

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
02/14/2018		
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Judiciary (Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

1 2 3

4

5

6

8

9

Delete lines 150 - 297

and insert:

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (3), whoever:
- (a) Intentionally accesses without authorization a facility through which an electronic communication service is provided, or
- (b) Intentionally exceeds an authorization to access such facility,

10 11

13

14 15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40



and thereby obtains, alters, or prevents authorized access to a wire or electronic communication while it is in electronic storage in such system shall be punished as provided in subsection (2).

- (2) The punishment for an offense under subsection (1) is as follows:
- (a) If the offense is committed for purposes of commercial advantage, malicious destruction or damage, or private commercial gain, the person is:
- 1. In the case of a first offense under this subsection, commits quilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 934.41.
- 2. In the case of any subsequent offense under this subsection, commits guilty of a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, s. 775.084, or s. 934.41.
- (b) In any other case, the person is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply with respect to conduct authorized:
- (a) By the person or entity providing a wire, oral, or electronic communications service, including through cellular phones, portable electronic communication devices, or microphone-enabled household devices;
- (b) By a user of a wire, oral, or electronic communications service, including through cellular phones, portable electronic communication devices, or microphone-enabled household devices, with respect to a communication of or intended for that user; or



- 41 (c) In s. 934.09, s. 934.23, or s. 934.24;
 - (d) In chapter 933; or

43

44

45 46

47

48

49

50 51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62 63

64 65

66

67

68

69

(e) For accessing for a legitimate business purpose information that is not personally identifiable or that has been collected in a way that prevents identification of the user of the device.

Section 4. Section 934.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

934.42 Mobile tracking device and location tracking authorization.-

- (1) An investigative or law enforcement officer may make application to a judge of competent jurisdiction for a warrant an order authorizing or approving the installation and use of a mobile tracking device.
- (2) An application under subsection (1) of this section must include:
- (a) A statement of the identity of the applicant and the identity of the law enforcement agency conducting the investigation.
- (b) A statement setting forth a reasonable period of time that the tracking device may be used or the location data may be obtained in real-time, not exceed 45 days from the date the warrant is issued. The court may, for good cause, grant one or more extensions for a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 45 days each certification by the applicant that the information likely to be obtained is relevant to an ongoing criminal investigation being conducted by the investigating agency.
- (c) A statement of the offense to which the information likely to be obtained relates.

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94

95

96

97

98



- (d) A statement whether it may be necessary to use and monitor the mobile tracking device outside the jurisdiction of the court from which authorization is being sought.
- (3) Upon application made as provided under subsection (2), the court, if it finds probable cause, that the certification and that the statements required by subsection (2) have been made in the application, shall grant a warrant enter an ex parte order authorizing the installation and use of a mobile tracking device. Such warrant order may authorize the use of the device within the jurisdiction of the court and outside that jurisdiction but within the State of Florida if the device is installed within the jurisdiction of the court. The warrant must command the officer to complete any installation authorized by the warrant within a specified period of time not to exceed 10 calendar days.
- (4) A court may not require greater specificity or additional information beyond that which is required by law and this section as a requisite for issuing a warrant an order.
- (5) Within 10 days after the time period specified in paragraph (2)(b) has ended, the officer executing a warrant must return the warrant to the issuing judge. When the warrant is authorizing historical global positioning satellite location data, the office executing the warrant must return the warrant to the issuing judge within 10 days of the receipt of the records. The officer may do so by reliable electronic means.
- (6) Within 10 days after the time period specified in paragraph (2)(b) has ended, the officer executing a warrant must serve a copy of the warrant on the person who, or whose property, was tracked. Service may be accomplished by delivering

101 102

103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111 112

113

114

115

116

117 118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126

127



a copy to the person who, or whose property, was tracked or by leaving a copy at the person's residence or usual place of abode with an individual of suitable age and discretion who resides at that location and by mailing a copy to the person's last known address. Upon a showing of good cause to a court of competent jurisdiction, the court may grant one or more postponements of this notice for a period of 90 days each.

(7) The standards established by Florida courts and the United States Supreme Court for the installation, use, or and monitoring of mobile tracking devices shall apply to the installation, use, or monitoring and use of any device as authorized by this section.

(8) (6) As used in this section, the term "mobile tracking" device" or a "tracking device" means an electronic or mechanical device which permits the tracking of the movement of a person or object, including a cellular phone or a portable electronic communication device, and may be used to obtain real-time cellular-site location data, precise global positioning satellite location data, or historical global positioning satellite location data.

(9) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any investigative or law enforcement officer specially designated by the Governor, the Attorney General, the statewide prosecutor, or a state attorney acting pursuant to this chapter who reasonably determines that:

- 1. An emergency exists which:
- a. Involves immediate danger of death or serious physical injury to any person or the danger of escape of a prisoner; and
 - b. Requires the installation or use of a mobile tracking



128 device before a warrant authorizing such installation or use can, with due diligence, be obtained; and 129 130 2. There are grounds upon which a warrant could be issued 131 under this chapter to authorize such installation or use, 132 133 may install or use a mobile tracking device if, within 48 hours 134 after the installation or use has occurred or begins to occur, a 135 warrant approving the installation or use is issued in 136 accordance with this section. 137 (b) In the absence of an authorizing warrant, such installation or use shall immediately terminate when the 138 139 information sought is obtained, when the application for the 140 warrant is denied, or when 48 hours have lapsed since the 141 installation or use of the mobile tracking device began, 142 whichever is earlier. 143 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== 144 And the title is amended as follows: 145 Delete lines 11 - 47 146 147 and insert: 148 F.S.; revising exceptions to include authorized conduct under specified circumstances; amending s. 149 150 934.42, F.S.; authorizing an investigative or law 151 enforcement officer to apply to a judge of competent 152 jurisdiction for a warrant, rather than an order, 153 authorizing the acquisition of cellular-site location 154 data, precise global positioning satellite location data, or historical global positioning satellite 155

location data; requiring an application for a warrant

156

158

159 160

161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170

171

172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179

180

181



to include a statement of a reasonable period of time that a mobile tracking device may be used, not to exceed a specified limit; authorizing a court to grant extensions not individually exceeding a specified limit, for good cause; deleting a provision requiring a certification to be included in the application for an order; requiring the warrant to command the officer to complete an installation authorized by the warrant within a certain timeframe; providing requirements for the return of the warrant to the judge and service of a copy of the warrant on the person who was tracked or whose property was tracked; authorizing a court, for good cause, to postpone the notice requirement for a specified time period; requiring that the standards established by Florida courts for the installation, use, or monitoring of mobile tracking devices apply to the installation, use, or monitoring of certain devices; redefining the term "tracking device"; authorizing any investigative or law enforcement officer who is specially designated by certain persons and who makes specified determinations to install or use a mobile tracking device under certain circumstances; providing requirements for the installation and use of the mobile tracking devices; providing an effective