LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 01/16/2018

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (d) is added to, and paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 945.091, Florida Statutes, is amended, to read:

945.091 Extension of the limits of confinement; restitution by employed inmates.-

(1) The department may adopt rules permitting the extension

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of the limits of the place of confinement of an inmate as to whom there is reasonable cause to believe that the inmate will honor his or her trust by authorizing the inmate, under prescribed conditions and following investigation and approval by the secretary, or the secretary's designee, who shall maintain a written record of such action, to leave the confines of that place unaccompanied by a custodial agent for a prescribed period of time to:

- (b) Work at paid employment, participate in an education or a training program, or voluntarily serve a public or nonprofit agency or faith-based service group in the community, while continuing as an inmate of the institution or facility in which the inmate is confined, except during the hours of his or her employment, education, training, or service and traveling thereto and therefrom. An inmate may travel to and from his or her place of employment, education, or training only by means of walking, bicycling, or using public transportation or transportation that is provided by a family member or employer. Contingent upon specific appropriations, the department may transport an inmate in a state-owned vehicle if the inmate is unable to obtain other means of travel to his or her place of employment, education, or training.
- 1. An inmate may participate in paid employment only during the last 36 months of his or her confinement, unless sooner requested by the Florida Commission on Offender Review or the Control Release Authority.
- 2. An inmate who may not otherwise be approved for release under this paragraph due to a higher custody level or other risk factor may be released and placed on an electronic monitoring

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device. The department must administer a risk assessment tool to appropriately determine such inmate's ability to be released with electronic monitoring for work, educational, or training purposes.

32. While working at paid employment and residing in the facility, an inmate may apply for placement at a contracted substance abuse transition housing program. The transition assistance specialist shall inform the inmate of program availability and assess the inmate's need and suitability for transition housing assistance. If an inmate is approved for placement, the specialist shall assist the inmate. If an inmate requests and is approved for placement in a contracted faithbased substance abuse transition housing program, the specialist must consult with the chaplain before such placement. The department shall ensure that an inmate's faith orientation, or lack thereof, will not be considered in determining admission to a faith-based program and that the program does not attempt to convert an inmate toward a particular faith or religious preference.

(d) Participate in supervised community release as prescribed by the department by rule. The inmate's participation may begin 90 days before his or her provisional or tentative release date. Such supervised community release must include electronic monitoring and community control as defined in s. 948.001. The department must administer a risk assessment tool to appropriately determine an inmate's ability to be released pursuant to this paragraph.

1. If a participating inmate fails to comply with the conditions prescribed by the department by rule for supervised

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community release, the department may terminate the inmate's supervised community release and return him or her to the same or another institution designated by the department. A law enforcement officer or a probation officer may arrest the inmate without a warrant in accordance with s. 948.06, if there are reasonable grounds to believe he or she has violated the terms and conditions of supervised community release. The law enforcement officer or probation officer must report the inmate's alleged violations to a correctional officer for disposition of disciplinary charges as prescribed by the department by rule.

2. Inmates participating in supervised community release under this paragraph remain eligible to earn or lose gain-time as prescribed by law and department rule, but may not be counted in the population of the prison system, and the inmate's approved community-based housing location may not be counted in the capacity figures for the prison system.

Section 2. Section 948.33, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

948.33 Prosecution for violation of probation and community control arrest warrants of state prisoners.-A prisoner in a state prison in this state who has an unserved violation of probation or an unserved violation of community control warrant for his or her arrest may file a state prisoner's notice of unserved warrant in the circuit court of the judicial circuit in which the unserved warrant was issued. The prisoner must also serve notice on the state attorney of that circuit. The circuit court shall schedule the notice for a status hearing within 90 days after receipt of the notice. The state prisoner may not be



transported to the status hearing. At the status hearing, the state attorney shall inform the court as to whether there is an unserved violation of probation warrant or an unserved violation of community control warrant for the arrest of the state prisoner. If a warrant for either violation exists, the court must enter an order within 30 days after the status hearing for the transport of the state prisoner to the county jail of the county that issued the warrant for prosecution of the violation, and the court shall send the order to the county sheriff for execution.

Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2018.

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======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to state inmates; amending s. 945.091, F.S.; authorizing the Department of Corrections to extend the limits of confinement to allow an inmate that may not otherwise qualify for work release to be released on electronic monitoring; requires the department to utilize a risk assessment tool to determine appropriateness for release on electronic monitoring; authorizing the department to extend the limits of confinement to allow an inmate to participate in supervised community release, subject to certain requirements, as prescribed by the department by rule; requires the department to utilize

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a risk assessment tool to determine appropriateness for release on electronic monitoring; authorizing the department to terminate an inmate's participation under certain circumstances; authorizing a law enforcement or a probation officer to arrest an inmate without warrant in accordance with authority granted in s. 948.06, F.S.; requiring the law enforcement or probation officer to report the alleged violations to a correctional officer for disposition of disciplinary charges as prescribed by the department by rule; providing that participating inmates remain eligible to earn or lose gain-time; providing that such inmates may not be counted in the population of the prison system and that their approved community-based housing location may not be counted in the capacity figures for the prison system; creating s. 948.33, F.S.; authorizing a prisoner in a state prison who has an unserved violation of probation or an unserved violation of community control warrant to file a notice of unserved warrant in the circuit court where the warrant was issued; requiring the prisoner to serve notice on the state attorney; requiring the circuit court to schedule a status hearing within a certain time after receiving notice; specifying procedures and requirements for the status hearing; providing for prosecution of the violation; requiring the court to send the order to the county sheriff; providing an effective date.