	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
	•	
	•	
	•	
	•	

The Committee on Appropriations (Gibson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Between lines 496 and 497 insert:

1 2 3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

Section 18. (1) Section 790.401, Florida Statutes, is designed to temporarily prevent individuals who are at high risk of harming themselves or others from accessing firearms by allowing family, household members, and law enforcement to obtain a court order when there is demonstrated evidence that the person poses a significant danger, including danger as a



11 result of a dangerous mental health crisis or violent behavior. 12 (2) The purpose and intent of section 790.401, Florida 13 Statutes, is to reduce gun deaths and injuries, while respecting 14 constitutional rights, by providing a court procedure for 15 family, household members, and law enforcement to obtain an 16 order temporarily restricting a person's access to firearms. 17 Court orders are intended to be limited to situations in which 18 the person poses a significant danger of harming himself or 19 herself or others by possessing a firearm, and include standards 20 and safequards to protect the rights of respondents and due 21 process of law. 22 Section 19. Section 790.401, Florida Statutes, may be cited 23 as "The Risk Protection Order Act." 24 Section 20. Section 790.401, Florida Statutes, is created 2.5 to read: 26 790.401 Risk protection orders.-27 (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term: 28 (a) "Family or household member" has the same meaning as 29 provided in s. 741.28. The term includes a person who: 30 1. Has a biological or legal parent-child relationship with 31 the respondent, including stepparents and stepchildren and 32 grandparents and grandchildren. 33 2. Is acting or has acted as the respondent's legal 34 quardian. 35 (b) "Petitioner" means the individual who petitions for an 36 order under this section. 37 (c) "Respondent" means the individual who is identified as 38 the respondent in a petition filed under this section. 39 (d) "Risk protection order" means an ex parte temporary

41

42

43

44 45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58 59

60

61

62

6.3 64

65

66

67

68



order or a final order granted under this section.

- (2) PETITION FOR A RISK PROTECTION ORDER.—There is created an action known as a petition for a risk protection order.
- (a) A petition for a risk protection order may be filed by a family or household member of the respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency.
- (b) An action under this section must be filed in the county where the petitioner resides or the county where the respondent resides.
 - (c) A petition must:
- 1. Allege that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by potentially purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, and be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give rise to a reasonable fear of future dangerous acts by the respondent.
- 2. Identify the numbers, types, and locations of any firearms the petitioner believes to be in the respondent's current ownership, possession, custody, or control.
- 3. Identify whether there is a known existing protection order governing the respondent under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485 or under any other applicable statute.
- 4. Identify whether there is a pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or other action between the parties to the petition under the laws of this state.
- (d) The clerk of court shall verify the terms of any existing order governing the parties. The court may not delay granting relief because of the existence of a pending action

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93

94 95

96

97



between the parties or the necessity of verifying the terms of an existing order. A petition for a risk protection order may be granted whether or not there is a pending action between the parties.

- (e) If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the petitioner shall make a good faith effort to provide notice to a family or household member of the respondent and to any known third party who may be at risk of violence. The notice must state that the petitioner intends to petition the court for a risk protection order or has already done so, and include referrals to appropriate resources, including mental health, domestic violence, and counseling resources. The petitioner must attest in the petition to having provided such notice, or attest to the steps that will be taken to provide such notice.
- (f) If the petition states that disclosure of the petitioner's address would risk harm to the petitioner or any member of the petitioner's family or household, the petitioner's address may be omitted from all documents filed with the court. If the petitioner has not disclosed an address under this subsection, the petitioner must designate an alternative address at which the respondent may serve notice of any motions. If the petitioner is a law enforcement officer or agency, the address of record must be that of the law enforcement agency.
- (g) Within 90 days of receipt of the master copy from the Office of the State Courts Administrator, all clerks of court shall make available the standardized forms, instructions, and informational brochures required by subsection (14).
- (h) Fees for filing or service of process may not be charged by a court or any public agency to petitioners seeking

99

100

101

102

103

104 105

106 107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117

118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125

126



relief under this section. Petitioners shall be provided the necessary number of certified copies, forms, and instructional brochures free of charge.

- (i) A person is not required to post a bond to obtain relief in any proceeding under this section.
- (j) The circuit courts of this state have jurisdiction over proceedings under this section.
 - (3) RISK PROTECTION ORDER HEARINGS AND ISSUANCE.-
- (a) Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order a hearing to be held not later than 14 days after the date of the order and issue a notice of hearing to the respondent for the same.
- 1. The court may schedule a hearing by telephone pursuant to local court rule, to reasonably accommodate a disability, or in exceptional circumstances to protect a petitioner from potential harm. The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's identity before conducting a telephonic hearing.
- 2. The court clerk shall cause a copy of the notice of hearing and petition to be forwarded on or before the next business day to the appropriate law enforcement agency for service upon the respondent.
- 3. Personal service of the notice of hearing and petition shall be made upon the respondent by a law enforcement officer not less than 5 business days before the hearing. Service under this section takes precedence over the service of other documents, unless the other documents are of a similar emergency nature. If timely personal service cannot be made, the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135 136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143 144

145 146

147

148 149

150

151

152 153

154

155



publication or mail as provided in subsection (6). The court may not require more than two attempts at obtaining personal service and shall permit service by publication or mail after two attempts at obtaining personal service unless the petitioner requests additional time to attempt personal service. If the court issues an order permitting service by publication or mail, the court shall set the hearing date not later than 24 days after the date the order is issued.

- 4. The court may, as provided in subsection (4), issue an ex parte risk protection order pending the hearing ordered under this subsection. Such ex parte order must be served concurrently with the notice of hearing and petition.
- (b) Upon hearing the matter, if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue a risk protection order for a period that it deems appropriate, up to and including, but not exceeding, 12 months.
- (c) In determining whether grounds for a risk protection order exist, the court may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- 1. A recent act or threat of violence by the respondent against self or others, whether or not such violence or threat of violence involves a firearm.
- 2. An act or threat of violence by the respondent within the past 12 months, including, but not limited to, acts or threats of violence by the respondent against self or others.
 - 3. A recurring mental health issue of the respondent.





185	criminal history records related to the respondent.
186	(e) In a hearing under this section, the rules of evidence
187	apply to the same extent as in a domestic violence injunction
188	proceeding under s. 741.30.
189	(f) During the hearing, the court shall consider whether a
190	mental health evaluation or chemical dependency evaluation is
191	appropriate, and may order such evaluation if appropriate.
192	(g) A risk protection order must include all of the
193	<pre>following:</pre>
194	1. A statement of the grounds supporting the issuance of
195	the order.
196	2. The date and time the order was issued.
197	3. The date and time the order expires.
198	4. Whether a mental health evaluation or chemical
199	dependency evaluation of the respondent is required.
200	5. The address of the court in which any responsive
201	pleading should be filed.
202	6. Instructions for relinquishment of firearms under
203	subsection (8).
204	7. The following statement:
205	
206	"To the subject of this protection order: This order will last
207	until the date and time noted above. If you have not done so
208	already, you must surrender immediately to the (insert name of
209	local law enforcement agency) all firearms in your custody,
210	control, or possession and any license to carry a concealed
211	weapon or firearm issued to you under s. 790.06, Florida
212	Statutes. You may not have in your custody or control, or
213	purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, a



firearm while this order is in effect. You have the right to request one hearing to terminate this order, starting after the date of the issuance of this order and another hearing after ever renewal of the order, if any. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with this order."

219 220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236 237

238

239

240

241

242

214

215

216

217

- (h) When the court issues a risk protection order, the court shall inform the respondent that he or she is entitled to request termination of the order in the manner prescribed by subsection (7). The court shall provide the respondent with a form to request a termination hearing.
- (i) If the court denies the petitioner's request for a risk protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons for the court's denial.
 - (4) EX PARTE RISK PROTECTION ORDERS.-
- (a) A petitioner may request that an ex parte risk protection order be issued before a hearing for a risk protection order, without notice to the respondent, by including in the petition detailed allegations based on personal knowledge that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or others in the near future by having in his or her custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm.
- (b) In considering whether to issue an ex parte risk protection order under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence, including the evidence described in paragraph (3)(c).
- (c) If a court finds there is reasonable cause to believe that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing

244

245 246

247

248

249

250

2.51

252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261

262

263

264

265

266 267

268

269

270

271



personal injury to self or others in the near future by having in his or her custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, the court shall issue an ex parte risk protection order.

- (d) The court shall hold an ex parte risk protection order hearing in person or by telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the business day immediately following the day the petition is filed.
- (e) In accordance with paragraph (3)(a), the court shall schedule a hearing within 14 days of the issuance of an ex parte risk protection order to determine if a risk protection order should be issued under this section.
- (f) An ex parte risk protection order must include all of the following:
 - 1. A statement of the grounds asserted for the order.
 - 2. The date and time the order was issued.
 - 3. The date and time the order expires.
- 4. The address of the court in which any responsive pleading should be filed.
 - 5. The date and time of the scheduled hearing.
- 6. A description of the requirements for surrender of firearms under subsection (8).
 - 7. The following statement:

"To the subject of this protection order: This order is valid until the date and time noted above. You are required to surrender all firearms in your custody, control, or possession. You may not have in your custody or control, purchase, possess, receive, or attempt to purchase or receive, a firearm while this



order is in effect. You must surrender immediately to the (insert name of local law enforcement agency) all firearms in your custody, control, or possession and any license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued to you under s. 790.06, Florida Statutes. A hearing will be held on the date and at the time noted above to determine if a risk protection order should be issued. Failure to appear at that hearing may result in a court ruling on an order against you that is valid for 1 year. You may seek the advice of an attorney as to any matter connected with this order."

282 283

284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

299

300

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

- (g) An ex parte risk protection order issued expires upon the hearing on the risk protection order.
- (h) An ex parte risk protection order shall be served by a law enforcement officer in the same manner as provided for in subsection (3) for service of the notice of hearing and petition and shall be served concurrently with the notice of hearing and petition.
- (i) If the court denies the petitioner's request for an ex parte risk protection order, the court shall state the particular reasons for the court's denial.
 - (5) SERVICE OF RISK PROTECTION ORDERS.-
- (a) A risk protection order issued under subsection (3) must be personally served upon the respondent, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (b) The law enforcement agency with jurisdiction in the area in which the respondent resides shall serve the respondent personally, unless the petitioner elects to have the respondent served by a private party.

302

303

304

305

306

307

308

309

310

311 312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328



- (c) If service by a law enforcement agency is to be used, the clerk of the court shall cause a copy of the order issued under this section to be forwarded on or before the next business day to the law enforcement agency specified in the order for service upon the respondent. Service of an order issued under this section takes precedence over the service of other documents, unless the other documents are of a similar emergency nature.
- (d) If the law enforcement agency cannot complete service upon the respondent within 10 days, the law enforcement agency shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall provide information sufficient to permit such notification.
- (e) If an order entered by the court recites that the respondent appeared in person before the court, the necessity for further service is waived and proof of service of that order is not necessary.
- (f) If the court previously entered an order allowing service of the notice of hearing and petition, or an ex parte risk protection order, by publication or mail under subsection (6), or if the court finds there are now grounds to allow such alternate service, the court may permit service by publication or mail of the risk protection order issued under this section as provided in subsection (6). The court order must state whether the court permitted service by publication or service by mail.
- (g) Returns of service under this section must be made in accordance with the applicable court rules.
 - (6) SERVICE BY PUBLICATION OR MAIL.—
 - (a) The court may order service by publication or service



330	by mail under the circumstances permitted for such service in s.
331	741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485, except any summons must be
332	essentially in the following form:
333	
334	In the Court of the State of Florida for the
335	County of
336	
337	<u>vs. No</u>
338	Respondent
339	The State of Florida to (respondent):
340	You are hereby summoned to appear on the day of
341	, (year), at a.m./p.m., and respond to the
342	petition. If you fail to respond, a risk protection order may be
343	issued against you pursuant to the Risk Protection Order Act, s.
344	790.401, Florida Statutes, for 1 year after the date you are
345	required to appear. (An ex parte risk protection order has been
346	issued against you, restraining you from having in your custody
347	or control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving any firearms.
348	You must surrender to the (insert name of local law enforcement
349	agency) all firearms in your custody, control, or possession and
350	any license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued to you
351	under s. 790.06, Florida Statutes, within 48 hours. A copy of
352	the notice of hearing, petition, and ex parte risk protection
353	order has been filed with the clerk of this court.) (A copy of
354	the notice of hearing and petition has been filed with the clerk
355	of this court.)
356	<u></u>
357	Petitioner
358	

360 361

362

363

364

365

366

367

368

369

370

371

372

373

374

375 376

377

378

379

380

381

382

383

384

385

386



- (b) If the court orders service by publication or mail for notice of a risk protection order hearing, it shall also reissue the ex parte risk protection order, if issued, to expire on the date of the risk protection order hearing.
- (c) Following completion of service by publication or by mail for notice of a risk protection order hearing, if the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may issue a risk protection order as provided in subsection (3).
 - (7) TERMINATION AND RENEWAL OF ORDERS.—
- (a) The respondent may submit one written request for a hearing to terminate a risk protection order issued under this section, starting after the date of the issuance of the order and another hearing after ever renewal of the order, if any.
- 1. Upon receipt of the request for a hearing to terminate a risk protection order, the court shall set a date for a hearing. Notice of the request must be served on the petitioner in accordance with chapter 48. The hearing shall occur no sooner than 14 days and no later than 30 days after the date of service of the request upon the petitioner.
- 2. The respondent shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent does not pose a significant danger of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The court may consider any relevant evidence, including evidence of the considerations listed in paragraph (3)(c).
- 3. If the court finds after the hearing that the respondent has met his or her burden, the court shall terminate the order.
 - (b) The court must notify the petitioner of the impending

389

390

391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

400

401

402

403

404

405

406

407

408

409 410

411

412

413

414

415

416



expiration of a risk protection order. Notice must be received by the petitioner 105 calendar days before the date the order expires.

- (c) A family or household member of a respondent or a law enforcement officer or agency may by motion request a renewal of a risk protection order at any time within 105 calendar days before the expiration of the order.
- 1. Upon receipt of the motion to renew, the court shall order that a hearing be held not later than 14 days after the date the order is issued.
- a. The court may schedule a hearing by telephone in the manner prescribed by subparagraph (3)(a)1.
- b. The respondent shall be personally served in the same manner prescribed by subparagraphs (3) (a) 2. and 3.
- 2. In determining whether to renew a risk protection order issued under this section, the court shall consider all relevant evidence presented by the petitioner and follow the same procedure as provided in subsection (3).
- 3. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the requirements for issuance of a risk protection order as provided in subsection (3) continue to be met, the court shall renew the order. However, if, after notice, the motion for renewal is uncontested and the petitioner seeks no modification of the order, the order may be renewed on the basis of the petitioner's motion or affidavit stating that there has been no material change in relevant circumstances since entry of the order and stating the reason for the requested renewal.
- 4. The renewal of a risk protection order has a duration of 1 year, subject to termination as provided in paragraph (a) or

418

419

420

421

422

423

424

425

426

427

428

429

430

431

432

433

434

435

436

437

438

439

440

441

442

443

444

445



further renewal by order of the court.

(8) SURRENDER OF FIREARMS.—

- (a) Upon issuance of any risk protection order under this section, including an ex parte risk protection order, the court shall order the respondent to surrender to the local law enforcement agency all firearms in the respondent's custody, control, or possession and any license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued under s. 790.06.
- (b) The law enforcement officer serving any risk protection order under this section, including an ex parte risk protection order, shall request that the respondent immediately surrender all firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession and any license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm issued under s. 790.06, and conduct any search permitted by law for such firearms. The law enforcement officer shall take possession of all firearms belonging to the respondent that are surrendered, in plain sight, or discovered pursuant to a lawful search. Alternatively, if personal service by a law enforcement officer is not possible, or not required because the respondent was present at the risk protection order hearing, the respondent shall surrender the firearms in a safe manner to the control of the local law enforcement agency within 48 hours of being served with the order by alternate service or within 48 hours of the hearing at which the respondent was present.
- (c) At the time of surrender, a law enforcement officer taking possession of a firearm or license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm shall issue a receipt identifying all firearms that have been surrendered and provide a copy of the receipt to the respondent. Within 72 hours after service of the order, the

447

448

449

450

451

452

453

454

455

456

457

458

459

460

461

462

463

464

465

466

467 468

469

470

471 472

473

474



law enforcement officer serving the order shall file the original receipt with the court and shall ensure that his or her law enforcement agency retains a copy of the receipt.

- (d) Upon the sworn statement or testimony of the petitioner or of any law enforcement officer alleging that the respondent has failed to comply with the surrender of firearms as required by an order issued under this section, the court shall determine whether probable cause exists to believe that the respondent has failed to surrender all firearms in his or her possession, custody, or control. If probable cause exists, the court shall issue a warrant describing the firearms and authorizing a search of the locations where the firearms are reasonably believed to be and the seizure of any firearms discovered pursuant to such search.
- (e) If a person other than the respondent claims title to any firearms surrendered pursuant to this section, and he or she is determined by the law enforcement agency to be the lawful owner of the firearm, the firearm shall be returned to him or her, provided that:
- 1. The firearm is removed from the respondent's custody, control, or possession and the lawful owner agrees to store the firearm in a manner such that the respondent does not have access to or control of the firearm.
- 2. The firearm is not otherwise unlawfully possessed by the owner.
- (f) Upon the issuance of a risk protection order, the court shall order a new hearing date and require the respondent to appear not later than 3 business days from the issuance of the order. The court shall require a showing that the person subject

476 477

478

479

480 481

482

483

484

485 486

487

488

489

490

491

492

493 494

495

496

497

498

499

500

501

502

503



to the order has surrendered any firearms in his or her custody, control, or possession. The court may dismiss the hearing upon a satisfactory showing that the respondent is in compliance with the order.

- (g) All law enforcement agencies must develop policies and procedures by June 1, 2019, regarding the acceptance, storage, and return of firearms required to be surrendered under this section.
 - (9) RETURN AND DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS.-
- (a) If a risk protection order is terminated or expires without renewal, a law enforcement agency holding any firearm that has been surrendered pursuant to this section shall return any surrendered firearm requested by a respondent only after confirming, through a background check, that the respondent is currently eligible to own or possess firearms under federal and state law and after confirming with the court that the risk protection order has terminated or has expired without renewal.
- (b) A law enforcement agency must, if requested, provide prior notice of the return of a firearm to a respondent to family or household members of the respondent.
- (c) Any firearm surrendered by a respondent pursuant to subsection (8) that remains unclaimed by the lawful owner shall be disposed of in accordance with the law enforcement agency's policies and procedures for the disposal of firearms in police custody.
 - (10) REPORTING OF ORDERS.—
- (a) The clerk of the court shall enter any risk protection order or ex parte risk protection order issued under this section into the uniform case reporting system on the same day



such order is issued.

504

505

506

507

508

509

510

511

512

513

514

515

516

517

518

519

520

521

522

523

524

525 526

527

528

529

530

531

532

(b) The clerk of the court shall forward a copy of an order issued under this section the same day such order is issued to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order, the law enforcement agency shall enter the order into the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, any other federal or state computerbased systems used by law enforcement or others to identify prohibited purchasers of firearms, and any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order must remain in each system for the period stated in the order, and the law enforcement agency shall only expunge orders from the systems that have expired or terminated. Entry into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state.

(c) The issuing court shall, within 3 business days after issuance of a risk protection order or ex parte risk protection order, forward a copy of the respondent's driver license or identification card, or comparable information, along with the date of order issuance, to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Upon receipt of the information, the department shall determine if the respondent has a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm. If the respondent does have a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm, the department shall immediately revoke the license.

(d) If a risk protection order is terminated before its

534

535

536

537

538

539

540

541 542

543

544

545 546

547

548

549

550

551

552

553 554

555

556

557

558

559

560

561



expiration date, the clerk of the court shall forward the same day a copy of the termination order to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the termination order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall promptly remove the order from any computer-based system in which it was entered pursuant to paragraph (b).

(11) PENALTIES.-

- (a) Any person who files a petition under this section knowing the information in such petition to be materially false, or with the intent to harass the respondent commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) 1.a Except as provided in sub-subparagraph b., a person who has in his or her custody or control a firearm or purchases, possesses, or receives a firearm with knowledge that he or she is prohibited from doing so by an order issued under this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- b. If a person has two or more previous convictions for violating an order issued under this section, the person commits a felony of the third degree punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 2. A person who is convicted of an offense under this paragraph is prohibited from having a firearm in his or her custody or control or purchasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive a firearm for a period of 5 years after the date the existing order under this section expires.

563 564

565

566

567

568

569

570

571

572

573

574

575

576

577

578

579

580 581

582

583

584

585

586

587

588

589



- (12) LAW ENFORCEMENT RETAINS OTHER AUTHORITY.—This section does not affect the ability of a law enforcement officer to remove a firearm or license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm from any person or conduct any search and seizure for firearms pursuant to other lawful authority.
- (13) LIABILITY.—Except as provided in subsection (11), this section does not impose criminal or civil liability on any person or entity for acts or omissions related to obtaining a risk protection order or ex parte risk protection order, including, but not limited to, reporting, declining to report, investigating, declining to investigate, filing, or declining to file a petition under this section.
 - (14) INSTRUCTIONAL AND INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.-
- (a) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall develop and prepare instructions and informational brochures, standard petitions and risk protection order forms, and a court staff handbook on the risk protection order process. The standard petition and order forms must be used after June 1, 2019, for all petitions filed and orders issued under this section. The instructions, brochures, forms, and handbook shall be prepared in consultation with interested persons, including representatives of gun violence prevention groups, judges, and law enforcement personnel. Materials must be based on best practices and available electronically online to the public.
- 1. The instructions must be designed to assist petitioners in completing the petition, and must include a sample of a standard petition and order for protection forms.
- 2. The instructions and standard petition must include a means for the petitioner to identify, with only layman's

592

593

594

595

596

597

598

599 600

601

602

603

604

605

606

607

608

609

610

611

612

613

614

615

616

617

618

619



knowledge, the firearms the respondent may own, possesses, receive, or have in his or her custody or control. The instructions must provide pictures of types of firearms that the petitioner may choose from to identify the relevant firearms, or an equivalent means to allow petitioners to identify firearms without requiring specific or technical knowledge regarding the firearms.

- 3. The informational brochure must describe the use of and the process for obtaining, modifying, and terminating a risk protection order under this section, and provide relevant forms.
- 4. The risk protection order form must include, in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal penalties resulting from violation of the order, and the following statement: "You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating this order's provisions. Only the court can change the order and only upon written application."
- 5. The court staff handbook must allow for the addition of a community resource list by the court clerk.
- (b) All court clerks may create a community resource list of crisis intervention, mental health, substance abuse, interpreter, counseling, and other relevant resources serving the county in which the court is located. The court may make the community resource list available as part of or in addition to the informational brochures described in paragraph (a).
- (c) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall distribute a master copy of the petition and order forms, instructions, and informational brochures to all court clerks. Distribution of all documents shall, at a minimum, be in an electronic format or formats accessible to all courts and court



clerks in the state.

(d) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall determine the significant non-English-speaking or limited English-speaking populations in the state. The office shall then arrange for translation of the instructions and informational brochures required by this section, which shall contain a sample of the standard petition and order for protection forms, into the languages spoken by those significant non-English-speaking populations or limited English-speaking populations and shall distribute a master copy of the translated instructions and informational brochures to all court clerks by December 1, 2018.

(e) The Office of the State Courts Administrator shall update the instructions, brochures, standard petition and risk protection order forms, and court staff handbook as necessary, including when changes in the law make an update necessary.

635 636

637

638

640

641

642

643

644

645

646

647

648

620

621

622

623

624

625

626

627

62.8

629

630

631

632

633

634

======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ======== And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 2

639 and insert:

> An act relating to veteran identification and gun safety; providing intent; providing a short title; creating s. 790.401, F.S.; defining terms; creating an action known as a petition for a risk protection order to prevent persons who are at high risk of harming themselves or others from accessing firearms; providing requirements for petitions for such orders; providing duties for courts and clerks of court; prohibiting fees for filing of such petitions;

650

651 652

653

654

655

656

657

658

659

660

661

662

663

664

665

666

667

668

669

670

671

672 673

674

675

676



providing for jurisdiction for such petitions; requiring hearings on petitions within a specified period; providing for service; providing grounds that may be considered in determining whether to grant such a petition; providing requirements for proceedings; providing requirements for such orders; providing for ex parte orders in certain circumstances; providing for service of orders; providing for termination or renewal of an order; providing for the surrender and storage of firearms after issuance of such an order; requiring law enforcement agencies to develop certain policies and procedures by a certain date; providing for return of firearms upon termination of an order; requiring the reporting of such an order to specified agencies; requiring the termination of a license to carry a concealed weapon or firearm that is held by a person subject to such an order; prohibiting a person from knowingly filing a petition for such an order which contains materially false or misleading statements; providing criminal penalties; prohibiting violations of such an order; providing criminal penalties; prohibiting persons convicted of violating such an order from possessing a firearm for a specified period; providing construction; providing that provisions do not create liability for certain acts or omissions; requiring development and distribution of certain instructional and informational material; creating s.