By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Stargel

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to pharmacies; amending s. 465.003,
3	F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s.
4	465.004, F.S.; revising the membership of the Board of
5	Pharmacy; amending s. 465.019, F.S.; establishing
6	Class III institutional pharmacies; providing
7	requirements for such pharmacies; conforming
8	provisions to changes made by the act; amending s.
9	465.0252, F.S.; revising notice requirements to
10	conform to changes made by the act; amending s.
11	499.003, F.S.; providing and revising definitions;
12	amending s. 499.01, F.S.; authorizing the distribution
13	of medicinal drugs and prepackaged drug products
14	without a specified permit under certain conditions;
15	deleting a provision exempting certain drug
16	repackagers from specified permit requirements;
17	providing an effective date.
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19	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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21	Section 1. Subsections (7) and (13) of section 465.003,
22	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (21) and (22) are
23	added to that section, to read:
24	465.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
25	(7) "Institutional formulary system" means a method whereby
26	the medical staff evaluates, appraises, and selects those
27	medicinal drugs or proprietary preparations which in the medical
28	staff's clinical judgment are most useful in patient care, and
29	which are available for dispensing by a practicing pharmacist in
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30 a Class II or Class III institutional pharmacy.

31 (13) "Practice of the profession of pharmacy" includes 32 compounding, dispensing, and consulting concerning contents, 33 therapeutic values, and uses of any medicinal drug; consulting 34 concerning therapeutic values and interactions of patent or 35 proprietary preparations, whether pursuant to prescriptions or 36 in the absence and entirely independent of such prescriptions or 37 orders; and conducting other pharmaceutical services. For purposes of this subsection, "other pharmaceutical services" 38 means the monitoring of the patient's drug therapy and assisting 39 40 the patient in the management of his or her drug therapy, and includes review of the patient's drug therapy and communication 41 42 with the patient's prescribing health care provider as licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or 43 44 similar statutory provision in another jurisdiction, or such provider's agent or such other persons as specifically 45 46 authorized by the patient, regarding the drug therapy. However, 47 nothing in this subsection may be interpreted to permit an alteration of a prescriber's directions, the diagnosis or 48 49 treatment of any disease, the initiation of any drug therapy, the practice of medicine, or the practice of osteopathic 50 51 medicine, unless otherwise permitted by law. "Practice of the 52 profession of pharmacy" also includes any other act, service, 53 operation, research, or transaction incidental to, or forming a 54 part of, any of the foregoing acts, requiring, involving, or employing the science or art of any branch of the pharmaceutical 55 56 profession, study, or training, and shall expressly permit a 57 pharmacist to transmit information from persons authorized to 58 prescribe medicinal drugs to their patients. The practice of the

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59	profession of pharmacy also includes the administration of
60	vaccines to adults pursuant to s. 465.189 and the preparation of
61	prepackaged drug products in facilities holding Class III
62	institutional pharmacy permits.
63	(21) "Central distribution facility" means a facility under
64	common control with a hospital holding a Class III institutional
65	pharmacy permit that may dispense, distribute, compound, or fill
66	prescriptions for medicinal drugs; prepare prepackaged drug
67	products; and conduct other pharmaceutical services.
68	(22) "Common control" means the power to direct or cause
69	the direction of the management and policies of a person or an
70	organization, whether by ownership of stock, voting rights,
71	contract, or otherwise.
72	Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 465.004, Florida
73	Statutes, is amended to read:
74	465.004 Board of Pharmacy
75	(2) Seven members of the board must be licensed pharmacists
76	who are residents of this state and who have been engaged in the
77	practice of the profession of pharmacy in this state for at
78	least 4 years and, to the extent practicable, represent the
79	various pharmacy practice settings. Of the pharmacist members,
80	two must be currently engaged in the practice of pharmacy in a
81	community pharmacy, two must be currently engaged in the
82	practice of pharmacy in a Class II $_{{\scriptstyle {\scriptstyle {\scriptstyle L}}}}$ institutional pharmacy or a
83	Modified Class II <u>, or Class III</u> institutional pharmacy, and
84	three must be pharmacists licensed in this state irrespective of
85	practice setting. The remaining two members must be residents of
86	the state who have never been licensed as pharmacists and who
87	are in no way connected with the practice of the profession of

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88	pharmacy. No person may be appointed as a consumer member who is
89	in any way connected with a drug manufacturer or wholesaler. At
90	least one member of the board must be 60 years of age or older.
91	The Governor shall appoint members to the board in accordance
92	with this subsection as members' terms expire or as a vacancy
93	occurs until the composition of the board complies with the
94	requirements of this subsection.
95	Section 3. Subsections (4) and (6) of section 465.019,
96	Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (d) is added to
97	subsection (2) of that section, to read:
98	465.019 Institutional pharmacies; permits
99	(2) The following classes of institutional pharmacies are
100	established:
101	(d)1. "Class III institutional pharmacies" are those
102	institutional pharmacies, including central distribution
103	facilities, affiliated with a hospital that provide the same
104	services that are authorized by a Class II institutional
105	pharmacy permit. Class III institutional pharmacies may also:
106	a. Dispense, distribute, compound, and fill prescriptions
107	for medicinal drugs.
108	b. Prepare prepackaged drug products.
109	c. Conduct other pharmaceutical services for the affiliated
110	hospital and for entities under common control that are each
111	permitted under this chapter to possess medicinal drugs.
112	d. Provide the services in sub-subparagraphs ac. to an
113	entity under common control which holds an active health care
114	clinic establishment permit as required under s. 499.01(2)(r).
115	2. A Class III institutional pharmacy shall maintain
116	policies and procedures addressing:

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117	a. The consultant pharmacist responsible for pharmaceutical
118	services.
119	b. Safe practices for the preparation, dispensing,
120	prepackaging, distribution, and transportation of medicinal
121	drugs and prepackaged drug products.
122	c. Recordkeeping to monitor the movement, distribution, and
123	transportation of medicinal drugs and prepackaged drug products.
124	d. Recordkeeping of pharmacy staff responsible for each
125	step in the preparation, dispensing, prepackaging,
126	transportation, and distribution of medicinal drugs and
127	prepackaged drug products.
128	e. Medicinal drugs and prepackaged drug products that may
129	not be safely distributed among Class III institutional
130	pharmacies.
131	(4) Medicinal drugs shall be dispensed in an institutional
132	pharmacy to outpatients only when that institution has secured a
133	community pharmacy permit from the department. However, an
134	individual licensed to prescribe medicinal drugs in this state
135	may dispense up to a 24-hour supply of a medicinal drug to any
136	patient of an emergency department of a hospital that operates a
137	Class II <u>or Class III</u> institutional pharmacy, provided that the
138	physician treating the patient in such hospital's emergency
139	department determines that the medicinal drug is warranted and
140	that community pharmacy services are not readily accessible,
141	geographically or otherwise, to the patient. Such dispensing
142	from the emergency department must be in accordance with the
143	procedures of the hospital. For any such patient for whom a

144 medicinal drug is warranted for a period to exceed 24 hours, an 145 individual licensed to prescribe such drug must dispense a 24-

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588-02616-18 20181128c1 146 hour supply of such drug to the patient and must provide the 147 patient with a prescription for such drug for use after the 148 initial 24-hour period. The board may adopt rules necessary to 149 carry out the provisions of this subsection. 150 (6) In a Class II or Class III institutional pharmacy, an 151 institutional formulary system may be adopted with approval of 152 the medical staff for the purpose of identifying those medicinal 153 drugs, proprietary preparations, biologics, biosimilars, and 154 biosimilar interchangeables that may be dispensed by the 155 pharmacists employed in such institution. A facility with a 156 Class II or Class III institutional pharmacy permit which is 157 operating under the formulary system shall establish policies 158 and procedures for the development of the system in accordance 159 with the joint standards of the American Hospital Association 160 and American Society of Hospital Pharmacists for the utilization 161 of a hospital formulary system, which formulary shall be 162 approved by the medical staff. 163 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 465.0252, Florida

163 Section 4. Subsection (3) of section 465.0252, Fiorida 164 Statutes, is amended to read:

165 465.0252 Substitution of interchangeable biosimilar 166 products.-

(3) A pharmacist who practices in a Class II, or Modified Class II, or Class III institutional pharmacy shall comply with the notification provisions of paragraph (2) (c) by entering the substitution in the institution's written medical record system or electronic medical record system.

Section 5. Subsection (39) of section 499.003, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (w) and (x) are added to subsection (48) of that section, to read:

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175	499.003 Definitions of terms used in this part.—As used in
176	this part, the term:
177	(39) "Prepackaged drug product" means a drug that
178	originally was in finished packaged form sealed by a
179	manufacturer and that is placed in a properly labeled container
180	by a pharmacy or practitioner authorized to dispense pursuant to
181	chapter 465 for the purpose of dispensing <u>or by a facility</u>
182	holding a Class III institutional pharmacy permit in the
183	establishment in which the prepackaging occurred.
184	(48) "Wholesale distribution" means the distribution of a
185	prescription drug to a person other than a consumer or patient,
186	or the receipt of a prescription drug by a person other than the
187	consumer or patient, but does not include:
188	(w) A hospital covered by s. 340B of the Public Health
189	Service Act, 42 U.S.C. s. 256b, that arranges for a prescription
190	drug wholesale distributor to distribute prescription drugs
191	covered under that act directly to a contract pharmacy. Such
192	hospital is exempt from obtaining a restricted prescription drug
193	distributor permit under s. 499.01(2)(h).
194	(x) The dispensing or distribution of a medicinal drug by a
195	Class III institutional pharmacy pursuant to s. 465.019.
196	Section 6. Paragraphs (b) and (h) of subsection (2) and
197	subsection (5) of section 499.01, Florida Statutes, are amended
198	to read:
199	499.01 Permits
200	(2) The following permits are established:
201	(b) Prescription drug repackager permitA prescription
202	drug repackager permit is required for any person that
203	repackages a prescription drug in this state.
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204	1. A person that operates an establishment permitted as a
205	prescription drug repackager may engage in distribution of
206	prescription drugs repackaged at that establishment and must
207	comply with all of the provisions of this part and the rules
208	adopted under this part that apply to a prescription drug
209	manufacturer.
210	2. A prescription drug repackager must comply with all
211	appropriate state and federal good manufacturing practices.
212	3. A prescription drug repackager permit is not required
213	for distributing medicinal drugs or prepackaged drug products
214	between entities under common control which each hold an active
215	<u>Class III institutional pharmacy permit under chapter 465 or an</u>
216	active health care clinic establishment permit under paragraph
217	(r). For purposes of this subparagraph, the term "common
218	control" has the same meaning as in s. 499.003(48)(a)3.
219	(h) Restricted prescription drug distributor permit
220	1. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is
221	required for:
222	a. Any person located in this state who engages in the
223	distribution of a prescription drug, which distribution is not
224	considered "wholesale distribution" under s. 499.003(48)(a).
225	b. Any person located in this state who engages in the
226	receipt or distribution of a prescription drug in this state for
227	the purpose of processing its return or its destruction if such
228	person is not the person initiating the return, the prescription
229	drug wholesale supplier of the person initiating the return, or
230	the manufacturer of the drug.

c. A blood establishment located in this state whichcollects blood and blood components only from volunteer donors

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233	as defined in s. 381.06014 or pursuant to an authorized
234	practitioner's order for medical treatment or therapy and
235	engages in the wholesale distribution of a prescription drug not
236	described in s. 499.003(48)(j) to a health care entity. A mobile
237	blood unit operated by a blood establishment permitted under
238	this sub-subparagraph is not required to be separately
239	permitted. The health care entity receiving a prescription drug
240	distributed under this sub-subparagraph must be licensed as a
241	closed pharmacy or provide health care services at that
242	establishment. The blood establishment must operate in
243	accordance with s. 381.06014 and may distribute only:
244	(I) Prescription drugs indicated for a bleeding or clotting
245	disorder or anemia;
246	(II) Blood-collection containers approved under s. 505 of
247	the federal act;
248	(III) Drugs that are blood derivatives, or a recombinant or
249	synthetic form of a blood derivative;
250	(IV) Prescription drugs that are identified in rules
251	adopted by the department and that are essential to services
252	performed or provided by blood establishments and authorized for
253	distribution by blood establishments under federal law; or
254	(V) To the extent authorized by federal law, drugs
255	necessary to collect blood or blood components from volunteer
256	blood donors; for blood establishment personnel to perform
257	therapeutic procedures under the direction and supervision of a
258	licensed physician; and to diagnose, treat, manage, and prevent
259	any reaction of a volunteer blood donor or a patient undergoing
260	a therapeutic procedure performed under the direction and
261	supervision of a licensed physician,
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263 as long as all of the health care services provided by the blood 264 establishment are related to its activities as a registered 265 blood establishment or the health care services consist of 266 collecting, processing, storing, or administering human 267 hematopoietic stem cells or progenitor cells or performing 268 diagnostic testing of specimens if such specimens are tested 269 together with specimens undergoing routine donor testing. The 270 blood establishment may purchase and possess the drugs described 271 in this sub-subparagraph without a health care clinic 272 establishment permit.

273 2. Storage, handling, and recordkeeping of these 274 distributions by a person required to be permitted as a 275 restricted prescription drug distributor must be in accordance 276 with the requirements for wholesale distributors under s. 277 499.0121.

3. A person who applies for a permit as a restricted prescription drug distributor, or for the renewal of such a permit, must provide to the department the information required under s. 499.012.

4. The department may adopt rules regarding the distribution of prescription drugs by hospitals, health care entities, charitable organizations, other persons not involved in wholesale distribution, and blood establishments, which rules are necessary for the protection of the public health, safety, and welfare.

5. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is not required for distributions between pharmacies that each hold an active permit under chapter 465, have a common ownership, and

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291	are operating in a freestanding end-stage renal dialysis clinic,
292	if such distributions are made to meet the immediate emergency
293	medical needs of specifically identified patients and do not
294	occur with such frequency as to amount to the regular and
295	systematic supplying of that drug between the pharmacies. The
296	department shall adopt rules establishing when the distribution
297	of a prescription drug under this subparagraph amounts to the
298	regular and systematic supplying of that drug.
299	6. A restricted prescription drug distributor permit is not
300	required for distributing medicinal drugs or prepackaged drug
301	products between entities under common control that each hold
302	either an active Class III institutional pharmacy permit under
303	chapter 465 or an active health care clinic establishment permit
304	under paragraph (2)(r). For purposes of this subparagraph, the
305	term "common control" has the same meaning as in s.
306	499.003(48)(a)3.
307	(5) A prescription drug repackager permit issued under this
308	part is not required for a restricted prescription drug
309	distributor permitholder that is a health care entity to
310	repackage prescription drugs in this state for its own use or
311	for distribution to hospitals or other health care entities in
312	the state for their own use, pursuant to s. 499.003(48)(a)3.,
313	if:
314	(a) The prescription drug distributor notifies the
315	department, in writing, of its intention to engage in
316	repackaging under this exemption, 30 days before engaging in the
317	repackaging of prescription drugs at the permitted
318	establishment;
319	(b) The prescription drug distributor is under common
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320	control with the hospitals or other health care entities to
321	which the prescription drug distributor is distributing
322	prescription drugs. As used in this paragraph, "common control"
323	means the power to direct or cause the direction of the
324	management and policies of a person or an organization, whether
325	by ownership of stock, voting rights, contract, or otherwise;
326	(c) The prescription drug distributor repackages the
327	prescription drugs in accordance with current state and federal
328	good manufacturing practices; and
329	(d) The prescription drug distributor labels the
330	prescription drug it repackages in accordance with state and
331	federal laws and rules.
332	
333	The prescription drug distributor is exempt from the product
334	registration requirements of s. 499.015 with regard to the
335	prescription drugs that it repackages and distributes under this
336	subsection. A prescription drug distributor that repackages and
337	distributes prescription drugs under this subsection to a not-
338	for-profit rural hospital, as defined in s. 395.602, is not
339	required to comply with paragraph (c) or paragraph (d), but must
340	provide to each health care entity for which it repackages, for
341	each prescription drug that is repackaged and distributed, the
342	information required by department rule for labeling
343	prescription drugs. The department shall adopt rules to ensure
344	the safety and integrity of prescription drugs repackaged and
345	distributed under this subsection, including rules regarding
346	prescription drug manufacturing and labeling requirements.
347	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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