House

Florida Senate - 2017 Bill No. CS/HB 359, 1st Eng.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

Senate Floor: WD/2R 05/04/2017 10:16 AM

Senator Brandes moved the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (505904) (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 177.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

177.041 Boundary survey and title certification required.-Every plat or replat of a subdivision submitted to the approving 10 agency of the local governing body must be accompanied by:

(2) A title opinion of an attorney at law licensed in

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12 Florida or a property information report certification by an 13 abstractor or a title company showing that record title to the 14 land as described and shown on the plat is in the name of the 15 person, persons, corporation, or entity executing the 16 dedication. The title opinion or property information report 17 must certification shall also show all mortgages not satisfied 18 or released of record nor otherwise terminated by law. 19 Section 2. Subsection (16) of section 177.091, Florida 20 Statutes, is amended to read: 21 177.091 Plats made for recording.-Every plat of a 22 subdivision offered for recording shall conform to the 23 following: 24 (16) Location and width of proposed easements and existing 25 easements identified in the title opinion or property 26 information report certification required by s. 177.041(2) must 27 shall be shown on the plat or in the notes or legend, and their 28 intended use shall be clearly stated. Where easements are not 29 coincident with property lines, they must be labeled with 30 bearings and distances and tied to the principal lot, tract, or 31 right-of-way. 32 Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 33 197.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 34 197.502 Application for obtaining tax deed by holder of tax sale certificate; fees.-35 36 (5) (a) The tax collector may contract with a title company 37 or an abstract company to provide the minimum information 38 required in subsection (4), consistent with rules adopted by the 39 department. If additional information is required, the tax 40 collector must make a written request to the title or abstract

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41 company stating the additional requirements. The tax collector 42 may select any title or abstract company, regardless of its location, as long as the fee is reasonable, the minimum 43 44 information is submitted, and the title or abstract company is authorized to do business in this state. The tax collector may 45 advertise and accept bids for the title or abstract company if 46 47 he or she considers it appropriate to do so.

1. The property information ownership and encumbrance report must include the letterhead of the person, firm, or company that makes the search, and the signature of the individual who makes the search or of an officer of the firm. The tax collector is not liable for payment to the firm unless these requirements are met. The report may be submitted to the tax collector in an electronic format.

2. The tax collector may not accept or pay for any title search or abstract if financial responsibility is not assumed for the search. However, reasonable restrictions as to the liability or responsibility of the title or abstract company are acceptable. Notwithstanding s. 627.7843(3), the tax collector may contract for higher maximum liability limits.

3. In order to establish uniform prices for property information ownership and encumbrance reports within the county, the tax collector must ensure that the contract for property information ownership and encumbrance reports include all requests for title searches or abstracts for a given period of time.

67 Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 215.555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 68 69

215.555 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.-

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(6) REVENUE BONDS.-

(b) Emergency assessments.-

1. If the board determines that the amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance Regulation to levy, by order, an emergency assessment on direct premiums for all property and casualty lines of business in this state, including property and casualty business of surplus lines insurers regulated under part VIII of chapter 626, but not including any workers' compensation premiums or medical malpractice premiums. As used in this subsection, the term "property and casualty business" includes all lines of business identified on Form 2, Exhibit of Premiums and Losses, in the annual statement required of authorized insurers by s. 624.424 and any rule adopted under this section, except for those lines identified as accident and health insurance and except for policies written under the National Flood Insurance Program. The assessment shall be specified as a percentage of direct written premium and is subject to annual adjustments by the board in 92 order to meet debt obligations. The same percentage applies to all policies in lines of business subject to the assessment 93 94 issued or renewed during the 12-month period beginning on the 95 effective date of the assessment.

96 2. A premium is not subject to an annual assessment under 97 this paragraph in excess of 6 percent of premium with respect to obligations arising out of losses attributable to any one 98

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99 contract year, and a premium is not subject to an aggregate 100 annual assessment under this paragraph in excess of 10 percent 101 of premium. An annual assessment under this paragraph continues 102 as long as the revenue bonds issued with respect to which the 103 assessment was imposed are outstanding, including any bonds the 104 proceeds of which were used to refund the revenue bonds, unless 105 adequate provision has been made for the payment of the bonds 106 under the documents authorizing issuance of the bonds.

107 3. Emergency assessments shall be collected from 108 policyholders. Emergency assessments shall be remitted by 109 insurers as a percentage of direct written premium for the 110 preceding calendar quarter as specified in the order from the 111 Office of Insurance Regulation. The office shall verify the 112 accurate and timely collection and remittance of emergency 113 assessments and shall report the information to the board in a form and at a time specified by the board. Each insurer 114 115 collecting assessments shall provide the information with 116 respect to premiums and collections as may be required by the 117 office to enable the office to monitor and verify compliance 118 with this paragraph.

119 4. With respect to assessments of surplus lines premiums, 120 each surplus lines agent shall collect the assessment at the 121 same time as the agent collects the surplus lines tax required 122 by s. 626.932, and the surplus lines agent shall remit the 123 assessment to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office created 124 by s. 626.921 at the same time as the agent remits the surplus 125 lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The 126 emergency assessment on each insured procuring coverage and 127 filing under s. 626.938 shall be remitted by the insured to the

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128 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office at the time the insured 129 pays the surplus lines tax to the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office. The Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall remit the 130 131 collected assessments to the fund or corporation as provided in 132 the order levied by the Office of Insurance Regulation. The 133 Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall verify the proper 134 application of such emergency assessments and shall assist the 135 board in ensuring the accurate and timely collection and 136 remittance of assessments as required by the board. The Florida 137 Surplus Lines Service Office shall annually calculate the 138 aggregate written premium on property and casualty business, 139 other than workers' compensation and medical malpractice, 140 procured through surplus lines agents and insureds procuring 141 coverage and filing under s. 626.938 and shall report the 142 information to the board in a form and at a time specified by 143 the board.

144 5. Any assessment authority not used for a particular contract year may be used for a subsequent contract year. If, 145 146 for a subsequent contract year, the board determines that the 147 amount of revenue produced under subsection (5) is insufficient 148 to fund the obligations, costs, and expenses of the fund and the corporation, including repayment of revenue bonds and that 149 150 portion of the debt service coverage not met by reimbursement 151 premiums, the board shall direct the Office of Insurance 152 Regulation to levy an emergency assessment up to an amount not 153 exceeding the amount of unused assessment authority from a 154 previous contract year or years, plus an additional 4 percent 155 provided that the assessments in the aggregate do not exceed the limits specified in subparagraph 2. 156

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157 6. The assessments otherwise payable to the corporation 158 under this paragraph shall be paid to the fund unless the Office 159 of Insurance Regulation and the Florida Surplus Lines Service 160 Office received a notice from the corporation and the fund, 161 which shall be conclusive and upon which they may rely without 162 further inquiry, that the corporation has issued bonds and the 163 fund has no agreements in effect with local governments under 164 paragraph (c). On or after the date of the notice and until the 165 date the corporation has no bonds outstanding, the fund shall 166 have no right, title, or interest in or to the assessments, 167 except as provided in the fund's agreement with the corporation.

7. Emergency assessments are not premium and are not subject to the premium tax, to the surplus lines tax, to any fees, or to any commissions. An insurer is liable for all assessments that it collects and must treat the failure of an insured to pay an assessment as a failure to pay the premium. An insurer is not liable for uncollectible assessments.

8. If an insurer is required to return an unearned premium, it shall also return any collected assessment attributable to the unearned premium. A credit adjustment to the collected assessment may be made by the insurer with regard to future remittances that are payable to the fund or corporation, but the insurer is not entitled to a refund.

9. If a surplus lines insured or an insured who has procured coverage and filed under s. 626.938 is entitled to the return of an unearned premium, the Florida Surplus Lines Service Office shall provide a credit or refund to the agent or such insured for the collected assessment attributable to the unearned premium before remitting the emergency assessment

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186	collected to the fund or corporation.
187	10. The exemption of medical malpractice insurance premiums
188	from emergency assessments under this paragraph is repealed May
189	31, 2019, and medical malpractice insurance premiums shall be
190	subject to emergency assessments attributable to loss events
191	occurring in the contract years commencing on June 1, 2019.
192	Section 5. Subsection (1) of section 624.407, Florida
193	Statutes, is amended to read:
194	624.407 Surplus required; new insurers
195	(1) To receive authority to transact any one kind or
196	combinations of kinds of insurance, as defined in part V of this
197	chapter, an insurer applying for its original certificate of
198	authority in this state shall possess surplus as to
199	policyholders at least the greater of:
200	(a) For a property and casualty insurer, \$5 million, or
201	\$2.5 million for any other insurer;
202	(b) For life insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total
203	liabilities;
204	(c) For life and health insurers, 4 percent of the
205	insurer's total liabilities, plus 6 percent of the insurer's
206	liabilities relative to health insurance;
207	(d) For all insurers other than life insurers and life and
208	health insurers, 10 percent of the insurer's total liabilities;
209	(e) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) or paragraph (d), for a
210	domestic insurer that transacts residential property insurance
211	and is:
212	1. Not a wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer domiciled in
213	any other state, \$15 million.
214	2. A wholly owned subsidiary of an insurer domiciled in any

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215	other state, \$50 million; or
216	(f) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (d), and (e), for a
217	domestic insurer that only transacts limited sinkhole coverage
218	insurance for personal lines residential property pursuant to s.
219	627.7151, \$7.5 million <u>; or</u>
220	(g) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (d), and (e), for an
221	insurer that only transacts residential property insurance in
222	the form of renter's insurance, tenant's coverage, cooperative
223	unit owner insurance, or any combination thereof, \$10 million.
224	Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 624.408, Florida
225	Statutes, is amended to read:
226	624.408 Surplus required; current insurers
227	(1) To maintain a certificate of authority to transact any
228	one kind or combinations of kinds of insurance, as defined in
229	part V of this chapter, an insurer in this state must at all
230	times maintain surplus as to policyholders at least the greater
231	of:
232	(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (e), (f), and (g),
233	\$1.5 million.
234	(b) For life insurers, 4 percent of the insurer's total
235	liabilities.
236	(c) For life and health insurers, 4 percent of the
237	insurer's total liabilities plus 6 percent of the insurer's
238	liabilities relative to health insurance.
239	(d) For all insurers other than mortgage guaranty insurers,
240	life insurers, and life and health insurers, 10 percent of the
241	insurer's total liabilities.
242	(e) For property and casualty insurers, \$4 million, except
243	for property and casualty insurers authorized to underwrite any

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244	line of residential property insurance.
245	(f) For residential property insurers not holding a
246	certificate of authority before July 1, 2011, \$15 million.
247	(g) For residential property insurers holding a certificate
248	of authority before July 1, 2011, and until June 30, 2016, \$5
249	million; on or after July 1, 2016, and until June 30, 2021, \$10
250	million; on or after July 1, 2021, \$15 million.
251	(h) Notwithstanding paragraphs (e), (f), and (g), for a
252	domestic insurer that only transacts limited sinkhole coverage
253	insurance for personal lines residential property pursuant to s.
254	627.7151, \$7.5 million.
255	(i) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a), (d), and (e), for an
256	insurer that only transacts residential property insurance in
257	the form of renter's insurance, tenant's coverage, cooperative
258	unit owner insurance, or any combination thereof, \$10 million.
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260	The office may reduce the surplus requirement in paragraphs (f)
261	and (g) if the insurer is not writing new business, has premiums
262	in force of less than \$1 million per year in residential
263	property insurance, or is a mutual insurance company.
264	Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (8) of section
265	624.424, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
266	624.424 Annual statement and other information
267	(8)
268	(c) The board of directors of an insurer shall hire the
269	certified public accountant that prepares the audit required by
270	this subsection and the board shall establish an audit committee
271	of three or more directors of the insurer or an affiliated
272	company. The audit committee shall be responsible for discussing

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273 audit findings and interacting with the certified public 274 accountant with regard to her or his findings. The audit 275 committee shall be comprised solely of members who are free from 276 any relationship that, in the opinion of its board of directors, 277 would interfere with the exercise of independent judgment as a 278 committee member. The audit committee shall report to the board 279 any findings of adverse financial conditions or significant deficiencies in internal controls that have been noted by the 280 2.81 accountant. The insurer may request the office to waive this 282 requirement of the audit committee membership based upon unusual 283 hardship to the insurer.

Section 8. Subsection (15) of section 625.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

625.012 "Assets" defined.-In any determination of the financial condition of an insurer, there shall be allowed as "assets" only such assets as are owned by the insurer and which consist of:

290 (15) (a) Assessments levied pursuant to s. 631.57(3) (a) and 291 (e) or s. 631.914 which that are paid before policy surcharges 292 are collected and result in a receivable for policy surcharges 293 to be collected in the future. This amount, to the extent it is likely that it will be realized, meets the definition of an 294 295 admissible asset as specified in the National Association of 296 Insurance Commissioners' Statement of Statutory Accounting 297 Principles No. 4. The asset shall be established and recorded 298 separately from the liability regardless of whether it is based 299 on a retrospective or prospective premium-based assessment. If 300 an insurer is unable to fully recoup the amount of the assessment because of a reduction in writings or withdrawal from 301

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302 the market, the amount recorded as an asset shall be reduced to 303 the amount reasonably expected to be recouped. (b) Assessments levied as monthly installments pursuant to 304 s. 631.57(3)(e)3. or s. 631.914 which that are paid after policy 305 306 surcharges are collected so that the recognition of assets is 307 based on actual premium written offset by the obligation to the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association or the Florida Workers' 308 309 Compensation Insurance Guaranty Association, Incorporated. Section 9. Paragraph (e) of subsection (7) of section 310 311 627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 312 627.062 Rate standards.-313 (7) The provisions of this subsection apply only to rates 314 for medical malpractice insurance and control to the extent of 315 any conflict with other provisions of this section. 316 (e) For medical malpractice rates subject to paragraph 317 (2) (a), the medical malpractice insurer shall make an annual base a rate filing in accordance with s. 627.0645 under this 318 319 section, sworn to by at least two executive officers of the 320 insurer, at least once each calendar year. 321 Section 10. Subsection (1) of section 627.0645, Florida 322 Statutes, is amended to read: 323 627.0645 Annual filings.-324 (1) Each rating organization filing rates for, and each 325 insurer writing, any line of property or casualty insurance to 326 which this part applies, except: 327 (a) Workers' compensation and employer's liability 328 insurance; 329 (b) Insurance as defined in ss. 624.604 and 624.605, 330 limited to coverage of commercial risks other than commercial

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331 residential multiperil and medical malpractice insurance that is
332 subject to s. 627.062(2)(a) and (f); or
333 (c) Travel insurance, if issued as a master group policy

with a situs in another state where each certificateholder pays less than \$30 in premium for each covered trip and where the insurer has written less than \$1 million in annual written premiums in the travel insurance product in this state during the most recent calendar year,

340 shall make an annual base rate filing for each such line with 341 the office no later than 12 months after its previous base rate 342 filing, demonstrating that its rates are not inadequate.

Section 11. Section 627.4035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.4035 Cash Payment of premiums; claims.-

(1) (a) The premiums for insurance contracts issued in this 346 347 state or covering risk located in this state must shall be paid 348 in cash consisting of coins, currency, checks, electronic 349 checks, drafts, or money orders or by using a debit card, credit 350 card, automatic electronic funds transfer, or payroll deduction 351 plan. By July 1, 2007, Insurers issuing personal lines 352 residential and commercial property policies shall provide a 353 premium payment plan option to their policyholders which allows 354 for a minimum of quarterly and semiannual payment of premiums. 355 Insurers may, but are not required to, offer monthly payment 356 plans. Insurers issuing such policies must submit their premium 357 payment plan option to the office for approval before use.

358 (b) If, due to insufficient funds, a payment of premium 359 under this subsection by debit card, credit card, electronic

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360	funds transfer, or electronic check is returned, is declined, or
361	cannot be processed, the insurer may impose an insufficient
362	funds fee of up to \$15 per occurrence pursuant to the policy
363	terms. However, the insurer may not charge the policyholder an
364	insufficient funds fee if the failure in payment resulted from
365	fraud or misuse on the policyholder's account from which the
366	payment was made and such fraud or misuse was not attributed to
367	the policyholder.
368	(2) Subsection (1) is not applicable to:
369	(a) Reinsurance agreements;
370	(b) Pension plans;
371	(c) Premium loans, whether or not subject to an automatic
372	provision;
373	(d) Dividends, whether to purchase additional paid-up
374	insurance or to shorten the dividend payment period;
375	(e) Salary deduction plans;
376	(f) Preauthorized check plans;
377	(g) Waivers of premiums on disability;
378	(h) Nonforfeiture provisions affording benefits under
379	supplementary contracts; or
380	(i) Such other methods of paying for life insurance as may
381	be permitted by the commission pursuant to rule or regulation.
382	(3) All payments of claims made in this state under any
383	contract of insurance shall be paid:
384	(a) In cash consisting of coins, currency, checks, drafts,
385	or money orders and, if by check or draft, shall be in such form
386	as will comply with the standards for cash items adopted by the
387	Federal Reserve System to facilitate the sorting, routing, and
388	mechanized processing of such items; or

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389 (b) If authorized in writing by the recipient or the 390 recipient's representative, by debit card or any other form of 391 electronic transfer. Any fees or costs to be charged against the 392 recipient must be disclosed in writing to the recipient or the 393 recipient's representative at the time of written authorization. 394 However, the written authorization requirement may be waived by 395 the recipient or the recipient's representative if the insurer 396 verifies the identity of the insured or the insured's recipient and does not charge a fee for the transaction. If the funds are 397 398 misdirected, the insurer remains liable for the payment of the 399 claim. 400 Section 12. Subsection (5) is added to section 627.421, 401 Florida Statutes, to read: 402 627.421 Delivery of policy.-403 (5) An electronically delivered document satisfies any 404 font, size, color, spacing, or other formatting requirement for 405 printed documents if the format in the electronically delivered 406 document has reasonably similar proportions or emphasis of the 407 characters relative to the rest of the electronic document or is 408 otherwise displayed in a reasonably conspicuous manner. 409 Section 13. Subsection (9) of section 627.7295, Florida 410 Statutes, is amended to read: 411 627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts.-412 (9) (a) In addition to the methods provided in s. 413 627.4035(1), premium for motor vehicle insurance contracts 414 issued in this state or covering risk located in this state may 415 be paid in cash in the form of a draft or drafts. 416 (b) If, due to insufficient funds, payment of premium under 417 this subsection by debit card, credit card, electronic funds

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18	transfer, or electronic check is returned, is declined, or
19	cannot be processed, the insurer may impose an insufficient
20	funds fee of up to \$15 per occurrence pursuant to the policy
21	terms.
22	Section 14. Section 627.747, Florida Statutes, is created
23	to read:
24	627.747 Named driver exclusion
25	(1) A private passenger motor vehicle policy is permitted
26	to exclude an identified individual from coverage when such
27	identified individual is driving a motor vehicle. The coverages
28	from which an identified individual may be excluded are:
29	(a)1. Those coverages that the named insured is not
30	required by law to purchase; and
31	2. Property damage liability coverage.
32	(b) Notwithstanding the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law,
33	the personal injury protection coverage specifically applicable
34	to the identified individual's injuries, lost wages, and death
35	benefits.
36	(c) Uninsured motorist coverage, if the named insured has
37	purchased such coverage.
38	(d) Bodily injury liability, if required by law and
39	purchased by the named insured.
40	(2) A private passenger motor vehicle policy shall not
41	exclude coverage when:
42	(a) The identified individual is injured while not
43	operating a motor vehicle.
44	(b) The exclusion is unfairly discriminatory as determined
45	by the office under the Florida Insurance Code.
46	(c) The exclusion is inconsistent with the underwriting

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quidelines filed by the insurer pursuant to s. 627.0651(13)(a). 447 Section 15. Section 627.7843, Florida Statutes, is amended 448 to read: 449 450 627.7843 Property information reports Ownership and 451 encumbrance reports.-

452 (1) As used in this section, the term "property information 453 report" means any report that contains the limitations of this section and discloses documents or information appearing in the Official Records as described in s. 28.222, in the records of a 456 county tax collector pertaining to ad valorem real property 457 taxes and special assessments imposed by a governmental 458 authority against real property, in the Secretary of State 459 filing office, or in another governmental filing office pertaining to real or personal property. A property information report may be issued by any person, including a Florida-licensed title insurer, title agent, or title agency "ownership and 463 encumbrance report" means a report that discloses certain defined documents imparting constructive notice and appearing in 465 the official records relating to specified real property.

(2) A property information An ownership and encumbrance report may not directly or indirectly set forth or imply any opinion, warranty, guarantee, insurance, or other similar assurance and does not constitute title insurance as defined in s. 624.608 as to the status of title to real property.

(3) The contractual liability of the issuer of a property information report is limited to the person or persons expressly identified by name in the property information report as the recipient or recipients of the property information report and may not exceed the amount paid for the property information

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476	report. Only contractual remedies are available for an error or
477	omission that arises from a property information report. A
478	property information report must contain the following language:
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480	"This report is not title insurance. Pursuant to s. 627.7843,
481	Florida Statutes, the maximum liability of the issuer of this
482	property information report for errors or omissions in this
483	property information report is limited to the amount paid for
484	this property information report, and is further limited to the
485	person(s) expressly identified by name in the property
486	information report as the recipient(s) of the property
487	information report." Any ownership and encumbrance report or
488	similar report that is relied on or intended to be relied on by
489	a consumer must be on forms approved by the office, and must
490	provide for a maximum liability for incorrect information of not
491	more than \$1,000.
492	(4) This section is not applicable to an opinion of title
493	issued by an attorney.
494	Section 16. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.
495	
496	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================
497	And the title is amended as follows:
498	Delete everything before the enacting clause
499	and insert:
500	A bill to be entitled
501	An act relating to the regulation of insurance
502	companies; amending s. 177.041, F.S.; providing that a
503	specified property information report, rather than a
504	specified certification by an abstractor or a title

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505 company, may be submitted as part of certain 506 information required in relation to the plat or replat of a subdivision; amending ss. 177.091 and 197.502, 507 508 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 509 act; amending s. 215.555, F.S.; deleting a future 510 repeal of an exemption of medical malpractice 511 insurance premiums from certain emergency assessments 512 by the State Board of Administration relating to the 513 Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; amending ss. 514 624.407 and 624.408, F.S.; specifying the minimum 515 surplus as to policyholders for insurers that only 516 transact in specified forms of residential property 517 insurance; amending s. 624.424, F.S.; revising a 518 requirement for audit committees established by the 519 boards of directors of insurers, relating to 520 relationships that would interfere with the exercise 521 of independent judgment of committee members; amending 522 s. 625.012, F.S.; revising the allowable assets of 523 insurers relating to specified levied assessments; 524 amending s. 627.062, F.S.; revising requirements for 525 certain rate filings by medical malpractice insurers; 526 amending s. 627.0645, F.S.; adding certain medical 527 malpractice insurance to casualty insurance excluded 528 from an annual base rate filing requirement for rating 529 organizations; amending s. 627.4035, F.S.; revising 530 the methods of paying premiums for insurance 531 contracts; authorizing an insurer to impose a 532 specified insufficient funds fee if certain premium 533 payment methods are returned, are declined, or cannot

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534 be processed; providing an exception; amending s. 535 627.421, F.S.; providing that an electronically 536 delivered document in an insurance policy meets 537 formatting requirements for printed documents under 538 certain conditions; amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; 539 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 627.747, F.S.; authorizing private 540 541 passenger motor vehicle policies to exclude certain 542 identified individuals from specified coverages under 543 certain circumstances; prohibiting such policies from 544 excluding coverage under certain circumstances; 545 amending s. 627.7843, F.S.; replacing provisions 546 relating to ownership and encumbrance reports with 547 provisions relating to property information reports; 548 defining the term "property information report"; 549 prohibiting property information reports from setting 550 forth or implying certain assurances; providing 551 construction; specifying a limitation on the 552 contractual liability of issuers of property 553 information reports; requiring a specified disclosure 554 in property information reports; providing 555 applicability; providing an effective date.