By Senator Rouson

	19-00400-18 2018306
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to housing discrimination; amending s.
3	760.07, F.S.; removing housing discrimination as a
4	cause of action for certain relief and damages
5	stemming from violations of the Florida Civil Rights
6	Act of 1992; amending s. 760.34, F.S.; revising the
7	conditions under which an aggrieved person may
8	commence a civil action in any appropriate court
9	against a specified respondent to enforce specified
10	rights; providing that the aggrieved person does not
11	need to take specified actions before bringing a civil
12	action; making technical changes; amending s. 760.35,
13	F.S.; authorizing, rather than requiring, a civil
14	action to commence within 2 years after an alleged
15	discriminatory housing practice; authorizing an
16	aggrieved person to commence a civil action regardless
17	of whether a specified complaint has been filed and
18	regardless of the status of any such complaint;
19	prohibiting an aggrieved person from filing a
20	specified action in certain circumstances; providing
21	an exception; prohibiting an aggrieved person from
22	commencing a specified civil action if an
23	administrative law judge has commenced a hearing on
24	the record on the allegation; providing an effective
25	date.
26	
27	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
28	
29	Section 1. Section 760.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to
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30 read: 31 760.07 Remedies for unlawful discrimination.-Any violation of any Florida statute that makes making unlawful discrimination 32 because of race, color, religion, gender, pregnancy, national 33 34 origin, age, handicap, or marital status in the areas of 35 education, employment, housing, or public accommodations gives 36 rise to a cause of action for all relief and damages described 37 in s. 760.11(5), unless greater damages are expressly provided for. If the statute prohibiting unlawful discrimination provides 38 39 an administrative remedy, the action for equitable relief and damages provided for in this section may be initiated only after 40 the plaintiff has exhausted his or her administrative remedy. 41 42 The term "public accommodations" does not include lodge halls or other similar facilities of private organizations which are made 43 44 available for public use occasionally or periodically. The right to trial by jury is preserved in any case in which the plaintiff 45 46 is seeking actual or punitive damages.

Section 2. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 760.34,
Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsections (5) and (6) of
that section are republished, to read:

50

760.34 Enforcement.-

51 (2) Any person who files a complaint under subsection (1) 52 must do so be filed within 1 year after the alleged 53 discriminatory housing practice occurred. The complaint must be 54 in writing and shall state the facts upon which the allegations of a discriminatory housing practice are based. A complaint may 55 be reasonably and fairly amended at any time. A respondent may 56 57 file an answer to the complaint against him or her and, with the 58 leave of the commission, which shall be granted whenever it

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19-00400-18 2018306 88 (1) An aggrieved person may commence a civil action shall 89 be commenced no later than 2 years after an alleged discriminatory housing practice has occurred. However, the court 90 91 shall continue a civil case brought pursuant to this section or 92 s. 760.34 from time to time before bringing it to trial if the court believes that the conciliation efforts of the commission 93 94 or local agency are likely to result in satisfactory settlement 95 of the discriminatory housing practice complained of in the 96 complaint made to the commission or to the local agency and 97 which practice forms the basis for the action in court. Any 98 sale, encumbrance, or rental consummated prior to the issuance 99 of any court order issued under the authority of ss. 760.20-100 760.37 and involving a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer, or 101 tenant without actual notice of the existence of the filing of a 102 complaint or civil action under the provisions of ss. 760.20-103 760.37 shall not be affected. 104 (2) An aggrieved person may commence a civil action under 105 this section regardless of whether a complaint has been filed 106 under s. 760.34(1) and regardless of the status of any such 107 complaint. If the commission has obtained a conciliation 108 agreement with the consent of an aggrieved person under s. 109 760.36, the aggrieved person may not file any action under this 110 section regarding the alleged discriminatory housing practice 111 that forms the basis for the complaint except for the purpose of 112 enforcing the terms of such an agreement. (3) An aggrieved person may not commence a civil action 113 114 under this section regarding an alleged discriminatory housing practice if an administrative law judge has commenced a hearing 115 116 on the record on the allegation.

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19-00400-18 2018306 117 (4) (4) (2) If the court finds that a discriminatory housing 118 practice has occurred, it shall issue an order prohibiting the practice and providing affirmative relief from the effects of 119 120 the practice, including injunctive and other equitable relief, 121 actual and punitive damages, and reasonable attorney attorney's 122 fees and costs. 123 (5) (a) (3) (a) If the commission is unable to obtain 124 voluntary compliance with ss. 760.20-760.37 or has reasonable cause to believe that a discriminatory practice has occurred: 125 126 1. The commission may institute an administrative 127 proceeding under chapter 120; or 128 2. The person aggrieved may request administrative relief 129 under chapter 120 within 30 days after receiving notice that the 130 commission has concluded its investigation under s. 760.34. 131 (b) Administrative hearings shall be conducted pursuant to 132 ss. 120.569 and 120.57(1). The respondent must be served written 133 notice by certified mail. If the administrative law judge finds 134 that a discriminatory housing practice has occurred or is about 135 to occur, he or she shall issue a recommended order to the 136 commission prohibiting the practice and recommending affirmative 137 relief from the effects of the practice, including quantifiable 138 damages and reasonable attorney attorney's fees and costs. The commission may adopt, reject, or modify a recommended order only 139 140 as provided under s. 120.57(1). Judgment for the amount of damages and costs assessed pursuant to a final order by the 141 142 commission may be entered in any court having jurisdiction 143 thereof and may be enforced as any other judgment. 144 (c) The district courts of appeal may, upon the filing of

145 appropriate notices of appeal, review final orders of the

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146	commission pursuant to s. 120.68. Costs or fees may not be
147	assessed against the commission in any appeal from a final order
148	issued by the commission under this subsection. Unless
149	specifically ordered by the court, the commencement of an appeal
150	does not suspend or stay an order of the commission.
151	(d) This subsection does not prevent any other legal or
152	administrative action provided by law.
153	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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