By the Committee on Commerce and Tourism; and Senator Braynon

	577-02323-18 20181124c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to Reemployment Assistance Program Law
3	contribution rates; amending s. 443.131, F.S.;
4	providing an adjustment, beginning on a specified
5	date, to the contribution rate of the reemployment
6	assistance tax for specified employers; providing that
7	the adjustment may not be in effect during certain
8	years; conforming a provision to changes made by the
9	act; providing a contingent effective date.
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11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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13	Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (3) of section
14	443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
15	443.131 Contributions
16	(3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT
17	EXPERIENCE
18	(e) Assignment of variations from the standard rate
19	1. As used in this paragraph, the terms "total benefit
20	payments," "benefits paid to an individual," and "benefits
21	charged to the employment record of an employer" mean the amount
22	of benefits paid to individuals multiplied by:
23	a. For benefits paid prior to July 1, 2007, 1.
24	b. For benefits paid during the period beginning on July 1,
25	2007, and ending March 31, 2011, 0.90.
26	c. For benefits paid after March 31, 2011, 1.
27	2. For the calculation of contribution rates effective
28	January 1, 2012, and thereafter:
29	a. The tax collection service provider shall assign a
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577-02323-18 20181124c1 30 variation from the standard rate of contributions for each 31 calendar year to each eligible employer. In determining the 32 contribution rate, varying from the standard rate to be assigned 33 each employer, adjustment factors computed under sub-sub-34 subparagraphs (I) - (IV) are added to the benefit ratio. This 35 addition shall be accomplished in two steps by adding a variable 36 adjustment factor and a final adjustment factor. The sum of 37 these adjustment factors computed under sub-subparagraphs 38 (I)-(IV) shall first be algebraically summed. The sum of these 39 adjustment factors shall next be divided by a gross benefit 40 ratio determined as follows: Total benefit payments for the 3-41 year period described in subparagraph (b)3. are charged to 42 employers eligible for a variation from the standard rate, minus 43 excess payments for the same period, divided by taxable payroll 44 entering into the computation of individual benefit ratios for 45 the calendar year for which the contribution rate is being 46 computed. The ratio of the sum of the adjustment factors 47 computed under sub-sub-subparagraphs (I)-(IV) to the gross 48 benefit ratio is multiplied by each individual benefit ratio 49 that is less than the maximum contribution rate to obtain 50 variable adjustment factors; except that if the sum of an 51 employer's individual benefit ratio and variable adjustment 52 factor exceeds the maximum contribution rate, the variable 53 adjustment factor is reduced in order for the sum to equal the maximum contribution rate. The variable adjustment factor for 54 each of these employers is multiplied by his or her taxable 55 56 payroll entering into the computation of his or her benefit 57 ratio. The sum of these products is divided by the taxable 58 payroll of the employers who entered into the computation of

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577-02323-18 20181124c1 59 their benefit ratios. The resulting ratio is subtracted from the 60 sum of the adjustment factors computed under sub-sub-61 subparagraphs (I) - (IV) to obtain the final adjustment factor. 62 The variable adjustment factors and the final adjustment factor 63 must be computed to five decimal places and rounded to the fourth decimal place. This final adjustment factor is added to 64 65 the variable adjustment factor and benefit ratio of each 66 employer to obtain each employer's contribution rate. However, 67 except for the adjustment provided in sub-subparagraph c., an 68 employer's contribution rate may not, however, be rounded to 69 less than 0.1 percent.

70 (I) An adjustment factor for noncharge benefits is computed 71 to the fifth decimal place and rounded to the fourth decimal 72 place by dividing the amount of noncharge benefits during the 3-73 year period described in subparagraph (b)3. by the taxable 74 payroll of employers eligible for a variation from the standard 75 rate who have a benefit ratio for the current year which is less 76 than the maximum contribution rate. For purposes of computing 77 this adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of these employers 78 is the taxable payrolls for the 3 years ending June 30 of the 79 current calendar year as reported to the tax collection service 80 provider by September 30 of the same calendar year. As used in 81 this sub-subparagraph, the term "noncharge benefits" means 82 benefits paid to an individual from the Unemployment 83 Compensation Trust Fund, but which were not charged to the employment record of any employer. 84

(II) An adjustment factor for excess payments is computed
to the fifth decimal place, and rounded to the fourth decimal
place by dividing the total excess payments during the 3-year

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577-02323-18 20181124c1 88 period described in subparagraph (b)3. by the taxable payroll of 89 employers eligible for a variation from the standard rate who 90 have a benefit ratio for the current year which is less than the 91 maximum contribution rate. For purposes of computing this 92 adjustment factor, the taxable payroll of these employers is the same figure used to compute the adjustment factor for noncharge 93 94 benefits under sub-subparagraph (I). As used in this sub-95 subparagraph, the term "excess payments" means the amount of 96 benefits charged to the employment record of an employer during 97 the 3-year period described in subparagraph (b)3., less the 98 product of the maximum contribution rate and the employer's 99 taxable payroll for the 3 years ending June 30 of the current 100 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 101 by September 30 of the same calendar year. As used in this sub-102 sub-subparagraph, the term "total excess payments" means the sum 103 of the individual employer excess payments for those employers 104 that were eligible for assignment of a contribution rate 105 different from the standard rate.

106 (III) With respect to computing a positive adjustment 107 factor:

108 (A) Beginning January 1, 2012, if the balance of the 109 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund on September 30 of the 110 calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for which 111 the contribution rate is being computed is less than 4 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 as reported 112 113 to the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar year, a positive adjustment factor shall be computed. 114 115 The positive adjustment factor is computed annually to the fifth 116 decimal place and rounded to the fourth decimal place by

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117 dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year 118 ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the 119 tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 120 year into a sum equal to one-fifth of the difference between the 121 balance of the fund as of September 30 of that calendar year and 122 the sum of 5 percent of the total taxable payrolls for that 123 year. The positive adjustment factor remains in effect for 124 subsequent years until the balance of the Unemployment 125 Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year 126 immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution 127 rate equals or exceeds 4 percent of the taxable payrolls for the 128 year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to 129 the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that 130 calendar year.

131 (B) Beginning January 1, 2018, and for each year 132 thereafter, the positive adjustment shall be computed by 133 dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year 134 ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the 135 tax collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 136 year into a sum equal to one-fourth of the difference between 137 the balance of the fund as of September 30 of that calendar year 138 and the sum of 5 percent of the total taxable payrolls for that 139 year. The positive adjustment factor remains in effect for 140 subsequent years until the balance of the Unemployment 141 Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution 142 143 rate equals or exceeds 4 percent of the taxable payrolls for the 144 year ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to 145 the tax collection service provider by September 30 of that

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146 calendar year.

147 (IV) If, beginning January 1, 2015, and each year 148 thereafter, the balance of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year immediately preceding the 149 150 calendar year for which the contribution rate is being computed 151 exceeds 5 percent of the taxable payrolls for the year ending 152 June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the tax 153 collection service provider by September 30 of that calendar 154 year, a negative adjustment factor must be computed. The 155 negative adjustment factor shall be computed annually beginning 156 on January 1, 2015, and each year thereafter, to the fifth 157 decimal place and rounded to the fourth decimal place by 158 dividing the sum of the total taxable payrolls for the year 159 ending June 30 of the current calendar year as reported to the 160 tax collection service provider by September 30 of the calendar 161 year into a sum equal to one-fourth of the difference between 162 the balance of the fund as of September 30 of the current 163 calendar year and 5 percent of the total taxable payrolls of 164 that year. The negative adjustment factor remains in effect for 165 subsequent years until the balance of the Unemployment 166 Compensation Trust Fund as of September 30 of the year 167 immediately preceding the effective date of the contribution 168 rate is less than 5 percent, but more than 4 percent of the 169 taxable payrolls for the year ending June 30 of the current 170 calendar year as reported to the tax collection service provider 171 by September 30 of that calendar year. The negative adjustment authorized by this section is suspended in any calendar year in 172 173 which repayment of the principal amount of an advance received 174 from the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund under 42

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175 U.S.C. s. 1321 is due to the Federal Government.

(V) The maximum contribution rate that may be assigned to an employer is 5.4 percent, except employers participating in an approved short-time compensation plan may be assigned a maximum contribution rate that is 1 percent greater than the maximum contribution rate for other employers in any calendar year in which short-time compensation benefits are charged to the employer's employment record.

(VI) As used in this subsection, "taxable payroll" shall be 183 184 determined by excluding any part of the remuneration paid to an 185 individual by an employer for employment during a calendar year 186 in excess of the first \$7,000. Beginning January 1, 2012, 187 "taxable payroll" shall be determined by excluding any part of 188 the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer for 189 employment during a calendar year as described in s. 190 443.1217(2). For the purposes of the employer rate calculation 191 that will take effect in January 1, 2012, and in January 1, 192 2013, the tax collection service provider shall use the data 193 available for taxable payroll from 2009 based on excluding any 194 part of the remuneration paid to an individual by an employer 195 for employment during a calendar year in excess of the first 196 \$7,000, and from 2010 and 2011, the data available for taxable 197 payroll based on excluding any part of the remuneration paid to 198 an individual by an employer for employment during a calendar year in excess of the first \$8,500. 199

b. If the transfer of an employer's employment record to an
employing unit under paragraph (f) which, before the transfer,
was an employer, the tax collection service provider shall
recompute a benefit ratio for the successor employer based on

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204	the combined employment records and reassign an appropriate
205	contribution rate to the successor employer effective on the
206	first day of the calendar quarter immediately after the
207	effective date of the transfer.
208	c. Beginning January 1, 2019, the tax collection service
209	provider shall adjust the contribution rate of each employer
210	with an initial or variable rate below the maximum contribution
211	rate of 5.4 percent provided in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(V) to a
212	rate computed by subtracting one one-hundredth of 1 percent from
213	the rate otherwise computed under this section. However, the
214	adjustment provided in this sub-subparagraph may not be in
215	effect for any year in which the balance in the Unemployment
216	Compensation Trust Fund requires the computation of a positive
217	adjustment factor as provided in sub-sub-subparagraph a.(III).
218	Section 2. This act shall take effect on the same date that
219	SB 1122 or similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation
220	is enacted in the same legislative session or an extension

221 thereof and becomes a law.

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