a 6-month period as the site of a violation of:
- (a) Section 784.011, s. 784.021, s. 784.03, or s. 784.045, relating to assault and battery;
 - (b) Section 810.02, relating to burglary;
 - (c) Section 812.014, relating to theft;
- (d) Section 812.131, relating to robbery by sudden snatching; or
- (e) Section 893.13, relating to the unlawful distribution of controlled substances,

may be declared to be a public nuisance, and such nuisance may be abated pursuant to the procedures provided in this section.

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.13, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (1) of subsection (1) of section

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921.187, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.187 Disposition and sentencing; alternatives; restitution.—

- (1) The alternatives provided in this section for the disposition of criminal cases shall be used in a manner that will best serve the needs of society, punish criminal offenders, and provide the opportunity for rehabilitation. If the offender does not receive a state prison sentence, the court may:
- (1)1. Require the offender who violates any criminal provision of chapter 893 to pay an additional assessment in an amount up to the amount of any fine imposed, pursuant to ss. 938.21 and 938.23.
- 2. Require the offender who violates any provision of s. 893.13 to pay an additional assessment in an amount of \$100, pursuant to ss. 938.055 and 943.361.

Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 373.6055, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

373.6055 Criminal history checks for certain water management district employees and others.—

(3)

- (c) In addition to other requirements for employment or access established by any water management district pursuant to its water management district's security plan for buildings, facilities, and structures, each water management district's security plan shall provide that:
- 1. Any person who has within the past 7 years been convicted, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, for

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a forcible felony as defined in s. 776.08; an act of terrorism as defined in s. 775.30; planting of a hoax bomb as provided in s. 790.165; any violation involving the manufacture, possession, sale, delivery, display, use, or attempted or threatened use of a weapon of mass destruction or hoax weapon of mass destruction as provided in s. 790.166; dealing in stolen property; any violation of s. 893.135; any violation involving the sale, manufacturing, delivery, or possession with intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver a controlled substance; burglary; robbery; any felony violation of s. 812.014; any violation of s. 790.07; any crime an element of which includes use or possession of a firearm; any conviction for any similar offenses under the laws of another jurisdiction; or conviction for conspiracy to commit any of the listed offenses may not be qualified for initial employment within or authorized regular access to buildings, facilities, or structures defined in the water management district's security plan as restricted access areas.

2. Any person who has at any time been convicted of any of the offenses listed in subparagraph 1. may not be qualified for initial employment within or authorized regular access to buildings, facilities, or structures defined in the water management district's security plan as restricted access areas unless, after release from incarceration and any supervision imposed as a sentence, the person remained free from a subsequent conviction, regardless of whether adjudication was withheld, for any of the listed offenses for a period of at least 7 years prior to the employment or access date under consideration.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

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made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (6) of section 397.451, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 397.451 Background checks of service provider personnel.-
- (6) DISQUALIFICATION FROM RECEIVING STATE FUNDS.—State funds may not be disseminated to any service provider owned or operated by an owner, director, or chief financial officer who has been convicted of, has entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, or has had adjudication withheld for, a violation of s. 893.135 pertaining to trafficking in controlled substances, or a violation of the law of another state, the District of Columbia, the United States or any possession or territory thereof, or any foreign jurisdiction which is substantially similar in elements and penalties to a trafficking offense in this state, unless the owner's or director's civil rights have been restored.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 414.095, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

414.095 Determining eligibility for temporary cash assistance.—

(1) ELIGIBILITY.—An applicant must meet eligibility requirements of this section before receiving services or temporary cash assistance under this chapter, except that an applicant shall be required to register for work and engage in work activities in accordance with s. 445.024, as designated by the local workforce development board, and may receive support services or child care assistance in conjunction with such

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requirement. The department shall make a determination of eligibility based on the criteria listed in this chapter. The department shall monitor continued eligibility for temporary cash assistance through periodic reviews consistent with the food assistance eligibility process. Benefits may not be denied to an individual solely based on a felony drug conviction, unless the conviction is for trafficking pursuant to s. 893.135. To be eligible under this section, an individual convicted of a drug felony must be satisfactorily meeting the requirements of the temporary cash assistance program, including all substance abuse treatment requirements. Within the limits specified in this chapter, the state opts out of the provision of Pub. L. No. 104-193, s. 115, that eliminates eligibility for temporary cash assistance and food assistance for any individual convicted of a controlled substance felony.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 775.087, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

775.087 Possession or use of weapon; aggravated battery; felony reclassification; minimum sentence.—

- (2)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
 - a. Murder;
 - b. Sexual battery;
 - c. Robbery;
 - d. Burglary;

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- 756 e. Arson;
- 757 f. Aggravated battery;
- 758 g. Kidnapping;
- 759 h. Escape;

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- i. Aircraft piracy;
- 761 j. Aggravated child abuse;
 - k. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult;
 - Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb;
 - m. Carjacking;
 - n. Home-invasion robbery;
 - o. Aggravated stalking;
 - p. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); or
 - q. Possession of a firearm by a felon

and during the commission of the offense, such person actually possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" as those terms are defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years, except that a person who is convicted for possession of a firearm by a felon or burglary of a conveyance shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment

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of 3 years if such person possessed a "firearm" or "destructive device" during the commission of the offense. However, if an offender who is convicted of the offense of possession of a firearm by a felon has a previous conviction of committing or attempting to commit a felony listed in s. 775.084(1)(b)1. and actually possessed a firearm or destructive device during the commission of the prior felony, the offender shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 years.

- 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-p., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in sub-subparagraphs (a)1.a.-p., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a "firearm" or "destructive device" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.
- (3)(a)1. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony, regardless of whether the use of a firearm is an element of the felony, and the conviction was for:
 - a. Murder;

23-00203-17 2017150 814 b. Sexual battery; 815 c. Robbery; 816 d. Burglary; 817 e. Arson; 818 f. Aggravated battery; 819 q. Kidnapping; 820 h. Escape; 821 i. Sale, manufacture, delivery, or intent to sell, 822 manufacture, or deliver any controlled substance; 823 j. Aircraft piracy; 824 k. Aggravated child abuse; 825 1. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult; 826 m. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb; 827 828 n. Carjacking; 829 o. Home-invasion robbery; 830 p. Aggravated stalking; or 831 q. Trafficking in cannabis, trafficking in cocaine, capital 832 importation of cocaine, trafficking in illegal drugs, capital 833 importation of illegal drugs, trafficking in phencyclidine, 834 capital importation of phencyclidine, trafficking in 835 methaqualone, capital importation of methaqualone, trafficking 836 in amphetamine, capital importation of amphetamine, trafficking 837 in flunitrazepam, trafficking in gamma-hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, trafficking in 838 839 Phenethylamines, or other violation of s. 893.135(1); 840 and during the commission of the offense, such person possessed 841 a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity detachable box 842

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magazine or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001, shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 15 years.

- 2. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 20 years.
- 3. Any person who is convicted of a felony or an attempt to commit a felony listed in subparagraph (a)1., regardless of whether the use of a weapon is an element of the felony, and during the course of the commission of the felony such person discharged a semiautomatic firearm and its high-capacity box magazine or a "machine gun" as defined in s. 790.001 and, as the result of the discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any person, the convicted person shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years and not more than a term of imprisonment of life in prison.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 782.04, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

782.04 Murder.-

- (1) (a) The unlawful killing of a human being:
- 1. When perpetrated from a premeditated design to effect the death of the person killed or any human being;

23-00203-17 2017150 872 2. When committed by a person engaged in the perpetration 873 of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any: 874 a. Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 875 b. Arson, 876 c. Sexual battery, 877 d. Robbery, 878 e. Burglary, 879 f. Kidnapping, 880 g. Escape, 881 h. Aggravated child abuse, i. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult, 882 883 j. Aircraft piracy, 884 k. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 885 destructive device or bomb, 886 1. Carjacking, 887 m. Home-invasion robbery, 888 n. Aggravated stalking, 889 o. Murder of another human being, 890 p. Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person, 891 q. Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury 892 or death, 893 r. Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism, 894 895 s. Human trafficking; or 896 3. Which resulted from the unlawful distribution of any 897 substance controlled under s. 893.03(1), cocaine as described in 898 s. 893.03(2)(a)4., opium or any synthetic or natural salt, 899 compound, derivative, or preparation of opium, or methadone by a

person 18 years of age or older, when such drug is proven to be

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901 the proximate cause of the death of the user, 902 903 is murder in the first degree and constitutes a capital felony, 904 punishable as provided in s. 775.082. 905 (3) When a human being is killed during the perpetration 906 of, or during the attempt to perpetrate, any: 907 (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1), 908 (b) Arson, 909 (c) Sexual battery, 910 (d) Robbery, 911 (e) Burglary, 912 (f) Kidnapping, 913 (g) Escape, 914 (h) Aggravated child abuse, 915 (i) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled 916 adult, 917 (j) Aircraft piracy, 918 (k) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 919 destructive device or bomb, 920 (1) Carjacking, 921 (m) Home-invasion robbery, 922 (n) Aggravated stalking, 923 (o) Murder of another human being, 924 (p) Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily 925 injury or death, 926 (q) Resisting an officer with violence to his or her 927 person, or 928 (r) Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance 929 of an act of terrorism,

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by a person other than the person engaged in the perpetration of or in the attempt to perpetrate such felony, the person perpetrating or attempting to perpetrate such felony commits murder in the second degree, which constitutes a felony of the first degree, punishable by imprisonment for a term of years not exceeding life or as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (4) The unlawful killing of a human being, when perpetrated without any design to effect death, by a person engaged in the perpetration of, or in the attempt to perpetrate, any felony other than any:
 - (a) Trafficking offense prohibited by s. 893.135(1),
 - (b) Arson,
 - (c) Sexual battery,
 - (d) Robbery,
 - (e) Burglary,
 - (f) Kidnapping,
- (g) Escape,
 - (h) Aggravated child abuse,
- (i) Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult,
 - (j) Aircraft piracy,
- (k) Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a destructive device or bomb,
- (1) Unlawful distribution of any substance controlled under s. 893.03(1), cocaine as described in s. 893.03(2)(a)4., or opium or any synthetic or natural salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium by a person 18 years of age or older, when

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such drug is proven to be the proximate cause of the death of the user,

(m) Carjacking,

- (n) Home-invasion robbery,
- (o) Aggravated stalking,
- (p) Murder of another human being,
- (q) Aggravated fleeing or eluding with serious bodily injury or death,
- (r) Resisting an officer with violence to his or her person, or
- (s) Felony that is an act of terrorism or is in furtherance of an act of terrorism,

is murder in the third degree and constitutes a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 893.03, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

893.03 Standards and schedules.—The substances enumerated in this section are controlled by this chapter. The controlled substances listed or to be listed in Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V are included by whatever official, common, usual, chemical, trade name, or class designated. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to include within any of the schedules contained in this section any excluded drugs listed within the purview of 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.22, styled "Excluded Substances"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.24, styled "Exempt Chemical

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Preparations"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.32, styled "Exempted Prescription Products"; or 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.34, styled "Exempt Anabolic Steroid Products."

- (3) SCHEDULE III.—A substance in Schedule III has a potential for abuse less than the substances contained in Schedules I and II and has a currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States, and abuse of the substance may lead to moderate or low physical dependence or high psychological dependence or, in the case of anabolic steroids, may lead to physical damage. The following substances are controlled in Schedule III:
- (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following controlled substances or any salts thereof:
- 1. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
- 2. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not controlled substances.
- 3. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.
- 4. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients

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1017 that are not controlled substances.

- 5. Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not controlled substances.
- 6. Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.
- 7. Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not controlled substances.

For purposes of charging a person with a violation of s. 893.135 involving any controlled substance described in subparagraph 3. or subparagraph 4., the controlled substance is a Schedule III controlled substance pursuant to this paragraph but the weight of the controlled substance per milliliters or per dosage unit is not relevant to the charging of a violation of s. 893.135. The weight of the controlled substance shall be determined pursuant to s. 893.135(6).

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 907.041, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 907.041 Pretrial detention and release.-
- (4) PRETRIAL DETENTION. -
- (c) The court may order pretrial detention if it finds a

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substantial probability, based on a defendant's past and present patterns of behavior, the criteria in s. 903.046, and any other relevant facts, that any of the following circumstances exist:

- 1. The defendant has previously violated conditions of release and that no further conditions of release are reasonably likely to assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent proceedings;
- 2. The defendant, with the intent to obstruct the judicial process, has threatened, intimidated, or injured any victim, potential witness, juror, or judicial officer, or has attempted or conspired to do so, and that no condition of release will reasonably prevent the obstruction of the judicial process;
- 3. The defendant is charged with trafficking in controlled substances as defined by s. 893.135, that there is a substantial probability that the defendant has committed the offense, and that no conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance at subsequent criminal proceedings;
- 4. The defendant is charged with DUI manslaughter, as defined by s. 316.193, and that there is a substantial probability that the defendant committed the crime and that the defendant poses a threat of harm to the community; conditions that would support a finding by the court pursuant to this subparagraph that the defendant poses a threat of harm to the community include, but are not limited to, any of the following:
- a. The defendant has previously been convicted of any crime under s. 316.193, or of any crime in any other state or territory of the United States that is substantially similar to any crime under s. 316.193;
 - b. The defendant was driving with a suspended driver

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license when the charged crime was committed; or

c. The defendant has previously been found guilty of, or has had adjudication of guilt withheld for, driving while the defendant's driver license was suspended or revoked in violation of s. 322.34;

- 5. The defendant poses the threat of harm to the community. The court may so conclude, if it finds that the defendant is presently charged with a dangerous crime, that there is a substantial probability that the defendant committed such crime, that the factual circumstances of the crime indicate a disregard for the safety of the community, and that there are no conditions of release reasonably sufficient to protect the community from the risk of physical harm to persons;
- 6. The defendant was on probation, parole, or other release pending completion of sentence or on pretrial release for a dangerous crime at the time the current offense was committed;
- 7. The defendant has violated one or more conditions of pretrial release or bond for the offense currently before the court and the violation, in the discretion of the court, supports a finding that no conditions of release can reasonably protect the community from risk of physical harm to persons or assure the presence of the accused at trial; or
- 8.a. The defendant has ever been sentenced pursuant to s. 775.082(9) or s. 775.084 as a prison releasee reoffender, habitual violent felony offender, three-time violent felony offender, or violent career criminal, or the state attorney files a notice seeking that the defendant be sentenced pursuant to s. 775.082(9) or s. 775.084, as a prison releasee reoffender, habitual violent felony offender, three-time violent felony

1104 offender, or violent career criminal;

- b. There is a substantial probability that the defendant committed the offense; and
- c. There are no conditions of release that can reasonably protect the community from risk of physical harm or ensure the presence of the accused at trial.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 921.0024, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0024 Criminal Punishment Code; worksheet computations; scoresheets.—

(1)

(b) WORKSHEET KEY:

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Legal status points are assessed when any form of legal status existed at the time the offender committed an offense before the court for sentencing. Four (4) sentence points are assessed for an offender's legal status.

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Community sanction violation points are assessed when a community sanction violation is before the court for sentencing. Six (6) sentence points are assessed for each community sanction violation and each successive community sanction violation, unless any of the following apply:

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1. If the community sanction violation includes a new felony conviction before the sentencing court, twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation, and for each successive community sanction violation

1133 involving a new felony conviction.

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- 2. If the community sanction violation is committed by a violent felony offender of special concern as defined in s. 948.06:
- a. Twelve (12) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where:
- I. The violation does not include a new felony conviction; and
- II. The community sanction violation is not based solely on the probationer or offender's failure to pay costs or fines or make restitution payments.
- b. Twenty-four (24) community sanction violation points are assessed for the violation and for each successive violation of felony probation or community control where the violation includes a new felony conviction.

Multiple counts of community sanction violations before the sentencing court shall not be a basis for multiplying the assessment of community sanction violation points.

Prior serious felony points: If the offender has a primary offense or any additional offense ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10, and one or more prior serious felonies, a single assessment of thirty (30) points shall be added. For purposes of this section, a prior serious felony is an offense in the offender's prior record that is ranked in level 8, level 9, or level 10 under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 and for which the offender is serving a sentence of confinement, supervision, or

other sanction or for which the offender's date of release from confinement, supervision, or other sanction, whichever is later, is within 3 years before the date the primary offense or any additional offense was committed.

Prior capital felony points: If the offender has one or more prior capital felonies in the offender's criminal record, points shall be added to the subtotal sentence points of the offender equal to twice the number of points the offender receives for the primary offense and any additional offense. A prior capital felony in the offender's criminal record is a previous capital felony offense for which the offender has entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty or has been found guilty; or a felony in another jurisdiction which is a capital felony in that jurisdiction, or would be a capital felony if the offense were committed in this state.

Possession of a firearm, semiautomatic firearm, or machine gun: If the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(2) while having in his or her possession: a firearm as defined in s. 790.001(6), an additional eighteen (18) sentence points are assessed; or if the offender is convicted of committing or attempting to commit any felony other than those enumerated in s. 775.087(3) while having in his or her possession a semiautomatic firearm as defined in s. 775.087(3) or a machine gun as defined in s. 790.001(9), an additional twenty-five (25) sentence points are assessed.

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1191 Sentencing multipliers:

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Drug trafficking: If the primary offense is drug trafficking 1193 under s. 893.135, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied, at the discretion of the court, for a level 7 or level 8 1196 offense, by 1.5. The state attorney may move the sentencing court to reduce or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of a level 7 or level 8 offense, if the offender provides substantial assistance as described in s. 893.135(4).

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Law enforcement protection: If the primary offense is a violation of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(2), (3), or (4), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.5. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 775.0823(5), (6), (7), (8), or (9), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If the primary offense is a violation of s. 784.07(3) or s. 775.0875(1), or of the Law Enforcement Protection Act under s. 775.0823(10) or (11), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Grand theft of a motor vehicle: If the primary offense is grand theft of the third degree involving a motor vehicle and in the offender's prior record, there are three or more grand thefts of the third degree involving a motor vehicle, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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1217 Offense related to a criminal gang: If the offender is convicted 1218 of the primary offense and committed that offense for the 1219 purpose of benefiting, promoting, or furthering the interests of

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a criminal gang as defined in s. 874.03, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the 1223 1224 court may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

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Domestic violence in the presence of a child: If the offender is convicted of the primary offense and the primary offense is a crime of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, which was committed in the presence of a child under 16 years of age who is a family or household member as defined in s. 741.28(3) with the victim or perpetrator, the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 1.5.

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Adult-on-minor sex offense: If the offender was 18 years of age or older and the victim was younger than 18 years of age at the time the offender committed the primary offense, and if the primary offense was an offense committed on or after October 1, 2014, and is a violation of s. 787.01(2) or s. 787.02(2), if the violation involved a victim who was a minor and, in the course of committing that violation, the defendant committed a sexual battery under chapter 794 or a lewd act under s. 800.04 or s. 847.0135(5) against the minor; s. 787.01(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 787.02(3)(a)2. or 3.; s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 800.04; or s. 847.0135(5), the subtotal sentence points are multiplied by 2.0. If applying the multiplier results in the lowest permissible sentence exceeding the statutory maximum sentence for the primary offense under chapter 775, the court

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may not apply the multiplier and must sentence the defendant to the statutory maximum sentence.

Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 943.0585, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history records.-The courts of this state have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, expunction, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to expunde the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to expunge a criminal history record until the person seeking to expunge a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for expunction pursuant to subsection (2) or subsection (5). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, former s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, may not be expunged, without

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regard to whether adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of or pled guilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, the offense as a delinquent act. The court may only order expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. The court may, at its sole discretion, order the expunction of a criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. If the court intends to order the expunction of records pertaining to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the order. A criminal justice agency may not expunge any record pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to expunge does not articulate the intention of the court to expunge a record pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not prevent the court from ordering the expunction of only a portion of a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions relating to expunction, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This section does not confer any right to the expunction of any criminal history record, and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

(1) PETITION TO EXPUNGE A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.—Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record is

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complete only when accompanied by:

(a) A valid certificate of eligibility for expunction issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).

- (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
- 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition pertains.
- 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, s. 943.059, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, unless expunction is sought of a criminal history record previously sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (2)(h) and the record is otherwise eligible for expunction.
- 4. Is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to expunge or any petition to seal pending before any court.
- Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPUNCTION.—Prior to

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petitioning the court to expunge a criminal history record, a person seeking to expunge a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for expunction. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction. A certificate of eligibility for expunction is valid for 12 months after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by the department. After that time, the petitioner must reapply to the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the status of the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the renewal application. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person:

- (a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor which indicates:
- 1. That an indictment, information, or other charging document was not filed or issued in the case.
- 2. That an indictment, information, or other charging document, if filed or issued in the case, was dismissed or nolle prosequi by the state attorney or statewide prosecutor, or was dismissed by a court of competent jurisdiction, and that none of the charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains resulted in a trial, without regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other than an adjudication of guilt.
 - 3. That the criminal history record does not relate to a

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violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, former s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration as a sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether that offense alone is sufficient to require such registration, or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 943.0435, where the defendant was found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to any such offense, or that the defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to committing, such an offense as a delinquent act, without regard to whether adjudication was withheld.

- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (d) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (e) Has not been adjudicated guilty of, or adjudicated delinquent for committing, any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.

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(f) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, s. 943.059, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058, unless expunction is sought of a criminal history record previously sealed for 10 years pursuant to paragraph (h) and the record is otherwise eligible for expunction.

- (g) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains.
- (h) Has previously obtained a court order sealing the record under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 for a minimum of 10 years because adjudication was withheld or because all charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were not dismissed prior to trial, without regard to whether the outcome of the trial was other than an adjudication of guilt. The requirement for the record to have previously been sealed for a minimum of 10 years does not apply when a plea was not entered or all charges related to the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to expunge pertains were dismissed prior to trial.
 - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO EXPUNGE.
- (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to expunge shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to

1423 expunge.

(b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to expunge to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.

- (c) For an order to expunge entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor of an order to expunge which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to expunge. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.
- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to expunge entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the

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petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to expunge when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or such order does not otherwise comply with the requirements of this section.

- (4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD EXPUNCTION.—Any criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered expunged by a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to this section must be physically destroyed or obliterated by any criminal justice agency having custody of such record; except that any criminal history record in the custody of the department must be retained in all cases. A criminal history record ordered expunged that is retained by the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and not available to any person or entity except upon order of a court of competent jurisdiction. A criminal justice agency may retain a notation indicating compliance with an order to expunge.
- (a) The person who is the subject of a criminal history record that is expunged under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the record:

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1481 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;

- 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section, s. 943.0583, or s. 943.059;
 - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Families, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within the Department of Education, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Health, the Department of Elderly Affairs, or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the disabled, or the elderly;
- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, any district school board, any university laboratory school, any charter school, any private or parochial school, or any local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities;
- 7. Is seeking to be licensed by the Division of Insurance Agent and Agency Services within the Department of Financial Services; or
- 8. Is seeking to be appointed as a guardian pursuant to s. 744.3125.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted an expunction under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to

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be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge an expunged criminal history record.

- (c) Information relating to the existence of an expunged criminal history record which is provided in accordance with paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the existence of a criminal history record ordered expunged to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., 7., and 8. for their respective licensing, access authorization, and employment purposes, and to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes. It is unlawful for any employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a)5., subparagraph (a)6., subparagraph (a)7., or subparagraph (a)8. to disclose information relating to the existence of an expunded criminal history record of a person seeking employment, access authorization, or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment, access authorization, or licensure decisions. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (5) EXCEPTION FOR LAWFUL SELF-DEFENSE.—Notwithstanding the eligibility requirements prescribed in paragraph (1)(b) and subsection (2), the department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for expunction under this subsection to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record if that person:

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(a) Has obtained, and submitted to the department, on a form provided by the department, a written, certified statement from the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor which states whether an information, indictment, or other charging document was not filed or was dismissed by the state attorney, or dismissed by the court, because it was found that the person acted in lawful self-defense pursuant to the provisions related to justifiable use of force in chapter 776.

- (b) Each petition to a court to expunge a criminal history record pursuant to this subsection is complete only when accompanied by:
- 1. A valid certificate of eligibility for expunction issued by the department pursuant to this subsection.
- 2. The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner is eligible for such an expunction to the best of his or her knowledge or belief.

Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

- (c) This subsection does not confer any right to the expunction of a criminal history record, and any request for expunction of a criminal history record may be denied at the discretion of the court.
- (d) Subsections (3) and (4) shall apply to expunction ordered under this subsection.
- (e) The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application

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for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for expunction under this subsection.

(6) STATUTORY REFERENCES.—Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 893.135, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, section 943.059, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records.-The courts of this state shall continue to have jurisdiction over their own procedures, including the maintenance, sealing, and correction of judicial records containing criminal history information to the extent such procedures are not inconsistent with the conditions, responsibilities, and duties established by this section. Any court of competent jurisdiction may order a criminal justice agency to seal the criminal history record of a minor or an adult who complies with the requirements of this section. The court shall not order a criminal justice agency to seal a criminal history record until the person seeking to seal a criminal history record has applied for and received a certificate of eligibility for sealing pursuant to subsection (2). A criminal history record that relates to a violation of s. 393.135, s. 394.4593, s. 787.025, chapter 794, former s. 796.03, s. 800.04, s. 810.14, s. 817.034, s. 825.1025, s. 827.071, chapter 839, s. 847.0133, s. 847.0135, s. 847.0145, s. 893.135, s. 916.1075, a violation enumerated in s. 907.041, or any violation specified as a predicate offense for registration as a

1597 sexual predator pursuant to s. 775.21, without regard to whether 1598 that offense alone is sufficient to require such registration, 1599 or for registration as a sexual offender pursuant to s. 1600 943.0435, may not be sealed, without regard to whether 1601 adjudication was withheld, if the defendant was found guilty of 1602 or pled quilty or nolo contendere to the offense, or if the 1603 defendant, as a minor, was found to have committed or pled 1604 quilty or nolo contendere to committing the offense as a 1605 delinquent act. The court may only order sealing of a criminal 1606 history record pertaining to one arrest or one incident of 1607 alleged criminal activity, except as provided in this section. 1608 The court may, at its sole discretion, order the sealing of a 1609 criminal history record pertaining to more than one arrest if 1610 the additional arrests directly relate to the original arrest. 1611 If the court intends to order the sealing of records pertaining 1612 to such additional arrests, such intent must be specified in the 1613 order. A criminal justice agency may not seal any record 1614 pertaining to such additional arrests if the order to seal does 1615 not articulate the intention of the court to seal records 1616 pertaining to more than one arrest. This section does not 1617 prevent the court from ordering the sealing of only a portion of 1618 a criminal history record pertaining to one arrest or one 1619 incident of alleged criminal activity. Notwithstanding any law 1620 to the contrary, a criminal justice agency may comply with laws, court orders, and official requests of other jurisdictions 1621 1622 relating to sealing, correction, or confidential handling of criminal history records or information derived therefrom. This 1623 1624 section does not confer any right to the sealing of any criminal 1625 history record, and any request for sealing a criminal history

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record may be denied at the sole discretion of the court.

- (1) PETITION TO SEAL A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD.—Each petition to a court to seal a criminal history record is complete only when accompanied by:
 - (a) A valid certificate of eligibility for sealing issued by the department pursuant to subsection (2).
 - (b) The petitioner's sworn statement attesting that the petitioner:
 - 1. Has never, prior to the date on which the petition is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
 - 2. Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
 - 3. Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, s. 943.0585, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.
 - 4. Is eligible for such a sealing to the best of his or her knowledge or belief and does not have any other petition to seal or any petition to expunge pending before any court.
- Any person who knowingly provides false information on such sworn statement to the court commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - (2) CERTIFICATE OF ELIGIBILITY FOR SEALING.-Prior to

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petitioning the court to seal a criminal history record, a person seeking to seal a criminal history record shall apply to the department for a certificate of eligibility for sealing. The department shall, by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 120, establish procedures pertaining to the application for and issuance of certificates of eligibility for sealing. A certificate of eligibility for sealing is valid for 12 months after the date stamped on the certificate when issued by the department. After that time, the petitioner must reapply to the department for a new certificate of eligibility. Eligibility for a renewed certification of eligibility must be based on the status of the applicant and the law in effect at the time of the renewal application. The department shall issue a certificate of eligibility for sealing to a person who is the subject of a criminal history record provided that such person:

- (a) Has submitted to the department a certified copy of the disposition of the charge to which the petition to seal pertains.
- (b) Remits a \$75 processing fee to the department for placement in the Department of Law Enforcement Operating Trust Fund, unless such fee is waived by the executive director.
- (c) Has never, prior to the date on which the application for a certificate of eligibility is filed, been adjudicated guilty of a criminal offense or comparable ordinance violation, or been adjudicated delinquent for committing any felony or a misdemeanor specified in s. 943.051(3)(b).
- (d) Has not been adjudicated guilty of or adjudicated delinquent for committing any of the acts stemming from the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to

1684 seal pertains.

(e) Has never secured a prior sealing or expunction of a criminal history record under this section, s. 943.0585, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058.

- (f) Is no longer under court supervision applicable to the disposition of the arrest or alleged criminal activity to which the petition to seal pertains.
 - (3) PROCESSING OF A PETITION OR ORDER TO SEAL.-
- (a) In judicial proceedings under this section, a copy of the completed petition to seal shall be served upon the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and upon the arresting agency; however, it is not necessary to make any agency other than the state a party. The appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and the arresting agency may respond to the court regarding the completed petition to seal.
- (b) If relief is granted by the court, the clerk of the court shall certify copies of the order to the appropriate state attorney or the statewide prosecutor and to the arresting agency. The arresting agency is responsible for forwarding the order to any other agency to which the arresting agency disseminated the criminal history record information to which the order pertains. The department shall forward the order to seal to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The clerk of the court shall certify a copy of the order to any other agency which the records of the court reflect has received the criminal history record from the court.
- (c) For an order to seal entered by a court prior to July 1, 1992, the department shall notify the appropriate state

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attorney or statewide prosecutor of any order to seal which is contrary to law because the person who is the subject of the record has previously been convicted of a crime or comparable ordinance violation or has had a prior criminal history record sealed or expunged. Upon receipt of such notice, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action, within 60 days, to correct the record and petition the court to void the order to seal. The department shall seal the record until such time as the order is voided by the court.

- (d) On or after July 1, 1992, the department or any other criminal justice agency is not required to act on an order to seal entered by a court when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section. Upon receipt of such an order, the department must notify the issuing court, the appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor, the petitioner or the petitioner's attorney, and the arresting agency of the reason for noncompliance. The appropriate state attorney or statewide prosecutor shall take action within 60 days to correct the record and petition the court to void the order. No cause of action, including contempt of court, shall arise against any criminal justice agency for failure to comply with an order to seal when the petitioner for such order failed to obtain the certificate of eligibility as required by this section or when such order does not comply with the requirements of this section.
- (e) An order sealing a criminal history record pursuant to this section does not require that such record be surrendered to the court, and such record shall continue to be maintained by the department and other criminal justice agencies.

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(4) EFFECT OF CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD SEALING.—A criminal history record of a minor or an adult which is ordered sealed by a court pursuant to this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and is available only to the person who is the subject of the record, to the subject's attorney, to criminal justice agencies for their respective criminal justice purposes, which include conducting a criminal history background check for approval of firearms purchases or transfers as authorized by state or federal law, to judges in the state courts system for the purpose of assisting them in their case—related decisionmaking responsibilities, as set forth in s. 943.053(5), or to those entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., 8., 9., and 10. for their respective licensing, access authorization, and employment purposes.

- (a) The subject of a criminal history record sealed under this section or under other provisions of law, including former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, and former s. 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except when the subject of the record:
- 1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice agency;
 - 2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
- 3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under this section, s. 943.0583, or s. 943.0585;
 - 4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
- 5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract with the Department of Children and Families, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within the Department of Education,

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the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Department of Health, the Department of Elderly Affairs, or the Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct contact with children, the disabled, or the elderly;

- 6. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by the Department of Education, a district school board, a university laboratory school, a charter school, a private or parochial school, or a local governmental entity that licenses child care facilities;
- 7. Is attempting to purchase a firearm from a licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer and is subject to a criminal history check under state or federal law;
- 8. Is seeking to be licensed by the Division of Insurance Agent and Agency Services within the Department of Financial Services;
- 9. Is seeking to be appointed as a guardian pursuant to s. 744.3125; or
- 10. Is seeking to be licensed by the Bureau of License Issuance of the Division of Licensing within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to carry a concealed weapon or concealed firearm. This subparagraph applies only in the determination of an applicant's eligibility under s. 790.06.
- (b) Subject to the exceptions in paragraph (a), a person who has been granted a sealing under this section, former s. 893.14, former s. 901.33, or former s. 943.058 may not be held under any provision of law of this state to commit perjury or to be otherwise liable for giving a false statement by reason of such person's failure to recite or acknowledge a sealed criminal

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(c) Information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal record provided in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except that the department shall disclose the sealed criminal history record to the entities set forth in subparagraphs (a)1., 4., 5., 6., 8., 9., and 10. for their respective licensing, access authorization, and employment purposes. An employee of an entity set forth in subparagraph (a)1., subparagraph (a)4., subparagraph (a) 5., subparagraph (a) 6., subparagraph (a) 8., subparagraph (a) 9., or subparagraph (a) 10. may not disclose information relating to the existence of a sealed criminal history record of a person seeking employment, access authorization, or licensure with such entity or contractor, except to the person to whom the criminal history record relates or to persons having direct responsibility for employment, access authorization, or licensure decisions. A person who violates the provisions of this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(5) STATUTORY REFERENCES.—Any reference to any other chapter, section, or subdivision of the Florida Statutes in this section constitutes a general reference under the doctrine of incorporation by reference.

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (2) of section 772.12, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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772.12 Drug Dealer Liability Act.-

- (2) A person, including any governmental entity, has a cause of action for threefold the actual damages sustained and is entitled to minimum damages in the amount of \$1,000 and reasonable attorney's fees and court costs in the trial and appellate courts, if the person proves by the greater weight of the evidence that:
- (a) The person was injured because of the defendant's actions that resulted in the defendant's conviction for:
- 1. A violation of s. 893.13, except for a violation of s. 893.13(2)(a) or (b), (3), (5), (6)(a), (b), or (c), (7); or
 - 2. A violation of s. 893.135; and
- (b) The person was not injured by reason of his or her participation in the same act or transaction that resulted in the defendant's conviction for any offense described in subparagraph (a)1.

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (3) of section 810.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

810.02 Burglary.-

- (3) Burglary is a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if, in the course of committing the offense, the offender does not make an assault or battery and is not and does not become armed with a dangerous weapon or explosive, and the offender enters or remains in a:
- (a) Dwelling, and there is another person in the dwelling at the time the offender enters or remains;

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(b) Dwelling, and there is not another person in the dwelling at the time the offender enters or remains;

- (c) Structure, and there is another person in the structure at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (d) Conveyance, and there is another person in the conveyance at the time the offender enters or remains;
- (e) Authorized emergency vehicle, as defined in s. 316.003; or
- (f) Structure or conveyance when the offense intended to be committed therein is theft of a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02. Notwithstanding any other law, separate judgments and sentences for burglary with the intent to commit theft of a controlled substance under this paragraph and for any applicable possession of controlled substance offense under s. 893.13 or trafficking in controlled substance offense under s. 893.135 may be imposed when all such offenses involve the same amount or amounts of a controlled substance.

However, if the burglary is committed within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252 after the declaration of emergency is made and the perpetration of the burglary is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the burglary is a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. As used in this subsection, the term "conditions arising from the emergency" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. A person arrested for committing a

burglary within a county that is subject to such a state of emergency may not be released until the person appears before a committing magistrate at a first appearance hearing. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 812.014, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

812.014 Theft.-

(2)

- (c) It is grand theft of the third degree and a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property stolen is:
 - 1. Valued at \$300 or more, but less than \$5,000.
 - 2. Valued at \$5,000 or more, but less than \$10,000.
 - 3. Valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$20,000.
 - 4. A will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument.
 - 5. A firearm.
 - 6. A motor vehicle, except as provided in paragraph (a).
- 7. Any commercially farmed animal, including any animal of the equine, bovine, or swine class or other grazing animal; a bee colony of a registered beekeeper; and aquaculture species raised at a certified aquaculture facility. If the property stolen is aquaculture species raised at a certified aquaculture facility, then a \$10,000 fine shall be imposed.
 - 8. Any fire extinguisher.

1916 9. Any amount of citrus fruit consisting of 2,000 or more 1917 individual pieces of fruit.

- 10. Taken from a designated construction site identified by the posting of a sign as provided for in s. 810.09(2)(d).
 - 11. Any stop sign.
 - 12. Anhydrous ammonia.
- 13. Any amount of a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02. Notwithstanding any other law, separate judgments and sentences for theft of a controlled substance under this subparagraph and for any applicable possession of controlled substance offense under s. 893.13 or trafficking in controlled substance offense under s. 893.135 may be imposed when all such offenses involve the same amount or amounts of a controlled substance.

However, if the property is stolen within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252, the property is stolen after the declaration of emergency is made, and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property is valued at \$5,000 or more, but less than \$10,000, as provided under subparagraph 2., or if the property is valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$20,000, as provided under subparagraph 3. As used in this paragraph, the term "conditions arising from the emergency" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or the response time for first responders or

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homeland security personnel. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 893.1351, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

893.1351 Ownership, lease, rental, or possession for trafficking in or manufacturing a controlled substance.—

- (1) A person may not own, lease, or rent any place, structure, or part thereof, trailer, or other conveyance with the knowledge that the place, structure, trailer, or conveyance will be used for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.135; for the sale of a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.13; or for the manufacture of a controlled substance intended for sale or distribution to another. A person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (2) A person may not knowingly be in actual or constructive possession of any place, structure, or part thereof, trailer, or other conveyance with the knowledge that the place, structure, or part thereof, trailer, or conveyance will be used for the purpose of trafficking in a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.135; for the sale of a controlled substance, as provided in s. 893.13; or for the manufacture of a controlled substance intended for sale or distribution to another. A person who violates this subsection commits a felony of the second degree,

23-00203-17 2017150___ punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 893.13 and 893.135, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, section 903.133, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

903.133 Bail on appeal; prohibited for certain felony convictions.—Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 903.132, no person adjudged guilty of a felony of the first degree for a violation of s. 782.04(2) or (3), s. 787.01, s. 794.011(4), s. 806.01, s. 893.13, or s. 893.135, or adjudged guilty of a violation of s. 794.011(2) or (3), shall be admitted to bail pending review either by posttrial motion or appeal.

Section 26. This act shall take effect October 1, 2017.