

26 | to gain the knowledge and skills necessary to succeed. The
27 | school shall serve any student in the state who meets the
28 | profile for success in this educational delivery context and
29 | shall give priority to:

30 | 1. Students who need expanded access to courses in order
31 | to meet their educational goals, such as home education students
32 | and students in inner-city and rural high schools who do not
33 | have access to higher-level courses.

34 | 2. Students seeking accelerated access in order to obtain
35 | a high school diploma at least one semester early.

36 | 3. Dependent children of active duty military personnel
37 | not stationed in the state whose home of record is Florida or
38 | whose State of Legal Residence Certificate, DD Form 2058, lists
39 | Florida.

40 |
41 | The board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School shall
42 | identify appropriate performance measures and standards based on
43 | student achievement that reflect the school's statutory mission
44 | and priorities, and shall implement an accountability system for
45 | the school that includes assessment of its effectiveness and
46 | efficiency in providing quality services that encourage high
47 | student achievement, seamless articulation, and maximum access.

48 | (10) For purposes of the enrollment of a dependent child
49 | of active duty military personnel as a part-time or full-time
50 | student in the Florida Virtual School, the Florida Virtual

51 School may use the State of Legal Residence Certificate, DD Form
52 2058, to verify residency for the child and may serve the
53 student directly. Funding for such students shall be provided in
54 accordance with subsection (3).

55 Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 1003.05, Florida
56 Statutes, is amended to read:

57 1003.05 Assistance to transitioning students from military
58 families.—

59 (3) Dependent children of active duty military personnel
60 who otherwise meet the eligibility criteria for special academic
61 programs offered through public schools shall be given first
62 preference for admission to such programs even if the program is
63 being offered through a public school other than the school to
64 which the student would generally be assigned. If such a program
65 is offered through a public school other than the school to
66 which the student would generally be assigned, the parent or
67 guardian of the student must assume responsibility for
68 transporting the student to that school. For purposes of this
69 subsection, special academic programs include the Florida
70 Virtual School, magnet schools, advanced studies programs,
71 advanced placement, dual enrollment, Advanced International
72 Certificate of Education, and International Baccalaureate.

73 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.