1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to tax deed sales; amending s.
3	197.502, F.S.; requiring a tax certificateholder to
4	pay specified costs required to bring the property on
5	which taxes are delinquent to sale; requiring the tax
6	collector to cancel a tax deed application if certain
7	costs are not paid within a specified period for
8	certain purposes; revising procedures for applying
9	for, recording, and releasing tax deed applications;
10	revising the entities that must be notified before the
11	sale of the property; revising provisions to require
12	property information reports for certain purposes;
13	prohibiting a tax collector from accepting or paying
14	for a property information report under certain
15	circumstances; amending s. 197.522, F.S.; authorizing
16	a clerk to rely on addresses provided by the tax
17	collector for specified purposes; amending s. 197.582,
18	F.S.; revising procedures for the disbursement of
19	surplus funds by clerks; providing forms for use in
20	noticing and claiming surplus funds; specifying
21	methods for delivering claims to the clerk's office;
22	providing deadlines for filing claims; providing
23	procedures to be used by clerks in determining
24	disbursement of surplus funds; authorizing a tax deed
25	recipient to pay specified liens; specifying
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26 procedures to be used by the tax clerk if surplus 27 funds are not claimed; providing an effective date. 28 29 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 30 31 Subsections (1) and (2), paragraphs (b) and (c) Section 1. 32 of subsection (4), and subsections (5) and (6) of section 33 197.502, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 197.502 Application for obtaining tax deed by holder of 34 35 tax sale certificate; fees.-(1)The holder of a tax certificate at any time after 2 36 37 years have elapsed since April 1 of the year of issuance of the tax certificate and before the cancellation of the certificate, 38 39 may file the certificate and an application for a tax deed with the tax collector of the county where the property described in 40 the certificate is located. The tax collector may charge a tax 41 42 deed application fee of \$75 and for reimbursement of the costs 43 for providing online tax deed application services. If the tax 44 collector charges a combined fee in excess of \$75, applicants 45 may use shall have the option of using the online electronic tax 46 deed application process or may file applications without using such service. 47 A certificateholder, other than the county, who 48 (2)applies makes application for a tax deed shall pay the tax 49 50 collector at the time of application all amounts required for

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51 redemption or purchase of all other outstanding tax 52 certificates, plus interest, any omitted taxes, plus interest, 53 any delinquent taxes, plus interest, and current taxes, if due, 54 covering the property. In addition, the certificateholder shall 55 pay the costs required to bring the property to sale as provided 56 in ss. 197.532 and 197.542, including property information 57 searches, and mailing costs, as well as the costs of resale, if 58 applicable. If the certificateholder fails to pay the costs to 59 bring the property to sale within 30 days after notice from the 60 clerk, the tax collector shall cancel the tax deed application. All taxes and costs associated with a cancelled tax deed 61 62 application shall earn interest at the bid rate of the 63 certificate on which the tax deed application was based., and 64 Failure to pay the such costs of resale, if applicable, within 30 days after notice from the clerk shall result in the clerk's 65 66 entering the land on a list entitled "lands available for taxes." 67

68 (4) The tax collector shall deliver to the clerk of the 69 circuit court a statement that payment has been made for all 70 outstanding certificates or, if the certificate is held by the 71 county, that all appropriate fees have been deposited, and 72 stating that the following persons are to be notified prior to 73 the sale of the property:

(b) Any lienholder of record who has recorded a lienagainst the property described in the tax certificate if an

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76 address appears on the recorded lien or if the lienholder is a 77 financial institution and the financial institution has 78 designated an address with the Department of State pursuant to 79 s. 655.0201(2), then notice must be sent to the address on file 80 with the Department of State. 81 (c) Any mortgagee of record if an address appears on the 82 recorded mortgage or if the mortgagee has designated an address 83 with the Department of State pursuant to s. 655.0201(2), then 84 the notice must be sent to the address on file with the 85 Department of State. 86 87 The statement must be signed by the tax collector or the tax collector's designee. The tax collector may purchase a 88 89 reasonable bond for errors and omissions of his or her office in 90 making such statement. The search of the official records must be made by a direct and inverse search. "Direct" means the index 91 92 in straight and continuous alphabetic order by grantor, and 93 "inverse" means the index in straight and continuous alphabetic 94 order by grantee. 95 (5) (a) For purposes of determining who must be noticed and 96 provided the information required in subsection (4), the tax 97 collector must may contract with a title company or an abstract company to provide a property information report as defined in 98 s. 627.7843(1) the minimum information required in subsection 99 100 (4), consistent with rules adopted by the department. If Page 4 of 17

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101 additional information is required, the tax collector must make 102 a written request to the title or abstract company stating the 103 additional requirements. The tax collector may select any title 104 or abstract company, regardless of its location, as long as the 105 fee is reasonable, the required minimum information is 106 submitted, and the title or abstract company is authorized to do 107 business in this state. The tax collector may advertise and 108 accept bids for the title or abstract company if he or she 109 considers it appropriate to do so.

110 1. The property information report must include the 111 letterhead of the person, firm, or company that makes the 112 search, and the signature of the individual who makes the search 113 or of an officer of the firm. The tax collector is not liable 114 for payment to the firm unless these requirements are met. The 115 report may be submitted to the tax collector in an electronic 116 format.

117 2. The tax collector may not accept or pay for <u>a property</u> 118 <u>information report</u> any title search or abstract if financial 119 responsibility is not assumed for the search. However, 120 reasonable restrictions as to the liability or responsibility of 121 the title or abstract company are acceptable. Notwithstanding s. 122 627.7843(3), the tax collector may contract for higher maximum 123 liability limits.

124 3. In order to establish uniform prices for property125 information reports within the county, the tax collector must

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126 ensure that the contract for property information reports 127 includes include all requests for property information reports 128 title searches or abstracts for a given period of time. 129 Any fee paid for initial property information reports (b) 130 and any updates for a title search or abstract must be collected 131 at the time of application under subsection (1), and the amount 132 of the fee must be added to the opening bid. 133 Upon receiving the tax deed application from the tax (C) 134 collector, the clerk shall record a notice of tax deed 135 application in the official records, which constitutes notice of 136 the pendency of a tax deed application with respect to the 137 property and remains effective for 1 year from the date of 138 recording. A person acquiring an interest in the property after 139 the tax deed application notice has been recorded is deemed to 140 be on notice of the pending tax deed sale and no additional 141 notice is required. The sale of the property automatically 142 releases any recorded notice of tax deed application for that 143 property. If the property is redeemed, the clerk must record a 144 release of the notice of tax deed application upon payment of 145 the fees as authorized in s. 28.24(8) and (12). The contents of 146 the notice shall be the same as the contents of the notice of publication required by s. 197.512. The cost of recording must 147 148 be collected at the time of application under subsection (1), 149 and added to the opening bid. 150 The clerk must shall advertise and administer the sale (d)_

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151 as set forth in s. 197.512, administer the sale as set forth in 152 s. 197.542, and receive such fees for the issuance of the deed 153 and sale of the property as provided in s. 28.24. 154 (e) A notice of the application of the tax deed in accordance with ss. 197.512 and 197.522 that is sent to the 155 156 addresses shown on the statement described in subsection (4) is 157 deemed conclusively sufficient to provide adequate notice of the 158 tax deed application and the sale at public auction. 159 (6) The opening bid: 160 (a) On county-held certificates on nonhomestead property shall be the sum of the value of all outstanding certificates 161 162 against the property, plus omitted years' taxes, delinquent taxes, current taxes, if due, interest, and all costs and fees 163 164 paid by the county. 165 (b) On an individual certificate must include, in addition 166 to the amount of money paid to the tax collector by the 167 certificateholder at the time of application, the amount required to redeem the applicant's tax certificate and all other 168 169 costs, and fees paid by the applicant, and any additional fees 170 or costs incurred by the clerk, plus all tax certificates that 171 were sold subsequent to the filing of the tax deed application, 172 current taxes, if due, and omitted taxes, if any. (C) On property assessed on the latest tax roll as 173 174 homestead property shall include, in addition to the amount of

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money required for an opening bid on nonhomestead property, an

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176	amount equal to one-half of the latest assessed value of the
177	homestead.
178	Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 197.522, Florida
179	Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (4), and a new subsection
180	(3) is added to that section to read:
181	197.522 Notice to owner when application for tax deed is
182	made
183	(3) When sending or serving a notice under this section,
184	the clerk of the circuit court may rely on the addresses
185	provided by the tax collector based on the certified tax roll
186	and property information reports. The clerk of the circuit court
187	has no duty to seek further information as to the validity of
188	such addresses, because property owners are presumed to know
189	that taxes are due and payable annually under s. 197.122.
190	Section 3. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 197.582,
191	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (4) through (9)
192	are added to that section, to read:
193	197.582 Disbursement of proceeds of sale
194	(2) <u>(a)</u> If the property is purchased for an amount in
195	excess of the statutory bid of the certificateholder, the
196	surplus excess must be paid over and disbursed by the clerk <u>as</u>
197	set forth in subsections (3), (5), and (6). If the opening bid
198	included the homestead assessment pursuant to s. 197.502(6)(c) $_{ au}$
199	If the property purchased is homestead property and the
200	statutory bid includes an amount equal to at least one-half of
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201 the assessed value of the homestead, that amount must be treated 202 as surplus excess and distributed in the same manner. The clerk 203 shall distribute the surplus excess to the governmental units 204 for the payment of any lien of record held by a governmental 205 unit against the property, including any tax certificates not 206 incorporated in the tax deed application and omitted taxes, if 207 any. If the excess is not sufficient to pay all of such liens in 208 full, the excess shall be paid to each governmental unit pro rata. If, after all liens of governmental units are paid in 209 210 full, there remains a balance of undistributed funds, the 211 balance must shall be retained by the clerk for the benefit of 212 persons described in s. 197.522(1)(a), except those persons 213 described in s. 197.502(4)(h), as their interests may appear. 214 The clerk shall mail notices to such persons notifying them of 215 the funds held for their benefit at the addresses provided in s. 216 197.502(4). Such notice constitutes compliance with the 217 requirements of s. 717.117(4). Any service charges, at the rate 218 prescribed in s. 28.24(10), and costs of mailing notices shall 219 be paid out of the excess balance held by the clerk. Notice must 220 be provided in substantially the following form: 221 222 NOTICE OF SURPLUS FUNDS FROM TAX DEED SALE 223 CLERK OF COURT

224 225

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. . . COUNTY, FLORIDA

226 Tax Deed #..... 227 Certificate #..... 228 Property Description: 229 Pursuant to chapter 197, Florida Statutes, the above 230 property was sold at public sale on ... (date of sale)...., and 231 a surplus of \$ (amount) (subject to change) will be held 232 by this office for 120 days beginning on the date of this notice 233 to benefit the persons having an interest in this property as 234 described in section 197.502(4), Florida Statutes, as their 235 interests may appear (except for those persons described in 236 section 197.502(4)(h), Florida Statutes). 237 To the extent possible, these funds will be used to satisfy 238 in full, each claimant with a senior mortgage or lien in the 239 property before distribution of any funds to any junior mortgage 240 or lien claimant or to the former property owner. To be 241 considered for funds when they are distributed, you must file a 242 notarized statement of claim with this office within 120 days of 243 this notice. If you are a lienholder, your claim must include 244 the particulars of your lien and the amounts currently due. Any 245 lienholder claim that is not filed within the 120-day deadline 246 is barred. 247 A copy of this notice must be attached to your statement of 248 claim. After the office examines the filed claim statements, it 249 will notify you if you are entitled to any payment. 250 Dated:

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251	Clerk of Court
252	
253	(b) The mailed notice must include a form for making a
254	claim under subsection (3). Service charges at the rate set
255	forth in s. 28.24(10) and the costs of mailing must be paid out
256	of the surplus funds held by the clerk. If the clerk or
257	comptroller certifies that the surplus funds are not sufficient
258	to cover the service charges and mailing costs, the clerk shall
259	receive the total amount of surplus funds as a service charge.
260	Excess proceeds shall be held and disbursed in the same manner
261	as unclaimed redemption moneys in s. 197.473. For purposes of
262	identifying unclaimed property pursuant to s. 717.113, excess
263	proceeds shall be presumed payable or distributable on the date
264	the notice is sent. If excess proceeds are not sufficient to
265	cover the service charges and mailing costs, the clerk shall
266	receive the total amount of excess proceeds as a service charge.
267	(3) A person receiving the notice under subsection (2) has
268	120 days from the date of the notice to file a written claim
269	with the clerk for the surplus proceeds. A claim in
270	substantially the following form is deemed sufficient:
271	
272	CLAIM TO RECEIVE SURPLUS PROCEEDS OF A TAX DEED SALE
273	Complete and return to:
274	By mail:
275	By e-mail:

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276	Note: The Clerk of the Court must pay all valid liens
277	before distributing surplus funds to a titleholder.
278	Claimant's name:
279	Contact name, if applicable:
280	Address:
281	Telephone Number: Email Address:
282	Tax No
283	Date of sale (if known):
284	I am not making a claim and waive any claim I might have to
285	the surplus funds on this tax deed sale.
286	I claim surplus proceeds resulting from the above tax deed
287	sale.
288	I am a (check one)Lienholder;Titleholder.
289	(1) LIENHOLDER INFORMATION (Complete if claim is based on
290	a lien against the sold property).
291	(a) Type of Lien:Mortgage;Court Judgment;
292	Other
293	Describe in detail:
294	If your lien is recorded in the county's official records,
295	list the following, if known:
296	Recording date:; Instrument #; Book #; Page
297	<u>#</u>
298	(b) Original amount of lien: \$
299	(c) Amounts due: \$
300	1. Principal remaining due: \$
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301	2. Interest due: \$
302	3. Fees and costs due, including late fees: \$
303	(describe costs in detail, include additional sheet if needed);
304	4. Attorney fees: \$(provide amount claimed):
305	<u>\$</u>
306	(2) TITLEHOLDER INFORMATION (Complete if claim is based on
307	title formerly held on sold property.)
308	(a) Nature of title (check one):Deed;
309	Court Judgment;Other (describe in detail)
310	<u></u>
311	(b) If your former title is recorded in the county's
312	official records, list the following, if known: Recording
313	<pre>date:; Instrument#:Book #:; Page</pre>
314	<u>#:</u>
315	(c) Amount of surplus tax deed sale proceeds claimed:
316	<u>\$</u>
317	(d) Does the titleholder claim the subject property was
318	homestead property?YesNo.
319	(3) I hereby swear or affirm that all of the above
320	information is true and correct.
321	Date:
322	Signature:
323	STATE OF FLORIDA
324	COUNTY.
325	Sworn to or affirmed and signed before me on(date)
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326	by(name of affiant)
327	NOTARY PUBLIC or DEPUTY CLERK
328	(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary)
329	Personally known, or
330	Produced identification;
331	Identification Produced:
332	(4) A claim may be:
333	(a) Mailed using the United States Postal Service. The
334	filing date is the postmark on the mailed claim;
335	(b) Delivered using either a commercial delivery service
336	or in person. The filing date is the day of delivery; or
337	(c) Sent by fax or e-mail, as authorized by the clerk. The
338	filing date is the date the clerk receives the fax or e-mail.
339	(5) Except for claims by a property owner, claims that are
340	not filed on or before close of business on the 120th day after
341	the date of the mailed notice as required by s. 197.582(2), are
342	barred. A person, other than the property owner, who fails to
343	file a proper and timely claim is barred from receiving any
344	disbursement of the surplus funds. The failure of any person
345	described in s. 197.502(4), other than the property owner, to
346	file a claim for surplus funds within the 120 days constitutes a
347	waiver of interest in the surplus funds and all claims thereto
348	are forever barred.
349	(6) Within 90 days after the claim period expires, the
350	clerk may either file an interpleader action in circuit court,
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351	if potentially conflicting claims to the funds exist, or pay the
352	surplus funds according to the clerk's determination of the
353	priority of claims using the information provided by the
354	claimants under subsection (3). Fees and costs incurred by the
355	clerk in determining whether an interpleader action should be
356	filed shall be paid from the surplus funds. If the clerk files
357	an interpleader action, the court shall determine the
358	distribution of funds based upon the priority of liens filed.
359	The clerk may move the court to award reasonable fees and
360	costs from the interpleaded funds. An action to require payment
361	of surplus funds is not ripe until the claim and review periods
362	expire. The failure of a person described in s. 197.502(4),
363	other than the property owner, to file a claim for surplus funds
364	within the 120 days constitutes a waiver of all interest in the
365	surplus funds and all claims for them are forever barred.
366	(7) A holder of a recorded governmental lien, other than a
367	federal government lien or ad valorem tax lien, must file a
368	request for disbursement of surplus funds within 120 days after
369	the mailing of the notice of surplus funds. The clerk or
370	comptroller must disburse payments to each governmental unit to
371	pay any lien of record held by a governmental unit against the
372	property, including any tax certificate not incorporated in the
373	tax deed application and any omitted taxes, before disbursing
374	the surplus funds to nongovernmental claimants.
375	(8) The tax deed recipient may directly pay off all liens
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376 to governmental units that could otherwise have been requested 377 from surplus funds, and, upon filing a timely claim under 378 subsection (3) with proof of payment, the tax deed recipient may 379 receive the same amount of funds from the surplus funds for all 380 amounts paid to each governmental unit in the same priority as 381 the original lienholder. 382 (9) If the clerk does not receive claims for surplus funds within the 120 day claim period, as required in subsection (5), 383 384 there is a conclusive presumption that the legal titleholder of 385 record described in s. 197.502(4)(a) is entitled to the surplus 386 funds. The clerk must process the surplus funds in the manner 387 provided in chapter 717, regardless of whether the legal 388 titleholder is a resident of the state or not. 389 (3) If unresolved claims against the property exist on the 390 date the property is purchased, the clerk shall ensure that the 391 excess funds are paid according to the priorities of the claims. 392 If a lien appears to be entitled to priority and the lienholder 393 has not made a claim against the excess funds, payment may not 394 be made on any lien that is junior in priority. If potentially 395 conflicting claims to the funds exist, the clerk may initiate an 396 interpleader action against the lienholders involved, and the 397 court shall determine the proper distribution of the 398 interpleaded funds. The clerk may move the court for an award of reasonable fees and costs from the interpleaded funds. 399 400 Section 4. This act applies to tax deed applications filed

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401	on	or	after	October	1,	2018,	with	the	tax	collector	pursuant	to

- 402 <u>s. 197.502</u>, Florida Statutes.
- 403 Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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