By Senator Perry

	8-01041A-18 20181120
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to expert witnesses; amending s.
3	393.11, F.S.; requiring a court to pay reasonable fees
4	to members of an examining committee for their
5	evaluation and testimony regarding persons with
6	disabilities; deleting a provision specifying the
7	source of the fees to be paid; amending s. 744.331,
8	F.S.; requiring a court, rather than the state, to pay
9	certain fees if a ward is indigent; amending s.
10	916.115, F.S.; authorizing a court to initially
11	appoint one expert under certain circumstances;
12	authorizing a court to take less restrictive action
13	than commitment if an expert finds a defendant
14	incompetent; requiring that a defendant be evaluated
15	by no fewer than two experts before a court commits
16	the defendant; providing an exception; authorizing a
17	court to pay for up to two additional experts
18	appointed by the court under certain circumstances;
19	requiring a court to pay for the first, rather than
20	any, expert that it appoints under certain
21	circumstances; authorizing a party disputing a
22	determination of competence to request up to two
23	additional expert evaluations at that party's expense;
24	providing for payments to experts for their testimony
25	under certain circumstances; amending s. 916.12, F.S.;
26	deleting provisions relating to the evaluation and
27	commitment of a defendant under certain circumstances;
28	amending s. 916.17, F.S.; requiring the court to pay
29	for the evaluation and testimony of an expert for a

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30	defendant on conditional release under certain
31	circumstances; amending s. 916.301, F.S.; authorizing,
32	rather than requiring, a court to appoint up to two
33	additional experts to evaluate a defendant suspected
34	of having an intellectual disability or autism under
35	certain circumstances; providing for the payment of
36	additional experts under certain circumstances;
37	amending s. 916.304, F.S.; requiring the court to pay
38	for the evaluation and testimony of an expert for a
39	defendant on conditional release under certain
40	circumstances; amending s. 921.09, F.S.; authorizing a
41	defendant who has alleged insanity to retain, at the
42	defense's expense rather than the county's, one or
43	more physicians for certain purposes; deleting a
44	provision requiring fees to be paid by the county;
45	amending s. 921.12, F.S.; authorizing a defendant who
46	has an alleged pregnancy to retain, at the defense's
47	expense rather than the county's, one or more
48	physicians for certain purposes; amending s. 921.137,
49	F.S.; requiring the court to pay for the evaluation
50	and testimony of an expert for a defendant who raises
51	intellectual disability as a bar to a death sentence
52	under certain circumstances; amending s. 985.19, F.S.;
53	authorizing a court to initially appoint one expert to
54	evaluate a child's mental condition, pending certain
55	determinations; authorizing a court to take less
56	restrictive action than commitment if an expert finds
57	a child incompetent; requiring that a child be
58	evaluated by no fewer than two experts before a court

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59	commits the child; providing an exception; authorizing
60	a court to appoint up to two additional experts under
61	certain circumstances; authorizing a court to require
62	a hearing with certain testimony before ordering the
63	commitment of a child; requiring the court to pay
64	reasonable fees to the experts for their evaluations
65	and testimony; requiring a court to order the Agency
66	for Persons with Disabilities to select an expert to
67	examine a child for intellectual disability or autism;
68	deleting a provision requiring a specific
69	appropriation before the implementation of specified
70	provisions; amending ss. 29.006 and 29.007, F.S.;
71	conforming cross-references; providing an effective
72	date.
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74	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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76	Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (5) of section
77	393.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
78	393.11 Involuntary admission to residential services
79	(5) EXAMINING COMMITTEE.—
80	(g) <u>The court</u> <del>Members of the examining committee</del> shall <u>pay</u>
81	<del>receive a</del> reasonable <u>fees, as</u> <del>fee to be</del> determined by the court <u>,</u>
82	for the evaluation and testimony by members of the examining
83	<u>committee</u> . The fees shall be paid from the general revenue fund
84	of the county in which the person who has the intellectual
85	disability or autism resided when the petition was filed.
86	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (7) of section
87	744.331, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (a) of that
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subsection is republished, to read:

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89 744.331 Procedures to determine incapacity.-(7) FEES.-90 (a) The examining committee and any attorney appointed 91 92 under subsection (2) are entitled to reasonable fees to be 93 determined by the court. 94 (b) The fees awarded under paragraph (a) shall be paid by 95 the guardian from the property of the ward or, if the ward is indigent, by the court state. The state shall have a creditor's 96 97 claim against the guardianship property for any amounts paid 98 under this section. The state may file its claim within 90 days 99 after the entry of an order awarding attorney ad litem fees. If 100 the state does not file its claim within the 90-day period, the state is thereafter barred from asserting the claim. Upon 101 102 petition by the state for payment of the claim, the court shall 103 enter an order authorizing immediate payment out of the property 104 of the ward. The state shall keep a record of the payments. 105 Section 3. Section 916.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to 106 read: 107 916.115 Appointment of experts.-108 (1) The court shall appoint no more than three experts to 109 determine the mental condition of a defendant in a criminal 110 case, including competency to proceed, insanity, involuntary 111 placement, and treatment. The court may initially appoint one expert for the evaluation, pending a determination of the 112 113 defendant's competency and the parties' positions on stipulating 114 to the findings. The experts may evaluate the defendant in jail 115 or in another appropriate local facility or in a facility of the 116 Department of Corrections.

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117	(a) To the extent possible, the appointed experts shall
118	have completed forensic evaluator training approved by the
119	department, and each shall be a psychiatrist, licensed
120	psychologist, or physician.
121	(b) The department shall maintain and annually provide the
122	courts with a list of available mental health professionals who
123	have completed the approved training as experts.
124	(2) The court may take less restrictive action than
125	commitment authorized by this chapter or the Florida Rules of
126	Criminal Procedure if an expert determines that the defendant is
127	incompetent to proceed. A defendant must be evaluated by no
128	fewer than two experts before the court commits the defendant;
129	however, the court may commit the defendant without further
130	evaluation or hearing if one expert finds that the defendant is
131	incompetent to proceed and the parties stipulate to that
132	finding. If the parties do not stipulate to the finding of the
133	expert that the defendant is incompetent, the court may appoint
134	no more than two additional experts to evaluate the defendant.
135	Notwithstanding any stipulation by the parties, the court may
136	require a hearing with testimony from the experts before
137	ordering the commitment of a defendant.
138	<u>(3)(a)</u> The court shall pay for <u>the first</u> any expert that
139	it appoints by court order, upon motion of counsel for the
140	defendant or the state or upon its own motion, and up to two
141	additional experts appointed by the court when the defendant is
142	found incompetent and the parties do not stipulate to the
143	findings.
144	(b) If the defense or the state retains an expert and
145	waives the confidentiality of the expert's report, the court may

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8-01041A-18 20181120 pay for no more than two additional experts appointed by court 146 147 order. (c) If a first evaluation determines the defendant is 148 149 competent to proceed and a party disputes the findings, the 150 party disputing the determination may request up to two 151 additional experts to perform evaluations at the party's 152 expense. 153 (d) If an expert appointed by the court upon motion of 154 counsel for the defendant specifically to evaluate the 155 competence of the defendant to proceed also addresses issues 156 related to sanity as an affirmative defense, the court shall pay 157 only for that portion of the expert's fees relating to the 158 evaluation on competency to proceed, and the balance of the fees 159 shall be chargeable to the defense. 160 (e) If testimony from an expert is ordered by the court, 161 the court shall pay reasonable fees, as determined by the court, 162 to the expert. Testimony requested by the state or the defendant 163 shall be paid by the requesting party. (f) (a) Pursuant to s. 29.006, the office of the public 164 165 defender shall pay for any expert retained by the office. 166 (q) (b) Pursuant to s. 29.005, the office of the state 167 attorney shall pay for any expert retained by the office and for 168 any expert whom the office retains and whom the office moves the court to appoint in order to ensure that the expert has access 169 170 to the defendant. 171 (h) (c) An expert retained by the defendant who is represented by private counsel appointed under s. 27.5303 shall 172 173 be paid by the Justice Administrative Commission. 174 (i) (d) An expert retained by a defendant who is indigent

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175	for costs as determined by the court and who is represented by
176	private counsel, other than private counsel appointed under s.
177	27.5303, on a fee or pro bono basis, or who is representing
178	himself or herself, shall be paid by the Justice Administrative
179	Commission from funds specifically appropriated for these
180	expenses.
181	<u>(j)</u> (e) State employees shall be reimbursed for expenses
182	pursuant to s. 112.061.
183	(k) (f) The fees shall be taxed as costs in the case.
184	<u>(l)</u> In order for an expert to be paid for the services
185	rendered, the expert's report and testimony must explicitly
186	address each of the factors and follow the procedures set out in
187	this chapter and in the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure.
188	Section 4. Subsection (2) of section 916.12, Florida
189	Statutes, is amended, and subsection (1) of that section is
190	republished, to read:
191	916.12 Mental competence to proceed
192	(1) A defendant is incompetent to proceed within the
193	meaning of this chapter if the defendant does not have
194	sufficient present ability to consult with her or his lawyer
195	with a reasonable degree of rational understanding or if the
196	defendant has no rational, as well as factual, understanding of
197	the proceedings against her or him.
198	(2) Mental health experts appointed pursuant to s. 916.115
199	shall first determine whether the defendant has a mental illness
200	and, if so, consider the factors related to the issue of whether
201	the defendant meets the criteria for competence to proceed as
202	described in subsection (1). <del>A defendant must be evaluated by no</del>
203	fewer than two experts before the court commits the defendant or

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8-01041A-18 20181120 204 takes other action authorized by this chapter or the Florida 205 Rules of Criminal Procedure, except if one expert finds that the 206 defendant is incompetent to proceed and the parties stipulate to that finding, the court may commit the defendant or take other 207 208 action authorized by this chapter or the rules without further 209 evaluation or hearing, or the court may appoint no more than two 210 additional experts to evaluate the defendant. Notwithstanding 211 any stipulation by the state and the defendant, the court may require a hearing with testimony from the expert or experts 212 213 before ordering the commitment of a defendant.

214 Section 5. Subsection (2) of section 916.17, Florida 215 Statutes, is amended to read:

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916.17 Conditional release.-

(2) Upon the filing of an affidavit or statement under oath 217 218 by any person that the defendant has failed to comply with the 219 conditions of release, that the defendant's condition has 220 deteriorated to the point that inpatient care is required, or 221 that the release conditions should be modified, the court shall 222 hold a hearing within 7 days after receipt of the affidavit or 223 statement under oath. After the hearing, the court may modify 224 the release conditions. The court may also order that the 225 defendant be returned to the department if it is found, after 226 the appointment and report of experts, that the person meets the 227 criteria for involuntary commitment under s. 916.13 or s. 228 916.15. The court shall pay reasonable fees, as determined by 229 the court, for the evaluation and testimony of the expert. 230 Section 6. Subsection (2) of section 916.301, Florida

231 Statutes, is amended to read:

916.301 Appointment of experts.-

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          (2) If a defendant's suspected mental condition is
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     intellectual disability or autism, the court shall appoint the
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     following:
           (a) At least one, or at the request of any party, two
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     experts to evaluate whether the defendant meets the definition
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     of intellectual disability or autism and, if so, whether the
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     defendant is competent to proceed; and
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          (b) Shall appoint a psychologist selected by the agency who
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     is licensed or authorized by law to practice in this state, with
     experience in evaluating persons suspected of having an
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     intellectual disability or autism, and a social service
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     professional, with experience in working with persons who have
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     an intellectual disability or autism.
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          1. The psychologist shall evaluate whether the defendant
     meets the definition of intellectual disability or autism and,
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248
     if so, whether the defendant is incompetent to proceed due to
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     intellectual disability or autism.
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          2. The social service professional shall provide a social
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     and developmental history of the defendant; and
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          (b) May, at the request of any party that does not
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     stipulate to findings of incompetence, appoint up to two
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     additional experts to evaluate whether the defendant meets the
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     definition of intellectual disability or autism and, if so,
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     whether the defendant is competent to proceed. The first
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     additional expert shall be paid by the court and the second
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     additional expert shall be paid by the requesting party.
     However, if the first evaluation determines the defendant is
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     competent to proceed and a party disputes the findings, that
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     party may request up to two additional experts to perform
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262	evaluations at the party's expense.
263	Section 7. Subsection (2) of section 916.304, Florida
264	Statutes, is amended to read:
265	916.304 Conditional release
266	(2) Upon the filing of an affidavit or statement under oath
267	by any person that the defendant has failed to comply with the
268	conditions of release, that the defendant's condition has
269	deteriorated, or that the release conditions should be modified,
270	the court shall hold a hearing within 7 days after receipt of
271	the affidavit or statement under oath. With notice to the court
272	and all parties, the agency may detain a defendant in a forensic
273	facility until the hearing occurs. After the hearing, the court
274	may modify the release conditions. The court may also order that
275	the defendant be placed into more appropriate programs for
276	further training or may order the defendant to be committed to a
277	forensic facility if it is found, after the appointment and
278	report of experts, that the defendant meets the criteria for
279	placement in a forensic facility. The court shall pay reasonable
280	fees, as determined by the court, for the evaluation and
281	testimony of the expert.
282	Section 8. Section 921.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to
283	read:
284	921.09 Fees of physicians who determine sanity at time of
285	sentence.— <del>The court shall allow reasonable fees to physicians</del>
286	appointed by the court to determine the mental condition of A
287	defendant who has alleged insanity as a cause for not
288	pronouncing sentence may, at the defense's expense, retain one
289	or more physicians to determine the mental condition of the
290	defendant. The fees shall be paid by the county in which the

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     indictment was found or the information or affidavit filed.
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          Section 9. Section 921.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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     read:
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          921.12 Fees of physicians when pregnancy is alleged as
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     cause for not pronouncing sentence. The court shall allow
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     reasonable fees to the physicians appointed to examine A
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     defendant who has alleged her pregnancy as a cause for not
     pronouncing sentence may, at the defense's expense, retain one
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     or more physicians to examine the defendant. The fees shall be
     paid by the county in which the indictment was found or the
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     information or affidavit filed.
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          Section 10. Subsection (4) of section 921.137, Florida
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     Statutes, is amended to read:
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          921.137 Imposition of the death sentence upon an
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     intellectually disabled defendant prohibited.-
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           (4) After a defendant who has given notice of his or her
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     intention to raise intellectual disability as a bar to the death
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     sentence is convicted of a capital felony and an advisory jury
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     has returned a recommended sentence of death, the defendant may
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     file a motion to determine whether the defendant is
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     intellectually disabled. Upon receipt of the motion, the court
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     shall appoint two experts in the field of intellectual
     disabilities who shall evaluate the defendant and report their
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     findings to the court and all interested parties before prior to
     the final sentencing hearing. The court shall pay reasonable
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     fees, as determined by the court, for the evaluation and
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     testimony of the expert regardless of whether the defendant is
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     indigent. Notwithstanding s. 921.141 or s. 921.142, the final
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     sentencing hearing shall be held without a jury. At the final
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320 sentencing hearing, the court shall consider the findings of the 321 court-appointed experts and consider the findings of any other 322 expert which is offered by the state or the defense on the issue 323 of whether the defendant has an intellectual disability. If the 324 court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the 325 defendant has an intellectual disability as defined in 326 subsection (1), the court may not impose a sentence of death and
<pre>322 expert which is offered by the state or the defense on the issue 323 of whether the defendant has an intellectual disability. If the 324 court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the 325 defendant has an intellectual disability as defined in</pre>
323 of whether the defendant has an intellectual disability. If the 324 court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the 325 defendant has an intellectual disability as defined in
324 court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, that the 325 defendant has an intellectual disability as defined in
325 defendant has an intellectual disability as defined in
326 subsection (1), the court may not impose a sentence of death and
327 shall enter a written order that sets forth with specificity the
328 findings in support of the determination.
329 Section 11. Paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (1) and
330 subsection (7) of section 985.19, Florida Statutes, are amended
331 to read:
332 985.19 Incompetency in juvenile delinquency cases
333 (1) If, at any time prior to or during a delinquency case,
334 the court has reason to believe that the child named in the
335 petition may be incompetent to proceed with the hearing, the
336 court on its own motion may, or on the motion of the child's
337 attorney or state attorney must, stay all proceedings and order
338 an evaluation of the child's mental condition.
(b) All determinations of competency shall be made at a
340 hearing, with findings of fact based on an evaluation of the
341 child's mental condition made by <u>no</u> <del>not less than two nor</del> more
342 than three experts appointed by the court. The court may
343 initially appoint one expert for the evaluation, pending a
344 determination of the child's competency and the parties'
345 positions on stipulating to the findings. The basis for the
346 determination of incompetency must be specifically stated in the
347 evaluation. In addition, a recommendation as to whether
348 residential or nonresidential treatment or training is required

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8-01041A-18 20181120 must be included in the evaluation. The court may take less 349 restrictive action than commitment authorized by this chapter or 350 351 the Florida Rules of Juvenile Procedure based on the 352 determination by one expert that the child is incompetent to 353 proceed. A child must be evaluated by no fewer than two experts 354 before the court commits the child; however, the court may 355 commit the child without further evaluation or hearing if one 356 expert finds that the child is incompetent to proceed and the 357 parties stipulate to that finding. If the parties do not 358 stipulate to the finding of the expert that the child is 359 incompetent, the court may appoint no more than two additional 360 experts to evaluate the child. Notwithstanding any stipulation 361 by the parties, the court may require a hearing with testimony 362 from one or more experts before ordering the commitment of a 363 child. Experts appointed by The court to determine the mental 364 condition of a child shall pay be allowed reasonable fees, as 365 determined by the court, for the evaluation and testimony 366 provided by the experts services rendered. State employees may 367 be paid expenses pursuant to s. 112.061. The fees shall be taxed 368 as costs in the case. 369 (e) For incompetency evaluations related to intellectual

disability or autism, the court shall order the Agency for Persons with Disabilities <u>to select the expert</u> to examine the child to determine if the child meets the definition of "intellectual disability" or "autism" in s. 393.063 and, if so, whether the child is competent to proceed with delinquency proceedings.

376 (7) The provisions of this section shall be implemented 377 only subject to specific appropriation.

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379	Statutes, is amended to read:
380	29.006 Indigent defense costsFor purposes of implementing
381	s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the elements of the
382	public defenders' offices and criminal conflict and civil
383	regional counsel offices to be provided from state revenues
384	appropriated by general law are as follows:
385	(4) Mental health professionals appointed pursuant to s.
386	394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an indigent,
387	and mental health professionals appointed pursuant to $\underline{s.}$
388	<u>916.115(3)</u> s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing
389	involving an indigent.
390	Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 29.007, Florida
391	Statutes, is amended to read:
392	29.007 Court-appointed counsel.—For purposes of
393	implementing s. 14, Art. V of the State Constitution, the
394	elements of court-appointed counsel to be provided from state
395	revenues appropriated by general law are as follows:
396	(5) Mental health professionals appointed pursuant to s.
397	394.473 and required in a court hearing involving an indigent,
398	mental health professionals appointed pursuant to <u>s. 916.115(3)</u>
399	s. 916.115(2) and required in a court hearing involving an
400	indigent, and any other mental health professionals required by
401	law for the full adjudication of any civil case involving an
402	indigent person.
403	
404	Subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7) apply when court-
405	appointed counsel is appointed; when the court determines that
406	the litigant is indigent for costs; or when the litigant is

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407	acting pro se and the court determines that the litigant is
408	indigent for costs at the trial or appellate level. This section
409	applies in any situation in which the court appoints counsel to
410	protect a litigant's due process rights. The Justice
411	Administrative Commission shall approve uniform contract forms
412	for use in processing payments for due process services under
413	this section. In each case in which a private attorney
414	represents a person determined by the court to be indigent for
415	costs, the attorney shall execute the commission's contract for
416	private attorneys representing persons determined to be indigent
417	for costs.

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Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.