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By the Committee on Appropriations

576-03476-17 20172516

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to education funding; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; requiring the Auditor General to conduct annual audits of the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind; amending s. 413.615, F.S.; extending the date for future legislative review and repeal of provisions governing the Florida Endowment for Vocational Rehabilitation; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.; revising the student membership surveys to be used for the funding model for certain students; requiring the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools to provide a specified summer school program; requiring that the designation of the 300 lowest-performing schools be based on the prior year's state reading assessment; requiring certain schools on the list to maintain the program for a specified time; revising the schools that may be considered small, isolated schools to include elementary schools that meet certain requirements, for the purpose of determining the annual allocation to each district; revising the computation of the district sparsity index for school districts that meet certain criteria; deleting obsolete language; requiring the amount calculated for the federally connected student supplement for an eligible school district to be recalculated during the year; requiring certain school districts to delineate certain reading strategies in their comprehensive reading plans; requiring the total allocation to be prorated under certain circumstances; providing that

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certain state allocations to school districts may not be the basis for a positive allocation adjustment for a specified year; amending s. 1013.64, F.S.; revising capital outlay full-time equivalent membership; revising the calculation of capital outlay membership; amending s. 1013.738, F.S.; revising the purposes for which the High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance Grant Program funds may be used; revising the school district qualification criteria for the grant; revising the funding methodology; amending ss. 1011.71 and 1013.54, F.S.; conforming cross-references; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Upon the expiration and reversion of the amendment to section 11.45, Florida Statutes, pursuant to section 36 of chapter 2016-62, Laws of Florida, paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-

 (2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:

(d) Annually conduct financial audits of the accounts and records of all district school boards in counties with populations of fewer than 150,000, according to the most recent federal decennial statewide census, and the Florida School for the Deaf and the Blind.

The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties

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independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

Section 2. Subsection (14) of section 413.615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

413.615 Florida Endowment for Vocational Rehabilitation.-

(14) REPEAL.—This section is repealed October 1, $\underline{2018}$ $\underline{2017}$, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.

Section 3. Upon the expiration and reversion of the amendments to section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, pursuant to section 23 of chapter 2016-62, Laws of Florida, paragraphs (e), (f), and (h) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a), (c), and (d) of subsection (9), and paragraph (c) of subsection (13) of section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, are amended, paragraph (d) is added to subsection (13) of that section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (15) of that section is amended, to read:

1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.—If the annual allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each district for operation of schools is not determined in the annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as follows:

(1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR OPERATION.—The following procedure shall be followed in determining the annual allocation to each district for operation:

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(e) Funding model for exceptional student education programs.—

- 1.a. The funding model uses basic, at-risk, support levels IV and V for exceptional students and career Florida Education Finance Program cost factors, and a guaranteed allocation for exceptional student education programs. Exceptional education cost factors are determined by using a matrix of services to document the services that each exceptional student will receive. The nature and intensity of the services indicated on the matrix shall be consistent with the services described in each exceptional student's individual educational plan. The Department of Education shall review and revise the descriptions of the services and supports included in the matrix of services for exceptional students and shall implement those revisions before the beginning of the 2012-2013 school year.
- b. In order to generate funds using one of the two weighted cost factors, a matrix of services must be completed at the time of the student's initial placement into an exceptional student education program and at least once every 3 years by personnel who have received approved training. Nothing listed in the matrix shall be construed as limiting the services a school district must provide in order to ensure that exceptional students are provided a free, appropriate public education.
- c. Students identified as exceptional, in accordance with chapter 6A-6, Florida Administrative Code, who do not have a matrix of services as specified in sub-subparagraph b. shall generate funds on the basis of full-time-equivalent student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program at the same funding level per student as provided for basic students.

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Additional funds for these exceptional students will be provided through the guaranteed allocation designated in subparagraph 2.

- 2. For students identified as exceptional who do not have a matrix of services and students who are gifted in grades K through 8, there is created a guaranteed allocation to provide these students with a free appropriate public education, in accordance with s. 1001.42(4)(1) and rules of the State Board of Education, which shall be allocated initially to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be supplemental to the funds appropriated for the basic funding level, and the amount allocated for each school district shall be recalculated once during the year, based on actual student membership from the October FTE surveys survey. Upon recalculation, if the generated allocation is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the total shall be prorated to the level of the appropriation based on each district's share of the total recalculated amount. These funds shall be used to provide special education and related services for exceptional students and students who are gifted in grades K through 8. A district's expenditure of funds from the guaranteed allocation for students in grades 9 through 12 who are gifted may not be greater than the amount expended during the 2006-2007 fiscal year for gifted students in grades 9 through 12.
 - (f) Supplemental academic instruction; categorical fund.-
- 1. There is created a categorical fund to provide supplemental academic instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. This paragraph may be cited as the "Supplemental Academic Instruction Categorical Fund."

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2. The categorical fund is funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be allocated annually to each school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be in addition to the funds appropriated on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education Finance Program and shall be included in the total potential funds of each district. These funds shall be used to provide supplemental academic instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 program. For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, Each school district that has one or more of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools based on the state reading assessment for the prior year shall use these funds, together with the funds provided in the district's research-based reading instruction allocation and other available funds, to provide an additional hour of instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year and to provide a 60-hour summer school program, for intensive reading instruction for the students in each of these schools. This additional hour of instruction must be provided by teachers or reading specialists who have demonstrated effectiveness are effective in teaching reading or by a K-5 mentoring reading program that is supervised by a teacher who has demonstrated effectiveness in is effective at teaching reading. Students enrolled in these schools who have level 5 assessment scores may participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student education centers may shall not be included in the 300 schools. The designation of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools must be based on the state reading assessment for the prior year. In addition, a school that was on the list of the 300 lowest-

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performing elementary schools for the immediately prior academic year and that has improved its performance such that the school is no longer on such list shall maintain the program for 2 additional academic years. After this requirement has been met, supplemental instruction strategies may include, but are not limited to: use of a modified curriculum, reading instruction, after-school instruction, tutoring, mentoring, a reduction in class size reduction, an extended school year, intensive skills development in summer school, and other methods of for improving student achievement. Supplemental instruction may be provided to a student in any manner and at any time during or beyond the regular 180-day term identified by the school as being the most effective and efficient way to best help that student progress from grade to grade and to graduate.

3. Categorical funds for supplemental academic instruction shall be provided annually in the Florida Education Finance
Program as specified in the General Appropriations Act. These funds shall be provided as a supplement to the funds appropriated for the basic funding level and shall be included in the total funds of each district. The allocation shall consist of a base amount that has a workload adjustment based on changes in unweighted FTE. In addition, districts that have elementary schools included in the 300 lowest-performing schools designation shall be allocated additional funds to assist those districts in providing intensive reading instruction to students in those schools. The amount provided shall be based on each district's level of per-student funding in the reading instruction allocation and the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund and on the total FTE for each of the schools.

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The categorical funding shall be recalculated during the fiscal year following an updated designation of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools and shall be based on actual student membership from the FTE surveys. Upon recalculation of funding for the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund, if the total allocation is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the allocation shall be prorated to the level provided to support the appropriation, based on each district's share of the total.

4.3. Effective with the 1999-2000 fiscal year, funding on the basis of FTE membership beyond the 180-day regular term shall be provided in the FEFP only for students enrolled in juvenile justice education programs or in education programs for juveniles placed in secure facilities or programs under s. 985.19. Funding for instruction beyond the regular 180-day school year for all other K-12 students shall be provided through the supplemental academic instruction categorical fund and other state, federal, and local fund sources with ample flexibility for schools to provide supplemental instruction to assist students in progressing from grade to grade and graduating.

5.4. The Florida State University School, as a lab school, is authorized to expend from its FEFP or Lottery Enhancement Trust Fund allocation the cost to the student of remediation in reading, writing, or mathematics for any graduate who requires remediation at a postsecondary educational institution.

 $\underline{6.5.}$ Beginning in the 1999-2000 school year, dropout prevention programs as defined in ss. 1003.52, 1003.53(1)(a), (b), and (c), and 1003.54 shall be included in group 1 programs

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under subparagraph (d) 3.

- (h) Small, isolated high schools.—Districts that which levy the maximum nonvoted discretionary millage, exclusive of millage for capital outlay purposes levied pursuant to s. 1011.71(2), may calculate full-time equivalent students for small, isolated district-operated high schools by multiplying the number of unweighted full-time equivalent students times 2.75 if; provided the school has attained a grade of "C" or better, pursuant to s. 1008.34, for the previous school year. The following schools may be considered small, isolated schools under this paragraph:
- 1. A For the purpose of this section, the term "small, isolated high school" means Any high school that which is located at least no less than 28 miles by the shortest route from another high school; which has been serving students primarily in basic studies provided by sub-subparagraphs (c)1.b. and c. and may include subparagraph (c)4.; and which has a membership of at least 28, but no more than 100, students, but no fewer than 28 students, in grades 9 through 12; or.
- 2. A district elementary school with a grade configuration of kindergarten through grade 5, but which may also include prekindergarten, grade 6, grade 7, or grade 8, which is located at least 35 miles by the shortest route from another elementary school within the district; has been serving students primarily in basic studies provided by sub-subparagraphs (c)1.a. and b. and may include subparagraph (c)4.; has a student population in which 75 percent or greater of students are eligible for free and reduced-price school lunch; and has a membership of at least 28, but no more than 100, students.
 - (7) DETERMINATION OF SPARSITY SUPPLEMENT.-

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(b) The district sparsity index shall be computed by dividing the total number of full-time equivalent students in all programs in the district by the number of senior high school centers in the district, not in excess of three, which centers are approved as permanent centers by a survey made by the Department of Education. For districts with a full-time equivalent student membership of at least 20,000, but no more than 24,000, the index shall be computed by dividing the total number of full-time equivalent students in all programs by the number of permanent senior high school centers in the district, not in excess of four.

- (9) RESEARCH-BASED READING INSTRUCTION ALLOCATION. -
- (a) The research-based reading instruction allocation is created to provide comprehensive reading instruction to students in kindergarten through grade 12. For the 2014-2015 fiscal year, in Each school district that has one or more of the 300 lowestperforming elementary schools based on the state reading assessment, priority shall give priority be given to providing an additional hour per day of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year and to provide a 60-hour summer school program for the students in each school. The designation of the 300 lowestperforming elementary schools must be based on the state reading assessment for the prior year. In addition, a school that was on the list of the 300 lowest performing elementary schools for the immediately prior academic year and that has improved its performance such that the school is no longer on such list shall maintain the program for 2 additional academic years. Students enrolled in these schools who have level 5 assessment scores may

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participate in the additional hour of instruction on an optional basis. Exceptional student education centers may shall not be included in the 300 schools. The intensive reading instruction delivered in this additional hour and for other students shall include: research-based reading instruction that has been proven to accelerate progress of students exhibiting a reading deficiency; differentiated instruction based on screening, diagnostic, progress monitoring, or student assessment data to meet students' specific reading needs; explicit and systematic reading strategies to develop development in phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, with more extensive opportunities for guided practice, error correction, and feedback; and the integration of social studies, science, and mathematics-text reading, text discussion, and writing in response to reading. For the 2012-2013 and 2013-2014 fiscal years, a school district may not hire more reading coaches than were hired during the 2011-2012 fiscal year unless all students in kindergarten through grade 5 who demonstrate a reading deficiency, as determined by district and state assessments, including students scoring Level 1 or Level 2 on the statewide, standardized reading assessment or, upon implementation, the English Language Arts assessment, are provided an additional hour per day of intensive reading instruction beyond the normal school day for each day of the entire school year.

- (c) Funds allocated under this subsection must be used to provide a system of comprehensive reading instruction to students enrolled in the K-12 programs, which may include the following:
 - 1. The provision of an additional hour per day of intensive

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reading instruction to students in the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools by teachers and reading specialists who $\underline{\text{have}}$ $\underline{\text{demonstrated effectiveness}}$ $\underline{\text{are effective}}$ in teaching reading.

- 2. Kindergarten through grade 5 reading intervention teachers to provide intensive intervention during the school day and in the required extra hour for students identified as having a reading deficiency.
- 3. The provision of highly qualified reading coaches to specifically support teachers in making instructional decisions based on student data, and improve teacher delivery of effective reading instruction, intervention, and reading in the content areas based on student need.
- 4. Professional development for school district teachers in scientifically based reading instruction, including strategies to teach reading in content areas and with an emphasis on technical and informational text, to help school district teachers earn a certification or an endorsement in reading.
- 5. The provision of summer reading camps for all students in kindergarten through grade 2 who demonstrate a reading deficiency as determined by district and state assessments, and students in grades 3 through 5 who score at Level 1 on the statewide, standardized reading assessment or, upon implementation, the English Language Arts assessment.
- 6. The provision of supplemental instructional materials that are grounded in scientifically based reading research.
- 7. The provision of intensive interventions for students in kindergarten through grade 12 who have been identified as having a reading deficiency or who are reading below grade level as determined by the statewide, standardized assessment.

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(d) 1. Annually, by a date determined by the Department of Education but before May 1, school districts shall submit a K-12 comprehensive reading plan for the specific use of the researchbased reading instruction allocation in the format prescribed by the department for review and approval by the Just Read, Florida! Office created pursuant to s. 1001.215. The plan annually submitted by school districts shall be deemed approved unless the department rejects the plan on or before June 1. If a school district and the Just Read, Florida! Office cannot reach agreement on the contents of the plan, the school district may appeal to the State Board of Education for resolution. School districts shall be allowed reasonable flexibility in designing their plans and shall be encouraged to offer reading intervention through innovative methods, including career academies. The plan format shall be developed with input from school district personnel, including teachers and principals, and shall allow courses in core, career, and alternative programs that deliver intensive reading remediation through integrated curricula, provided that the teacher is deemed highly qualified to teach reading or working toward that status. No later than July 1 annually, the department shall release the school district's allocation of appropriated funds to those districts having approved plans. A school district that spends 100 percent of this allocation on its approved plan shall be deemed to have been in compliance with the plan. The department may withhold funds upon a determination that reading instruction allocation funds are not being used to implement the approved plan. The department shall monitor and track the implementation of each district plan, including conducting site visits and

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collecting specific data on expenditures and reading improvement results. By February 1 of each year, the department shall report its findings to the Legislature.

- 2. Each school district that has a school designated as one of the 300 lowest-performing elementary schools as specified in paragraph (a), including a school that is maintaining the program because it has improved performance so that the school is no longer on such list, shall specifically delineate in the comprehensive reading plan, or in an addendum to the comprehensive reading plan, the implementation design and reading intervention strategies that will be used for the required additional hour of reading instruction. The term "reading intervention" includes evidence-based strategies frequently used to remediate reading deficiencies and also includes individual instruction, tutoring, mentoring, or the use of technology that targets specific reading skills and abilities.
- (13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENT.—The federally connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental funding for school districts to support the education of students connected with federally owned military installations, National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) real property, and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement, the district must be eligible for federal Impact Aid Program funds under s. 8003 of Title VIII of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be allocated annually to each eligible school district in the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. The supplement shall be the sum of the student allocation and an

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exempt property allocation.

- (c) The exempt property allocation shall be equal to the tax-exempt value of federal impact aid lands reserved as military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).
- (d) The amount allocated for each eligible school district shall be recalculated during the year, using actual student membership, as amended, from the most recent February survey and the tax-exempt valuation from the most recent assessment roll.

 Upon recalculation, if the total allocation is greater than the amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, it must be prorated to the level of the appropriation based on each district's share of the total recalculated amount.
- (15) TOTAL ALLOCATION OF STATE FUNDS TO EACH DISTRICT FOR CURRENT OPERATION.—The total annual state allocation to each district for current operation for the FEFP shall be distributed periodically in the manner prescribed in the General Appropriations Act.
- (b) The amount thus obtained shall be the net annual allocation to each school district. However, if it is determined that any school district received an under allocation or over allocation underallocation or overallocation for any prior year because of an arithmetical error, assessment roll change required by final judicial decision, full-time equivalent student membership error, or any allocation error revealed in an audit report, the allocation to that district shall be appropriately adjusted. An under allocation in a prior year

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caused by a school district's error may not be the basis for a positive allocation adjustment for the current year. Beginning with the 2011-2012 fiscal year, if a special program cost factor is less than the basic program cost factor, an audit adjustment may not result in the reclassification of the special program FTE to the basic program FTE. If the Department of Education audit adjustment recommendation is based upon controverted findings of fact, the Commissioner of Education is authorized to establish the amount of the adjustment based on the best interests of the state.

Section 4. Effective upon becoming a law, notwithstanding the expiration and reversion of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, in section 36 of chapter 2016-62, Laws of Florida, subsection (3) of section 1013.64, Florida Statutes, is reenacted and amended to read:

- 1013.64 Funds for comprehensive educational plant needs; construction cost maximums for school district capital projects.—Allocations from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to the various boards for capital outlay projects shall be determined as follows:
- (3) (a) Each district school board shall receive an amount from the Public Education Capital Outlay and Debt Service Trust Fund to be calculated by computing the capital outlay membership as determined by the department. Such membership must include, but is not limited to:
- 1. K-12 students and prekindergarten exceptional <u>education</u> students for whom the school district provides the educational facility, except hospital— and homebound part—time students; and
 - 2. Students who are career education students, and adult

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disabled students and who are enrolled in school district career centers.

- (b) The capital outlay full-time equivalent membership shall be determined for prekindergarten exceptional education students, kindergarten through the 12th grade, and for career centers by counting the reported unweighted full-time equivalent student membership for the second and third surveys, with each survey limited to 0.5 full-time equivalents per student and comparing the results on a school-by-school basis with the Florida Inventory of School Houses. If the prior academic year's third survey count is higher than the current year's second survey count when comparing the results on a school-by-school basis with the Florida Inventory of School Houses, the prior year's third survey count shall be used on a school-by-school basis for determining the current capital outlay membership. The Florida Inventory of School Houses shall be updated with the current capital outlay membership count as soon as practicable after verification of the capital outlay membership.
- (c) The capital outlay <u>full-time equivalent</u> membership by grade level organization shall be used in making calculations. The capital outlay <u>full-time equivalent</u> membership by grade level organization for the 4th prior year must be used to compute the base-year allocation. The capital outlay <u>full-time equivalent</u> membership by grade-level organization for the prior year must be used to compute the growth over the highest of the 3 years preceding the prior year. From the total amount appropriated by the Legislature pursuant to this subsection, 40 percent shall be allocated among the base capital outlay <u>full-time equivalent membership</u> and 60 percent among the growth

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capital outlay full-time equivalent membership. The allocation within each of these groups shall be prorated to the districts based upon each district's percentage of base and growth capital outlay full-time equivalent membership. The most recent 4-year capital outlay full-time equivalent membership data shall be used in each subsequent year's calculation for the allocation of funds pursuant to this subsection. If a change, correction, or recomputation of data during any year results in a reduction or increase of the calculated amount previously allocated to a district, the allocation to that district shall be adjusted accordingly. If such recomputation results in an increase or decrease of the calculated amount, such additional or reduced amounts shall be added to or reduced from the district's future appropriations. However, no change, correction, or recomputation of data may shall be made subsequent to 2 years following the initial annual allocation.

- (d) Funds accruing to a district school board from the provisions of this section shall be expended on needed projects as shown by survey or surveys under the rules of the State Board of Education.
- (e) A district school board may lease relocatable educational facilities for up to 3 years using nonbonded PECO funds and for any time period using local capital outlay millage.
- (f) Funds distributed to the district school boards shall be allocated solely based on paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) and the provisions of paragraphs (1) (a) and (2) (a) and paragraphs (a)-(c) of this subsection. No individual school district projects may shall be funded off the top of funds allocated to

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district school boards.

Section 5. Section 1013.738, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1013.738 High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance Grant Program.—

- (1) Subject to funds provided in the General Appropriations Act, the High Growth District Capital Outlay Assistance Grant Program is hereby established. Funds provided pursuant to this section may only be used for the purposes identified in s.

 1011.71(2) to construct new student stations.
- (2) In order to qualify for a grant, a school district must meet the following criteria:
- (a) The district must have levied the $\frac{\text{maximum}}{\text{full } 1.5}$ mills of nonvoted discretionary capital outlay millage authorized in s. 1011.71(2) for each of the $\frac{\text{prior } 5}{\text{past } 4}$ fiscal years.
- (b) The district must receive revenue from a current voted school capital outlay sales surtax or a portion of the local government infrastructure surtax as authorized in s. 212.055.
- (c) (b) Fifty percent of The revenue derived from the 2-mill nonvoted discretionary capital outlay millage for the past 4 fiscal years, when divided by the district's growth in capital outlay FTE students over this period, produces a value that is less than the statewide average maximum potential funds cost per capital outlay FTE student station calculated pursuant to s. 1013.64(6)(b)1., and weighted by statewide growth in capital outlay FTE students in elementary, middle, and high schools for the most recent past 4 fiscal year years.
 - $\underline{\text{(d)}}$ The district must have equaled or exceeded $\underline{\text{the}}$

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greater of one percent average growth or twice the statewide average of growth in capital outlay FTE students over the prior 5-year this same 4-year period.

- (d) The Commissioner of Education must have released all funds allocated to the district from the Classrooms First

 Program authorized in s. 1013.68, and these funds were fully expended by the district as of February 1 of the current fiscal year.
- (e) The total capital outlay FTE students of the district is greater than $24,000 \ \frac{15,000}{}$ students.
- (3) The funds provided in the General Appropriations Act shall be allocated pursuant to the following methodology:
- (a) For each eligible district, the Department of Education shall <u>sum</u> <u>calculate</u> the <u>calculated</u> <u>value of 50 percent of the</u> revenue <u>derived</u> from the <u>maximum potential</u> <u>2-mill</u> nonvoted discretionary capital outlay millage <u>and the revenue received</u> <u>from the voted sales surtax as provided in paragraph (2)(b) and divide that sum for the past 4 fiscal years divided by the <u>number of increase in</u> capital outlay FTE students for the same period.</u>
- (b) The Department of Education shall determine, for each eligible district, the amount that must be added to the <u>funds</u> <u>per capital outlay FTE</u> value calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) to produce the <u>statewide</u> weighted average value per <u>capital</u> <u>outlay FTE for the revenues identified</u> student station calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) (2)(b).
- (c) The value calculated for each eligible district pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be multiplied by the average increase in capital outlay FTE students for the past 4 fiscal

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years to determine the maximum amount of a grant that may be awarded to a district pursuant to this section.

(d) In the event the funds provided in the General Appropriations Act are insufficient to fully fund the maximum grants calculated pursuant to this section paragraph (c), the Department of Education shall allocate the funds based on each district's prorated share of the total maximum award amount calculated for all eligible districts.

Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1011.71 District school tax.-

- (2) In addition to the maximum millage levy as provided in subsection (1), each school board may levy not more than 1.5 mills against the taxable value for school purposes for district schools, including charter schools at the discretion of the school board, to fund:
- (a) New construction and remodeling projects, as set forth in $\underline{s.\ 1013.64(3)}$ (d) $\underline{s.\ 1013.64(3)}$ (b) and (6) (b) and included in the district's educational plant survey pursuant to $\underline{s.\ 1013.31}$, without regard to prioritization, sites and site improvement or expansion to new sites, existing sites, auxiliary facilities, athletic facilities, or ancillary facilities.

Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 1013.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 1013.54 Cooperative development and use of satellite facilities by private industry and district school boards.—
- (2) The commissioner shall appoint a review committee to make recommendations and prioritize requests. If the project is approved by the commissioner, the commissioner shall include up

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to one-fourth of the cost of the project in the legislative capital outlay budget request, as provided in s. 1013.60, for the funding of capital outlay projects involving both educational and private industry. The commissioner shall prioritize any such projects for each fiscal year and, notwithstanding the provisions of \underline{s} . 1013.64(3)(e) \underline{s} . 1013.64(3)(c), limit the recommended state funding amount not to exceed 5 percent off the top of the total funds recommended pursuant to \underline{s} . 1013.64(2) and (3).

Section 8. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect July 1, 2017.