House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

Senate

Floor: WD/2R 03/03/2018 09:59 AM

Senator Bracy moved the following:

Senate Substitute for Amendment (366264) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 61 - 79

and insert:

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Section 3. Section 406.136, Florida Statutes, is amended to 6 7 read:

406.136 A photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who 10 was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a



12 victim of a mass shooting.-

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(1) As used in this section, the term:

14 (a) "Killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in 15 accordance with his or her official duties" means all acts or 16 events that cause or otherwise relate to the death of a law 17 enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her 18 official duties, including any related acts or events 19 immediately preceding or subsequent to the acts or events that 20 were the proximate cause of death.

(b) "Killing of a victim of a mass shooting" means all acts or events that cause or otherwise relate to the death of a person, not including the perpetrator, who is killed in an incident in which three or more people, not including the perpetrator, are killed by an intentional act of gun violence by another person.

(c) "Killing of a victim of a school shooting" means all acts or events that cause or otherwise relate to the death of a person, not including the perpetrator, who is killed in an incident at a school by an intentional act of gun violence by another person, including any related acts or events immediately preceding or subsequent to the acts or events that were the proximate cause of death.

(2) A photograph or video or audio recording that depicts
or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was
acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the
<u>killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a</u>
<u>victim of a mass shooting</u> is confidential and exempt from s.
119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, except
that a surviving spouse of the decedent may view and copy any

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such photograph or video recording or listen to or copy any such 41 42 audio recording. If there is no surviving spouse, then the 43 surviving parents shall have access to such records. If there is 44 no surviving spouse or parent, the then an adult children child shall have access to such records. 45

(3) (a) The deceased's surviving relative, with whom authority rests to obtain such records, may designate in writing an agent to obtain such records.

(b) A local governmental entity, or a state or federal agency, in furtherance of its official duties, pursuant to a written request, may view or copy a photograph or video recording or may listen to or copy an audio recording of the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting, and, unless otherwise required in the performance 57 of its their duties, the identity of the deceased shall remain 58 confidential and exempt.

(c) The custodian of the record, or his or her designee, may not permit any other person to view or copy such photograph or video recording or listen to or copy such audio recording 61 without a court order.

63 (4) (a) The court, upon a showing of good cause, may issue 64 an order authorizing any person to view or copy a photograph or 65 video recording that depicts or records the killing of a law 66 enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her 67 official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting, or to listen to 68 69 or copy an audio recording that depicts or records the killing

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of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting, and may prescribe any restrictions or stipulations that the court deems appropriate.

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(b) In determining good cause, the court shall consider:

1. Whether such disclosure is necessary for the public evaluation of governmental performance;

2. The seriousness of the intrusion into the family's right to privacy and whether such disclosure is the least intrusive means available; and

3. The availability of similar information in other public records, regardless of form.

(c) In all cases, the viewing, copying, listening to, or other handling of a photograph or video or audio recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting must be under the direct supervision of the custodian of the record or his or her designee.

90 (5) A surviving spouse shall be given reasonable notice of a petition filed with the court to view or copy a photograph or 91 92 video recording that depicts or records the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her 93 94 official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, 95 or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting, or to listen to 96 or copy any such audio recording, a copy of such petition, and 97 reasonable notice of the opportunity to be present and heard at any hearing on the matter. If there is no surviving spouse, then 98

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99 such notice must be given to the parents of the deceased and, if 100 the deceased has no <u>surviving</u> living parent, then to the adult 101 children of the deceased.

102 (6) (a) Any custodian of a photograph or video or audio 103 recording that depicts or records the killing of a law 104 enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her 105 official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, 106 or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting who willfully and 107 knowingly violates this section commits a felony of the third 108 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 109 775.084.

(b) Any person who willfully and knowingly violates a court order issued pursuant to this section commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(c) A criminal or administrative proceeding is exempt from 114 115 this section but, unless otherwise exempted, is subject to all 116 other provisions of chapter 119; - provided, however, that this section does not prohibit a court in a criminal or 117 118 administrative proceeding upon good cause shown from restricting 119 or otherwise controlling the disclosure of a killing, crime 120 scene, or similar photograph or video or audio recording 121 recordings in the manner prescribed in this section herein.

(7) <u>The</u> This exemption <u>in this section</u> shall be given retroactive application and shall apply to all photographs or video or audio recordings that depict or record the killing of a law enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting,

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128 regardless of whether the killing of the person occurred before, on, or after July 1, 2015 2011. However, nothing in this section 129 130 herein is intended to, nor may be construed to, overturn or 131 abrogate or alter any existing orders duly entered into by any 132 court of this state, as of the effective date of this act, which 133 restrict or limit access to any photographs or video or audio 134 recordings that depict or record the killing of a law 135 enforcement officer who was acting in accordance with his or her official duties, the killing of a victim of a school shooting, 136 137 or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting.

(8) This section only applies to such photographs and video and audio recordings held by an agency as defined in s. 119.011.

(9) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2023, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 4. (1) The Legislature finds that it is a public necessity that the address of victims of an incident of mass violence be made exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution. After an incident of mass violence has occurred, victims of such an incident are in a vulnerable state as they assist law enforcement with the investigation of the incident and try to recover from the events that occurred. In some instances, the victim may have been killed or injured leaving their families to deal with the aftermath of the crime. The public availability of such victim's address may be used to locate the victim or the victim's family. The availability of such information has allowed people to take advantage of the victims or their families by subjecting the

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157 victims or their families to media intrusions at their homes and 158 other unwelcome intrusions into their privacy. Therefore, it is 159 necessary that the address of victims of incidents of mass 160 violence be protected to ensure that persons affected by such 161 incidents are not harassed, taken advantage of, or otherwise 162 subjected to additional pain and suffering.

(2) The Legislature also finds that it is a public 163 164 necessity that photographs and video and audio recordings that 165 depict or record the killing of a victim of a school shooting or 166 the killing of a victim of a mass shooting be made confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), 167 168 Article I of the State Constitution. The Legislature finds that 169 photographs and video and audio recordings that depict or record 170 the killing of a victim of a school shooting or the killing of a 171 victim of a mass shooting render a graphic and often disturbing 172 visual or aural representation of the deceased. Such photographs 173 and video and audio recordings provide a view of the deceased in the final moments of life, often bruised, bloodied, broken, with 174 175 bullet wounds or other wounds, cut open, dismembered, or 176 decapitated. As such, photographs and video and audio recordings 177 that depict or record the killing of a victim of a school shooting or the killing of a victim of a mass shooting are 178 179 highly sensitive representations of the deceased which, if heard, viewed, copied, or publicized, could result in trauma, 180 181 sorrow, humiliation, or emotional injury to the immediate family 182 of the deceased and detract from the memory of the deceased. The 183 Legislature recognizes that the existence of the Internet and 184 the proliferation of personal computers and cellular telephones throughout the world encourages and promotes the wide 185

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186 dissemination of such photographs and video and audio recordings 187 24 hours a day and that widespread unauthorized dissemination of 188 such photographs and video and audio recordings would subject 189 the immediate family of the deceased to continuous injury. 190 (3) In addition to the emotional and mental injury that 191 these photographs and recordings may cause family members, the 192 Legislature is also concerned that dissemination of photographs 193 and video and audio recordings that depict or record the killing 194 of a victim of a school shooting or the killing of a victim of a 195 mass shooting is harmful to the public. The Legislature is 196 gravely concerned and saddened by the horrific mass killings 197 perpetrated at the Pulse nightclub in Orlando, the Fort 198 Lauderdale-Hollywood International Airport, and Marjory Stoneman 199 Douglas High School. The Legislature is concerned that, if these 200 photographs and recordings are released, terrorists will use 201 them to attract followers, bring attention to their causes, and 202 inspire others to kill. The Legislature also finds that 203 dissemination of these photographs and recordings may also educe 204 violent acts by the mentally ill or morally corrupt. 205 (4) The Legislature further recognizes that there continues 206 to be other types of available information, such as crime scene 207 reports, which are less intrusive and injurious to the immediate 208 family of the deceased and which continue to provide for public 209 oversight. The Legislature further finds that the exemption 210 provided in s. 406.136, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act 211 should be given retroactive application because it is remedial 212 in nature. 213 214



215	And the title is amended as follows:
216	Delete lines 10 - 11
217	and insert:
218	criminal investigative information; amending s.
219	406.136, F.S.; expanding an exemption from public
220	records requirements for a photograph or video or
221	audio recording held by an agency that depicts or
222	records the killing of a law enforcement officer to
223	include a photograph or video or audio recording held
224	by an agency that depicts or records the killing of a
225	victim of a school shooting or the killing of a victim
226	of a mass shooting; providing for future legislative
227	review and repeal of the exemption; providing
228	statements of public necessity; providing an effective

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