By Senator Rouson

	19-00739A-18 20181194
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to criminal justice; amending s.
3	775.082, F.S.; requiring a defendant who is sentenced
4	for a primary offense of possession of a controlled
5	substance committed on or after a specified date to be
6	sentenced to a nonstate prison sanction under certain
7	circumstances unless the court makes specified written
8	findings; defining the term "possession of a
9	controlled substance"; authorizing a defendant to move
10	the sentencing court to depart from a mandatory
11	minimum term of imprisonment or a mandatory fine if
12	the offense is committed on or after a specified date;
13	authorizing the state attorney to file an objection to
14	the motion; authorizing the sentencing court to grant
15	the motion if the court finds that the defendant has
16	demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that
17	specified criteria are met; defining the term
18	"coercion"; providing applicability; amending s.
19	921.002, F.S.; revising a principle of the Criminal
20	Punishment Code relating to a prisoner's required
21	minimum term of imprisonment; amending s. 944.275,
22	F.S.; revising the incentive gain-time that the
23	Department of Corrections may grant a prisoner for
24	offenses committed on or after a specified date;
25	providing exceptions; revising the conditions under
26	which an inmate may be granted a one-time award of 60
27	additional days of incentive gain-time by the
28	department; deleting provisions prohibiting inmates
29	from earning or receiving gain-time in amounts that

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30	would cause the inmate's sentence to expire, end, or
31	terminate, or result in a prisoner's release, before
32	serving a specified percentage of the imposed
33	sentence; amending s. 947.1405, F.S.; providing that
34	persons convicted of a noncapital offense and
35	sentenced for a term of life qualify for conditional
36	release, subject to certain terms and conditions;
37	requiring that the Department of Corrections within a
38	specified timeframe review certain records of persons
39	serving life sentences and compile such information
40	for the Florida Commission on Offender Review to use
41	in making certain determinations regarding conditional
42	release; reenacting ss. 775.084(4)(j), 944.70,
43	947.13(1)(f), and 947.141(1), (2), and (7), F.S.,
44	relating to the conditional release program applying
45	to persons sentenced under certain provisions,
46	conditions for release from incarceration, the powers
47	and duties of the Florida Commission on Offender
48	Review, and violations of certain release or
49	supervision provisions, respectively, to incorporate
50	the amendment made to s. 947.1405, F.S., in references
51	thereto; providing an effective date.
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53	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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55	Section 1. Present subsection (11) of section 775.082,
56	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (13), and a new
57	subsection (11) and subsection (12) are added to that section,
58	to read:

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59	775.082 Penalties; applicability of sentencing structures;
60	mandatory minimum sentences for certain reoffenders previously
61	released from prison
62	(11) If a defendant is sentenced for a primary offense of
63	possession of a controlled substance committed on or after
64	October 1, 2018, and if the total sentence points pursuant to s.
65	921.0024 are 60 points or fewer, the court must sentence the
66	offender to a nonstate prison sanction. However, if the court
67	makes written findings that a nonstate prison sanction could
68	present a danger to the public, the court may sentence the
69	offender to a state correctional facility pursuant to this
70	section. As used in this subsection, the term "possession of a
71	controlled substance" means possession of a controlled substance
72	in violation of s. 893.13 but does not include possession with
73	intent to sell, manufacture, or deliver a controlled substance
74	or possession of a controlled substance in violation of s.
75	<u>893.135.</u>
76	(12) (a) A defendant who is convicted of an offense
77	committed on or after October 1, 2018, which requires that a
78	mandatory minimum term of imprisonment be imposed may move the
79	sentencing court to depart from the mandatory minimum term and,
80	if applicable, the mandatory fine. The state attorney may file
81	an objection to the motion.
82	(b) The court may grant the defendant's motion if the court
83	finds that the defendant has demonstrated by a preponderance of
84	the evidence that all of the following criteria are met:
85	1. The defendant has not previously received a departure
86	under this section and has not been previously convicted of the
87	same offense for which he or she requests a departure under this

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88	section;
89	2. The offense is not a forcible felony as defined in s.
90	776.08 or a misdemeanor that involves the use or threat of
91	physical force or violence against another person. However,
92	burglary of an unoccupied structure or conveyance is not
93	considered a forcible felony for purposes of this subparagraph;
94	3. The offense does not involve physical injury to another
95	person or coercion of another person; and
96	4. The offense does not involve a victim who is a minor or
97	the use of a minor in the commission of the offense.
98	(c) As used in this subsection, the term "coercion" means:
99	1. Using or threatening to use physical force against
100	another person; or
101	2. Restraining or confining or threatening to restrain or
102	confine another person without lawful authority and against his
103	or her will.
104	(d) This subsection does not apply to sentencing pursuant
105	to subsection (9), s. 775.0837, s. 775.084, or s. 794.0115.
106	Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
107	921.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
108	921.002 The Criminal Punishment CodeThe Criminal
109	Punishment Code shall apply to all felony offenses, except
110	capital felonies, committed on or after October 1, 1998.
111	(1) The provision of criminal penalties and of limitations
112	upon the application of such penalties is a matter of
113	predominantly substantive law and, as such, is a matter properly
114	addressed by the Legislature. The Legislature, in the exercise
115	of its authority and responsibility to establish sentencing
116	criteria, to provide for the imposition of criminal penalties,

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117	and to make the best use of state prisons so that violent
118	criminal offenders are appropriately incarcerated, has
119	determined that it is in the best interest of the state to
120	develop, implement, and revise a sentencing policy. The Criminal
121	Punishment Code embodies the principles that:
122	(e) The sentence imposed by the sentencing judge reflects
123	the length of actual time to be served, shortened only by the
124	application of incentive and meritorious gain-time as provided
125	by law, and may not be shortened if the defendant would
126	consequently serve less than <u>65 percent of his or her term of</u>
127	imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4)(b)4.a. or 85 percent
128	of his or her term of imprisonment as provided in s. 944.275(4)
129	or s. 944.275(4)(b)4.b. The provisions of chapter 947, relating
130	to parole, shall not apply to persons sentenced under the
131	Criminal Punishment Code.
132	Section 3. Paragraphs (b), (d), and (f) of subsection (4)
133	of section 944.275, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
134	944.275 Gain-time
135	(4)
136	(b) For each month in which an inmate works diligently,
137	participates in training, uses time constructively, or otherwise
138	engages in positive activities, the department may grant
139	incentive gain-time in accordance with this paragraph. The rate
140	of incentive gain-time in effect on the date the inmate
141	committed the offense that which resulted in his or her
142	incarceration shall be the inmate's rate of eligibility to earn
143	incentive gain-time throughout the period of incarceration and

144 <u>may shall</u> not be altered by a subsequent change in the severity 145 level of the offense for which the inmate was sentenced.

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          1. For sentences imposed for offenses committed before
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     prior to January 1, 1994, up to 20 days of incentive gain-time
     may be granted. If granted, such gain-time shall be credited and
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     applied monthly.
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          2. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after
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     January 1, 1994, and before October 1, 1995:
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          a. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 1 through
     7, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 25 days
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     of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such gain-
     time shall be credited and applied monthly.
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          b. For offenses ranked in offense severity levels 8, 9, and
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     10, under former s. 921.0012 or former s. 921.0013, up to 20
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     days of incentive gain-time may be granted. If granted, such
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     gain-time shall be credited and applied monthly.
          3. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after
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     October 1, 1995, and before October 1, 2018, the department may
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     grant up to 10 days per month of incentive gain-time.
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          4. For sentences imposed for offenses committed on or after
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     October 1, 2018, the department may grant up to 20 days per
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     month of incentive gain-time, except that:
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          a. If the offense is a nonviolent felony, as defined in s.
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     948.08(6), the prisoner is not eligible to earn any type of
     gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire,
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     end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release,
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     before he or she serves a minimum of 65 percent of the sentence
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     imposed. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, credits awarded
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     by the court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited
     toward satisfaction of <u>65 percent of the sentence imposed. A</u>
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     prisoner who is granted incentive gain-time pursuant to this
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176	any point when the tentative release date is the same as that
177	date at which the prisoner will have served 65 percent of the
178	sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment
179	shall be incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives,
180	unless granted pardon or clemency.
181	b. If the offense is not a nonviolent felony, as defined in
182	s. 948.08(6), the prisoner is not eligible to earn any type of
183	gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire,
184	end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release,
185	before he or she serves a minimum of 85 percent of the sentence
186	imposed. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, credits awarded
187	by the court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited
188	toward satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. A
189	prisoner who is granted incentive gain-time pursuant to this
190	sub-subparagraph may not accumulate further gain-time awards at
191	any point when the tentative release date is the same as that
192	date at which the prisoner will have served 85 percent of the
193	sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment
194	shall be incarcerated for the rest of their natural lives,
195	unless granted pardon or clemency.
196	(d) Notwithstanding the monthly maximum awards of incentive
197	gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1. <u>-4.</u> , 2., and 3., the

197 gain-time under subparagraphs (b)1.<u>-4.</u>, 2., and 3., the 198 education program manager shall recommend, and the Department of 199 Corrections may grant, a one-time award of 60 additional days of 200 incentive gain-time to an inmate who is otherwise eligible and 201 who successfully completes requirements for and is, or has been 202 during the current commitment, awarded a high school equivalency 203 diploma or vocational certificate. Under no circumstances may an

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204	inmate receive more than 60 days for educational attainment
205	pursuant to this section.
206	(f) An inmate who is subject to subparagraph (b)3. is not
207	eligible to earn or receive gain-time under paragraph (a),
208	paragraph (b), paragraph (c), or paragraph (d) or any other type
209	of gain-time in an amount that would cause a sentence to expire,
210	end, or terminate, or that would result in a prisoner's release,
211	prior to serving a minimum of 85 percent of the sentence
212	imposed. For purposes of this paragraph, credits awarded by the
213	court for time physically incarcerated shall be credited toward
214	satisfaction of 85 percent of the sentence imposed. Except as
215	provided by this section, a prisoner may not accumulate further
216	gain-time awards at any point when the tentative release date is
217	the same as that date at which the prisoner will have served 85
218	percent of the sentence imposed. State prisoners sentenced to
219	life imprisonment shall be incarcerated for the rest of their
220	natural lives, unless granted pardon or clemency.
221	Section 4. Subsections (2) and (5) of section 947.1405,
222	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
223	947.1405 Conditional release program
224	(2) Any inmate who:
225	(a) Is convicted of a crime committed on or after October
226	1, 1988, and before January 1, 1994, and any inmate who is
227	convicted of a crime committed on or after January 1, 1994,
228	which crime is or was contained in category 1, category 2,
229	category 3, or category 4 of Rule 3.701 and Rule 3.988, Florida
230	Rules of Criminal Procedure (1993), and who has served at least
231	one prior felony commitment at a state or federal correctional
232	institution;
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233	(b) Is sentenced as a habitual or violent habitual offender
234	or a violent career criminal pursuant to s. 775.084; or
235	(c) Is found to be a sexual predator under s. 775.21 or
236	former s. 775.23 <u>; or</u>
237	(d) Is convicted of a noncapital offense and sentenced for
238	<u>a term of life</u> ,
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240	shall, upon reaching the tentative release date or provisional
241	release date or serving 20 years of a life sentence with no
242	record of disciplinary violations during that time, whichever
243	<u>occurs</u> is earlier, as established by the Department of
244	Corrections, be released under supervision subject to specified
245	terms and conditions, including payment of the cost of
246	supervision pursuant to s. 948.09. Such supervision shall be
247	applicable to all sentences within the overall term of sentences
248	if an inmate's overall term of sentences includes one or more
249	sentences that are eligible for conditional release supervision
250	as provided herein. Effective July 1, 1994, and applicable for
251	offenses committed on or after that date, the commission may
252	require, as a condition of conditional release, that the
253	releasee make payment of the debt due and owing to a county or
254	municipal detention facility under s. 951.032 for medical care,
255	treatment, hospitalization, or transportation received by the
256	releasee while in that detention facility. The commission, in
257	determining whether to order such repayment and the amount of
258	such repayment, shall consider the amount of the debt, whether
259	there was any fault of the institution for the medical expenses
260	incurred, the financial resources of the releasee, the present
261	and potential future financial needs and earning ability of the
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19-00739A-18 20181194 262 releasee, and dependents, and other appropriate factors. If any 263 inmate placed on conditional release supervision is also subject 264 to probation or community control, resulting from a probationary 265 or community control split sentence within the overall term of 266 sentences, the Department of Corrections shall supervise such 267 person according to the conditions imposed by the court and the 268 commission shall defer to such supervision. If the court revokes 269 probation or community control and resentences the offender to a 270 term of incarceration, such revocation also constitutes a sufficient basis for the revocation of the conditional release 271 272 supervision on any nonprobationary or noncommunity control 273 sentence without further hearing by the commission. If any such 274 supervision on any nonprobationary or noncommunity control 275 sentence is revoked, such revocation may result in a forfeiture 276 of all gain-time, and the commission may revoke the resulting 277 deferred conditional release supervision or take other action it 278 considers appropriate. If the term of conditional release 279 supervision exceeds that of the probation or community control, 280 then, upon expiration of the probation or community control, 281 authority for the supervision shall revert to the commission and 282 the supervision shall be subject to the conditions imposed by 283 the commission. A panel of no fewer than two commissioners shall 284 establish the terms and conditions of any such release. If the 285 offense was a controlled substance violation, the conditions shall include a requirement that the offender submit to random 286 287 substance abuse testing intermittently throughout the term of 288 conditional release supervision, upon the direction of the 289 correctional probation officer as defined in s. 943.10(3). The 290 commission shall also determine whether the terms and conditions

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     of such release have been violated and whether such violation
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     warrants revocation of the conditional release.
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           (5) Within 180 days before an inmate's prior to the
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     tentative release date, or provisional release date, or
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     completion of 20 years of a life sentence, whichever occurs is
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     earlier, a representative of the department shall review the
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     inmate's program participation, disciplinary record,
     psychological and medical records, criminal records, and any
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     other information pertinent to the impending release. The
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     department shall gather and compile information necessary for
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     the commission to make the determinations set forth in
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     subsections (2) and subsection (3). A department representative
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     shall conduct a personal interview with the inmate for the
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     purpose of determining the details of the inmate's release plan,
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     including the inmate's planned residence and employment. The
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     department representative shall forward the inmate's release
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     plan to the commission and recommend to the commission the terms
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     and conditions of the conditional release.
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309 Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 310 made by this act to section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, in a 311 reference thereto, paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section 312 775.084, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

313 775.084 Violent career criminals; habitual felony offenders 314 and habitual violent felony offenders; three-time violent felony 315 offenders; definitions; procedure; enhanced penalties or 316 mandatory minimum prison terms.-

317

(4)

(j) The provisions of s. 947.1405 shall apply to persons sentenced as habitual felony offenders and persons sentenced as

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320	habitual violent felony offenders.
321	Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
322	made by this act to section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, in a
323	reference thereto, section 944.70, Florida Statutes, is
324	reenacted to read:
325	944.70 Conditions for release from incarceration
326	(1)(a) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
327	after October 1, 1983, but before January 1, 1994, may be
328	released from incarceration only:
329	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
330	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
331	accumulated gain-time;
332	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
333	4. Upon attaining the provisional release date;
334	5. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
335	to s. 947.1405; or
336	6. Upon the granting of control release pursuant to s.
337	947.146.
338	(b) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
339	after January 1, 1994, may be released from incarceration only:
340	1. Upon expiration of the person's sentence;
341	2. Upon expiration of the person's sentence as reduced by
342	accumulated meritorious or incentive gain-time;
343	3. As directed by an executive order granting clemency;
344	4. Upon placement in a conditional release program pursuant
345	to s. 947.1405 or a conditional medical release program pursuant
346	to s. 947.149; or
347	5. Upon the granting of control release, including
348	emergency control release, pursuant to s. 947.146.

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          (2) A person who is convicted of a crime committed on or
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     after December 1, 1990, and who receives a control release date
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     may not refuse to accept the terms or conditions of control
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     release.
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          Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
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     made by this act to section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, in a
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     reference thereto, paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section
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     947.13, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
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          947.13 Powers and duties of commission.-
358
          (1) The commission shall have the powers and perform the
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     duties of:
360
          (f) Establishing the terms and conditions of persons
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     released on conditional release under s. 947.1405, and
     determining subsequent ineligibility for conditional release due
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     to a violation of the terms or conditions of conditional release
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     and taking action with respect to such a violation.
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          Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment
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     made by this act to section 947.1405, Florida Statutes, in a
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     reference thereto, subsections (1), (2), and (7) of section
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     947.141, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:
369
          947.141 Violations of conditional release, control release,
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     or conditional medical release or addiction-recovery
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     supervision.-
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           (1) If a member of the commission or a duly authorized
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     representative of the commission has reasonable grounds to
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     believe that an offender who is on release supervision under s.
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     947.1405, s. 947.146, s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731 has violated
     the terms and conditions of the release in a material respect,
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     such member or representative may cause a warrant to be issued
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19-00739A-18 20181194 378 for the arrest of the releasee; if the offender was found to be 379 a sexual predator, the warrant must be issued. 380 (2) Upon the arrest on a felony charge of an offender who 381 is on release supervision under s. 947.1405, s. 947.146, s. 382 947.149, or s. 944.4731, the offender must be detained without 383 bond until the initial appearance of the offender at which a 384 judicial determination of probable cause is made. If the trial 385 court judge determines that there was no probable cause for the 386 arrest, the offender may be released. If the trial court judge 387 determines that there was probable cause for the arrest, such 388 determination also constitutes reasonable grounds to believe 389 that the offender violated the conditions of the release. Within 390 24 hours after the trial court judge's finding of probable 391 cause, the detention facility administrator or designee shall 392 notify the commission and the department of the finding and 393 transmit to each a facsimile copy of the probable cause 394 affidavit or the sworn offense report upon which the trial court 395 judge's probable cause determination is based. The offender must 396 continue to be detained without bond for a period not exceeding 397 72 hours excluding weekends and holidays after the date of the 398 probable cause determination, pending a decision by the 399 commission whether to issue a warrant charging the offender with 400 violation of the conditions of release. Upon the issuance of the 401 commission's warrant, the offender must continue to be held in 402 custody pending a revocation hearing held in accordance with 403 this section.

404 (7) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to
405 believe that an offender who is on release supervision under s.
406 947.1405, s. 947.146, s. 947.149, or s. 944.4731 has violated

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the terms and conditions of his or her release by committing a
felony offense, the officer shall arrest the offender without a
warrant, and a warrant need not be issued in the case.
Section 9. This act shall take effect October 1, 2018.

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