By Senator Passidomo

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to highway safety; amending s. 316.003, F.S.; providing definitions; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 316.027, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "vulnerable road user"; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 316.083, F.S.; revising provisions relating to the overtaking and passing of a vehicle; requiring the driver of a motor vehicle overtaking a person operating a bicycle or other vulnerable user of a public roadway to pass such persons at a safe distance, subject to certain requirements; directing a law enforcement officer issuing a citation for specified violations to note certain information on the citation; authorizing a designated official to impose a fine up to a specified amount for such violations; amending s. 316.084, F.S.; exempting bicycles from provisions for passing a vehicle on the right at the bicycle rider's own risk with no liability to other motor vehicle drivers under certain circumstances; amending s. 316.085, F.S.; prohibiting a vehicle from turning within an intersection or into an alley, private road, or driveway under certain circumstances; amending s. 316.0875, F.S.; exempting persons from provisions for designated no-passing zones who safely and briefly drive to the left of the center of the roadway or pavement striping only to the extent necessary to avoid an obstruction, turn left into or from an alley, private road, or driveway, or comply with specified requirements regarding a safe distance necessary to pass a vulnerable user; amending s. 316.151, F.S.; revising provisions for turning at

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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intersections onto a highway, public or private roadway, or driveway; directing a law enforcement officer issuing a citation for specified violations to note certain information on the citation; authorizing a designated official to impose a fine up to a specified amount for such violations; amending s. 316.1925, F.S.; revising provisions relating to careless driving; directing a law enforcement officer issuing a citation for specified violations to note certain information on the citation; authorizing a designated official to impose a fine up to a specified amount for such violations; amending s. 316.2065, F.S.; revising provisions for operation of a bicycle; specifying that a bicycle is a vehicle under Florida law and shall be operated in the same manner as any other vehicle; specifying that every person operating a bicycle has all of the rights and duties applicable to the driver of any other vehicle under this chapter, subject to certain exceptions; requiring persons operating a bicycle at a certain speed to ride in the bicycle lane or, if there is no bicycle lane in the roadway, as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except under specified situations; prohibiting persons riding bicycles in a bicycle lane from riding more than two abreast except on bicycle paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles; requiring persons riding bicycles in groups of a certain number or more to proceed through a stop sign in a group of a certain 28-00122B-17 2017408

number or fewer at a time under certain circumstances; requiring motor vehicle operators to allow such groups of bicycles to travel through an intersection before moving forward; amending s. 318.19, F.S.; requiring a hearing for specified offenses; directing a law enforcement officer issuing a citation for specified infractions to note certain information on the citation; authorizing a designated official to impose a fine up to a specified amount for such infractions; amending ss. 212.05, 316.545, 316.613, 320.08, 322.0261, 655.960, and 860.065, F.S.; conforming cross-references; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; making technical changes; reenacting s. 316.072(4)(b), F.S., relating to obedience to and effect of traffic laws, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 316.1925, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 316.1923(5), F.S., relating to aggressive careless driving, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 316.083 and 316.084, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 318.14(2), F.S., relating to noncriminal traffic infractions, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 318.19, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 318.18(1)(b), F.S., relating to amount of penalties, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 316.2065, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, the Legislature recognizes that everyone must share the road, and

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WHEREAS, there are laws in place, such as ss. 316.2065 and 316.2068, Florida Statutes, that require certain vulnerable road users to follow safe practices when operating on the roadways of the state, and

WHEREAS, there are laws in place that similarly require persons who operate vehicles on the highways of the state to operate the vehicles in a safe manner, and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Legislature to amend the Florida Uniform Traffic Control Law to protect vulnerable road users while balancing their rights against the rights of those who choose to travel by motor vehicle, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsections (4) through (96) of section 316.003, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (5) through (97), respectively, present subsection (97) of that section is redesignated as subsection (99), a new subsection (4) and subsection (98) are added to that section, and present subsection (55) of that section, is amended, to read:

316.003 Definitions.—The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

- (4) BICYCLE LANE.—A portion of a roadway or highway which has been designated by pavement markings and signs for the preferential or exclusive use by bicycles.
- (56) (55) PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY.—Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (78)(b) (77) (b), any privately owned way

of a bodily member or organ.

28-00122B-17 2017408 120 or place used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having 121 express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other 122 persons. 123 (98) VULNERABLE USER OF A PUBLIC ROADWAY OR VULNERABLE 124 USER.-125 (a) A pedestrian, including a person actually engaged in 126 work upon a highway, work upon utility facilities along a 127 highway, or the provision of emergency services within the 128 right-of-way; 129 (b) A person operating, or who is a passenger on, a 130 bicycle, scooter, or moped lawfully on the roadway; 131 (c) A person riding an animal; or 132 (d) A person lawfully operating on a public roadway, 133 crosswalk, or shoulder of the roadway: 134 1. A farm tractor or similar vehicle designed primarily for 135 farm use; 136 2. A horse-drawn carriage; 137 3. An electric personal assistive mobility device; or 138 4. A wheelchair. 139 Section 2. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (e) and (f) of 140 subsection (2) of section 316.027, Florida Statutes, are amended 141 to read: 142 316.027 Crash involving death or personal injuries .-143 (1) As used in this section, the term: (a) "serious bodily injury" means an injury to a person, 144 145 including the driver, which consists of a physical condition 146 that creates a substantial risk of death, serious personal 147 disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function

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(b) "Vulnerable road user" means:

1. A pedestrian, including a person actually engaged in work upon a highway, or in work upon utility facilities along a highway, or engaged in the provision of emergency services within the right-of-way;

- 2. A person operating a bicycle, motorcycle, scooter, or moped lawfully on the roadway;
 - 3. A person riding an animal; or
- 4. A person lawfully operating on a public right-of-way, crosswalk, or shoulder of the roadway:
- a. A farm tractor or similar vehicle designed primarily for farm use;
 - b. A skateboard, roller skates, or in-line skates;
- c. A horse-drawn carriage;
 - d. An electric personal assistive mobility device; or
- 164 e. A wheelchair.
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- (e) A driver who violates paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall have his or her driver license revoked for at least 3 years as provided in s. 322.28(4).
- 1. A person convicted of violating paragraph (a), paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) shall, before his or her driving privilege may be reinstated, present to the department proof of completion of a victim's impact panel session in a judicial circuit if such a panel exists, or if such a panel does not exist, a department-approved driver improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 322.0261(2).
 - 2. The department may reinstate an offender's driving

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privilege after he or she satisfies the 3-year revocation period as provided in s. 322.28(4) and successfully completes either a victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 322.0261(2).

- 3. For purposes of this paragraph, an offender's driving privilege may be reinstated only after the department verifies that the offender participated in and successfully completed a victim's impact panel session or a department-approved driver improvement course.
- (f) For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921 and determining incentive gain-time eligibility under chapter 944, an offense listed in this subsection is ranked one level above the ranking specified in s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 for the offense committed if the victim of the offense was a vulnerable road user.

Section 3. Section 316.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.083 Overtaking and passing a vehicle.—The following provisions rules shall govern the overtaking and passing of a vehicle vehicles proceeding in the same direction, subject to those limitations, exceptions, and special rules hereinafter stated:

(1) The driver of a vehicle overtaking another vehicle proceeding in the same direction shall give an appropriate signal as provided for in s. 316.156, shall pass to the left thereof at a safe distance, and shall not again drive to the right side of the roadway until safely clear of the overtaken

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vehicle.

operating a bicycle or other vulnerable user of a public roadway nonmotorized vehicle must pass the person operating the bicycle or other vulnerable user nonmotorized vehicle at a safe distance of not less than 3 feet between any part of or attachment to the motor vehicle, anything extending from the motor vehicle, or any trailer or other thing being towed by the motor vehicle and the bicycle, the person operating the bicycle, or other vulnerable user nonmotorized vehicle.

(3) (2) Except when overtaking and passing on the right is permitted, the driver of an overtaken vehicle shall give way to the right in favor of the overtaking vehicle, on audible signal or upon the visible blinking of the headlamps of the overtaking vehicle if such overtaking is being attempted at nighttime, and shall not increase the speed of his or her vehicle until completely passed by the overtaking vehicle.

(4) (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318. If a violation of this section contributes to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public roadway or to the damage to a motor vehicle and bodily injury of a motor vehicle occupant, the law enforcement officer issuing the citation to the party responsible for the violation shall note such information on the citation, and the designated official may impose a fine of not more than \$2,500.

Section 4. Section 316.084, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.084 When overtaking on the right is permitted.-

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(1) The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass on the right of another vehicle only under the following conditions:

- (a) When the vehicle overtaken is making or about to make a left turn;
- (b) Upon a street or highway with unobstructed pavement not occupied by parked vehicles of sufficient width for two or more lines of moving traffic in each direction;
- (c) Upon a one-way street, or upon any roadway on which traffic is restricted to one direction of movement, where the roadway is free from obstructions and of sufficient width for two or more lines of moving vehicles.
- (2) The driver of a vehicle may overtake and pass another vehicle on the right only under conditions permitting such movement in safety. In no event shall such movement be made by driving off the pavement or main-traveled portion of the roadway.
- (3) This section does not prohibit a bicycle that is in a bicycle lane or on the shoulder of a roadway or highway from passing another vehicle on the right at the bicycle rider's own risk with no liability to other motor vehicle drivers.
- $\underline{(4)}$ (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 5. Section 316.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 316.085 Limitations on overtaking, passing, changing lanes, and changing course, and turning.—
- (1) No vehicle shall be driven to the left side of the center of the roadway in overtaking and passing another vehicle

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proceeding in the same direction unless authorized by the provisions of this chapter and unless such left side is clearly visible and is free of oncoming traffic for a sufficient distance ahead to permit such overtaking and passing to be completely made without interfering with the operation of any vehicle approaching from the opposite direction of any vehicle overtaken. In every event the overtaking vehicle must return to an authorized lane of travel as soon as practicable and, in the event the passing movement involves the use of a lane authorized for vehicles approaching from the opposite direction, before coming within 200 feet of any approaching vehicle.

- (2) No vehicle shall be driven from a direct course in any lane on any highway or turned within an intersection or into an alley, private road, or driveway until the driver has determined that the vehicle is not being approached or passed by any other vehicle in the lane or on the side to which the driver desires to move or turn and that the move or turn can be completely made with safety and without interfering with the safe operation of any vehicle approaching from the same direction.
- (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.

Section 6. Section 316.0875, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.0875 No-passing zones.-

(1) The Department of Transportation and local authorities may are authorized to determine those portions of any highway under their respective jurisdiction where overtaking and passing or driving to the left of the roadway

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would be especially hazardous and may, by appropriate signs or markings on the roadway, indicate the beginning and end of such zones., and When such signs or markings are in place and clearly visible to an ordinarily observant person, each every driver of a vehicle shall obey the directions thereof.

- (2) Where signs or markings are in place to define a nopassing zone as set forth in subsection (1), a no driver may not, shall at any time, drive on the left side of the roadway that has with such no-passing zone or on the left side of any pavement striping designed to mark such no-passing zone throughout its length.
- (3) This section does not apply to a person who safely and briefly drives to the left of the center of the roadway or pavement striping only to the extent necessary to:
- (a) Avoid When an obstruction; exists making it necessary to drive to the left of the center of the highway, nor
- (b) Turn To the driver of a vehicle turning left into or from an alley, private road, or driveway; or
- (c) Comply with the requirements of s. 316.083(2) regarding a safe distance necessary to pass a vulnerable user.
- (4) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- Section 7. Section 316.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 316.151 Required position and method of turning at intersections.—
- (1) (a) Right turn.—If the driver of a vehicle intends intending to turn right at an intersection onto a highway,

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public or private roadway, or driveway, shall do so as follows:

(a) Right turn.—both the approach for a right turn and a right turn shall be made as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway.

- (b) Left turn.—The driver of a vehicle intending to turn left at an any intersection onto a highway, public or private roadway, or driveway shall do so as follows:
- 1. The driver shall approach the intersection in the extreme left-hand lane lawfully available to traffic moving in the direction of travel of such vehicle. Thereafter, and, after entering the intersection, the left turn shall be made so as to leave the intersection in a lane lawfully available to traffic moving in such direction upon the roadway being entered.
- 2. A person riding a bicycle and intending to turn left in accordance with this section is entitled to the full use of the lane from which the turn may legally be made. Whenever practicable the left turn shall be made in that portion of the intersection to the left of the center of the intersection.
- (c) Left turn by bicycle.—In addition to the method of making a left turn described in paragraph (b), a person riding a bicycle and intending to turn left may do so as follows has the option of following the course described hereafter:
- \underline{a} . The rider shall approach the turn as close as practicable to the right curb or edge of the roadway;
- \underline{b} . After proceeding across the intersecting roadway, the turn shall be made as close as practicable to the curb or edge of the roadway on the far side of the intersection; and,
- $\underline{\text{c.}}$ Before proceeding, the bicyclist shall comply with any official traffic control device or police officer regulating

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traffic on the highway along which the bicyclist intends to proceed.

- (2) The state, county, and local authorities in their respective jurisdictions may cause official traffic control devices to be placed within or adjacent to intersections and thereby require and direct that a different course from that specified in this section be traveled by vehicles turning at an intersection. When such devices are so placed, the no driver of a vehicle may not turn a vehicle at an intersection other than as directed and required by such devices.
- (3) A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a moving violation as provided in chapter 318. If a violation of this section contributes to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public roadway or to the damage to a motor vehicle and injury of a motor vehicle occupant, the law enforcement officer issuing the citation to the party responsible for the violation shall note such information on the citation, and the designated official may impose a fine of not more than \$2,500.

Section 8. Section 316.1925, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1925 Careless driving.-

(1) \underline{A} Any person operating a vehicle upon the streets or highways within the state shall drive the same in a careful and prudent manner, having regard for the width, grade, curves, corners, traffic, and all other attendant circumstances, so as not to endanger the life, limb, or property of any person. \underline{A} person who fails Failure to drive in such \underline{a} manner $\underline{commits}$ shall constitute careless driving and \underline{a} violation of this section.

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(2) Any person who violates this section shall be cited for a moving violation, punishable as provided in chapter 318.

(2) If a violation under subsection (1) contributes to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public roadway or to the damage to a motor vehicle and injury of a motor vehicle occupant, the law enforcement officer issuing the citation for the violation shall note such information on the citation, and the designated official may impose a fine of not more than \$2,500.

Section 9. Subsections (1), (5), and (6) of section 316.2065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.2065 Bicycle regulations.-

- operated in the same manner as any other vehicle, and every person operating a bicycle propelling a vehicle by human power has all of the rights and all of the duties applicable to the driver of any other vehicle under this chapter, except as to special regulations in this chapter, and except as to provisions of this chapter which by their nature can have no application.
- (5) (a) Any person operating a bicycle upon a roadway at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing shall ride in the bicycle lane marked for bicycle use or, if there is no bicycle lane in the roadway is marked for bicycle use, as close as practicable to the right-hand curb or edge of the roadway except under any of the following situations:
- 1. When overtaking and passing another bicycle or vehicle proceeding in the same direction.
 - 2. When preparing for a left turn at an intersection or

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into a private road or driveway.

- 3. When reasonably necessary to avoid any condition or potential conflict, including, but not limited to, a fixed or moving object, parked or moving vehicle, bicycle, pedestrian, animal, surface hazard, turn lane, or substandard-width lane, which makes it unsafe to continue along the right-hand curb or edge or within a bicycle lane. For the purposes of this subsection, a "substandard-width lane" is a lane that is too narrow for a bicycle and another vehicle to travel safely side by side within the lane.
- (b) Any person operating a bicycle upon a one-way highway with two or more marked traffic lanes may ride as near the left-hand curb or edge of such roadway as practicable.
- (6) (a) Persons riding bicycles upon a roadway or in a bicycle lane may not ride more than two abreast except on bicycle paths or parts of roadways set aside for the exclusive use of bicycles. Persons riding two abreast may not impede traffic when traveling at less than the normal speed of traffic at the time and place and under the conditions then existing and shall ride within a single lane.
- (b) When stopping at a stop sign, persons riding bicycles in groups of 4 or more, after coming to a full stop and obeying all traffic laws, may proceed through the stop sign in a group of 10 or fewer at a time, and motor vehicle operators shall allow that group to travel through the intersection before moving forward.

Section 10. Section 318.19, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.19 Infractions requiring a mandatory hearing.—Any

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person cited for the infractions listed in this section shall not have the provisions of s. 318.14(2), (4), and (9) available to him or her but must appear before the designated official at the time and location of the scheduled hearing:

- (1) Any infraction which results in a crash that causes the death of another;
- (2) Any infraction which results in a crash that causes "serious bodily injury" of another as defined in s. 316.1933(1);
 - (3) Any infraction of s. 316.172(1)(b);
 - (4) Any infraction of s. 316.520(1) or (2); or
- (5) Any infraction of s. 316.183(2), s. 316.187, or s.
- 316.189 of exceeding the speed limit by 30 m.p.h. or more; or
- (6) Any infraction of s. 316.083, s. 316.151, or s. 316.1925 which contributes to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public roadway as defined in s. 316.003. If an infraction listed in this subsection contributes to the bodily injury of a vulnerable user of a public roadway or to the damage to a motor vehicle and injury of a motor vehicle occupant, the law enforcement officer issuing the citation to the party responsible for the infraction shall note such information on the citation, and the designated official may impose a fine of not more than \$2,500.

Section 11. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 212.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.05 Sales, storage, use tax.—It is hereby declared to be the legislative intent that every person is exercising a taxable privilege who engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state, including the business of making mail order sales, or who rents or furnishes

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any of the things or services taxable under this chapter, or who stores for use or consumption in this state any item or article of tangible personal property as defined herein and who leases or rents such property within the state.

- (1) For the exercise of such privilege, a tax is levied on each taxable transaction or incident, which tax is due and payable as follows:
- (c) At the rate of 6 percent of the gross proceeds derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal property, as defined herein; however, the following special provisions apply to the lease or rental of motor vehicles:
- 1. When a motor vehicle is leased or rented for a period of less than 12 months:
- a. If the motor vehicle is rented in Florida, the entire amount of such rental is taxable, even if the vehicle is dropped off in another state.
- b. If the motor vehicle is rented in another state and dropped off in Florida, the rental is exempt from Florida tax.
- 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., for the lease or rental of a motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12 months, sales tax is due on the lease or rental payments if the vehicle is registered in this state; provided, however, that no tax shall be due if the taxpayer documents use of the motor vehicle outside this state and tax is being paid on the lease or rental payments in another state.
- 3. The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply to the lease or rental of a commercial motor vehicle as defined in \underline{s} . $\underline{316.003(13)(a)}$ \underline{s} . $\underline{316.003(12)(a)}$ to one lessee or rentee for a period of not less than 12 months when tax was paid on the

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purchase price of such vehicle by the lessor. To the extent tax was paid with respect to the purchase of such vehicle in another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia, the Florida tax payable shall be reduced in accordance with the provisions of s. 212.06(7). This subparagraph shall only be available when the lease or rental of such property is an established business or part of an established business or the same is incidental or germane to such business.

Section 12. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 316.545, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.545 Weight and load unlawful; special fuel and motor fuel tax enforcement; inspection; penalty; review.—

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(b) The officer or inspector shall inspect the license plate or registration certificate of the commercial vehicle to determine whether its gross weight is in compliance with the declared gross vehicle weight. If its gross weight exceeds the declared weight, the penalty shall be 5 cents per pound on the difference between such weights. In those cases when the commercial vehicle is being operated over the highways of the state with an expired registration or with no registration from this or any other jurisdiction or is not registered under the applicable provisions of chapter 320, the penalty herein shall apply on the basis of 5 cents per pound on that scaled weight which exceeds 35,000 pounds on laden truck tractor-semitrailer combinations or tandem trailer truck combinations, 10,000 pounds on laden straight trucks or straight truck-trailer combinations, or 10,000 pounds on any unladen commercial motor vehicle. A driver of a commercial motor vehicle entering the state at a

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designated port-of-entry location, as defined in s. 316.003 s. 316.003(54), or operating on designated routes to a port-ofentry location, who obtains a temporary registration permit shall be assessed a penalty limited to the difference between its gross weight and the declared gross vehicle weight at 5 cents per pound. If the license plate or registration has not been expired for more than 90 days, the penalty imposed under this paragraph may not exceed \$1,000. In the case of special mobile equipment, which qualifies for the license tax provided for in s. 320.08(5)(b), being operated on the highways of the state with an expired registration or otherwise not properly registered under the applicable provisions of chapter 320, a penalty of \$75 shall apply in addition to any other penalty which may apply in accordance with this chapter. A vehicle found in violation of this section may be detained until the owner or operator produces evidence that the vehicle has been properly registered. Any costs incurred by the retention of the vehicle shall be the sole responsibility of the owner. A person who has been assessed a penalty pursuant to this paragraph for failure to have a valid vehicle registration certificate pursuant to the provisions of chapter 320 is not subject to the delinquent fee authorized in s. 320.07 if such person obtains a valid registration certificate within 10 working days after such penalty was assessed.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 316.613, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.613 Child restraint requirements.-

(2) As used in this section, the term "motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in s. 316.003 that is operated on the

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roadways, streets, and highways of the state. The term does not include:

(a) A school bus as defined in $\underline{s.\ 316.003}\ \underline{s.\ 316.003(68)}$. Section 14. Section 320.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.08 License taxes.—Except as otherwise provided herein, there are hereby levied and imposed annual license taxes for the operation of motor vehicles, mopeds, motorized bicycles as defined in $\underline{s.\ 316.003(3)}\ \underline{s.\ 316.003(2)}$, tri-vehicles as defined in $\underline{s.\ 316.003}$, and mobile homes as defined in $\underline{s.\ 320.01}$, which shall be paid to and collected by the department or its agent upon the registration or renewal of registration of the following:

- (1) MOTORCYCLES AND MOPEDS.-
- (a) Any motorcycle: \$10 flat.
- (b) Any moped: \$5 flat.
- (c) Upon registration of a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle, or moped, in addition to the license taxes specified in this subsection, a nonrefundable motorcycle safety education fee in the amount of \$2.50 shall be paid. The proceeds of such additional fee shall be deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund to fund a motorcycle driver improvement program implemented pursuant to s. 322.025, the Florida Motorcycle Safety Education Program established in s. 322.0255, or the general operations of the department.
- (d) An ancient or antique motorcycle: \$7.50 flat, of which \$2.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (2) AUTOMOBILES OR TRI-VEHICLES FOR PRIVATE USE.-
 - (a) An ancient or antique automobile, as defined in s.

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320.086, or a street rod, as defined in s. 320.0863: \$7.50 flat.

- (b) Net weight of less than 2,500 pounds: \$14.50 flat.
- (c) Net weight of 2,500 pounds or more, but less than 3,500 pounds: \$22.50 flat.
 - (d) Net weight of 3,500 pounds or more: \$32.50 flat.
 - (3) TRUCKS.-

- (a) Net weight of less than 2,000 pounds: \$14.50 flat.
- (b) Net weight of 2,000 pounds or more, but not more than 3,000 pounds: \$22.50 flat.
- (c) Net weight more than 3,000 pounds, but not more than 5,000 pounds: \$32.50 flat.
- (d) A truck defined as a "goat," or other vehicle if used in the field by a farmer or in the woods for the purpose of harvesting a crop, including naval stores, during such harvesting operations, and which is not principally operated upon the roads of the state: \$7.50 flat. The term "goat" means a motor vehicle designed, constructed, and used principally for the transportation of citrus fruit within citrus groves or for the transportation of crops on farms, and which can also be used for hauling associated equipment or supplies, including required sanitary equipment, and the towing of farm trailers.
- (e) An ancient or antique truck, as defined in s. 320.086: \$7.50 flat.
- (4) HEAVY TRUCKS, TRUCK TRACTORS, FEES ACCORDING TO GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT.—
- (a) Gross vehicle weight of 5,001 pounds or more, but less than 6,000 pounds: \$60.75 flat, of which \$15.75 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (b) Gross vehicle weight of 6,000 pounds or more, but less

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than 8,000 pounds: \$87.75 flat, of which \$22.75 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (c) Gross vehicle weight of 8,000 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 pounds: \$103 flat, of which \$27 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (d) Gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more, but less than 15,000 pounds: \$118 flat, of which \$31 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (e) Gross vehicle weight of 15,000 pounds or more, but less than 20,000 pounds: \$177 flat, of which \$46 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (f) Gross vehicle weight of 20,000 pounds or more, but less than 26,001 pounds: \$251 flat, of which \$65 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (g) Gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more, but less than 35,000: \$324 flat, of which \$84 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (h) Gross vehicle weight of 35,000 pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds: \$405 flat, of which \$105 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (i) Gross vehicle weight of 44,000 pounds or more, but less than 55,000 pounds: \$773 flat, of which \$201 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (j) Gross vehicle weight of 55,000 pounds or more, but less than 62,000 pounds: \$916 flat, of which \$238 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (k) Gross vehicle weight of 62,000 pounds or more, but less than 72,000 pounds: \$1,080 flat, of which \$280 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

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(1) Gross vehicle weight of 72,000 pounds or more: \$1,322 flat, of which \$343 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (m) Notwithstanding the declared gross vehicle weight, a truck tractor used within a 150-mile radius of its home address is eligible for a license plate for a fee of \$324 flat if:
- 1. The truck tractor is used exclusively for hauling forestry products; or
- 2. The truck tractor is used primarily for the hauling of forestry products, and is also used for the hauling of associated forestry harvesting equipment used by the owner of the truck tractor.

Of the fee imposed by this paragraph, \$84 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (n) A truck tractor or heavy truck, not operated as a forhire vehicle, which is engaged exclusively in transporting raw, unprocessed, and nonmanufactured agricultural or horticultural products within a 150-mile radius of its home address, is eligible for a restricted license plate for a fee of:
- 1. If such vehicle's declared gross vehicle weight is less than 44,000 pounds, \$87.75 flat, of which \$22.75 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. If such vehicle's declared gross vehicle weight is 44,000 pounds or more and such vehicle only transports from the point of production to the point of primary manufacture; to the point of assembling the same; or to a shipping point of a rail, water, or motor transportation company, \$324 flat, of which \$84 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

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Such not-for-hire truck tractors and heavy trucks used exclusively in transporting raw, unprocessed, and nonmanufactured agricultural or horticultural products may be incidentally used to haul farm implements and fertilizers delivered direct to the growers. The department may require any documentation deemed necessary to determine eligibility prior to issuance of this license plate. For the purpose of this paragraph, "not-for-hire" means the owner of the motor vehicle must also be the owner of the raw, unprocessed, and nonmanufactured agricultural or horticultural product, or the user of the farm implements and fertilizer being delivered.

- (5) SEMITRAILERS, FEES ACCORDING TO GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT; SCHOOL BUSES; SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLES.—
- (a)1. A semitrailer drawn by a GVW truck tractor by means of a fifth-wheel arrangement: \$13.50 flat per registration year or any part thereof, of which \$3.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. A semitrailer drawn by a GVW truck tractor by means of a fifth-wheel arrangement: \$68 flat per permanent registration, of which \$18 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) A motor vehicle equipped with machinery and designed for the exclusive purpose of well drilling, excavation, construction, spraying, or similar activity, and which is not designed or used to transport loads other than the machinery described above over public roads: \$44 flat, of which \$11.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (c) A school bus used exclusively to transport pupils to and from school or school or church activities or functions

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within their own county: \$41 flat, of which \$11 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (d) A wrecker, as defined in s. 320.01, which is used to tow a vessel as defined in s. 327.02, a disabled, abandoned, stolen-recovered, or impounded motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.01, or a replacement motor vehicle as defined in s. 320.01: \$41 flat, of which \$11 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (e) A wrecker that is used to tow any nondisabled motor vehicle, a vessel, or any other cargo unless used as defined in paragraph (d), as follows:
- 1. Gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more, but less than 15,000 pounds: \$118 flat, of which \$31 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. Gross vehicle weight of 15,000 pounds or more, but less than 20,000 pounds: \$177 flat, of which \$46 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 3. Gross vehicle weight of 20,000 pounds or more, but less than 26,000 pounds: \$251 flat, of which \$65 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 4. Gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or more, but less than 35,000 pounds: \$324 flat, of which \$84 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 5. Gross vehicle weight of 35,000 pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds: \$405 flat, of which \$105 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 6. Gross vehicle weight of 44,000 pounds or more, but less than 55,000 pounds: \$772 flat, of which \$200 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

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7. Gross vehicle weight of 55,000 pounds or more, but less than 62,000 pounds: \$915 flat, of which \$237 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- 8. Gross vehicle weight of 62,000 pounds or more, but less than 72,000 pounds: \$1,080 flat, of which \$280 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 9. Gross vehicle weight of 72,000 pounds or more: \$1,322 flat, of which \$343 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (f) A hearse or ambulance: \$40.50 flat, of which \$10.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (6) MOTOR VEHICLES FOR HIRE.-
- (a) Under nine passengers: \$17 flat, of which \$4.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$1.50 per cwt, of which 50 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) Nine passengers and over: \$17 flat, of which \$4.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$2 per cwt, of which 50 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (7) TRAILERS FOR PRIVATE USE.-
- (a) Any trailer weighing 500 pounds or less: \$6.75 flat per year or any part thereof, of which \$1.75 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) Net weight over 500 pounds: \$3.50 flat, of which \$1 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$1 per cwt, of which 25 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (8) TRAILERS FOR HIRE.-

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(a) Net weight under 2,000 pounds: \$3.50 flat, of which \$1 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$1.50 per cwt, of which 50 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (b) Net weight 2,000 pounds or more: \$13.50 flat, of which \$3.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$1.50 per cwt, of which 50 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (9) RECREATIONAL VEHICLE-TYPE UNITS.-
- (a) A travel trailer or fifth-wheel trailer, as defined by s. 320.01(1)(b), that does not exceed 35 feet in length: \$27 flat, of which \$7 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (b) A camping trailer, as defined by s. 320.01(1)(b)2.: \$13.50 flat, of which \$3.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (c) A motor home, as defined by s. 320.01(1)(b)4.:
- 1. Net weight of less than 4,500 pounds: \$27 flat, of which \$7 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. Net weight of 4,500 pounds or more: \$47.25 flat, of which \$12.25 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (d) A truck camper as defined by s. 320.01(1)(b)3.:
- 1. Net weight of less than 4,500 pounds: \$27 flat, of which \$7 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. Net weight of 4,500 pounds or more: \$47.25 flat, of which \$12.25 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
 - (e) A private motor coach as defined by s. 320.01(1)(b)5.:
- 1. Net weight of less than 4,500 pounds: \$27 flat, of which \$7 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

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787 2. Net weight of 4,500 pounds or more: \$47.25 flat, of
788 which \$12.25 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (10) PARK TRAILERS; TRAVEL TRAILERS; FIFTH-WHEEL TRAILERS; 35 FEET TO 40 FEET.—
- 791 (a) Park trailers.—Any park trailer, as defined in s. 792 320.01(1)(b)7.: \$25 flat.
- 793 (b) A travel trailer or fifth-wheel trailer, as defined in 794 s. 320.01(1)(b), that exceeds 35 feet: \$25 flat.
 - (11) MOBILE HOMES.—
- 796 (a) A mobile home not exceeding 35 feet in length: \$20 flat.
- 798 (b) A mobile home over 35 feet in length, but not exceeding 799 40 feet: \$25 flat.
- (c) A mobile home over 40 feet in length, but not exceeding 45 feet: \$30 flat.
 - (d) A mobile home over 45 feet in length, but not exceeding 50 feet: \$35 flat.
- 804 (e) A mobile home over 50 feet in length, but not exceeding 805 55 feet: \$40 flat.
- 806 (f) A mobile home over 55 feet in length, but not exceeding 807 60 feet: \$45 flat.
- 808 (g) A mobile home over 60 feet in length, but not exceeding 809 65 feet: \$50 flat.
 - (h) A mobile home over 65 feet in length: \$80 flat.
 - (12) DEALER AND MANUFACTURER LICENSE PLATES.—A franchised motor vehicle dealer, independent motor vehicle dealer, marine boat trailer dealer, or mobile home dealer and manufacturer license plate: \$17 flat, of which \$4.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

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(13) EXEMPT OR OFFICIAL LICENSE PLATES.—Any exempt or official license plate: \$4 flat, of which \$1 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

- (14) LOCALLY OPERATED MOTOR VEHICLES FOR HIRE.—A motor vehicle for hire operated wholly within a city or within 25 miles thereof: \$17 flat, of which \$4.50 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund; plus \$2 per cwt, of which 50 cents shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (15) TRANSPORTER.—Any transporter license plate issued to a transporter pursuant to s. 320.133: \$101.25 flat, of which \$26.25 shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.

Section 15. Subsection (2) of section 322.0261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 322.0261 Driver improvement course; requirement to maintain driving privileges; failure to complete; department approval of course.—
- (2) With respect to an operator convicted of, or who pleaded nolo contendere to, a traffic offense giving rise to a crash identified in paragraph (1)(a) or paragraph (1)(b), the department shall require that the operator, in addition to other applicable penalties, attend a department-approved driver improvement course in order to maintain his or her driving privileges. The department shall include in the course curriculum instruction specifically addressing the rights of vulnerable road users as defined in s. 316.003 s. 316.027 relative to vehicles on the roadway. If the operator fails to complete the course within 90 days after receiving notice from the department, the operator's driver license shall be canceled by the department until the course is successfully completed.

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Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 655.960, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

655.960 Definitions; ss. 655.960-655.965.—As used in this section and ss. 655.961-655.965, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Access area" means any paved walkway or sidewalk which is within 50 feet of any automated teller machine. The term does not include any street or highway open to the use of the public, as defined in $\underline{s. 316.003(78)(a)}$ or $\underline{(b)}$ $\underline{s. 316.003(77)(a)}$ or $\underline{(b)}$, including any adjacent sidewalk, as defined in $\underline{s. 316.003}$.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 860.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

860.065 Commercial transportation; penalty for use in commission of a felony.—

(1) It is unlawful for any person to attempt to obtain, solicit to obtain, or obtain any means of public or commercial transportation or conveyance, including vessels, aircraft, railroad trains, or commercial motor vehicles as defined in s. 316.003, with the intent to use such public or commercial transportation or conveyance to commit any felony or to facilitate the commission of any felony.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 316.1925, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 316.072, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

316.072 Obedience to and effect of traffic laws.-

- (4) PUBLIC OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES TO OBEY CHAPTER; $\mathsf{EXCEPTIONS.}-$
 - (b) Unless specifically made applicable, the provisions of

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this chapter, except those contained in ss. 316.192, 316.1925, and 316.193, shall not apply to persons, teams, or motor vehicles and other equipment while actually engaged in work upon the surface of a highway, but shall apply to such persons and vehicles when traveling to or from such work.

Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to sections 316.083 and 316.084, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (5) of section 316.1923, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

316.1923 Aggressive careless driving.—"Aggressive careless driving" means committing two or more of the following acts simultaneously or in succession:

(5) Improperly passing as defined in s. 316.083, s. 316.084, or s. 316.085.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 318.19, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 318.14, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

318.14 Noncriminal traffic infractions; exception; procedures.—

(2) Except as provided in ss. 316.1001(2) and 316.0083, any person cited for a violation requiring a mandatory hearing listed in s. 318.19 or any other criminal traffic violation listed in chapter 316 must sign and accept a citation indicating a promise to appear. The officer may indicate on the traffic citation the time and location of the scheduled hearing and must indicate the applicable civil penalty established in s. 318.18. For all other infractions under this section, except for infractions under s. 316.1001, the officer must certify by

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electronic, electronic facsimile, or written signature that the citation was delivered to the person cited. This certification is prima facie evidence that the person cited was served with the citation.

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 316.2065, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

- (1) Fifteen dollars for:
- (b) All infractions of s. 316.2065, unless otherwise specified.

Section 22. This act shall take effect October 1, 2017.