House

Florida Senate - 2018 Bill No. CS for SB 150

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: UNFAV 02/28/2018

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Lee) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause

and insert:

Section 1. <u>Sections 627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732,</u> 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, Florida Statutes, which comprise the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, are repealed.

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Section 2. <u>Section 627.7407</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 316.646, Florida



11 Statutes, is amended to read:

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12 316.646 Security required; proof of security and display 13 thereof.-

14 (1) Any person required by s. 324.022 to maintain liability security for property damage, liability security, required by s. 15 16 324.023 to maintain liability security for bodily injury, or 17 death, or required by s. 627.733 to maintain personal injury 18 protection security on a motor vehicle shall have in his or her 19 immediate possession at all times while operating such motor 20 vehicle proper proof of maintenance of the required security 21 required under s. 324.021(7).

(a) Such proof <u>must</u> shall be in a uniform paper or electronic format, as prescribed by the department, a valid insurance policy, an insurance policy binder, a certificate of insurance, or such other proof as may be prescribed by the department.

(b)1. The act of presenting to a law enforcement officer an electronic device displaying proof of insurance in an electronic format does not constitute consent for the officer to access any information on the device other than the displayed proof of insurance.

2. The person who presents the device to the officer assumes the liability for any resulting damage to the device.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

(2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations



40 and:
41 (b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 322.065,
42 and 322.15(1). <u>A</u> Any person who is cited for a violation of s.
43 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinquent fee pursuant to s.
44 320.07(4).

45 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605 46 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid registration at 47 the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case 48 and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds 49 it impossible or impractical to obtain a valid registration 50 certificate must submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for 51 the impossibility or impracticality. The reasons may include, 52 but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle was sold, 53 stolen, or destroyed; that the state in which the vehicle is 54 registered does not issue a certificate of registration; or that 55 the vehicle is owned by another person.

2. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 322.03, s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a driver license issued to him or her and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10.

61 3. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 316.646 62 can show proof of security as required by s. 324.021(7) s. 63 627.733, issued to the person and valid at the time of arrest, 64 the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a 65 dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds it impossible or 66 impractical to obtain proof of security must submit an affidavit 67 detailing the reasons for the impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle has 68

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69 since been sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the owner or 70 registrant of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 to 71 maintain personal injury protection insurance; or that the 72 vehicle is owned by another person.

Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (5) of section 320.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 320.02 Registration required; application for registration;

forms.-

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77 (5) (a) Proof that bodily injury liability coverage and 78 property damage liability coverage personal injury protection 79 benefits have been purchased if required under s. 324.022, s. 80 324.032, or s. 627.742, that medical payments coverage has been 81 purchased if required under s. 627.7265 s. 627.733, that 82 property damage liability coverage has been purchased as 83 required under s. 324.022, that bodily injury liability or death 84 coverage has been purchased if required under s. 324.023, and 85 that combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 86 liability insurance have been purchased if required under s. 87 627.7415 must shall be provided in the manner prescribed by law by the applicant at the time of application for registration of 88 89 any motor vehicle that is subject to such requirements. The 90 issuing agent may not shall refuse to issue registration if such 91 proof of purchase is not provided. Insurers shall furnish uniform proof-of-purchase cards in a paper or electronic format 92 93 in a form prescribed by the department and include the name of 94 the insured's insurance company, the coverage identification 95 number, and the make, year, and vehicle identification number of 96 the vehicle insured. The card must contain a statement notifying 97 the applicant of the penalty specified under s. 316.646(4). The



98	card or insurance policy, insurance policy binder, or
99	certificate of insurance or a photocopy of any of these; an
100	affidavit containing the name of the insured's insurance
101	company, the insured's policy number, and the make and year of
102	the vehicle insured; or such other proof as may be prescribed by
103	the department constitutes shall constitute sufficient proof of
104	purchase. If an affidavit is provided as proof, it must be in
105	substantially the following form:
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107	Under penalty of perjury, I(Name of insured) do hereby
108	certify that I have (bodily injury liability and <del>Personal</del>
109	Injury Protection, property damage liability coverage, and
110	medical payments coverage, and, if required, Bodily Injury
111	Liability) Insurance currently in effect with (Name of
112	insurance company) under (policy number) covering
113	(make, year, and vehicle identification number of
114	vehicle) (Signature of Insured)
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116	Such affidavit must include the following warning:
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118	WARNING: GIVING FALSE INFORMATION IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A VEHICLE
119	REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER FLORIDA
120	LAW. ANYONE GIVING FALSE INFORMATION ON THIS AFFIDAVIT IS
121	SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION.
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123	If an application is made through a licensed motor vehicle
124	dealer as required under s. 319.23, the original or a photocopy
125	photostatic copy of such card, insurance policy, insurance
126	policy binder, or certificate of insurance or the original
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127 affidavit from the insured must shall be forwarded by the dealer to the tax collector of the county or the Department of Highway 128 129 Safety and Motor Vehicles for processing. By executing the 130 aforesaid affidavit, a no licensed motor vehicle dealer is not 131 will be liable in damages for any inadequacy, insufficiency, or 132 falsification of any statement contained therein. A card must 133 also indicate the existence of any bodily injury liability 134 insurance voluntarily purchased.

135 (d) The verifying of proof of personal injury protection 136 insurance, proof of property damage liability insurance, proof 137 of combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 138 liability insurance, or proof of financial responsibility 139 insurance and the issuance or failure to issue the motor vehicle 140 registration under the provisions of this chapter may not be 141 construed in any court as a warranty of the reliability or 142 accuracy of the evidence of such proof, or that the provisions of any insurance policy furnished as proof of financial 143 144 responsibility comply with state law. Neither The department or nor any tax collector is not liable in damages for any 145 146 inadequacy, insufficiency, falsification, or unauthorized 147 modification of any item of the proof of personal injury protection insurance, proof of property damage liability 148 insurance, proof of combined bodily liability insurance and 149 150 property damage liability insurance, or proof of financial 151 responsibility before insurance prior to, during, or subsequent 152 to the verification of the proof. The issuance of a motor 153 vehicle registration does not constitute prima facie evidence or 154 a presumption of insurance coverage.

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Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

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156	320.0609, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
157	320.0609 Transfer and exchange of registration license
158	plates; transfer fee
159	(1)
160	(b) The transfer of a license plate from a vehicle disposed
161	of to a newly acquired vehicle does not constitute a new
162	registration. The application for transfer shall be accepted
163	without requiring proof of personal injury protection or
164	liability insurance.
165	Section 7. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of
166	section 320.27, Florida Statutes, and subsection (3) of that
167	section is amended, to read:
168	320.27 Motor vehicle dealers
169	(1) DEFINITIONSThe following words, terms, and phrases
170	when used in this section have the meanings respectively
171	ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context
172	clearly indicates a different meaning:
173	(g) "Garage liability insurance" means combined single-
174	limit liability coverage, including property damage and bodily
175	injury liability coverage, in the amount of:
176	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through
177	December 31, 2020, at least \$50,000.
178	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, at least
179	<u>\$60,000.</u>
180	(3) APPLICATION AND FEEThe application for the license
181	application must shall be in such form as may be prescribed by
182	the department and $\underline{is}$ shall be subject to such rules with
183	respect thereto as may be so prescribed by the department it.

184 Such application <u>must</u> shall be verified by oath or affirmation

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185 and must shall contain a full statement of the name and birth 186 date of the person or persons applying for the license therefor; 187 the name of the firm or copartnership, with the names and places 188 of residence of all members thereof, if such applicant is a firm 189 or copartnership; the names and places of residence of the 190 principal officers, if the applicant is a body corporate or 191 other artificial body; the name of the state under whose laws 192 the corporation is organized; the present and former place or 193 places of residence of the applicant; and the prior business in 194 which the applicant has been engaged and its the location 195 thereof. The Such application must shall describe the exact 196 location of the place of business and must shall state whether 197 the place of business is owned by the applicant and when 198 acquired, or, if leased, a true copy of the lease must shall be 199 attached to the application. The applicant shall certify that 200 the location provides an adequately equipped office and is not a 201 residence; that the location affords sufficient unoccupied space 202 upon and within which adequately to store all motor vehicles 203 offered and displayed for sale; and that the location is a 204 suitable place where the applicant can in good faith carry on 205 such business and keep and maintain books, records, and files 206 necessary to conduct such business, which must shall be 207 available at all reasonable hours to inspection by the 208 department or any of its inspectors or other employees. The 209 applicant shall certify that the business of a motor vehicle 210 dealer is the principal business that will which shall be 211 conducted at that location. The application must shall contain a 212 statement that the applicant is either franchised by a 213 manufacturer of motor vehicles, in which case the name of each

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214 motor vehicle that the applicant is franchised to sell must 215 shall be included, or an independent (nonfranchised) motor 216 vehicle dealer. The application must shall contain other 217 relevant information as may be required by the department. The 218 applicant must furnish, including evidence, in a form approved 219 by the department, that the applicant is insured under a garage liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance 220 221 policy coupled with a business automobile policy having the 222 garage liability insurance coverage required by this subsection  $\tau$ 223 which shall include, at a minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit 224 liability coverage including bodily injury and property damage 225 protection and \$10,000 personal injury protection. However, a 226 salvage motor vehicle dealer as defined in subparagraph (1)(c)5. 227 is exempt from the requirements for garage liability insurance 228 and medical payments coverage insurance and personal injury 229 protection insurance on those vehicles that cannot be legally 230 operated on roads, highways, or streets in this state. Franchise 231 dealers must submit a garage liability insurance policy, and all 232 other dealers must submit a garage liability insurance policy or 233 a general liability insurance policy coupled with a business 234 automobile policy. Such policy must shall be for the license 235 period, and evidence of a new or continued policy must shall be 236 delivered to the department at the beginning of each license 237 period. Upon making an initial application, the applicant shall 238 pay to the department a fee of \$300 in addition to any other 239 fees required by law. Applicants may choose to extend the 240 licensure period for 1 additional year for a total of 2 years. An initial applicant shall pay to the department a fee of \$300 241 for the first year and \$75 for the second year, in addition to 242

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243 any other fees required by law. An applicant for renewal shall 244 pay to the department \$75 for a 1-year renewal or \$150 for a 2-245 year renewal, in addition to any other fees required by law. 246 Upon making an application for a change of location, the 247 applicant person shall pay a fee of \$50 in addition to any other 248 fees now required by law. The department shall, in the case of every application for initial licensure, verify whether certain 249 250 facts set forth in the application are true. Each applicant, 251 general partner in the case of a partnership, or corporate 252 officer and director in the case of a corporate applicant shall<sub>au</sub> 253 must file a set of fingerprints with the department for the 254 purpose of determining any prior criminal record or any 255 outstanding warrants. The department shall submit the 256 fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state 257 processing and forwarding to the Federal Bureau of Investigation 258 for federal processing. The actual cost of state and federal 259 processing must shall be borne by the applicant and is in 260 addition to the fee for licensure. The department may issue a 261 license to an applicant pending the results of the fingerprint 262 investigation, which license is fully revocable if the 263 department subsequently determines that any facts set forth in 264 the application are not true or correctly represented.

Section 8. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) of section 320.771, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.771 License required of recreational vehicle dealers.-

(3) APPLICATION.-The application for such license shall be 269 in the form prescribed by the department and subject to such 270 rules as may be prescribed by it. The application shall be verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain:

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(j) A statement that the applicant is insured under a

garage liability insurance policy in accordance with s.

274 320.27(1)(g), which shall include, at a minimum, \$25,000 275 combined single-limit liability coverage, including bodily 276 injury and property damage protection, and \$10,000 personal 277 injury protection, if the applicant is to be licensed as a dealer in, or intends to sell, recreational vehicles. 278 279 280 The department shall, if it deems necessary, cause an 281 investigation to be made to ascertain if the facts set forth in 282 the application are true and shall not issue a license to the 283 applicant until it is satisfied that the facts set forth in the 284 application are true. 285 Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.251, 286 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 287 322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 288 disgualification of license.-289 (1) All orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 290 disqualification issued under the provisions of this chapter, 291 chapter 318, or chapter 324 must, or ss. 627.732-627.734 shall 292 be given either by personal delivery thereof to the licensee 293 whose license is being canceled, suspended, revoked, or 294 disqualified or by deposit in the United States mail in an 295 envelope, first class, postage prepaid, addressed to the 296 licensee at his or her last known mailing address furnished to 297 the department. Such mailing by the department constitutes 298 notification, and any failure by the person to receive the 299 mailed order will not affect or stay the effective date or term 300 of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification



301 of the licensee's driving privilege.

302 (2) The giving of notice and an order of cancellation, 303 suspension, revocation, or disqualification by mail is complete 304 upon expiration of 20 days after deposit in the United States 305 mail for all notices except those issued under chapter 324 or 306 ss. 627.732-627.734, which are complete 15 days after deposit in 307 the United States mail. Proof of the giving of notice and an 308 order of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 309 disqualification in either manner must shall be made by entry in 310 the records of the department that such notice was given. The 311 entry is admissible in the courts of this state and constitutes 312 sufficient proof that such notice was given.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, or disqualified.-

(8) (a) Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of driving while the person's driver license or driving privilege is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall determine:

320 1. Whether the person's driver license is suspended or 321 revoked.

322 2. Whether the person's driver license has remained 323 suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of 324 driving with a suspended or revoked license.

325 3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s.
326 316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required
327 security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic
328 offenders.

4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of

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330 the vehicle.

331 Section 11. Section 324.011, Florida Statutes, is amended 332 to read:

333 324.011 Legislative intent and purpose of chapter.-It is 334 the Legislature's intent of this chapter to ensure that the 335 privilege of owning or operating a motor vehicle in this state be exercised recognize the existing privilege to own or operate 336 337 a motor vehicle on the public streets and highways of this state 338 when such vehicles are used with due consideration for others' 339 safety others and their property, and to promote safety, and to 340 provide financial security requirements for such owners and or 341 operators whose responsibility it is to recompense others for 342 injury to person or property caused by the operation of a motor 343 vehicle. Therefore, this chapter requires that every owner or 344 operator of a motor vehicle required to be registered in this state establish, maintain, and it is required herein that the 345 operator of a motor vehicle involved in a crash or convicted of 346 347 certain traffic offenses meeting the operative provisions of s. 348 324.051(2) shall respond for such damages and show proof of 349 financial ability to respond for damages arising out of the 350 ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle in future 351 accidents as a requisite to owning or operating a motor vehicle 352 in this state his or her future exercise of such privileges.

353 Section 12. Subsections (1) and (7) and paragraph (c) of 354 subsection (9) of section 324.021, Florida Statutes, are 355 amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:

356 324.021 Definitions; minimum insurance required.—The 357 following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall, for 358 the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings respectively

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359 ascribed to them in this section, except in those instances 360 where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

361 (1) MOTOR VEHICLE.-Every self-propelled vehicle that is 362 designed and required to be licensed for use upon a highway, 363 including trailers and semitrailers designed for use with such 364 vehicles, except traction engines, road rollers, farm tractors, 365 power shovels, and well drillers, and every vehicle that is 366 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires but not operated upon rails, but not including any personal delivery 367 368 device as defined in s. 316.003, bicycle, or moped. However, the 369 term "motor vehicle" does not include a motor vehicle as defined 370 in s. 627.732(3) when the owner of such vehicle has complied 371 with the requirements of ss. 627.730-627.7405, inclusive, unless 372 the provisions of s. 324.051 apply; and, in such case, the 373 applicable proof of insurance provisions of s. 320.02 apply.

(7) PROOF OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY. That Proof of ability to respond in damages for liability on account of crashes arising out of the <u>ownership</u>, <u>maintenance</u>, <u>or</u> use of a motor vehicle:

(a) <u>With respect to a motor vehicle that is not a</u> <u>commercial motor vehicle, nonpublic sector bus, or for-hire</u> passenger transportation vehicle:

1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through December 31, 2020, in the amount of:

383 <u>a. Twenty thousand dollars for</u> \$10,000 because of bodily 384 injury to, or <u>the</u> death of, one person in any one crash <u>and</u>; 385 (b) subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of 386 <u>\$40,000 for</u> \$20,000 because of bodily injury to, or <u>the</u> death 387 of, two or more persons in any one crash; <u>and</u>

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200	b The theorem of dellars for demonstrate or destruction of
388	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
389	property of others in any one crash.
390	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, in the amount
391	<u>of:</u>
392	a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
393	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
394	limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily
395	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
396	crash; and
397	<u>b.(c)</u> Ten thousand dollars for damage <del>In the amount of</del>
398	\$10,000 because of injury to, or destruction of, property of
399	others in any one crash <u>.; and</u>
400	<u>(b)</u> With respect to commercial motor vehicles and
401	nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts specified in <u>s. 627.7415</u>
402	ss. 627.7415 and 627.742, respectively.
403	(c) With respect to nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts
404	specified in s. 627.742.
405	(d) With respect to for-hire passenger transportation
406	vehicles, in the amounts specified in s. 324.032.
407	(9) OWNER; OWNER/LESSOR
408	(c) Application
409	1. The limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do
410	not apply to an owner of motor vehicles that are used for
411	commercial activity in the owner's ordinary course of business,
412	other than a rental company that rents or leases motor vehicles.
413	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rental company"
414	includes only an entity that is engaged in the business of
415	renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that
416	rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with

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417 no direct or indirect affiliation with the rental company. The 418 term also includes a motor vehicle dealer that provides 419 temporary replacement vehicles to its customers for up to 10 420 days. The term "rental company" also includes:

421 a. A related rental or leasing company that is a subsidiary
422 of the same parent company as that of the renting or leasing
423 company that rented or leased the vehicle.

424 b. The holder of a motor vehicle title or an equity 42.5 interest in a motor vehicle title if the title or equity 426 interest is held pursuant to or to facilitate an asset-backed 427 securitization of a fleet of motor vehicles used solely in the 428 business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general 429 public and under the dominion and control of a rental company, 430 as described in this subparagraph, in the operation of such 431 rental company's business.

432 2. Furthermore, with respect to commercial motor vehicles as defined in s. 207.002 or s. 320.01 <del>s. 627.732</del>, the limits on 433 434 liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do not apply if, at the 435 time of the incident, the commercial motor vehicle is being used 436 in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the 437 purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization 438 Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., and that is 439 required pursuant to such act to carry placards warning others of the hazardous cargo, unless at the time of lease or rental 440 441 either:

a. The lessee indicates in writing that the vehicle will
not be used to transport materials found to be hazardous for the
purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization
Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq.; or

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446	b. The lessee or other operator of the commercial motor
447	vehicle has in effect insurance with limits of at least $\frac{\$5}{2}$
448	million \$5,000,000 combined property damage and bodily injury
449	liability.
450	(12) FOR-HIRE PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION VEHICLEEvery "for-
451	hire vehicle" as defined in s. 320.01(15) which is offered or
452	used to provide transportation for persons, including taxicabs,
453	limousines, and jitneys.
454	Section 13. Section 324.022, Florida Statutes, is amended
455	to read:
456	324.022 Financial responsibility <u>requirements</u> for property
457	damage
458	(1) <u>(a)</u> Every owner or operator of a motor vehicle required
459	to be registered in this state shall establish and <u>continuously</u>
460	maintain the ability to respond in damages for liability on
461	account of accidents arising out of the use of the motor vehicle
462	in the amount of:
463	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through
464	December 31, 2020:
465	a. Twenty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the
466	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
467	limits for one person, in the amount of \$40,000 for bodily
468	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
469	crash; and
470	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
471	property of others in any one crash.
472	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter:
473	a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
474	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
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limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily 475 476 injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one 477 crash; and 478 b. Ten thousand dollars for <del>\$10,000 because of</del> damage to, 479 or destruction of, property of others in any one crash. 480 (b) The requirements of paragraph (a) this section may be met by one of the methods established in s. 324.031; by self-481 482 insuring as authorized by s. 768.28(16); or by maintaining 483 medical payments coverage under s. 627.7265 and a motor vehicle 484 liability insurance policy that an insurance policy providing 485 coverage for property damage liability in the amount of at least \$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction of, property of 486 487 others in any one accident arising out of the use of the motor 488 vehicle. The requirements of this section may also be met by 489 having a policy which provides combined property damage 490 liability and bodily injury liability coverage for any one crash 491 arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor 492 vehicle which conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151 in the 493 amount of: 494 1. At least \$50,000 for every owner or operator subject to 495 the financial responsibility required in subparagraph (1) (a) 1. 496 2. At least \$60,000 for every owner or operator subject to 497 the financial responsibility required in subparagraph (1)(a)2. 498 \$30,000 for combined property damage liability and bodily injury 499 liability for any one crash arising out of the use of the motor 500 vehicle. The policy, with respect to coverage for property 501 damage liability, must meet the applicable requirements of s. 502 324.151, subject to the usual policy exclusions that have been 503 approved in policy forms by the Office of Insurance Regulation.

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504	No insurer shall have any duty to defend uncovered claims
505	irrespective of their joinder with covered claims.
506	(2) As used in this section, the term:
507	(a) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle that
508	has four or more wheels and that is of a type designed and
509	required to be licensed for use on the highways of this state,
510	and any trailer or semitrailer designed for use with such
511	vehicle. The term does not include the following:
512	1. A mobile home <u>as defined in s. 320.01</u> .
513	2. A motor vehicle that is used in mass transit and
514	designed to transport more than five passengers, exclusive of
515	the operator of the motor vehicle, and that is owned by a
516	municipality, transit authority, or political subdivision of the
517	state.
518	3. A school bus as defined in s. 1006.25, which shall
519	maintain security as required under s. 316.615.
520	4. A commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 207.002 or
521	s. 320.01, which shall maintain security as required under ss.
522	324.031 and 627.7415.
523	5. A nonpublic sector bus, which shall maintain security as
524	required under ss. 324.031 and 627.742.
525	<u>6.4.</u> A vehicle providing for-hire passenger transportation
526	vehicle, which that is subject to the provisions of s. 324.031.
527	A taxicab shall maintain security as required under <u>s. 324.032</u>
528	<del>s. 324.032(1)</del> .
529	7.5. A personal delivery device as defined in s. 316.003.
530	(b) "Owner" means the person who holds legal title to a
531	motor vehicle or the debtor or lessee who has the right to
532	possession of a motor vehicle that is the subject of a security
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agreement or lease with an option to purchase.

(3) Each nonresident owner or registrant of a motor vehicle that, whether operated or not, has been physically present within this state for more than 90 days during the preceding 365 days shall maintain security as required by subsection (1). The security must be that is in effect continuously throughout the period the motor vehicle remains within this state.

540 (4) An The owner or registrant of a motor vehicle who is 541 exempt from the requirements of this section if she or he is a 542 member of the United States Armed Forces and is called to or on 543 active duty outside the United States in an emergency situation 544 is exempt from this section while he or she. The exemption 545 provided by this subsection applies only as long as the member 546 of the Armed Forces is on such active duty. This exemption 547 outside the United States and applies only while the vehicle 548 covered by the security is not operated by any person. Upon 549 receipt of a written request by the insured to whom the 550 exemption provided in this subsection applies, the insurer shall 551 cancel the coverages and return any unearned premium or suspend 552 the security required by this section. Notwithstanding s. 553  $324.0221(2) \pm 324.0221(3)$ , the department may not suspend the 554 registration or operator's license of an any owner or registrant 555 of a motor vehicle during the time she or he qualifies for the 556 an exemption under this subsection. An Any owner or registrant 557 of a motor vehicle who qualifies for the an exemption under this 558 subsection shall immediately notify the department before prior 559 to and at the end of the expiration of the exemption.

560 Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.0221, 561 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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324.0221 Reports by insurers to the department; suspension of driver license and vehicle registrations; reinstatement.-

(1) (a) Each insurer that has issued a policy providing medical payments coverage or personal injury protection coverage or property damage liability coverage shall report the cancellation or nonrenewal thereof to the department within 10 days after the processing date or effective date of each cancellation or nonrenewal. Upon the issuance of a policy providing medical payments coverage or personal injury protection coverage or property damage liability coverage to a named insured not previously insured by the insurer during that calendar year, the insurer shall report the issuance of the new policy to the department within 10 days. The report must shall be in the form and format and contain any information required by the department and must be provided in a format that is compatible with the data processing capabilities of the department. Failure by an insurer to file proper reports with the department as required by this subsection constitutes a violation of the Florida Insurance Code. These records may shall be used by the department only for enforcement and regulatory purposes, including the generation by the department of data regarding compliance by owners of motor vehicles with the requirements for financial responsibility coverage.

(b) With respect to an insurance policy providing <u>medical</u> payments coverage or <u>personal injury protection coverage or</u> <del>property damage</del> liability coverage, each insurer shall notify the named insured, or the first-named insured in the case of a commercial fleet policy, in writing that any cancellation or nonrenewal of the policy will be reported by the insurer to the

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591 department. The notice must also inform the named insured that 592 failure to maintain medical payments coverage, bodily injury 593 liability personal injury protection coverage, and property 594 damage liability coverage on a motor vehicle when required by 595 law may result in the loss of registration and driving 596 privileges in this state and inform the named insured of the 597 amount of the reinstatement fees required by this section. This 598 notice is for informational purposes only, and an insurer is not civilly liable for failing to provide this notice. 599

(2) The department shall suspend, after due notice and an opportunity to be heard, the registration and driver license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle <u>for</u> with respect to which security is required under <u>s. 324.022</u>, <u>s. 324.032</u>, <u>s. 627.7415</u>, or <u>s. 627.742</u> <del>ss. 324.022</del> and 627.733 upon:

(a) The department's records showing that the owner or registrant of such motor vehicle did not have <u>the</u> in full force and effect when required security in full force and effect that complies with the requirements of ss. 324.022 and 627.733; or

(b) Notification by the insurer to the department, in a form approved by the department, of cancellation or termination of the required security.

612 Section 15. Section 324.023, Florida Statutes, is amended 613 to read:

614 324.023 Financial responsibility for bodily injury or 615 death.—In addition to any other financial responsibility 616 required by law, every owner or operator of a motor vehicle that 617 is required to be registered in this state, or that is located 618 within this state, and who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, 619 has been found guilty of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo



620 contendere to a charge of driving under the influence under s. 621 316.193 after October 1, 2007, shall, by one of the methods 622 established in s. 324.031(1)(a) or (b) s. 324.031(1) or (2), 623 establish and maintain the ability to respond in damages for 624 liability on account of accidents arising out of the use of a 625 motor vehicle in the amount of \$100,000 because of bodily injury 626 to, or death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$300,000 because of 627 62.8 bodily injury to, or death of, two or more persons in any one 629 crash and in the amount of \$50,000 because of property damage in any one crash. If the owner or operator chooses to establish and 630 631 maintain such ability by furnishing a certificate of deposit 632 pursuant to s.  $324.031(1)(b) = \frac{324.031(2)}{5.324.031(2)}$ , such certificate of 633 deposit must be at least \$350,000. Such higher limits must be 634 carried for a minimum period of 3 years. If the owner or 635 operator has not been convicted of driving under the influence 636 or a felony traffic offense for a period of 3 years from the 637 date of reinstatement of driving privileges for a violation of 638 s. 316.193, the owner or operator shall be exempt from this 639 section.

640 Section 16. Section 324.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 641 to read:

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324.031 Manner of proving financial responsibility.-

(1) The owner or operator of a taxicab, limousine, jitney, or any other for-hire passenger transportation vehicle may prove 645 financial responsibility by providing satisfactory evidence of 646 holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 647 324.021(8) or s. 324.151, which policy is issued by an insurance carrier which is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty 648

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649 Association. The operator or owner of a motor vehicle other than 650 a for-hire passenger transportation vehicle any other vehicle 651 may prove his or her financial responsibility by: 652 (a) (1) Furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor 653 vehicle liability policy as defined in ss. 324.021(8) and 654 324.151; 655 (b) (2) Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance showing a 656 deposit of cash in accordance with s. 324.161; or 657 (c) (3) Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance issued by 658 the department in accordance with s. 324.171. 659 (2) (a) Any person, including any firm, partnership, 660 association, corporation, or other person, other than a natural 661 person, electing to use the method of proof specified in 662 paragraph (1)(b) subsection (2) shall furnish a certificate of 663 deposit equal to the number of vehicles owned times: 664 1. Fifty thousand dollars, to a maximum of \$200,000, from 665 January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020. 666 2. Sixty thousand dollars \$30,000, to a maximum of 667 \$240,000, from January 1, 2021, and thereafter. \$120,000; 668 (b) In addition, any such person, other than a natural 669 person, shall maintain insurance providing coverage conforming 670 to the requirements of s. 324.151 in excess of the amount of the 671 certificate of deposit, with limits of at least: 672 1. One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily 673 injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and, 674 subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000 675 for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in 676 any one crash, and \$50,000 for damage to, or destruction of, 677 property of others in any one crash; or \$10,000/20,000/10,000 or

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678	\$30,000 combined single limits, and such excess insurance shall
679	provide minimum limits of \$125,000/250,000/50,000 or \$300,000
680	combined single limits. These increased limits shall not affect
681	the requirements for proving financial responsibility under s.
682	<del>324.032(1).</del>
683	2. Three hundred thousand dollars for combined bodily
684	injury liability and property damage liability for any one
685	crash.
686	Section 17. Section 324.032, Florida Statutes, is amended
687	to read:
688	324.032 <del>Manner of proving</del> Financial responsibility <u>for</u> ;
689	for-hire passenger transportation vehiclesNotwithstanding the
690	provisions of s. 324.031:
691	(1) An owner or lessee of a for-hire passenger
692	transportation vehicle that is required to be registered in this
693	state shall establish and continuously maintain the ability to
694	respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising
695	out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the for-hire
696	passenger transportation vehicle, in the amount of:
697	(a) One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily
698	injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and,
699	subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000
700	for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in
701	any one crash; and A person who is either the owner or a lessee
702	required to maintain insurance under s. 627.733(1)(b) and who
703	operates one or more taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other
704	for-hire passenger transportation vehicles may prove financial
705	responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a
706	motor vehicle liability policy, but with minimum limits of

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707 \$125,000/250,000/50,000.

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(b) <u>Fifty thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction</u> of, property of others in any one crash A person who is either the owner or a lessee required to maintain insurance under s. 324.021(9)(b) and who operates limousines, jitneys, or any other for-hire passenger vehicles, other than taxicabs, may prove financial responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 324.031.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the requirements of this section must be met by the owner or lessee providing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor vehicle liability policy conforming to the requirements of s. 324.151 which is issued by an insurance carrier that is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association.

722 (3) (2) An owner or a lessee who is required to maintain 723 insurance under s. 324.021(9)(b) and who operates at least 300 724 taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other for-hire passenger 725 transportation vehicles may provide financial responsibility by 726 complying with the provisions of s. 324.171, such compliance to 727 be demonstrated by maintaining at its principal place of 728 business an audited financial statement, prepared in accordance 729 with generally accepted accounting principles, and providing to 730 the department a certification issued by a certified public 731 accountant that the applicant's net worth is at least equal to 732 the requirements of s. 324.171 as determined by the Office of 733 Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission, 734 including claims liabilities in an amount certified as adequate 735 by a Fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society.

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736 Upon request by the department, the applicant shall must provide 737 738 the department at the applicant's principal place of business in 739 this state access to the applicant's underlying financial 740 information and financial statements that provide the basis of 741 the certified public accountant's certification. The applicant 742 shall reimburse the requesting department for all reasonable 743 costs incurred by it in reviewing the supporting information. 744 The maximum amount of self-insurance permissible under this 745 subsection is \$300,000 and must be stated on a per-occurrence 746 basis, and the applicant shall maintain adequate excess 747 insurance issued by an authorized or eligible insurer licensed 748 or approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation. All risks 749 self-insured shall remain with the owner or lessee providing it, 750 and the risks are not transferable to any other person, unless a 751 policy complying with subsections (1) and (2) subsection (1) is 752 obtained. 753 Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 754 324.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 755 324.051 Reports of crashes; suspensions of licenses and 756 registrations.-757 (2)758 (b) This subsection does shall not apply: 759 1. To such operator or owner if such operator or owner had 760 in effect at the time of such crash or traffic conviction a 761 motor vehicle an automobile liability policy with respect to all 762 of the registered motor vehicles owned by such operator or 763 owner. 764 2. To such operator, if not the owner of such motor

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765 vehicle, if there was in effect at the time of such crash or 766 traffic conviction <u>a motor vehicle</u> <del>an automobile</del> liability 767 policy or bond with respect to his or her operation of motor 768 vehicles not owned by him or her.

769 3. To such operator or owner if the liability of such 770 operator or owner for damages resulting from such crash is, in 771 the judgment of the department, covered by any other form of 772 liability insurance or bond.

4. To any person who has obtained from the department a certificate of self-insurance, in accordance with s. 324.171, or to any person operating a motor vehicle for such self-insurer.

No such policy or bond shall be effective under this subsection unless it contains limits of not less than those specified in s. 324.021(7).

Section 19. Section 324.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

782 324.071 Reinstatement; renewal of license; reinstatement 783 fee.-An Any operator or owner whose license or registration has 784 been suspended pursuant to s. 324.051(2), s. 324.072, s. 785 324.081, or s. 324.121 may effect its reinstatement upon 786 compliance with the provisions of s. 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., or 787 s. 324.081(2) and (3), as the case may be, and with one of the 788 provisions of s. 324.031 and upon payment to the department of a 789 nonrefundable reinstatement fee of \$15. Only one such fee may 790 shall be paid by any one person regardless irrespective of the 791 number of licenses and registrations to be then reinstated or 792 issued to such person. All Such fees must shall be deposited to 793 a department trust fund. If When the reinstatement of any

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794 license or registration is effected by compliance with s. 795 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., the department may shall not renew the license or registration within a period of 3 years after from 796 797 such reinstatement, nor may shall any other license or 798 registration be issued in the name of such person, unless the 799 operator continues is continuing to comply with one of the 800 provisions of s. 324.031. 801 Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 324.091, Florida 802 Statutes, is amended to read: 803 324.091 Notice to department; notice to insurer.-804 (1) Each owner and operator involved in a crash or 805 conviction case within the purview of this chapter shall furnish 806 evidence of automobile liability insurance or motor vehicle 807 liability insurance within 14 days after the date of the mailing 808 of notice of crash by the department in the form and manner as 809 it may designate. Upon receipt of evidence that a an automobile 810 liability policy or motor vehicle liability policy was in effect 811 at the time of the crash or conviction case, the department 812 shall forward to the insurer such information for verification 813 in a method as determined by the department. The insurer shall 814 respond to the department within 20 days after the notice as to 815 whether or not such information is valid. If the department 816 determines that a an automobile liability policy or motor vehicle liability policy was not in effect and did not provide 817 818 coverage for both the owner and the operator, it must shall take 819 action as it is authorized to do under this chapter. 820 Section 21. Section 324.151, Florida Statutes, is amended 821 to read:

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324.151 Motor vehicle liability policies; required



823 provisions.-

824 (1) A motor vehicle liability policy <u>that serves as</u> to be 825 proof of financial responsibility under s.  $324.031(1) \text{ must}_{\tau}$ 826 shall be issued to owners or operators <u>of motor vehicles</u> under 827 the following provisions:

828 (a) A motor vehicle An owner's liability insurance policy issued to an owner of a motor vehicle registered in this state 829 830 must shall designate by explicit description or by appropriate 831 reference all motor vehicles for with respect to which coverage 832 is thereby granted. The policy must and shall insure the person 833 or persons owner named therein and any other person as operator 834 using such motor vehicle or motor vehicles with the express or 835 implied permission of such owner against loss from the liability 836 imposed by law for damage arising out of the ownership, 837 maintenance, or use of any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles 838 within the United States or the Dominion of Canada, subject to 839 limits, exclusive of interest and costs with respect to each 840 such motor vehicle as is provided for under s. 324.021(7). 841 Insurers may make available, with respect to property damage 842 liability coverage, a deductible amount not to exceed \$500. In 843 the event of a property damage loss covered by a policy 844 containing a property damage deductible provision, the insurer 845 shall pay to the third-party claimant the amount of any property damage liability settlement or judgment, subject to policy 846 847 limits, as if no deductible existed.

(b) An operator's motor vehicle liability policy of
insurance <u>must</u> shall insure the person <u>or persons</u> named therein
against loss from the liability imposed <del>upon him or her</del> by law
for damages arising out of the use by the person of any motor

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852 vehicle not owned by him or her, with the same territorial 853 limits and subject to the same limits of liability as referred 854 to above with respect to an owner's policy of liability 855 insurance.

856 (c) All such motor vehicle liability policies must shall 857 state the name and address of the named insured, the coverage 858 afforded by the policy, the premium charged therefor, the policy 859 period, the limits of liability, and must shall contain an 860 agreement or be endorsed that insurance is provided in accordance with the coverage defined in this chapter as respects 861 862 bodily injury and death or property damage or both and is 863 subject to all provisions of this chapter. The Said policies 864 must shall also contain a provision that the satisfaction by an 865 insured of a judgment for such injury or damage may shall not be 866 a condition precedent to the right or duty of the insurance 867 carrier to make payment on account of such injury or damage, and must shall also contain a provision that bankruptcy or 868 869 insolvency of the insured or of the insured's estate may shall 870 not relieve the insurance carrier of any of its obligations 871 under the said policy.

(2) The provisions of This section is shall not be
applicable to any automobile liability policy unless and until
it is furnished as proof of financial responsibility for the
future pursuant to s. 324.031, and then only from and after the
date the said policy is so furnished.

877 Section 22. Section 324.161, Florida Statutes, is amended 878 to read:

879 324.161 Proof of financial responsibility; deposit.-<u>If a</u>
880 person elects to prove his or her financial responsibility under

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881 the method of proof specified in s. 324.031(1)(b), he or she 882 must obtain proof of a certificate of deposit annually, in the amount required under s. 324.031(2), from a financial 883 884 institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation 885 or the National Credit Union Administration. Proof of such certificate of deposit Annually, before any certificate of 886 887 insurance may be issued to a person, including any firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other person, other 888 889 than a natural person, proof of a certificate of deposit of 890 \$30,000 issued and held by a financial institution must be 891 submitted to the department annually. A power of attorney will 892 be issued to and held by the department and may be executed upon 893 a judgment issued against such person making the deposit, for 894 damages for because of bodily injury to or death of any person 895 or for damages for because of injury to or destruction of 896 property resulting from the use or operation of any motor 897 vehicle occurring after such deposit was made. Money so 898 deposited is shall not be subject to attachment or execution 899 unless such attachment or execution arises shall arise out of a 900 lawsuit suit for such damages as aforesaid.

901 Section 23. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.171, 902 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

324.171 Self-insurer.-

(1) <u>A</u> Any person may qualify as a self-insurer by obtaining a certificate of self-insurance from the department. which may, in its discretion and Upon application of such a person, the <u>department may</u> issue <u>a</u> said certificate of self-insurance <u>if the</u> <u>applicant</u> when such person has satisfied the requirements of this section to qualify as a self-insurer under this section:

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910	(a) A private individual with private passenger vehicles
911	<u>must</u> shall possess a net unencumbered worth: of
912	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020, of
913	at least \$80,000.
914	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, of at least
915	<u>\$100,000</u> <del>\$40,000</del> .
916	(b) A person, including any firm, partnership, association,
917	corporation, or other person, other than a natural person, <u>must</u>
918	shall:
919	1. Possess a net unencumbered worth: of
920	a. Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020, of
921	at least \$80,000 for the first motor vehicle and \$40,000 for
922	each additional motor vehicle.
923	b. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, of at least
924	<u>\$100,000</u> <del>\$40,000</del> for the first motor vehicle and <u>\$50,000</u> <del>\$20,000</del>
925	for each additional motor vehicle; or
926	2. Maintain sufficient net worth, in an amount determined
927	by the department, to be financially responsible for potential
928	losses. The department shall annually determine the minimum net
929	worth sufficient to satisfy this subparagraph as determined
930	annually by the department, pursuant to rules adopted
931	$rac{ extsf{promulgated}}{ extsf{by}}$ by the department $_{ au}$ with the assistance of the Office
932	of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission $ au$ to
933	be financially responsible for potential losses. The rules <u>must</u>
934	consider any shall take into consideration excess insurance
935	carried by the applicant. The department's determination <u>must</u>
936	shall be based upon reasonable actuarial principles considering
937	the frequency, severity, and loss development of claims incurred
938	by casualty insurers writing coverage on the type of motor

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939	vehicles for which a certificate of self-insurance is desired.
940	(c) The owner of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in
941	s. 207.002 or s. 320.01, may qualify as a self-insurer subject
942	to the standards provided for in subparagraph (b)2.
943	(2) The self-insurance certificate must shall provide
944	limits of liability insurance in the amounts specified under s.
945	324.021(7) or s. 627.7415 and shall provide personal injury
946	protection coverage under s. 627.733(3)(b).
947	Section 24. Section 324.251, Florida Statutes, is amended
948	to read:
949	324.251 Short titleThis chapter may be cited as the
950	"Financial Responsibility Law of 2018 1955" and is shall become
951	effective at 12:01 a.m., <u>January 1, 2019</u> October 1, 1955.
952	Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida
953	Statutes, is amended to read:
954	400.9905 Definitions
955	(4) (a) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services
956	are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for
957	reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a
958	portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does
959	not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not
960	apply to:
961	1.(a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under
962	chapter 395; entities licensed or registered by the state and
963	providing only health care services within the scope of services
964	authorized under their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-
965	383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter
966	except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter
967	466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter
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968 651; end-stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 969 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. 970 part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides 971 neonatal or pediatric hospital-based health care services or 972 other health care services by licensed practitioners solely 973 within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

974 2.(b) Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities 975 licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395; entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or 976 977 registered by the state and providing only health care services 978 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 979 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, 980 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 981 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I 982 of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal 983 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 984 985 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 986 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners 987 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

988 3.(c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by 989 an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to 990 chapter 395; entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only 991 992 health care services within the scope of services authorized 993 pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part 994 995 X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-996

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997 stage renal disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 998 405, subpart U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, 999 subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or 1000 pediatric hospital-based health care services by licensed 1001 practitioners solely within a hospital under chapter 395.

1002 4.(d) Entities that are under common ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state 1003 1004 pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are under common 1005 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or 1006 registered by the state and providing only health care services 1007 within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 1008 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.335, chapter 390, 1009 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 1010 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, part I 1011 of chapter 483, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal 1012 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart 1013 U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 1014 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 1015 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners 1016 solely within a hospital licensed under chapter 395.

5.(e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation under 1017 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) or (4), an employee stock ownership plan 1018 1019 under 26 U.S.C. s. 409 that has a board of trustees at least two-thirds of which are Florida-licensed health care 1020 1021 practitioners and provides only physical therapy services under 1022 physician orders, any community college or university clinic, 1023 and any entity owned or operated by the federal or state government, including agencies, subdivisions, or municipalities 1024 1025 thereof.

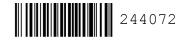


<u>6.(f)</u> A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by physicians covered by s. 627.419, that is directly supervised by one or more of such physicians, and that is wholly owned by one or more of those physicians or by a physician and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of that physician.

7.(g) A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, or corporation that provides health care services by licensed health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486, chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, and that is wholly owned by one or more licensed health care practitioners, or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this paragraph and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of a licensed health care practitioner if one of the owners who is a licensed health care practitioner is supervising the business activities and is legally responsible for the entity's compliance with all federal and state laws. However, a health care practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of the practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) which provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee specified in s. 456.053(3)(b).

1052 <u>8.(h)</u> Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited 1053 medical school at which training is provided for medical 1054 students, residents, or fellows.

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<u>9.(i)</u> Entities that provide only oncology or radiation therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or entities that provide oncology or radiation therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 which are owned by a corporation whose shares are publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange.

<u>10.(j)</u> Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

<u>11.(k)</u> Entities that provide licensed practitioners to staff emergency departments or to deliver anesthesia services in facilities licensed under chapter 395 and that derive at least 90 percent of their gross annual revenues from the provision of such services. Entities claiming an exemption from licensure under this paragraph must provide documentation demonstrating compliance.

<u>12.(1)</u> Orthotic, prosthetic, pediatric cardiology, or perinatology clinical facilities or anesthesia clinical facilities that are not otherwise exempt under paragraph (a) or paragraph (k) and that are a publicly traded corporation or are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a publicly traded corporation. As used in this paragraph, a publicly traded corporation is a corporation that issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange.

<u>13.(m)</u> Entities that are owned by a corporation that has \$250 million or more in total annual sales of health care services provided by licensed health care practitioners where one or more of the persons responsible for the operations of the



1084 entity is a health care practitioner who is licensed in this 1085 state and who is responsible for supervising the business 1086 activities of the entity and is responsible for the entity's 1087 compliance with state law for purposes of this part.

1088 14.(n) Entities that employ 50 or more licensed health care 1089 practitioners licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 where the billing for medical services is under a single tax 1090 1091 identification number. The application for exemption under this 1092 subsection must include shall contain information that includes: 1093 the name, residence, and business address and telephone phone 1094 number of the entity that owns the practice; a complete list of 1095 the names and contact information of all the officers and 1096 directors of the corporation; the name, residence address, 1097 business address, and medical license number of each licensed 1098 Florida health care practitioner employed by the entity; the 1099 corporate tax identification number of the entity seeking an exemption; a listing of health care services to be provided by 1100 1101 the entity at the health care clinics owned or operated by the 1102 entity; and a certified statement prepared by an independent 1103 certified public accountant which states that the entity and the health care clinics owned or operated by the entity have not received payment for health care services under medical payments personal injury protection insurance coverage for the preceding year. If the agency determines that an entity that which is exempt under this subsection has received payments for medical services under medical payments personal injury protection insurance coverage, the agency may deny or revoke the exemption from licensure under this subsection.

(b) Notwithstanding this subsection, an entity shall be

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1113	deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to
1114	receive medical payments coverage reimbursement under s.
1115	627.7265 unless the entity is: the Florida Motor Vehicle No-
1116	Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s.
1117	<del>627.736(5)(h).</del>
1118	1. Wholly owned by a physician licensed under chapter 458
1119	or chapter 459, or by the physician and the spouse, parent,
1120	child, or sibling of the physician;
1121	2. Wholly owned by a dentist licensed under chapter 466, or
1122	by the dentist and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of the
1123	dentist;
1124	3. Wholly owned by a chiropractic physician licensed under
1125	chapter 460, or by the chiropractic physician and the spouse,
1126	parent, child, or sibling of the chiropractic physician;
1127	4. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under
1128	chapter 395;
1129	5. An entity that wholly owns or is wholly owned, directly
1130	or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals licensed under chapter
1131	<u>395;</u>
1132	6. Is a clinical facility affiliated with an accredited
1133	medical school at which training is provided for medical
1134	students, residents, or fellows;
1135	7. Is certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart H; or
1136	8. Is owned by a publicly traded corporation, either
1137	directly or indirectly through its subsidiaries, which has \$250
1138	million or more in total annual sales of health care services
1139	provided by licensed health care practitioners, if one or more
1140	of the persons responsible for the operations of the entity are
1141	health care practitioners who are licensed in this state and are

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1142	responsible for supervising the business activities of the
1143	entity and the entity's compliance with state law for purposes
1144	of this section.
1145	Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 400.991, Florida
1146	Statutes, is amended to read:
1147	400.991 License requirements; background screenings;
1148	prohibitions
1149	(6) All agency forms for licensure application or exemption
1150	from licensure under this part must contain the following
1151	statement:
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1153	INSURANCE FRAUD NOTICE.—A person <u>commits a fraudulent</u>
1154	insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989, Florida
1155	Statutes, if the person who knowingly submits a false,
1156	misleading, or fraudulent application or other
1157	document when applying for licensure as a health care
1158	clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a
1159	health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with
1160	part X of chapter 400, Florida Statutes, with the
1161	intent to use the license, exemption from licensure,
1162	or demonstration of compliance to provide services or
1163	seek reimbursement under <u>a motor vehicle liability</u>
1164	insurance policy's medical payments coverage the
1165	Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, commits a
1166	fraudulent insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989,
1167	Florida Statutes. A person who presents a claim for
1168	benefits under medical payments coverage, <del>personal</del>
1169	injury protection benefits knowing that the payee
1170	knowingly submitted such health care clinic

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1171 application or document, commits insurance fraud, as 1172 defined in s. 817.234, Florida Statutes. 1173 Section 27. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 1174 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

(1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:

1180 (q) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure 1181 that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery 1182 of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic director 1183 shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic performs 1184 only the technical component of magnetic resonance imaging, 1185 static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission 1186 tomography, and provides the professional interpretation of such 1187 services, in a fixed facility that is accredited by a national 1188 accrediting organization that is approved by the Centers for 1189 Medicare and Medicaid Services for magnetic resonance imaging 1190 and advanced diagnostic imaging services and if, in the 1191 preceding quarter, the percentage of scans performed by that 1192 clinic which was billed to motor vehicle all personal injury 1193 protection insurance carriers under medical payments coverage 1194 was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the 1195 clinic may, in a written acknowledgment provided to the agency, 1196 assume the responsibility for the conduct of the systematic 1197 reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not 1198 fraudulent or unlawful.

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Section 28. Subsection (28) of section 409.901, Florida



1200 Statutes, is amended to read:

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409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.-As used in ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the 1203 term:

(28) "Third-party benefit" means any benefit that is or may 1204 1205 be available at any time through contract, court award, judgment, settlement, agreement, or any arrangement between a 1206 1207 third party and any person or entity, including, without 1208 limitation, a Medicaid recipient, a provider, another third 1209 party, an insurer, or the agency, for any Medicaid-covered injury, illness, goods, or services, including costs of medical 1210 1211 services related thereto, for bodily personal injury or for 1212 death of the recipient, but specifically excluding policies of 1213 life insurance policies on the recipient, unless available under 1214 terms of the policy to pay medical expenses before prior to 1215 death. The term includes, without limitation, collateral, as 1216 defined in this section, health insurance, any benefit under a 1217 health maintenance organization, a preferred provider 1218 arrangement, a prepaid health clinic, liability insurance, 1219 uninsured motorist insurance, medical payments coverage or 1220 personal injury protection coverage, medical benefits under workers' compensation, and any obligation under law or equity to 1221 1222 provide medical support.

1223 Section 29. Paragraph (f) of subsection (11) of section 1224 409.910, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1225 409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaid-1226 eligible persons when other parties are liable.-

1227 (11) The agency may, as a matter of right, in order to 1228 enforce its rights under this section, institute, intervene in,

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1229 or join any legal or administrative proceeding in its own name 1230 in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as 1231 subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the recipient, or as 1232 lienholder of the collateral.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, in the event of an action in tort against a third party in which the recipient or his or her legal representative is a party which results in a judgment, award, or settlement from a third party, the amount recovered shall be distributed as follows:

1. After <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and taxable costs as defined by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, one-half of the remaining recovery shall be paid to the agency up to the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid.

2. The remaining amount of the recovery shall be paid to the recipient.

3. For purposes of calculating the agency's recovery of medical assistance benefits paid, the fee for services of an attorney retained by the recipient or his or her legal representative shall be calculated at 25 percent of the judgment, award, or settlement.

1250 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to 1251 the contrary, the agency shall be entitled to all medical 1252 coverage benefits up to the total amount of medical assistance 1253 provided by Medicaid. For purposes of this paragraph, the term 1254 "medical coverage" means any benefits under health insurance, a 1255 health maintenance organization, a preferred provider arrangement, or a prepaid health clinic, and the portion of 1256 1257 benefits designated for medical payments under coverage for



1258 workers' compensation coverage, motor vehicle insurance 1259 coverage, personal injury protection, and casualty coverage. 1260 Section 30. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 1261 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1262 456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or 1263 copies of records to be furnished; disclosure of information.-1264 (2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner," 1265 "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's 1266 employer" do not include any of the following persons or 1267 entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not 1268 authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this 1269 1270 section to maintain those documents required by the part or 1271 chapter under which they are licensed or regulated: 1272 (k) Persons or entities practicing under s. 627.7265 s. 1273  $\frac{627.736(7)}{100}$ 1274 Section 31. Paragraphs (ee) and (ff) of subsection (1) of 1275 section 456.072, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1276 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-1277 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 1278 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 1279 taken: 1280 (ee) With respect to making a medical payments coverage personal injury protection claim under s. 627.7265 as required 1281 1282 by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or 1283 bill that has been upcoded. As used in this paragraph, the term 1284 "upcoded" means an action that submits a billing code that would 1285 result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a billing code that accurately describes the services performed. 1286

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1287 The term does not include an otherwise lawful bill by a magnetic resonance imaging facility, which globally combines both 1288 1289 technical and professional components, if the amount of the 1290 global bill is not more than the components if billed 1291 separately; however, payment of such a bill constitutes payment 1292 in full for all components of such service "upcoded" as defined in s. 627.732. 1293 1294 (ff) With respect to making a medical payments coverage 1295 personal injury protection claim as required under s. 627.7265 1296 by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or 1297 bill for payment of services that were not rendered. 1298 Section 32. Paragraphs (i) and (o) of subsection (1) of 1299 section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1300 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 1301 deceptive acts or practices defined.-1302 (1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE 1303 ACTS.-The following are defined as unfair methods of competition 1304 and unfair or deceptive acts or practices: 1305 (i) Unfair claim settlement practices.-1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an 1306 1307 application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a part of the policy, or any other material document which was 1308 1309 altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the 1310 insured; 1311 2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under 1312 1313 such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such 1314 1315 contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided



1316 in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy; or 1317 3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to 1318 indicate a general business practice any of the following: 1319 a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper 1320 investigation of claims; b. Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy 1321 1322 provisions relating to coverages at issue; 1323 c. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon 1324 communications with respect to claims; 1325 d. Denying claims without conducting reasonable 1326 investigations based upon available information; 1327 e. Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of 1328

claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been completed;

f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement;

g. Failing to promptly notify the insured of any additional information necessary for the processing of a claim; or

h. Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requested information and the reasons why such information is necessary.

1341 i. Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance
1342 claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The
1343 office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a
1344 policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including

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1345 interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s.
1346 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to
1347 pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any
1348 other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to,
1349 the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority.

1350 4. Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full 1351 benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies 1352 within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of a residential 1353 property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or 1354 full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment of the 1355 undisputed benefits is prevented by an act of God, prevented by 1356 the impossibility of performance, or due to actions by the 1357 insured or claimant that constitute fraud, lack of cooperation, 1358 or intentional misrepresentation regarding the claim for which 1359 benefits are owed.

(0) Illegal dealings in premiums; excess or reduced charges for insurance.-

1. Knowingly collecting any sum as a premium or charge for insurance, which is not then provided, or is not in due course to be provided, subject to acceptance of the risk by the insurer, by an insurance policy issued by an insurer as permitted by this code.

1367 2. Knowingly collecting as a premium or charge for 1368 insurance any sum in excess of or less than the premium or 1369 charge applicable to such insurance, in accordance with the 1370 applicable classifications and rates as filed with and approved 1371 by the office, and as specified in the policy; or, in cases when 1372 classifications, premiums, or rates are not required by this 1373 code to be so filed and approved, premiums and charges collected

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1374 from a Florida resident in excess of or less than those 1375 specified in the policy and as fixed by the insurer. 1376 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this provision shall 1377 not be deemed to prohibit the charging and collection, by surplus lines agents licensed under part VIII of this chapter, 1378 1379 of the amount of applicable state and federal taxes, or fees as authorized by s. 626.916(4), in addition to the premium required 1380 1381 by the insurer or the charging and collection, by licensed 1382 agents, of the exact amount of any discount or other such fee 1383 charged by a credit card facility in connection with the use of 1384 a credit card, as authorized by subparagraph (q)3., in addition 1385 to the premium required by the insurer. This subparagraph shall 1386 not be construed to prohibit collection of a premium for a 1387 universal life or a variable or indeterminate value insurance 1388 policy made in accordance with the terms of the contract. 1389

3.a. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for 1390 bodily injury liability coverage, property damage liability coverage a policy of motor vehicle liability, personal injury 1391 1392 protection, medical payment coverage, or collision coverage in a 1393 motor vehicle liability insurance policy insurance or any 1394 combination thereof or refusing to renew the policy solely 1395 because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident 1396 unless the insurer's file contains information from which the 1397 insurer in good faith determines that the insured was 1398 substantially at fault in the accident.

b. An insurer which imposes and collects such a surcharge or which refuses to renew such policy shall, in conjunction with the notice of premium due or notice of nonrenewal, notify the named insured that he or she is entitled to reimbursement of

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1403 such amount or renewal of the policy under the conditions listed 1404 below and will subsequently reimburse him or her or renew the 1405 policy, if the named insured demonstrates that the operator 1406 involved in the accident was:

(I) Lawfully parked;

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(II) Reimbursed by, or on behalf of, a person responsible for the accident or has a judgment against such person;

(III) Struck in the rear by another vehicle headed in the same direction and was not convicted of a moving traffic violation in connection with the accident;

(IV) Hit by a "hit-and-run" driver, if the accident was reported to the proper authorities within 24 hours after discovering the accident;

(V) Not convicted of a moving traffic violation in connection with the accident, but the operator of the other automobile involved in such accident was convicted of a moving traffic violation;

(VI) Finally adjudicated not to be liable by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(VII) In receipt of a traffic citation which was dismissed or nolle prossed; or

(VIII) Not at fault as evidenced by a written statement from the insured establishing facts demonstrating lack of fault which are not rebutted by information in the insurer's file from which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured was substantially at fault.

1429 c. In addition to the other provisions of this 1430 subparagraph, an insurer may not fail to renew a policy if the 1431 insured has had only one accident in which he or she was at

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1432 fault within the current 3-year period. However, an insurer may 1433 nonrenew a policy for reasons other than accidents in accordance 1434 with s. 627.728. This subparagraph does not prohibit nonrenewal 1435 of a policy under which the insured has had three or more 1436 accidents, regardless of fault, during the most recent 3-year 1437 period.

4. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for, or refusing to renew, a policy for motor vehicle insurance solely because the insured committed a noncriminal traffic infraction as described in s. 318.14 unless the infraction is:

a. A second infraction committed within an 18-month period, or a third or subsequent infraction committed within a 36-month period.

b. A violation of s. 316.183, when such violation is a result of exceeding the lawful speed limit by more than 15 miles per hour.

5. Upon the request of the insured, the insurer and licensed agent shall supply to the insured the complete proof of fault or other criteria which justifies the additional charge or cancellation.

6. No insurer shall impose or request an additional premium for motor vehicle insurance, cancel or refuse to issue a policy, or refuse to renew a policy because the insured or the applicant is a handicapped or physically disabled person, so long as such handicap or physical disability does not substantially impair such person's mechanically assisted driving ability.

1458 7. No insurer may cancel or otherwise terminate any 1459 insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a 1460 consent to rate endorsement, during the stated policy term for

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1461 the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or 1462 identical contract or coverage to the same insured with the same 1463 exposure at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing 1464 contract or coverage with the same exposure at an increased 1465 premium.

8. No insurer may issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a consent to rate endorsement, for the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or identical contract or coverage to the same insured at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing contract or coverage at an increased premium without meeting any applicable notice requirements.

9. No insurer shall, with respect to premiums charged for motor vehicle insurance, unfairly discriminate solely on the basis of age, sex, marital status, or scholastic achievement.

10. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for motor vehicle comprehensive or uninsured motorist coverage solely because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident or was convicted of a moving traffic violation.

11. No insurer shall cancel or issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance policy or contract without complying with any applicable cancellation or nonrenewal provision required under the Florida Insurance Code.

1484 12. No insurer shall impose or request an additional 1485 premium, cancel a policy, or issue a nonrenewal notice on any 1486 insurance policy or contract because of any traffic infraction 1487 when adjudication has been withheld and no points have been 1488 assessed pursuant to s. 318.14(9) and (10). However, this 1489 subparagraph does not apply to traffic infractions involving

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1490 accidents in which the insurer has incurred a loss due to the 1491 fault of the insured.

Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Investigative and Forensic Services; compliance; immunity; confidential information; reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest.-

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(1) For the purposes of this section:

(a) A person commits a "fraudulent insurance act" if the person:

1501 1. Knowingly and with intent to defraud presents, causes to 1502 be presented, or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will 1503 be presented, to or by an insurer, self-insurer, self-insurance 1504 fund, servicing corporation, purported insurer, broker, or any 1505 agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support 1506 of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of, any 1507 insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other benefit 1508 pursuant to any insurance policy, which the person knows to 1509 contain materially false information concerning any fact 1510 material thereto or if the person conceals, for the purpose of 1511 misleading another, information concerning any fact material 1512 thereto.

2. Knowingly submits:

1514 a. A false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other 1515 document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, 1516 seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or 1517 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400 with an 1518 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure, or

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1519 demonstration of compliance to provide services or seek 1520 reimbursement under a motor vehicle liability insurance policy's medical payments coverage the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault 1521 1522 <del>Law</del>.

b. A claim for payment or other benefit under medical payments coverage pursuant to a personal injury protection insurance policy under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law if the person knows that the payee knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or 1530 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400.

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 627.06501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.06501 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing driver improvement course.-

1535 (1) Any rate, rating schedule, or rating manual for the 1536 liability, medical payments personal injury protection, and 1537 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1538 with the office may provide for an appropriate reduction in 1539 premium charges as to such coverages if when the principal 1540 operator on the covered vehicle has successfully completed a 1541 driver improvement course approved and certified by the 1542 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which is 1543 effective in reducing crash or violation rates, or both, as 1544 determined pursuant to s. 318.1451(5). Any discount, not to 1545 exceed 10 percent, used by an insurer is presumed to be 1546 appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise. Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 627.0652, Florida 1547

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1548 Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.0652 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing safety course.-

1551 (1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the 1552 liability, medical payments personal injury protection, and 1553 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1554 with the office must shall provide for an appropriate reduction 1555 in premium charges as to such coverages if when the principal 1556 operator on the covered vehicle is an insured 55 years of age or 1557 older who has successfully completed a motor vehicle accident 1558 prevention course approved by the Department of Highway Safety 1559 and Motor Vehicles. Any discount used by an insurer is presumed 1560 to be appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

Section 36. Subsections (1), (3), and (6) of section 627.0653, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.0653 Insurance discounts for specified motor vehicle equipment.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical payments</u> personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must</u> shall provide a premium discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with factory-installed, four-wheel antilock brakes.

1571 (3) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for 1572 personal injury protection coverage and medical payments 1573 coverage, if offered, of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1574 with the office <u>must shall</u> provide a premium discount if the 1575 insured vehicle is equipped with one or more air bags <u>that which</u> 1576 are factory installed.

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1577 (6) The Office of Insurance Regulation may approve a premium discount to any rates, rating schedules, or rating 1578 1579 manuals for the liability, medical payments personal injury 1580 protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance 1581 policy filed with the office if the insured vehicle is equipped with autonomous driving technology or electronic vehicle 1582 1583 collision avoidance technology that is factory installed or a 1584 retrofitted system and that complies with National Highway 1585 Traffic Safety Administration standards. 1586 Section 37. Section 627.4132, Florida Statutes, is amended 1587 to read: 1588 627.4132 Stacking of coverages prohibited.-If an insured or 1589 named insured is protected by any type of motor vehicle 1590 insurance policy for bodily injury and property damage 1591 liability, personal injury protection, or other coverage, the 1592 policy must shall provide that the insured or named insured is 1593 protected only to the extent of the coverage she or he has on 1594 the vehicle involved in the accident. However, if none of the 1595 insured's or named insured's vehicles are is involved in the 1596 accident, coverage is available only to the extent of coverage 1597 on any one of the vehicles with applicable coverage. Coverage on any other vehicles may shall not be added to or stacked upon 1598 that coverage. This section does not apply: 1599

1600 (1) To uninsured motorist coverage that which is separately
1601 governed by s. 627.727.

1602 (2) To reduce the coverage available by reason of insurance1603 policies insuring different named insureds.

1604 Section 38. Section 627.7263, Florida Statutes, is amended 1605 to read:

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1606 627.7263 Rental and leasing driver's insurance to be 1607 primary; exception.-1608 (1) The valid and collectible liability insurance and medical payments coverage or personal injury protection 1609 1610 insurance providing coverage for the lessor of a motor vehicle 1611 for rent or lease is primary unless otherwise stated in at least 1612 10-point type on the face of the rental or lease agreement. Such 1613 insurance is primary for the limits of liability and personal 1614 injury protection coverage as required by s. 324.021(7) and 1615 medical payments coverage as required under s. 627.7265 ss. 324.021(7) and 627.736. 1616 1617 (2) If the lessee's coverage is to be primary, the rental 1618 or lease agreement must contain the following language, in at 1619 least 10-point type: 1620 1621 "The valid and collectible liability insurance and 1622 medical payments coverage personal injury protection 1623 insurance of an any authorized rental or leasing 1624 driver is primary for the limits of liability and 1625 personal injury protection coverage and medical 1626 payments coverage required under ss. 324.021(7) and 1627 627.7265 by ss. 324.021(7) and 627.736, Florida 1628 Statutes." 1629 Section 39. Section 627.7265, Florida Statutes, is created 1630 to read: 1631 627.7265 Motor vehicle insurance; medical payments 1632 coverage.-1633 (1) MEDICAL PAYMENTS COVERAGE REQUIRED.-A motor vehicle liability insurance policy that is furnished as proof of 1634

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1635	financial responsibility pursuant to s. 324.031 must include
1636	medical payments coverage as provided in this section. The
1637	medical payments coverage must protect the named insured,
1638	resident relatives, persons operating the insured motor vehicle,
1639	passengers in the insured motor vehicle, and persons who are
1640	struck by the insured motor vehicle and suffer bodily injury
1641	while not an occupant of a self-propelled motor vehicle, to a
1642	limit of at least \$5,000 per person for medical expense incurred
1643	due to bodily injury, sickness, or disease arising out of the
1644	ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle. The medical
1645	payments coverage must also provide each such person with a
1646	death benefit of at least \$5,000. This section may not be
1647	construed to limit any other coverage made available by an
1648	insurer. An insurer may not offer medical payments coverage with
1649	a deductible to an applicant or policyholder.
1650	(2) REQUIRED BENEFITSMedical payments coverage must
1651	provide coverage for all of the following if medically necessary
1652	and the individual initially receives such treatment within 14
1653	days after the motor vehicle accident:
1654	(a) Emergency transport and treatment by a provider
1655	licensed under chapter 401.
1656	(b) Emergency services and care provided by a hospital
1657	licensed under chapter 395.
1658	(c) Emergency services and care as defined in s. 395.002,
1659	provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 and rendered
1660	by a physician or dentist, and related hospital inpatient
1661	services rendered by a physician or dentist.
1662	(d) Hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
1663	services and care.

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1664	(e) Hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
1665	services and care.
1666	(f) Physician services and care provided by a physician
1667	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a chiropractic
1668	physician licensed under chapter 460; dental services and care
1669	provided by a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or, to the
1670	extent permitted by applicable law and under the supervision of
1671	such physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician,
1672	or dentist, services and care provided by a physician assistant
1673	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or by an advanced
1674	registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 464.
1675	(3) AUTHORIZED EXCLUSIONSNotwithstanding any other
1676	requirement in this section, an insurer may exclude medical
1677	payment benefits:
1678	(a) For injury sustained by the named insured or a resident
1679	relative while occupying another motor vehicle owned by the
1680	named insured and not insured under the policy, unless such
1681	vehicle qualifies as a newly acquired vehicle or temporary
1682	substitute vehicle.
1683	(b) For injury sustained by any person operating the
1684	insured motor vehicle without the express or implied consent of
1685	the insured.
1686	(c) For any person who intentionally causes injury to
1687	himself or herself.
1688	(d) For any person injured while committing a felony.
1689	(4) PAYMENT OF BENEFITS
1690	(a) Benefits due from an insurer under medical payments
1691	coverage are primary to any health insurance benefit of a person
1692	injured in a motor vehicle accident and apply to any coinsurance

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1693or deductible amount required by the injured person's health1694insurance policy, except that:16951. Benefits received under any workers' compensation la1696must be credited against medical payments coverage benefits,1697are due and payable as losses accrue, upon reasonable proof1698such losses and the amount of expenses and losses incurred w	and of hich
16951. Benefits received under any workers' compensation la1696must be credited against medical payments coverage benefits,1697are due and payable as losses accrue, upon reasonable proof	and of hich
1696 <u>must be credited against medical payments coverage benefits</u> , 1697 <u>are due and payable as losses accrue, upon reasonable proof</u>	and of hich
1697 are due and payable as losses accrue, upon reasonable proof	of hich
	hich
1698 such losses and the amount of expenses and losses incurred w	
	des,
1699 are covered by the policy issued under this section.	des,
1700 <u>2. When the Agency for Health Care Administration provi</u>	
1701 pays for, or becomes liable for medical assistance under the	
1702 Medicaid program which is related to injury, sickness, disea	se,
1703 or death arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use o	fa
1704 motor vehicle, medical payments benefits are subject to the	
1705 provisions of the Medicaid program, and, within 30 days afte	r
1706 receiving notice that the Medicaid program paid such benefit	3 <b>,</b>
1707 the insurer must repay the full amount of the benefits to th	9
1708 Medicaid program.	
1709 (b) A medical payments insurance policy may include a	
1710 provision allowing subrogation for medical payments benefits	
1711 paid, if the expenses giving rise to the payments were cause	d by
1712 wrongful act or omission of another.	
1713 (c) Upon receiving notice of an accident that is	
1714 potentially covered by medical payments coverage benefits, t	ne
1715 insurer must reserve \$2,500 of medical payments coverage	
1716 benefits for payment to physicians licensed under chapter 45	3 or
1717 chapter 459 or dentists licensed under chapter 466 who provi	de
1718 emergency services and care, as defined in s. 395.002, or wh	<u> </u>
1719 provide hospital inpatient care. The amount required to be h	eld
1720 in reserve may be used only to pay claims from such physicia	ns
1721 or dentists until 30 days after the date the insurer receive	5

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1722 notice of the accident. After the 30-day period, any amount of 1723 the reserve for which the insurer has not received notice of 1724 such claims may be used by the insurer to pay other claims. This 1725 paragraph does not require an insurer to establish a claim 1726 reserve for insurance accounting purposes. 1727 (5) CHARGES FOR CARE OF INJURED PERSONS.-(a) A physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or 1728 1729 institution lawfully providing medical care to an injured person 1730 for a bodily injury covered by medical payments coverage may 1731 charge the insurer and injured party only a reasonable amount pursuant to this section. However, such charges may not exceed 1732 1733 the amount the person or institution customarily charges for 1734 like medical care. In determining whether a charge for a 1735 particular service, treatment, supply, or prescription is 1736 reasonable, consideration may be given to evidence of usual and 1737 customary charges and payments accepted by the provider involved in the dispute; reimbursement levels in the community and 1738 1739 various federal and state medical fee schedules applicable to 1740 motor vehicle and other insurance coverages; and other 1741 information relevant to the reasonableness of the reimbursement 1742 for the service, treatment, supply, or prescription. 1. The insurer may limit reimbursement to the following 1743 1744 schedule of maximum charges: 1745 a. For emergency transport and treatment by providers 1746 licensed under chapter 401, 200 percent of Medicare. 1747 b. For emergency services and care provided by a hospital licensed under chapter 395, 75 percent of the hospital's usual 1748 1749 and customary charges.

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c. For emergency services and care, as defined in s.

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1751	395.002, provided in a facility licensed under chapter 395 and
1752	rendered by a physician or dentist, and related hospital
1753	inpatient services rendered by a physician or dentist, the usual
1754	and customary charges in the community.
1755	d. For hospital inpatient services other than emergency
1756	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A
1757	prospective payment applicable to the specific hospital
1758	providing the inpatient services.
1759	e. For hospital outpatient services other than emergency
1760	services and care, 200 percent of the Medicare Part A Ambulatory
1761	Payment Classification for the specific hospital providing the
1762	outpatient services.
1763	f. For all other medical services, supplies, and care, 200
1764	percent of the allowable amount under:
1765	(I) The participating physician fee schedule of Medicare
1766	Part B, except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs (II) and
1767	<u>(III).</u>
1768	(II) Medicare Part B, in the case of services, supplies,
1769	and care provided by ambulatory surgical centers and clinical
1770	laboratories.
1771	(III) The Durable Medical Equipment Prosthetics/Orthotics
1772	and Supplies fee schedule of Medicare Part B, in the case of
1773	durable medical equipment.
1774	
1775	However, if such services, supplies, or care is not reimbursable
1776	under Medicare Part B as provided in this sub-subparagraph, the
1777	insurer may limit reimbursement to 80 percent of the maximum
1778	reimbursable allowance under workers' compensation. Services,
1779	supplies, or care that is not reimbursable under Medicare or

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1780 workers' compensation is not required to be reimbursed by the 1781 insurer. 1782 2. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 1783 schedule or payment limitation under Medicare is the fee 1784 schedule or payment limitation in effect on March 1 of the 1785 service year in which the services, supplies, or care is rendered and for the area in which the services, supplies, or 1786 1787 care is rendered. The applicable fee schedule or payment limitation applies to services, supplies, or care rendered 1788 1789 during that service year notwithstanding any subsequent change made to the fee schedule or payment limitation; however, it may 1790 not be less than the allowable amount under the applicable 1791 1792 schedule of Medicare Part B for 2007 for medical services, 1793 supplies, and care subject to Medicare Part B. For purposes of 1794 this subparagraph, the term "service year" means the period from 1795 March 1 through the end of February of the following year. 1796 3. For purposes of subparagraph 1., the applicable fee 1797 schedule or payment limitation under workers' compensation is determined under s. 440.13 and rules adopted thereunder which 1798 1799 are in effect at the time such services, supplies, or care is 1800 provided. 4. Subparagraph 1. does not authorize the insurer to apply 1801 1802 any limitation on the number of treatments or other utilization 1803 limits that apply under Medicare or workers' compensation. An 1804 insurer that applies the allowable payment limitations of 1805 subparagraph 1. must reimburse a provider who lawfully provided 1806 medical care under the scope of his or her license, regardless 1807 of whether the provider is entitled to reimbursement under Medicare or workers' compensation due to restrictions or 1808

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1809	limitations on the types or discipline of health care providers
1810	who may be reimbursed for particular procedures or procedure
1811	codes. However, subparagraph 1. does not prohibit an insurer
1812	from using the Medicare coding policies and payment
1813	methodologies of the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
1814	Services, including applicable modifiers, to determine the
1815	appropriate amount of reimbursement for medical services,
1816	supplies, or care, if the coding policy or payment methodology
1817	does not constitute a utilization limit.
1818	5. If an insurer limits payment as authorized by
1819	subparagraph 1., the person providing such medical care may not
1820	bill or attempt to collect from the insured any amount in excess
1821	of such limits, except for amounts that are not covered by the
1822	insured's medical payments benefits due to the maximum policy
1823	limits.
1824	6. An insurer may limit payment as authorized by this
1825	paragraph only if the insurance policy includes a notice at the
1826	time of issuance or renewal that the insurer may limit payment
1827	pursuant to the schedule of charges specified in this paragraph.
1828	A policy form approved by the office satisfies this requirement.
1829	If a provider submits a charge for an amount less than the
1830	amount allowed under subparagraph 1., the insurer may pay the
1831	amount of the charge submitted.
1832	(b)1. An insurer or insured is not required to pay a claim
1833	or charges:
1834	a. For any service or treatment that was not lawful at the
1835	time rendered;
1836	b. To any person who knowingly submits a false or
1837	misleading statement relating to the claim or charges; or
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1838 c. For any treatment or service that is upcoded or that is unbundled when the treatment or services should be bundled. To 1839 1840 facilitate prompt payment of lawful services, an insurer may change codes that it determines have been improperly or 1841 1842 incorrectly upcoded or unbundled and may make payment based on 1843 the changed codes, without affecting the right of the provider to dispute the change by the insurer, if, before doing so, the 1844 1845 insurer contacts the health care provider and discusses the reasons for the insurer's change and the health care provider's 1846 1847 reason for the coding, or makes a reasonable good faith effort 1848 to do so, as documented in the insurer's file. 1849 2. The Department of Health, in consultation with the

appropriate professional licensing boards, shall adopt by rule a list of diagnostic tests deemed not to be medically necessary for use in the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury covered by medical payments benefits under this section. The list must be revised from time to time as determined by the Department of Health in consultation with the respective professional licensing boards. Inclusion of a test on the list must be based on a lack of demonstrated medical value and a level of general acceptance by the relevant provider community and may not be dependent on results based entirely upon subjective patient response. Notwithstanding its inclusion on a fee schedule in this subsection, an insurer or insured is not required to pay any charges or reimburse claims for an invalid diagnostic test as determined by the Department of Health. (c) With respect to any medical care other than medical services billed by a hospital or other provider for emergency 1865 services and care, as defined in s. 395.002, or inpatient

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1867 services rendered at a hospital-owned facility, the statement of 1868 charges must be furnished to the insurer by the provider. (d) All statements and bills for medical services rendered 1869 1870 by a physician, hospital, clinic, or other person or institution 1871 must be submitted to the insurer on a properly completed Centers 1872 for Medicare and Medicaid Services Form CMS-1500, a UB-92 form, or any other standard form approved by the office and adopted by 1873 1874 the commission for purposes of this paragraph. All billings for 1875 such services rendered by providers must, to the extent 1876 applicable, comply with the Form CMS-1500 instructions, the 1877 codes established by the American Medical Association's Current 1878 Procedural Terminology Editorial Panel, and the Healthcare 1879 Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) and must follow the 1880 Physicians' Current Procedural Terminology (CPT), the HCPCS in 1881 effect for the year in which services are rendered, and the 1882 International Classification of Diseases adopted by the United 1883 States Department of Health and Human Services in effect for the 1884 year in which services are rendered. The guidance for 1885 determining compliance with applicable CPT and HCPCS coding must 1886 be provided by the CPT or the HCPCS in effect for the year in 1887 which services were rendered, the Office of the Inspector 1888 General, Physicians Compliance Guidelines, and other 1889 authoritative treatises designated by rule by the Agency for Health Care Administration. A statement of medical services may 1890 1891 not include charges for medical services of a person or entity 1892 that performed such services without possessing the valid 1893 licenses required to perform such services. 1894 (6) CIVIL ACTION FOR INSURANCE FRAUD.-An insurer has a cause of action against any person convicted of, or who, 1895

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1896	regardless of adjudication of guilt, pleads guilty or nolo
1897	contendere to, insurance fraud under s. 817.234, patient
1898	brokering under s. 817.505, or kickbacks under s. 456.054,
1899	associated with a claim for medical payments coverage benefits
1900	in accordance with this section. An insurer prevailing in an
1901	action brought under this subsection may recover compensatory,
1902	consequential, and punitive damages subject to the requirements
1903	and limitations of part II of chapter 768 and attorney fees and
1904	costs incurred in litigating a cause of action against any
1905	person convicted of, or who, regardless of adjudication of
1906	guilt, pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, insurance fraud
1907	under s. 817.234, patient brokering under s. 817.505, or
1908	kickbacks under s. 456.054, associated with a claim for medical
1909	payments coverage benefits in accordance with this section.
1910	(7) FRAUD ADVISORY NOTICEUpon receiving notice of a claim
1911	under this section, an insurer shall provide a notice to the
1912	insured or to a person for whom a claim for reimbursement for
1913	diagnosis or treatment of injuries has been filed, advising
1914	that:
1915	(a) Pursuant to s. 626.9892, the department may pay rewards
1916	of up to \$25,000 to persons who provide information leading to
1917	the arrest and conviction of persons committing crimes
1918	investigated by the Division of Investigative and Forensic
1919	Services arising from violations of s. 440.105, s. 624.15, s.
1920	626.9541, s. 626.989, or s. 817.234.
1921	(b) Solicitation of a person injured in a motor vehicle
1922	crash for purposes of filing medical payments coverage or tort
1923	claims could be a violation of s. 817.234, s. 817.505, or the
1924	rules regulating The Florida Bar and should be immediately

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1925 reported to the Division of Investigative and Forensic Services 1926 if such conduct has taken place. 1927 (8) NONREIMBURSABLE CLAIMS.-Claims generated as a result of 1928 activities that are unlawful pursuant to s. 817.505 are not 1929 reimbursable. 1930 (9) SECURE ELECTRONIC DATA TRANSFER.-A notice, documentation, transmission, or communication of any kind 1931 1932 required or authorized under this section may be transmitted 1933 electronically if it is transmitted by secure electronic data 1934 transfer that is consistent with state and federal privacy and 1935 security laws. 1936 Section 40. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 627.727, 1937 Florida Statutes, are amended, and present subsections (8), (9), 1938 and (10) of that section are redesignated as subsections (7), 1939 (8), and (9), respectively, to read: 1940 627.727 Motor vehicle insurance; uninsured and underinsured 1941 vehicle coverage; insolvent insurer protection.-1942 (1) A No motor vehicle liability insurance policy that 1943 which provides bodily injury liability coverage may not shall be 1944 delivered or issued for delivery in this state with respect to 1945 any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered 1946 or principally garaged in this state, unless uninsured motor 1947 vehicle coverage is provided therein or supplemental thereto for 1948 the protection of persons insured thereunder who are legally 1949 entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of 1950 uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, or 1951 disease, including death, resulting therefrom. However, the 1952 coverage required under this section is not applicable if when, 1953 or to the extent that, an insured named in the policy makes a

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1954 written rejection of the coverage on behalf of all insureds 1955 under the policy. If When a motor vehicle is leased for a period 1956 of 1 year or longer and the lessor of such vehicle, by the terms 1957 of the lease contract, provides liability coverage on the leased vehicle, the lessee of such vehicle has shall have the sole 1958 1959 privilege to reject uninsured motorist coverage or to select 1960 lower limits than the bodily injury liability limits, regardless 1961 of whether the lessor is qualified as a self-insurer pursuant to 1962 s. 324.171. Unless an insured, or lessee having the privilege of 1963 rejecting uninsured motorist coverage, requests such coverage or 1964 requests higher uninsured motorist limits in writing, the 1965 coverage or such higher uninsured motorist limits need not be 1966 provided in or supplemental to any other policy which renews, 1967 extends, changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy 1968 with the same bodily injury liability limits when an insured or 1969 lessee had rejected the coverage. When an insured or lessee has 1970 initially selected limits of uninsured motorist coverage lower 1971 than her or his bodily injury liability limits, higher limits of 1972 uninsured motorist coverage need not be provided in or 1973 supplemental to any other policy that which renews, extends, 1974 changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy with the 1975 same bodily injury liability limits unless an insured requests 1976 higher uninsured motorist coverage in writing. The rejection or 1977 selection of lower limits must shall be made on a form approved 1978 by the office. The form must shall fully advise the applicant of 1979 the nature of the coverage and must shall state that the 1980 coverage is equal to bodily injury liability limits unless lower limits are requested or the coverage is rejected. The heading of 1981 the form must shall be in 12-point bold type and must shall 1982



1983 state: "You are electing not to purchase certain valuable 1984 coverage that which protects you and your family or you are 1985 purchasing uninsured motorist limits less than your bodily 1986 injury liability limits when you sign this form. Please read 1987 carefully." If this form is signed by a named insured, it will 1988 be conclusively presumed that there was an informed, knowing 1989 rejection of coverage or election of lower limits on behalf of 1990 all insureds. The insurer shall notify the named insured at 1991 least annually of her or his options as to the coverage required 1992 by this section. Such notice must shall be part of, and attached 1993 to, the notice of premium, must shall provide for a means to 1994 allow the insured to request such coverage, and must shall be 1995 given in a manner approved by the office. Receipt of this notice 1996 does not constitute an affirmative waiver of the insured's right 1997 to uninsured motorist coverage if where the insured has not 1998 signed a selection or rejection form. The coverage described 1999 under this section must shall be over and above, but may shall 2000 not duplicate, the benefits available to an insured under any 2001 workers' compensation law, personal injury protection benefits, 2002 disability benefits law, or similar law; under any automobile 2003 medical payments expense coverage; under any motor vehicle 2004 liability insurance coverage; or from the owner or operator of 2005 the uninsured motor vehicle or any other person or organization 2006 jointly or severally liable together with such owner or operator 2007 for the accident; and such coverage must shall cover the 2008 difference, if any, between the sum of such benefits and the 2009 damages sustained, up to the maximum amount of such coverage 2010 provided under this section. The amount of coverage available under this section may shall not be reduced by a setoff against 2011

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2012 any coverage, including liability insurance. Such coverage <u>does</u> 2013 shall not inure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any 2014 workers' compensation or disability benefits carrier or any 2015 person or organization qualifying as a self-insurer under any 2016 workers' compensation or disability benefits law or similar law.

(7) The legal liability of an uninsured motorist coverage insurer does not include damages in tort for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience unless the injury or disease is described in one or more of paragraphs (a)-(d) of s.  $\frac{627.737(2)}{}$ .

Section 41. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.7275, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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2033 2034 627.7275 Motor vehicle liability.-

(1) A motor vehicle insurance policy providing personal injury protection as set forth in s. 627.736 may not be delivered or issued for delivery in this state <u>for a</u> with respect to any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this state <u>must provide</u> <u>bodily injury liability coverage and unless the policy also</u> <u>provides coverage for property damage liability coverage</u> as required <u>under</u> by s. 324.022, and medical payments coverage as required under s. 627.7265.

2035 (2)(a) Insurers writing motor vehicle insurance in this 2036 state shall make available, subject to the insurers' usual 2037 underwriting restrictions:

2038 1. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1) 2039 to an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance 2040 coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the

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2041 applicant's driving privileges in this state if the driving 2042 privileges were revoked or suspended pursuant to s. 316.646 or 2043 s. 324.0221 due to the failure of the applicant to maintain 2044 required security.

2. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1), which <u>includes bodily injury</u> also provides liability coverage and property damage liability coverage for bodily injury, death, and property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the motor vehicle in an amount not less than the <u>minimum</u> limits <u>required under</u> described in s. 324.021(7) or s. <u>324.023</u> and <u>which</u> conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151, to an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the applicant's driving privileges in this state after such privileges were revoked or suspended under s. 316.193 or s. <u>322.26(2)</u> for driving under the influence.

2057 (b) The policies described in paragraph (a) must shall be 2058 issued for at least 6 months and, as to the minimum coverages 2059 required under this section, may not be canceled by the insured 2060 for any reason or by the insurer after 60 days, during which 2061 period the insurer is completing the underwriting of the policy. 2062 After the insurer has completed underwriting the policy, the 2063 insurer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 2064 Vehicles that the policy is in full force and effect and is not 2065 cancelable for the remainder of the policy period. A premium 2066 must shall be collected and the coverage is in effect for the 2067 60-day period during which the insurer is completing the underwriting of the policy, whether or not the person's driver 2068 license, motor vehicle tag, and motor vehicle registration are 2069

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2070 in effect. Once the noncancelable provisions of the policy 2071 become effective, the <u>bodily injury liability and property</u> 2072 <u>damage liability</u> coverages for <u>bodily injury</u>, property damage, 2073 and personal injury protection may not be reduced below the 2074 minimum limits required under s. 324.021 or s. 324.023 during 2075 the policy period, and the medical payments coverage may not be 2076 reduced below the minimum limit required under s. 627.7265.

Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 627.728, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.728 Cancellations; nonrenewals.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Policy" means the bodily injury and property damage liability, personal injury protection, medical payments, comprehensive, collision, and uninsured motorist coverage portions of a policy of motor vehicle insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state:

 Insuring a natural person as named insured or one or more related individuals who are residents resident of the same household; and

2089 2. Insuring only a motor vehicle of the private passenger 2090 type or station wagon type which is not used as a public or 2091 livery conveyance for passengers or rented to others; or 2092 insuring any other four-wheel motor vehicle having a load 2093 capacity of 1,500 pounds or less which is not used in the 2094 occupation, profession, or business of the insured other than 2095 farming; other than any policy issued under an automobile 2096 insurance assigned risk plan or covering garage, automobile 2097 sales agency, repair shop, service station, or public parking place operation hazards. 2098

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2100	The term "policy" does not include a binder as defined in s.
2101	627.420 unless the duration of the binder period exceeds 60
2102	days.
2103	Section 43. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection
2104	(5), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 627.7295, Florida
2105	Statutes, are amended to read:
2106	627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts
2107	(1) As used in this section, the term:
2108	(a) "Policy" means a motor vehicle insurance policy that
2109	provides bodily injury liability personal injury protection
2110	coverage, property damage liability coverage, and medical
2111	payments coverage or both.
2112	(b) "Binder" means a binder that provides motor vehicle
2113	bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury protection and
2114	property damage liability coverage, and medical payments
2115	coverage.
2116	(5)(a) A licensed general lines agent may charge a per-
2117	policy fee <u>up to</u> <del>not to exceed</del> \$10 to cover the administrative
2118	costs of the agent associated with selling the motor vehicle
2119	insurance policy if the policy covers only bodily injury
2120	liability coverage, personal injury protection coverage as
2121	provided by s. 627.736 and property damage liability coverage,
2122	and medical payments coverage as provided by s. 627.7275 and if
2123	no other insurance is sold or issued in conjunction with or
2124	collateral to the policy. The fee is not <del>considered</del> part of the
2125	premium.
2126	(6) If a motor vehicle owner's driver license, license
2127	plate, and registration have previously been suspended pursuant

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2128 to s. 316.646 or s. 627.733, an insurer may cancel a new policy 2129 only as provided in s. 627.7275.

(7) A policy of private passenger motor vehicle insurance 2130 2131 or a binder for such a policy may be initially issued in this 2132 state only if, before the effective date of such binder or 2133 policy, the insurer or agent has collected from the insured an amount equal to 2 months' premium from the insured. An insurer, 2134 2135 agent, or premium finance company may not, directly or indirectly, take any action that results resulting in the 2136 2137 insured paying having paid from the insured's own funds an amount less than the 2 months' premium required by this 2138 2139 subsection. This subsection applies without regard to whether 2140 the premium is financed by a premium finance company or is paid 2141 pursuant to a periodic payment plan of an insurer or an 2142 insurance agent.

(a) This subsection does not apply:

<u>1.</u> If an insured or member of the insured's family is renewing or replacing a policy or a binder for such policy written by the same insurer or a member of the same insurer group. This subsection does not apply

2. To an insurer that issues private passenger motor vehicle coverage primarily to active duty or former military personnel or their dependents. This subsection does not apply

<u>3.</u> If all policy payments are paid pursuant to a payroll deduction plan, an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from the policyholder, or a recurring credit card or debit card agreement with the insurer.

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(b) This subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if:
1. All policy payments to an insurer are paid pursuant to

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2157 an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from an 2158 agent, a managing general agent, or a premium finance company 2159 and if the policy includes, at a minimum, bodily injury 2160 liability coverage, personal injury protection pursuant to ss. 2161 627.730-627.7405; motor vehicle property damage liability 2162 coverage, and medical payments coverage pursuant to s. 627.7275; or and bodily injury liability in at least the amount of \$10,000 2163 2164 because of bodily injury to, or death of, one person in any one accident and in the amount of \$20,000 because of bodily injury 2165 2166 to, or death of, two or more persons in any one accident. This 2167 subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if

2. An insured has had a policy in effect for at least 6 months, the insured's agent is terminated by the insurer that issued the policy, and the insured obtains coverage on the policy's renewal date with a new company through the terminated agent.

Section 44. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 627.7415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.7415 Commercial motor vehicles; additional liability insurance coverage.-Commercial motor vehicles, as defined in s. 207.002 or s. 320.01, operated upon the roads and highways of this state shall be insured with the following minimum levels of combined bodily liability insurance and property damage liability insurance <u>under subsections (1) and (2)</u> in addition to any other insurance requirements.÷

(1) Fifty thousand dollars per occurrence For a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or more, but less than 35,000 pounds:

(a) Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020,

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2186	no less than \$50,000 per occurrence.
2187	(b) Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, no less than
2188	\$60,000 per occurrence.
2189	(2) <del>One hundred thousand dollars per occurrence</del> For a
2190	commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 35,000
2191	pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds <u>:</u>
2192	(a) Beginning January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2020,
2193	no less than \$100,000 per occurrence.
2194	(b) Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter, no less than
2195	\$120,000 per occurrence.
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2197	A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction,
2198	punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
2199	Section 45. Section 627.8405, Florida Statutes, is amended
2200	to read:
2201	627.8405 Prohibited acts; financing companies.— <u>A</u> No premium
2202	finance company shall, in a premium finance agreement or other
2203	agreement, <u>may not</u> finance the cost of or otherwise provide for
2204	the collection or remittance of dues, assessments, fees, or
2205	other periodic payments of money for the cost of:
2206	(1) A membership in an automobile club. The term
2207	"automobile club" means a legal entity that which, in
2208	consideration of dues, assessments, or periodic payments of
2209	money, promises its members or subscribers to assist them in
2210	matters relating to the ownership, operation, use, or
2211	maintenance of a motor vehicle; however, the term this
2212	definition of "automobile club" does not include persons,
2213	associations, or corporations which are organized and operated
2214	solely for the purpose of conducting, sponsoring, or sanctioning

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2215 motor vehicle races, exhibitions, or contests upon racetracks, 2216 or upon racecourses established and marked as such for the 2217 duration of such particular events. The <u>term words</u> "motor 2218 vehicle" used herein <u>has have</u> the same meaning as defined in 2219 chapter 320.

(2) An accidental death and dismemberment policy sold in combination with a <u>policy providing only medical payments</u> <u>coverage, bodily injury liability coverage, personal injury</u> <u>protection</u> and property damage <u>liability coverage</u> only policy.

(3) Any product not regulated under the provisions of this insurance code.

This section also applies to premium financing by any insurance agent or insurance company under part XVI. The commission shall adopt rules to assure disclosure, at the time of sale, of coverages financed with personal injury protection and shall prescribe the form of such disclosure.

Section 46. Subsection (1) of section 627.915, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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627.915 Insurer experience reporting.-

2235 (1) Each insurer transacting private passenger automobile 2236 insurance in this state shall report certain information 2237 annually to the office. The information will be due on or before 2238 July 1 of each year. The information must shall be divided into 2239 the following categories: bodily injury liability; property 2240 damage liability; uninsured motorist; personal injury protection 2241 benefits; medical payments; and comprehensive and collision. The 2242 information given must shall be on direct insurance writings in 2243 the state alone and shall represent total limits data. The

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2244	information set forth in paragraphs $(a)-(f)$ is applicable to
2245	voluntary private passenger and Joint Underwriting Association
2246	private passenger writings and <u>must</u> shall be reported for each
2247	of the latest 3 calendar-accident years, with an evaluation date
2248	of March 31 of the current year. The information set forth in
2249	paragraphs (g)-(j) is applicable to voluntary private passenger
2250	writings and <u>must</u> shall be reported on a calendar-accident year
2251	basis ultimately seven times at seven different stages of
2252	development.
2253	(a) Premiums earned for the latest 3 calendar-accident
2254	years.
2255	(b) Loss development factors and the historic development
2256	of those factors.
2257	(c) Policyholder dividends incurred.
2258	(d) Expenses for other acquisition and general expense.
2259	(e) Expenses for agents' commissions and taxes, licenses,
2260	and fees.
2261	(f) Profit and contingency factors as utilized in the
2262	insurer's automobile rate filings for the applicable years.
2263	(g) Losses paid.
2264	(h) Losses unpaid.
2265	(i) Loss adjustment expenses paid.
2266	(j) Loss adjustment expenses unpaid.
2267	Section 47. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 628.909,
2268	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2269	628.909 Applicability of other laws
2270	(2) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2271	apply to captive insurance companies who are not industrial
2272	insured captive insurance companies to the extent that such



2273	provisions are not inconsistent with this part:
2274	(a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085,
2275	624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, and 624.426.
2276	(b) Chapter 625, part II.
2277	(c) Chapter 626, part IX.
2278	(d) Sections 627.730-627.7405, when no-fault coverage is
2279	provided.
2280	<del>(e)</del> Chapter 628.
2281	(3) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2282	shall apply to industrial insured captive insurance companies to
2283	the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with this
2284	part:
2285	(a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085,
2286	624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, 624.426, and 624.609(1).
2287	(b) Chapter 625, part II, if the industrial insured captive
2288	insurance company is incorporated in this state.
2289	(c) Chapter 626, part IX.
2290	(d) Sections 627.730-627.7405 when no-fault coverage is
2291	provided.
2292	<del>(e)</del> Chapter 628, except for ss. 628.341, 628.351, and
2293	628.6018.
2294	Section 48. Subsections (2), (6), and (7) of section
2295	705.184, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2296	705.184 Derelict or abandoned motor vehicles on the
2297	premises of public-use airports
2298	(2) The airport director or the director's designee shall
2299	contact the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to
2300	notify that department that the airport has possession of the
2301	abandoned or derelict motor vehicle and to determine the name



2302 and address of the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2303 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the 2304 provisions of s. 627.736, and any person who has filed a lien on 2305 the motor vehicle. Within 7 business days after receipt of the 2306 information, the director or the director's designee shall send 2307 notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the owner 2308 of the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor 2309 vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2310 persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. The 2311 notice must shall state the fact of possession of the motor 2312 vehicle, that charges for reasonable towing, storage, and 2313 parking fees, if any, have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2314 a lien as provided in subsection (6) will be claimed, that the 2315 lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, that the owner 2316 or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth 2317 in subsection (4), and that any motor vehicle which, at the end 2318 of 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice, has not been 2319 removed from the airport upon payment in full of all accrued 2320 charges for reasonable towing, storage, and parking fees, if 2321 any, may be disposed of as provided in s. 705.182(2)(a), (b), 2322 (d), or (e), including, but not limited to, the motor vehicle 2323 being sold free of all prior liens after 35 calendar days after 2324 the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior liens on the 2325 motor vehicle are more than 5 years of age or after 50 calendar 2326 days after the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior 2327 liens on the motor vehicle are 5 years of age or less.

(6) The airport pursuant to this section or, if used, a
licensed independent wrecker company pursuant to s. 713.78 shall
have a lien on an abandoned or derelict motor vehicle for all

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2331	reasonable towing, storage, and accrued parking fees, if any,
2332	except that no storage fee <u>may</u> shall be charged if the motor
2333	vehicle is stored less than 6 hours. As a prerequisite to
2334	perfecting a lien under this section, the airport director or
2335	the director's designee must serve a notice in accordance with
2336	subsection (2) on the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance
2337	company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the
2338	provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming a
2339	lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts to notify the owner,
2340	the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle,
2341	notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or lienholders are
2342	not successful, the requirement of notice by mail shall be
2343	considered met. Serving of the notice does not dispense with
2344	recording the claim of lien.
2345	(7)(a) For the purpose of perfecting its lien under this
2346	section, the airport shall record a claim of lien which states
2347	shall state:
2348	1. The name and address of the airport.
2349	2. The name of the owner of the motor vehicle, the
2350	insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding
2351	the provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming
2352	a lien against the motor vehicle.
2353	3. The costs incurred from reasonable towing, storage, and
2354	parking fees, if any.
2355	4. A description of the motor vehicle sufficient for
2356	identification.
2357	(b) The claim of lien $\underline{\text{must}}$ shall be signed and sworn to or
2358	affirmed by the airport director or the director's designee.
2359	(c) The claim of lien <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> sufficient if it is in
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substantially the following form:
CLAIM OF LIEN
State of
County of
Before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared
, who was duly sworn and says that he/she is the
of; whose address is; and that the
following described motor vehicle:
(Description of motor vehicle)
owned by, whose address is, has accrued
\$ in fees for a reasonable tow, for storage, and for
parking, if applicable; that the lienor served its notice to the
owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle
notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, Florida Statutes,
and all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor
vehicle on,(year), by
(Signature)
Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this day of
,(year), by(name of person making statement)
(Signature of Notary Public)(Print, Type, or Stamp
Commissioned name of Notary Public)
Personally KnownOR Producedas identification.
However, the negligent inclusion or omission of any information
in this claim of lien which does not prejudice the owner does
not constitute a default that operates to defeat an otherwise
valid lien.
(d) The claim of lien <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be served on the owner of

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2389 the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor 2390 vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2391 persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. If 2392 attempts to notify the owner, the insurance company insuring the 2393 motor vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or 2394 lienholders are not successful, the requirement of notice by 2395 mail shall be considered met. The claim of lien must shall be so 2396 served before recordation.

(e) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be recorded with the clerk of court in the county where the airport is located. The recording of the claim of lien shall be constructive notice to all persons of the contents and effect of such claim. The lien <u>attaches</u> shall attach at the time of recordation and <u>takes</u> shall take priority as of that time.

Section 49. Subsection (4) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles and vessels.-

2407 (4) (a) Any person regularly engaged in the business of 2408 recovering, towing, or storing vehicles or vessels who comes 2409 into possession of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to subsection 2410 (2), and who claims a lien for recovery, towing, or storage 2411 services, shall give notice to the registered owner, the 2412 insurance company insuring the vehicle notwithstanding the 2413 provisions of s. 627.736, and to all persons claiming a lien 2414 thereon, as disclosed by the records in the Department of 2415 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or as disclosed by the records of any corresponding agency in any other state in which the 2416 vehicle is identified through a records check of the National 2417



2418 Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 2419 commercially available system as being titled or registered.

2420 (b) If a Whenever any law enforcement agency authorizes the 2421 removal of a vehicle or vessel or if a whenever any towing 2422 service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or 2423 parking place notifies the law enforcement agency of possession 2424 of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to s. 715.07(2)(a)2., the law 2425 enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the vehicle or 2426 vessel is stored shall contact the Department of Highway Safety 2427 and Motor Vehicles, or the appropriate agency of the state of 2428 registration, if known, within 24 hours through the medium of 2429 electronic communications, giving the full description of the 2430 vehicle or vessel. Upon receipt of the full description of the 2431 vehicle or vessel, the department shall search its files to 2432 determine the owner's name, the insurance company insuring the 2433 vehicle or vessel, and whether any person has filed a lien upon 2434 the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) and (3) and 2435 notify the applicable law enforcement agency within 72 hours. 2436 The person in charge of the towing service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or parking place shall obtain 2437 2438 such information from the applicable law enforcement agency 2439 within 5 days after the date of storage and shall give notice 2440 pursuant to paragraph (a). The department may release the 2441 insurance company information to the requestor notwithstanding 2442 the provisions of s. 627.736.

(c) Notice by certified mail <u>must shall</u> be sent within 7 business days after the date of storage of the vehicle or vessel to the registered owner, the insurance company insuring the vehicle <del>notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736</del>, and all



2447 persons of record claiming a lien against the vehicle or vessel. 2448 The notice must It shall state the fact of possession of the 2449 vehicle or vessel, that a lien as provided in subsection (2) is 2450 claimed, that charges have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2451 the lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, and that the 2452 owner or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth in subsection (5), and that any vehicle or vessel which 2453 2454 remains unclaimed, or for which the charges for recovery, 2455 towing, or storage services remain unpaid, may be sold free of 2456 all prior liens after 35 days if the vehicle or vessel is more than 3 years of age or after 50 days if the vehicle or vessel is 2457 2458 3 years of age or less.

2459 (d) If attempts to locate the name and address of the owner 2460 or lienholder prove unsuccessful, the towing-storage operator 2461 must shall, after 7 working days, excluding Saturday and Sunday, 2462 of the initial tow or storage, notify the public agency of jurisdiction where the vehicle or vessel is stored in writing by 2463 2464 certified mail or acknowledged hand delivery that the towing-2465 storage company has been unable to locate the name and address 2466 of the owner or lienholder and a physical search of the vehicle 2467 or vessel has disclosed no ownership information and a good 2468 faith effort has been made, including records checks of the 2469 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles database and the 2470 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 2471 commercially available system. As used in For purposes of this 2472 paragraph and subsection (9), the term "good faith effort" means 2473 that the following checks have been performed by the company to establish prior state of registration and for title: 2474

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1. Check of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor

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2476 Vehicles database for the owner and any lienholder.

2477 2. Check of the electronic National Motor Vehicle Title
2478 Information System or an equivalent commercially available
2479 system to determine the state of registration when there is not
2480 a current registration record for the vehicle on file with the
2481 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. Check of vehicle or vessel for any type of tag, tag record, temporary tag, or regular tag.

4. Check of law enforcement report for tag number or other information identifying the vehicle or vessel, if the vehicle or vessel was towed at the request of a law enforcement officer.

5. Check of trip sheet or tow ticket of tow truck operator to see if a tag was on vehicle or vessel at beginning of tow, if private tow.

6. If there is no address of the owner on the impound report, check of law enforcement report to see if an out-ofstate address is indicated from driver license information.

7. Check of vehicle or vessel for inspection sticker or other stickers and decals that may indicate a state of possible registration.

8. Check of the interior of the vehicle or vessel for any papers that may be in the glove box, trunk, or other areas for a state of registration.

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9. Check of vehicle for vehicle identification number.

10. Check of vessel for vessel registration number.

2501 11. Check of vessel hull for a hull identification number 2502 which should be carved, burned, stamped, embossed, or otherwise 2503 permanently affixed to the outboard side of the transom or, if 2504 there is no transom, to the outmost seaboard side at the end of

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2505 the hull that bears the rudder or other steering mechanism. 2506 Section 50. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) 2507 of subsection (7), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection 2508 (8), and subsections (9) and (10) of section 817.234, Florida 2509 Statutes, are amended to read:

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817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.-

(1) (a) A person commits insurance fraud punishable as provided in subsection (11) if that person, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer:

1. Presents or causes to be presented any written or oral statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim;

2. Prepares or makes any written or oral statement that is 2522 intended to be presented to an any insurer in connection with, or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim;

2528 3.a. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or 2529 prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be 2530 presented to an any insurer, purported insurer, servicing 2531 corporation, insurance broker, or insurance agent, or any 2532 employee or agent thereof, any false, incomplete, or misleading 2533 information or a written or oral statement as part of, or in



2534 support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating 2535 of, any insurance policy, or a health maintenance organization 2536 subscriber or provider contract; or

2537 b. Knowingly conceals information concerning any fact 2538 material to such application; or

4. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares 2539 2540 or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to 2541 any insurer a claim for payment or other benefit under medical 2542 payments coverage in a motor vehicle a personal injury 2543 protection insurance policy if the person knows that the payee 2544 knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent 2545 application or other document when applying for licensure as a 2546 health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a 2547 health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of 2548 chapter 400.

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(c) An insurer, or any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or direct the physician preparing the report to change such opinion; however, this provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based upon information in the claim file. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(8) (a) It is unlawful for any person intending to defraud any other person to solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident for the purpose of making, adjusting, or settling motor vehicle tort

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2563 claims or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in 2564 a motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection 2565 benefits required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates the 2566 provisions of this paragraph commits a felony of the second 2567 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 2568 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this 2569 subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment 2570 of 2 years.

2571 (b) A person may not solicit or cause to be solicited any 2572 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by 2573 any means of communication other than advertising directed to 2574 the public for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims 2575 or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in a 2576 motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection 2577 benefits required by s. 627.736, within 60 days after the 2578 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident. Any person who 2579 violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, 2580 punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2581 (c) A lawyer, health care practitioner as defined in s. 2582 456.001, or owner or medical director of a clinic required to be 2583 licensed pursuant to s. 400.9905 may not, at any time after 60 2584 days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle 2585 accident, solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a 2586 person involved in a motor vehicle accident by means of in 2587 person or telephone contact at the person's residence, for the 2588 purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for 2589 benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2590 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a 2591

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2592 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 2593 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly 2594 2595 participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash or a scheme to 2596 create documentation of a motor vehicle crash that did not occur 2597 for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2598 2599 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits as required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates this subsection commits a 2600 2601 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 2602 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of 2603 a violation of this subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum 2604 term of imprisonment of 2 years.

(10) A licensed health care practitioner who is found guilty of insurance fraud under this section for an act relating to a <u>motor vehicle personal injury protection</u> insurance policy loses his or her license to practice for 5 years and may not receive reimbursement <u>under medical payments coverage in a motor</u> <u>vehicle insurance policy</u> for personal injury protection benefits for 10 years.

Section 51. <u>Applicability and construction; notice to</u> policyholders.-

(1) As used in this section, the term "minimum security requirements" means security that enables a person to respond in damages for liability on account of crashes arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle in the amounts required by s. 324.021(7), Florida Statutes. (2) Effective January 1, 2019:

(a) Motor vehicle insurance policies issued or renewed on

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2621	or after that date may not include personal injury protection.
2622	(b) All persons subject to s. 324.022, s. 324.032, s.
2623	627.7415, or s. 627.742, Florida Statutes, must maintain at
2624	least minimum security requirements.
2625	(c) Any new or renewal motor vehicle insurance policy
2626	delivered or issued for delivery in this state must provide
2627	coverage that complies with minimum security requirements.
2628	(d) Any new or renewal motor vehicle insurance policy
2629	furnished to an owner or operator of a motor vehicle as proof of
2630	financial responsibility pursuant to s. 324.022 or s. 324.031,
2631	Florida Statutes, must provide medical payments coverage that
2632	complies with s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes.
2633	(e) An existing motor vehicle insurance policy issued
2634	before that date which provides personal injury protection and
2635	property damage liability coverage that meets the requirements
2636	of s. 324.022, Florida Statutes, on December 31, 2018, but which
2637	does not meet minimum security requirements on or after January
2638	1, 2019, is deemed to meet the security requirements of s.
2639	324.022, Florida Statutes, and the medical payments coverage
2640	requirements of s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes, until such policy
2641	is renewed, nonrenewed, or canceled on or after January 1, 2019.
2642	(3) Each insurer shall allow each insured who has a new or
2643	renewal policy providing personal injury protection, which
2644	becomes effective before January 1, 2019, and whose policy does
2645	not meet minimum security requirements on or after January 1,
2646	2019, to change coverages so as to eliminate personal injury
2647	protection and obtain coverage providing minimum security
2648	requirements, which shall be effective on or after January 1,
2649	2019. The insurer is not required to provide coverage complying

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2650	with minimum security requirements in such policies if the
2651	insured does not pay the required premium, if any, by January 1,
2652	2019, or such later date as the insurer may allow. Any reduction
2653	in the premium must be refunded by the insurer. The insurer may
2654	not impose on the insured an additional fee or charge that
2655	applies solely to a change in coverage; however, the insurer may
2656	charge an additional required premium that is actuarially
2657	indicated.
2658	(4) By September 1, 2018, each motor vehicle insurer shall
2659	provide notice of this section to each motor vehicle
2660	policyholder who is subject to this section. The notice is
2661	subject to approval by the Office of Insurance Regulation and
2662	must clearly inform the policyholder that:
2663	(a) The Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law is repealed,
2664	effective January 1, 2019, and that on or after that date, the
2665	insured is no longer required to maintain personal injury
2666	protection insurance coverage, that personal injury protection
2667	coverage is no longer available for purchase in this state, and
2668	that all new or renewal policies issued on or after that date do
2669	not contain such coverage.
2670	(b) Effective January 1, 2019, a person subject to the
2671	financial responsibility requirements of s. 324.022, Florida
2672	Statutes, must maintain minimum security requirements that
2673	enable the person to respond in damages for liability on account
2674	of accidents arising out of the use of a motor vehicle in the
2675	following amounts:
2676	1. Beginning January 1, 2019, and continuing through
2677	December 31, 2020:
2678	a. Twenty thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or the

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2679	death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
2680	limits for one person, in the amount of \$40,000 for bodily
2681	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
2682	crash; and
2683	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
2684	the property of others in any one crash.
2685	2. Beginning January 1, 2021, and thereafter:
2686	a. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
2687	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
2688	limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily
2689	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
2690	crash; and
2691	b. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
2692	the property of others in any one crash.
2693	(c) Personal injury protection insurance paid covered
2694	medical expenses for injuries sustained in a motor vehicle crash
2695	by the policyholder, passengers, and relatives residing in the
2696	policyholder's household.
2697	(d) Bodily injury liability coverage protects the insured,
2698	up to the coverage limits, against loss if the insured is
2699	legally responsible for the death of or bodily injury to others
2700	in a motor vehicle accident.
2701	(e) Effective January 1, 2019, a person who purchases a
2702	motor vehicle liability insurance policy as proof of financial
2703	responsibility must maintain medical payments coverage that
2704	complies with s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes. Medical payments
2705	coverage pays covered medical expenses, up to the limits of such
2706	coverage, for injuries sustained in a motor vehicle crash by the
2707	policyholder, passengers, and relatives residing in the

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2708	policyholder's household, as provided in s. 627.7265, Florida
2709	Statutes. Medical payments coverage also provides a death
2710	benefit of at least \$5,000. Medical payments coverage provides
2711	reimbursement for the following if medically necessary and if an
2712	individual initially receives such treatment within 14 days
2713	after the motor vehicle accident:
2714	1. Emergency transportation and treatment.
2715	2. Emergency services and care provided by a hospital.
2716	3. Emergency services and care provided by a licensed
2717	physician or licensed dentist in a hospital, ambulatory surgical
2718	center, or mobile surgical facility licensed under chapter 395,
2719	Florida Statutes, and related hospital inpatient care.
2720	4. Hospital inpatient services, other than emergency
2721	services and care.
2722	5. Hospital outpatient services, other than emergency
2723	services and care.
2724	6. Physician services and care provided by a physician
2725	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or a chiropractic
2726	physician licensed under chapter 460; dental services and care
2727	provided by a dentist licensed under chapter 466; or, to the
2728	extent permitted by applicable law and under the supervision of
2729	such physician, osteopathic physician, chiropractic physician,
2730	or dentist, services and care provided by a physician assistant
2731	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or by an advanced
2732	registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 464.
2733	(f) The policyholder may obtain underinsured motorist
2734	coverage, which provides benefits, up to the limits of such
2735	coverage, to a policyholder or other insured entitled to recover
2736	damages for bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death resulting

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2737 from a motor vehicle accident with an uninsured or underinsured 2738 owner or operator of a motor vehicle. (g) If the policyholder's new or renewal motor vehicle 2739 2740 insurance policy is effective before January 1, 2019, and 2741 contains personal injury protection and property damage 2742 liability coverage as required by state law before January 1, 2743 2019, but does not meet minimum security requirements on or 2744 after January 1, 2019, the policy is deemed to meet minimum 2745 security requirements until it is renewed, nonrenewed, or 2746 canceled on or after January 1, 2019. 2747 (h) A policyholder whose new or renewal policy becomes 2748 effective before January 1, 2019, but does not meet minimum 2749 security requirements on or after January 1, 2019, may change 2750 coverages under the policy so as to eliminate personal injury 2751 protection and to obtain coverage providing minimum security 2752 requirements, including bodily injury liability coverage, which 2753 are effective on or after January 1, 2019. 2754 (i) If the policyholder has any questions, he or she should 2755 contact the person named at the telephone number provided in the 2756 notice. 2757 (5) This section takes effect upon this act becoming a law. 2758 Section 52. Application of suspensions for failure to 2759 maintain security; reinstatement.-All suspensions for failure to 2760 maintain required security as required by law in effect before 2761 January 1, 2019, remain in full force and effect after January 2762 1, 2019. A driver may reinstate a suspended driver license or 2763 registration as provided under s. 324.0221, Florida Statutes. 2764 Section 53. For the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the sum of 2765 \$83,651 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the Insurance

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2766	Regulatory Trust Fund to the Office of Insurance Regulation for
2767	the purpose of implementing this act.
2768	Section 54. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2769	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
2770	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1,
2771	2019.
2772	
2773	======================================
2774	And the title is amended as follows:
2775	Delete everything before the enacting clause
2776	and insert:
2777	A bill to be entitled
2778	An act relating to motor vehicle insurance; repealing
2779	ss. 627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732, 627.733,
2780	627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401,
2781	627.7403, and 627.7405, F.S., which comprise the
2782	Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; repealing s.
2783	627.7407, F.S., relating to application of the Florida
2784	Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; amending s. 316.646, F.S.;
2785	revising a requirement for proof of security on a
2786	motor vehicle and the applicability of the
2787	requirement; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; conforming a
2788	provision to changes made by the act; amending s.
2789	320.02, F.S.; revising the motor vehicle insurance
2790	coverages that an applicant must show to register
2791	certain vehicles with the Department of Highway Safety
2792	and Motor Vehicles; deleting a requirement that
2793	specified information be included on a certain
2794	insurance proof-of-purchase card; revising



2795 construction; amending s. 320.0609, F.S.; conforming a 2796 provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 2797 320.27, F.S.; defining the term "garage liability 2798 insurance"; revising garage liability insurance 2799 requirements for motor vehicle dealer applicants; 2800 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 2801 amending s. 320.771, F.S.; revising garage liability 2802 insurance requirements for recreational vehicle dealer 2803 license applicants; amending ss. 322.251 and 322.34, 2804 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2805 act; amending s. 324.011, F.S.; revising legislative 2806 intent; amending s. 324.021, F.S.; revising 2807 definitions of the terms "motor vehicle" and "proof of 2808 financial responsibility"; revising, at specified 2809 timeframes, minimum coverage requirements for proof of 2810 financial responsibility for specified motor vehicles; 2811 defining the term "for-hire passenger transportation 2812 vehicle"; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2813 act; amending s. 324.022, F.S.; revising, at specified 2814 timeframes, minimum liability coverage requirements 2815 for motor vehicle owners or operators; revising 2816 authorized methods for meeting such requirements; 2817 revising the vehicles that are excluded from the 2818 definition of the term "motor vehicle" and providing 2819 security requirements for certain excluded vehicles; 2820 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2821 conforming cross-references; amending s. 324.0221, 2822 F.S.; revising applicability of certain insurer 2823 reporting and notice requirements as to policies

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2824 providing certain coverages; conforming provisions to 2825 changes made by the act; amending s. 324.023, F.S.; 2826 conforming cross-references; amending s. 324.031, 2827 F.S.; revising applicability of a provision 2828 authorizing certain methods of proving financial 2829 responsibility; revising, at specified timeframes, the 2830 amount of a certificate of deposit required for a 2831 specified method of proof of financial responsibility; 2832 revising excess liability coverage requirements for a 2833 person electing to use such method; amending s. 2834 324.032, F.S.; revising financial responsibility 2835 requirements for owners or lessees of for-hire 2836 passenger transportation vehicles and the 2837 applicability of such requirements; revising a 2838 requirement for a motor vehicle liability policy 2839 obtained to comply with such requirements; amending ss. 324.051, 324.071, 324.091, and 324.151, F.S.; 2840 2841 making technical changes; amending s. 324.161, F.S.; 2842 revising requirements for a certificate of deposit 2843 that is required if a person elects a certain method 2844 of providing financial responsibility; amending s. 2845 324.171, F.S.; revising, at specified timeframes, the 2846 minimum net worth requirements to qualify certain persons as self-insurers; conforming provisions to 2847 2848 changes made by the act; amending s. 324.251, F.S.; 2849 revising the short title and an effective date; amending s. 400.9905, F.S.; revising the definition of 2850 2851 the term "clinic"; amending ss. 400.991 and 400.9935, 2852 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the

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2853 act; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; revising the 2854 definition of the term "third-party benefit"; amending s. 409.910, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 2855 2856 "medical coverage"; making technical changes; amending s. 456.057, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; 2857 2858 amending s. 456.072, F.S.; revising specified grounds 2859 for discipline for certain health professions; 2860 amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; conforming a provision to 2861 changes made by the act; revising the type of 2862 insurance coverage applicable to a certain prohibited 2863 act; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 2864 626.989, F.S.; revising the definition of the term 2865 "fraudulent insurance act"; amending s. 627.06501, 2866 F.S.; revising coverages that may provide for a 2867 reduction in motor vehicle insurance policy premium 2868 charges under certain circumstances; amending s. 2869 627.0652, F.S.; revising coverages that must provide a 2870 premium charge reduction under certain circumstances; 2871 amending s. 627.0653, F.S.; revising coverages subject 2872 to premium discounts for specified motor vehicle 2873 equipment; amending s. 627.4132, F.S.; revising the 2874 coverages of a motor vehicle policy which are subject 2875 to a stacking prohibition; amending s. 627.7263, F.S.; 2876 revising provisions relating to designation of primary 2877 coverages for rental and leasing driver's insurance; 2878 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2879 creating s. 627.7265, F.S.; requiring specified motor 2880 vehicle liability insurance policies to include 2881 medical payments coverage; specifying persons such



2882 coverage must protect; specifying the minimum medical 2883 expense coverage and minimum death benefit required 2884 under such coverage; providing construction relating 2885 to limits on certain other coverages; prohibiting 2886 insurers from offering such coverage to an applicant 2887 or policyholder with a deductible; specifying medical 2888 services and care required to be covered under such 2889 coverage; authorizing insurers to exclude medical 2890 payment benefits under certain circumstances; 2891 providing that medical payments benefits are primary 2892 to certain health insurance benefits and apply to the 2893 coinsurance or deductible amounts required by certain 2894 health insurance policies, except under certain 2895 circumstances; providing that a medical payments 2896 insurance policy, under certain circumstances, may 2897 include a subrogation provision for medical payments 2898 benefits paid; requiring insurers, upon receiving a 2899 certain notice, to hold a specified reserve for 2900 certain purposes for a specified time; providing that 2901 the reserve requirement does not require insurers to 2902 establish a claim reserve for accounting purposes; 2903 specifying requirements, procedures, limitations, and 2904 prohibitions relating to charges and billing for care 2905 of bodily injuries under medical payments coverage; defining the term "service year"; requiring the 2906 2907 Department of Health to adopt a certain rule; 2908 providing insurers a civil cause of action against 2909 certain persons who are convicted of or plead quilty or nolo contendre to certain acts of insurance fraud 2910

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2911 associated with claims for medical payments coverage 2912 benefits; requiring insurers receiving notice of a 2913 claim to provide a specified fraud advisory notice to 2914 certain persons; providing that claims generated as a 2915 result of certain patient brokering activities are 2916 nonreimbursable; authorizing notices, documentation, 2917 transmissions, or communications to be transferred 2918 electronically in a secure manner; amending s. 2919 627.727, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 2920 by the act; amending s. 627.7275, F.S.; revising 2921 applicability and required coverages for a motor 2922 vehicle insurance policy; conforming provisions to 2923 changes made by the act; amending s. 627.728, F.S.; 2924 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; 2925 amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; revising the definitions 2926 of the terms "policy" and "binder"; revising the 2927 coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy for 2928 which a licensed general lines agent may charge a 2929 specified fee; revising applicability; conforming a 2930 cross-reference; amending s. 627.7415, F.S.; revising, 2931 at specified intervals, the minimum levels of certain 2932 liability insurance required for commercial motor 2933 vehicles; amending s. 627.8405, F.S.; revising 2934 coverages in a policy sold in combination with an 2935 accidental death and dismemberment policy, which a 2936 premium finance company may not finance; revising 2937 rulemaking authority of the commission; amending ss. 627.915, 628.909, 705.184, and 713.78, F.S.; 2938 2939 conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

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2940 amending s. 817.234, F.S.; revising coverages that are 2941 the basis of specified prohibited false and fraudulent insurance claims; conforming a provision to changes 2942 2943 made by the act; conforming a cross-reference; 2944 providing applicability and construction relating to 2945 changes made by the act; defining the term "minimum 2946 security requirements"; providing requirements and 2947 procedures relating to motor vehicle insurance 2948 policies that include personal injury protection as of 2949 a specified date; requiring an insurer to provide, by 2950 a specified date, a specified notice to policyholders 2951 relating to requirements under the act; providing for 2952 construction relating to suspensions for failure to 2953 maintain required security in effect before a 2954 specified date; providing an appropriation; providing 2955 effective dates.