

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/13/2019 House

The Committee on Infrastructure and Security (Lee) recommended the following:

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. <u>Sections 627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732,</u> 627.733, 627.734, 627.736, 627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, Florida Statutes, which comprise the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, are repealed. Section 2. <u>Section 627.7407, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u> Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 316.646, Florida

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)



11 Statutes, is amended to read:

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12 316.646 Security required; proof of security and display 13 thereof.-

14 (1) Any person required by s. 324.022 to maintain liability security for property damage, liability security, required by s. 15 16 324.023 to maintain liability security for bodily injury, or 17 death, or required by s. 627.733 to maintain personal injury 18 protection security on a motor vehicle shall have in his or her 19 immediate possession at all times while operating such motor 20 vehicle proper proof of maintenance of the required security 21 required under s. 324.021(7).

(a) Such proof <u>must</u> shall be in a uniform paper or electronic format, as prescribed by the department, a valid insurance policy, an insurance policy binder, a certificate of insurance, or such other proof as may be prescribed by the department.

(b)1. The act of presenting to a law enforcement officer an electronic device displaying proof of insurance in an electronic format does not constitute consent for the officer to access any information on the device other than the displayed proof of insurance.

2. The person who presents the device to the officer assumes the liability for any resulting damage to the device.

Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 318.18, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

318.18 Amount of penalties.—The penalties required for a noncriminal disposition pursuant to s. 318.14 or a criminal offense listed in s. 318.17 are as follows:

(2) Thirty dollars for all nonmoving traffic violations



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(b) For all violations of ss. 320.0605, 320.07(1), 322.065, and 322.15(1). <u>A Any</u> person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.07(1) shall be charged a delinquent fee pursuant to s. 320.07(4).

45 1. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 320.0605 46 or s. 320.07 can show proof of having a valid registration at 47 the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case 48 and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds 49 it impossible or impractical to obtain a valid registration 50 certificate must submit an affidavit detailing the reasons for 51 the impossibility or impracticality. The reasons may include, 52 but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle was sold, 53 stolen, or destroyed; that the state in which the vehicle is 54 registered does not issue a certificate of registration; or that 55 the vehicle is owned by another person.

2. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 322.03, s. 322.065, or s. 322.15 can show a driver license issued to him or her and valid at the time of arrest, the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a dismissal fee of up to \$10.

61 3. If a person who is cited for a violation of s. 316.646 62 can show proof of security as required by s. 324.021(7) s. 63 627.733, issued to the person and valid at the time of arrest, 64 the clerk of the court may dismiss the case and may assess a 65 dismissal fee of up to \$10. A person who finds it impossible or 66 impractical to obtain proof of security must submit an affidavit 67 detailing the reasons for the impracticality. The reasons may include, but are not limited to, the fact that the vehicle has 68

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69 since been sold, stolen, or destroyed; that the owner or 70 registrant of the vehicle is not required by s. 627.733 to 71 maintain personal injury protection insurance; or that the 72 vehicle is owned by another person.

Section 5. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (5) of section 320.02, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 320.02 Registration required; application for registration;

forms.-

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77 (5) (a) Proof that bodily injury liability coverage and property damage liability coverage personal injury protection 78 79 benefits have been purchased if required under s. 324.022, s. 80 324.032, or s. 627.742 s. 627.733, that property damage liability coverage has been purchased as required under s. 81 82 324.022, that bodily injury liability or death coverage has been 83 purchased if required under s. 324.023, and that combined bodily 84 liability insurance and property damage liability insurance have been purchased if required under s. 627.7415 must shall be 85 provided in the manner prescribed by law by the applicant at the 86 time of application for registration of any motor vehicle that 87 is subject to such requirements. The issuing agent may not shall 88 89 refuse to issue registration if such proof of purchase is not 90 provided. Insurers shall furnish uniform proof-of-purchase cards 91 in a paper or electronic format in a form prescribed by the department and include the name of the insured's insurance 92 93 company, the coverage identification number, and the make, year, and vehicle identification number of the vehicle insured. The 94 95 card must contain a statement notifying the applicant of the 96 penalty specified under s. 316.646(4). The card or insurance policy, insurance policy binder, or certificate of insurance or 97

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98 a photocopy of any of these; an affidavit containing the name of 99 the insured's insurance company, the insured's policy number, 100 and the make and year of the vehicle insured; or such other 101 proof as may be prescribed by the department <u>constitutes shall</u> 102 <del>constitute</del> sufficient proof of purchase. If an affidavit is 103 provided as proof, it must be in substantially the following 104 form:

Under penalty of perjury, I ... (Name of insured)... do hereby certify that I have ... (bodily injury liability and Personal Injury Protection, property damage liability, and, if required, Bodily Injury Liability)... insurance currently in effect with ... (Name of insurance company)... under ... (policy number)... covering ... (make, year, and vehicle identification number of vehicle).... (Signature of Insured)...

Such affidavit must include the following warning:

WARNING: GIVING FALSE INFORMATION IN ORDER TO OBTAIN A VEHICLE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER FLORIDA LAW. ANYONE GIVING FALSE INFORMATION ON THIS AFFIDAVIT IS SUBJECT TO PROSECUTION.

121 If an application is made through a licensed motor vehicle 122 dealer as required under s. 319.23, the original or a <u>photocopy</u> 123 <del>photostatic copy</del> of such card, insurance policy, insurance 124 policy binder, or certificate of insurance or the original 125 affidavit from the insured <u>must shall</u> be forwarded by the dealer 126 to the tax collector of the county or the Department of Highway

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Safety and Motor Vehicles for processing. By executing the aforesaid affidavit, <u>a</u> no licensed motor vehicle dealer <u>is not</u> will be liable in damages for any inadequacy, insufficiency, or falsification of any statement contained therein. A card must also indicate the existence of any bodily injury liability insurance voluntarily purchased.

133 (d) The verifying of proof of personal injury protection 134 insurance, proof of property damage liability insurance, proof of combined bodily liability insurance and property damage 135 136 liability insurance, or proof of financial responsibility 137 insurance and the issuance or failure to issue the motor vehicle 138 registration under the provisions of this chapter may not be 139 construed in any court as a warranty of the reliability or 140 accuracy of the evidence of such proof, or as meaning that the 141 provisions of any insurance policy furnished as proof of 142 financial responsibility comply with state law. Neither the 143 department nor any tax collector is liable in damages for any inadequacy, insufficiency, falsification, or unauthorized 144 modification of any item of the proof of personal injury 145 146 protection insurance, proof of property damage liability insurance, proof of combined bodily liability insurance and 147 property damage liability insurance, or proof of financial 148 149 responsibility before insurance prior to, during, or subsequent 150 to the verification of the proof. The issuance of a motor 151 vehicle registration does not constitute prima facie evidence or 152 a presumption of insurance coverage. 153 Section 6. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

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320.0609 Transfer and exchange of registration license

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156 plates; transfer fee.-

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(b) The transfer of a license plate from a vehicle disposed of to a newly acquired vehicle does not constitute a new registration. The application for transfer shall be accepted without requiring proof of personal injury protection or liability insurance.

Section 7. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, and subsection (3) of that section is amended, to read:

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.-

(1) DEFINITIONS.—The following words, terms, and phrases when used in this section have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(g) "Garage liability insurance" means, beginning January 1, 2020, combined single-limit liability coverage, including property damage and bodily injury liability coverage, in the amount of at least \$60,000.

175 (3) APPLICATION AND FEE.-The application for the license 176 application must shall be in such form as may be prescribed by 177 the department and is shall be subject to such rules with 178 respect thereto as may be so prescribed by the department it. Such application must shall be verified by oath or affirmation 179 180 and must shall contain a full statement of the name and birth 181 date of the person or persons applying for the license therefor; 182 the name of the firm or copartnership, with the names and places 183 of residence of all members thereof, if such applicant is a firm or copartnership; the names and places of residence of the 184



185 principal officers, if the applicant is a body corporate or 186 other artificial body; the name of the state under whose laws 187 the corporation is organized; the present and former place or 188 places of residence of the applicant; and the prior business in 189 which the applicant has been engaged and its the location 190 thereof. The Such application must shall describe the exact location of the place of business and must shall state whether 191 192 the place of business is owned by the applicant and when acquired, or, if leased, a true copy of the lease must shall be 193 attached to the application. The applicant shall certify that 194 195 the location provides an adequately equipped office and is not a 196 residence; that the location affords sufficient unoccupied space 197 upon and within which adequately to store all motor vehicles 198 offered and displayed for sale; and that the location is a 199 suitable place where the applicant can in good faith carry on 200 such business and keep and maintain books, records, and files 201 necessary to conduct such business, which must shall be 202 available at all reasonable hours to inspection by the 203 department or any of its inspectors or other employees. The 204 applicant shall certify that the business of a motor vehicle dealer is the principal business that will which shall be 205 206 conducted at that location. The application must shall contain a 207 statement that the applicant is either franchised by a 2.08 manufacturer of motor vehicles, in which case the name of each 209 motor vehicle that the applicant is franchised to sell must 210 shall be included, or an independent (nonfranchised) motor 211 vehicle dealer. The application must shall contain other 212 relevant information as may be required by the department. The 213 applicant shall furnish, including evidence, in a form approved

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214 by the department, that the applicant is insured under a garage 215 liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance 216 policy coupled with a business automobile policy having the 217 coverages and limits of the garage liability insurance coverage 218 in accordance with paragraph (1)(g), which shall include, at a 219 minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit liability coverage 220 including bodily injury and property damage protection and 221 \$10,000 personal injury protection. However, a salvage motor 222 vehicle dealer as defined in subparagraph (1)(c)5. is exempt 223 from the requirements for garage liability insurance and 224 personal injury protection insurance on those vehicles that 225 cannot be legally operated on roads, highways, or streets in 226 this state. Franchise dealers must submit a garage liability 227 insurance policy, and all other dealers must submit a garage 228 liability insurance policy or a general liability insurance 229 policy coupled with a business automobile policy. Such policy 230 must shall be for the license period, and evidence of a new or 231 continued policy must shall be delivered to the department at 232 the beginning of each license period. Upon making an initial 233 application, the applicant shall pay to the department a fee of 234 \$300 in addition to any other fees required by law. Applicants 235 may choose to extend the licensure period for 1 additional year 236 for a total of 2 years. An initial applicant shall pay to the department a fee of \$300 for the first year and \$75 for the 237 238 second year, in addition to any other fees required by law. An 239 applicant for renewal shall pay to the department \$75 for a 1-240 year renewal or \$150 for a 2-year renewal, in addition to any other fees required by law. Upon making an application for a 241 change of location, the applicant person shall pay a fee of \$50 242



243 in addition to any other fees now required by law. The 244 department shall, in the case of every application for initial 245 licensure, verify whether certain facts set forth in the 246 application are true. Each applicant, general partner in the 247 case of a partnership, or corporate officer and director in the 248 case of a corporate applicant shall, must file a set of 249 fingerprints with the department for the purpose of determining 250 any prior criminal record or any outstanding warrants. The 251 department shall submit the fingerprints to the Department of 252 Law Enforcement for state processing and forwarding to the 253 Federal Bureau of Investigation for federal processing. The 254 actual cost of state and federal processing must shall be borne 255 by the applicant and is in addition to the fee for licensure. 256 The department may issue a license to an applicant pending the 257 results of the fingerprint investigation, which license is fully 258 revocable if the department subsequently determines that any 259 facts set forth in the application are not true or correctly 260 represented.

Section 8. Paragraph (j) of subsection (3) of section 320.771, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.771 License required of recreational vehicle dealers.-

(3) APPLICATION.-The application for such license shall be in the form prescribed by the department and subject to such rules as may be prescribed by it. The application shall be verified by oath or affirmation and shall contain:

(j) A statement that the applicant is insured under a 269 garage liability insurance policy in accordance with s. 320.27(1)(g), which shall include, at a minimum, \$25,000 combined single-limit liability coverage, including bodily

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272 injury and property damage protection, and \$10,000 personal 273 injury protection, if the applicant is to be licensed as a 274 dealer in, or intends to sell, recreational vehicles.

The department shall, if it deems necessary, cause an investigation to be made to ascertain if the facts set forth in the application are true and shall not issue a license to the applicant until it is satisfied that the facts set forth in the application are true.

Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 322.251, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

322.251 Notice of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification of license.-

285 (1) All orders of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 286 disqualification issued under the provisions of this chapter, 287 chapter 318, or chapter 324 must, or ss. 627.732-627.734 shall 288 be given either by personal delivery thereof to the licensee 289 whose license is being canceled, suspended, revoked, or 290 disqualified or by deposit in the United States mail in an 291 envelope, first class, postage prepaid, addressed to the 292 licensee at his or her last known mailing address furnished to 293 the department. Such mailing by the department constitutes 294 notification, and any failure by the person to receive the mailed order will not affect or stay the effective date or term 295 296 of the cancellation, suspension, revocation, or disqualification 297 of the licensee's driving privilege.

(2) The giving of notice and an order of cancellation,
suspension, revocation, or disqualification by mail is complete
upon expiration of 20 days after deposit in the United States

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301 mail for all notices except those issued under chapter 324 or 302 ss. 627.732-627.734, which are complete 15 days after deposit in 303 the United States mail. Proof of the giving of notice and an 304 order of cancellation, suspension, revocation, or 305 disqualification in either manner must shall be made by entry in 306 the records of the department that such notice was given. The 307 entry is admissible in the courts of this state and constitutes 308 sufficient proof that such notice was given. 309 Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 322.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 310 311 322.34 Driving while license suspended, revoked, canceled, 312 or disgualified.-313 (8) (a) Upon the arrest of a person for the offense of 314 driving while the person's driver license or driving privilege 315 is suspended or revoked, the arresting officer shall determine: 316 1. Whether the person's driver license is suspended or 317 revoked. 318 2. Whether the person's driver license has remained 319 suspended or revoked since a conviction for the offense of 320 driving with a suspended or revoked license. 321 3. Whether the suspension or revocation was made under s. 322 316.646 or s. 627.733, relating to failure to maintain required 323 security, or under s. 322.264, relating to habitual traffic offenders. 324 325 4. Whether the driver is the registered owner or coowner of 326 the vehicle. 327 Section 11. Section 324.011, Florida Statutes, is amended 328 to read: 329 324.011 Legislative intent and purpose of chapter.-It is

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330 the Legislature's intent of this chapter to ensure that the 331 privilege of owning or operating a motor vehicle in this state 332 is exercised recognize the existing privilege to own or operate 333 a motor vehicle on the public streets and highways of this state 334 when such vehicles are used with due consideration for others' 335 safety others and their property, and to promote safety, and to 336 provide financial security requirements for such owners and or 337 operators whose responsibility it is to recompense others for injury to person or property caused by the operation of a motor 338 339 vehicle. Therefore, this chapter requires that every owner or 340 operator of a motor vehicle required to be registered in this 341 state establish, maintain, and it is required herein that the 342 operator of a motor vehicle involved in a crash or convicted of 343 certain traffic offenses meeting the operative provisions of s. 344 324.051(2) shall respond for such damages and show proof of 345 financial ability to respond for damages arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle in future 346 347 accidents as a requisite to owning or operating a motor vehicle 348 in this state his or her future exercise of such privileges.

Section 12. Subsections (1) and (7) and paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 324.021, Florida Statutes, are 351 amended, and subsection (12) is added to that section, to read:

352 324.021 Definitions; minimum insurance required.-The 353 following words and phrases when used in this chapter shall, for 354 the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings respectively 355 ascribed to them in this section, except in those instances 356 where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

357 (1) MOTOR VEHICLE.-Every self-propelled vehicle that is 358 designed and required to be licensed for use upon a highway,

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359 including trailers and semitrailers designed for use with such 360 vehicles, except traction engines, road rollers, farm tractors, power shovels, and well drillers, and every vehicle that is 361 362 propelled by electric power obtained from overhead wires but not 363 operated upon rails, but not including any personal delivery 364 device or mobile carrier as defined in s. 316.003, bicycle, or 365 moped. However, the term "motor vehicle" does not include a motor vehicle as defined in s. 627.732(3) when the owner of such 366 vehicle has complied with the requirements of ss. 627.730-367 368 627.7405, inclusive, unless the provisions of s. 324.051 apply; 369 and, in such case, the applicable proof of insurance provisions 370 of s. 320.02 apply. 371 (7) PROOF OF FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY. - That Proof of 372 ability to respond in damages for liability on account of 373 crashes arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 374 motor vehicle: 375 (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, with respect to a motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle, nonpublic sector 376 377 bus, or for-hire passenger transportation vehicle, in the amount 378 of: 379 1. Twenty-five thousand dollars for \$10,000 because of 380 bodily injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash 381 and,+ 382 (b) subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of 383 \$50,000 for <del>\$20,000 because of</del> bodily injury to, or the death 384 of, two or more persons in any one crash; and 2.(c) Ten thousand dollars for damage In the amount of 385 386 \$10,000 because of injury to, or destruction of, property of 387 others in any one crash.; and

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388	(b) <del>(d)</del> With respect to commercial motor vehicles <del>and</del>
389	nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts specified in s. 627.7415
390	ss. 627.7415 and 627.742, respectively.
391	(c) With respect to nonpublic sector buses, in the amounts
392	specified in s. 627.742.
393	(d) With respect to for-hire passenger transportation
394	vehicles, in the amounts specified in s. 324.032.
395	(9) OWNER; OWNER/LESSOR
396	(c) Application.—
397	1. The limits on liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do
398	not apply to an owner of motor vehicles that are used for
399	commercial activity in the owner's ordinary course of business,
400	other than a rental company that rents or leases motor vehicles.
401	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "rental company"
402	includes only an entity that is engaged in the business of
403	renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general public and that
404	rents or leases a majority of its motor vehicles to persons with
405	no direct or indirect affiliation with the rental company. The
406	term also includes a motor vehicle dealer that provides
407	temporary replacement vehicles to its customers for up to 10
408	days. The term "rental company" also includes:
409	a. A related rental or leasing company that is a subsidiary
410	of the same parent company as that of the renting or leasing
411	company that rented or leased the vehicle.
412	b. The holder of a motor vehicle title or an equity
413	interest in a motor vehicle title if the title or equity
414	interest is held pursuant to or to facilitate an asset-backed
415	securitization of a fleet of motor vehicles used solely in the
416	business of renting or leasing motor vehicles to the general



417 public and under the dominion and control of a rental company, 418 as described in this subparagraph, in the operation of such 419 rental company's business.

420 2. Furthermore, with respect to commercial motor vehicles 421 as defined in s. 207.002 or s. 320.01 <del>s. 627.732</del>, the limits on 422 liability in subparagraphs (b)2. and 3. do not apply if, at the 423 time of the incident, the commercial motor vehicle is being used 424 in the transportation of materials found to be hazardous for the 425 purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization 426 Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq., and that is required pursuant to such act to carry placards warning others 427 428 of the hazardous cargo, unless at the time of lease or rental 429 either:

a. The lessee indicates in writing that the vehicle will
not be used to transport materials found to be hazardous for the
purposes of the Hazardous Materials Transportation Authorization
Act of 1994, as amended, 49 U.S.C. ss. 5101 et seq.; or

b. The lessee or other operator of the commercial motor
vehicle has in effect insurance with limits of at least <u>\$5</u>
<u>million</u> <del>\$5,000,000</del> combined property damage and bodily injury
liability.

438 (12) FOR-HIRE PASSENGER TRANSPORTATION VEHICLE.-Every "for-439 hire vehicle" as defined in s. 320.01(15) which is offered or 440 used to provide transportation for persons, including taxicabs, 441 limousines, and jitneys.

442 Section 13. Section 324.022, Florida Statutes, is amended 443 to read:

444 324.022 Financial responsibility <u>requirements</u> for property
445 damage.-

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(1) (a) Beginning January 1, 2020, every owner or operator of a motor vehicle required to be registered in this state shall establish and <u>continuously</u> maintain the ability to respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising out of the use of the motor vehicle in the amount of:

<u>1. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or</u> the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one crash; and

2. Ten thousand dollars for \$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction of, property of others in any one crash.

458 (b) The requirements of paragraph (a) this section may be 459 met by one of the methods established in s. 324.031; by self-460 insuring as authorized by s. 768.28(16); or by maintaining a 461 motor vehicle liability insurance policy that an insurance 462 policy providing coverage for property damage liability in the 463 amount of at least \$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction 464 of, property of others in any one accident arising out of the 465 use of the motor vehicle. The requirements of this section may 466 also be met by having a policy which provides combined property 467 damage liability and bodily injury liability coverage for any 468 one crash arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of a 469 motor vehicle which conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151 470 in the amount of at least \$60,000 for every owner or operator 471 subject to the financial responsibility required in paragraph 472 (a) \$30,000 for combined property damage liability and bodily 473 injury liability for any one crash arising out of the use of the 474 motor vehicle. The policy, with respect to coverage for property

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475	damage liability, must meet the applicable requirements of s.
476	324.151, subject to the usual policy exclusions that have been
477	approved in policy forms by the Office of Insurance Regulation.
478	No insurer shall have any duty to defend uncovered claims
479	irrespective of their joinder with covered claims.
480	(2) As used in this section, the term:
481	(a) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle that
482	has four or more wheels and that is of a type designed and
483	required to be licensed for use on the highways of this state,
484	and any trailer or semitrailer designed for use with such
485	vehicle. The term does not include the following:
486	1. A mobile home as defined in s. 320.01.
487	2. A motor vehicle that is used in mass transit and
488	designed to transport more than five passengers, exclusive of
489	the operator of the motor vehicle, and that is owned by a
490	municipality, transit authority, or political subdivision of the
491	state.
492	3. A school bus as defined in s. 1006.25, which must
493	maintain security as required under s. 316.615.
494	4. A commercial motor vehicle as defined in s. 207.002 or
495	s. 320.01, which must maintain security as required under ss.
496	324.031 and 627.7415.
497	5. A nonpublic sector bus, which must maintain security as
498	required under ss. 324.031 and 627.742.
499	<u>6.</u> 4. A <del>vehicle providing</del> for-hire <u>passenger</u> transportation
500	vehicle, which must that is subject to the provisions of s.
501	324.031. A taxicab shall maintain security as required under <u>s.</u>
502	<u>324.032</u> <del>s. 324.032(1)</del> .
503	7.5. A personal delivery device as defined in s. 316.003.

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(b) "Owner" means the person who holds legal title to a motor vehicle or the debtor or lessee who has the right to possession of a motor vehicle that is the subject of a security agreement or lease with an option to purchase.

(3) Each nonresident owner or registrant of a motor vehicle that, whether operated or not, has been physically present within this state for more than 90 days during the preceding 365 days shall maintain security as required by subsection (1). The security must be that is in effect continuously throughout the period the motor vehicle remains within this state.

514 (4) An The owner or registrant of a motor vehicle who is 515 exempt from the requirements of this section if she or he is a 516 member of the United States Armed Forces and is called to or on 517 active duty outside the United States in an emergency situation 518 is exempt from this section while he or she. The exemption 519 provided by this subsection applies only as long as the member 520 of the Armed Forces is on such active duty. This exemption 521 outside the United States and applies only while the vehicle 522 covered by the security is not operated by any person. Upon 523 receipt of a written request by the insured to whom the 524 exemption provided in this subsection applies, the insurer shall 525 cancel the coverages and return any unearned premium or suspend 526 the security required by this section. Notwithstanding s. 527  $324.0221(2) \pm 324.0221(3)$ , the department may not suspend the 528 registration or operator's license of an any owner or registrant 529 of a motor vehicle during the time she or he qualifies for the 530 an exemption under this subsection. An Any owner or registrant 531 of a motor vehicle who qualifies for the an exemption under this 532 subsection shall immediately notify the department before prior

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533 to and at the end of the expiration of the exemption. 534 Section 14. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.0221, 535 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

324.0221 Reports by insurers to the department; suspension of driver license and vehicle registrations; reinstatement.-

538 (1) (a) Each insurer that has issued a policy providing 539 personal injury protection coverage or property damage liability coverage shall report the cancellation or nonrenewal thereof to 540 541 the department within 10 days after the processing date or effective date of each cancellation or nonrenewal. Upon the 542 543 issuance of a policy providing personal injury protection 544 coverage or property damage liability coverage to a named 545 insured not previously insured by the insurer during that 546 calendar year, the insurer shall report the issuance of the new 547 policy to the department within 10 days. The report must shall 548 be in the form and format and contain any information required 549 by the department and must be provided in a format that is 550 compatible with the data processing capabilities of the 551 department. Failure by an insurer to file proper reports with 552 the department as required by this subsection constitutes a 553 violation of the Florida Insurance Code. These records may shall 554 be used by the department only for enforcement and regulatory 555 purposes, including the generation by the department of data 556 regarding compliance by owners of motor vehicles with the 557 requirements for financial responsibility coverage.

(b) With respect to an insurance policy providing personal injury protection coverage or property damage liability coverage, each insurer shall notify the named insured, or the first-named insured in the case of a commercial fleet policy, in

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562 writing that any cancellation or nonrenewal of the policy will 563 be reported by the insurer to the department. The notice must 564 also inform the named insured that failure to maintain bodily 565 injury liability personal injury protection coverage and 566 property damage liability coverage on a motor vehicle when 567 required by law may result in the loss of registration and 568 driving privileges in this state and inform the named insured of 569 the amount of the reinstatement fees required by this section. 570 This notice is for informational purposes only, and an insurer 571 is not civilly liable for failing to provide this notice.

(2) The department shall suspend, after due notice and an opportunity to be heard, the registration and driver license of any owner or registrant of a motor vehicle <u>for</u> with respect to which security is required under <u>s. 324.022</u>, <u>s. 324.032</u>, <u>s.</u> <u>627.7415</u>, or <u>s. 627.742</u> <u>ss. 324.022</u> and <u>627.733</u> upon:

(a) The department's records showing that the owner or registrant of such motor vehicle did not have <u>the</u> in full force and effect when required security in full force and effect that complies with the requirements of ss. 324.022 and 627.733; or

(b) Notification by the insurer to the department, in a form approved by the department, of cancellation or termination of the required security.

Section 15. Section 324.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

586 324.023 Financial responsibility for bodily injury or 587 death.—In addition to any other financial responsibility 588 required by law, every owner or operator of a motor vehicle that 589 is required to be registered in this state, or that is located 590 within this state, and who, regardless of adjudication of guilt,



591 has been found guilty of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo 592 contendere to a charge of driving under the influence under s. 593 316.193 after October 1, 2007, shall, by one of the methods 594 established in s. 324.031(1)(a) or (b) <del>s. 324.031(1) or (2)</del>, 595 establish and maintain the ability to respond in damages for 596 liability on account of accidents arising out of the use of a 597 motor vehicle in the amount of \$100,000 because of bodily injury 598 to, or death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$300,000 because of 599 600 bodily injury to, or death of, two or more persons in any one 601 crash and in the amount of \$50,000 because of property damage in 602 any one crash. If the owner or operator chooses to establish and 603 maintain such ability by furnishing a certificate of deposit 604 pursuant to s. 324.031(1)(b) s. 324.031(2), such certificate of 605 deposit must be at least \$350,000. Such higher limits must be 606 carried for a minimum period of 3 years. If the owner or 607 operator has not been convicted of driving under the influence 608 or a felony traffic offense for a period of 3 years from the 609 date of reinstatement of driving privileges for a violation of 610 s. 316.193, the owner or operator shall be exempt from this 611 section.

612 Section 16. Section 324.031, Florida Statutes, is amended 613 to read:

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324.031 Manner of proving financial responsibility.-

615 <u>(1)</u> The owner or operator of a taxicab, limousine, jitney, 616 or any other for-hire passenger transportation vehicle may prove 617 financial responsibility by providing satisfactory evidence of 618 holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 619 324.021(8) or s. 324.151, which policy is issued by an insurance



620	carrier which is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty
621	Association. The operator or owner of <u>a motor vehicle other than</u>
622	a for-hire passenger transportation vehicle any other vehicle
623	may prove his or her financial responsibility by:
624	<u>(a)</u> Furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor
625	vehicle liability policy as defined in ss. 324.021(8) and
626	324.151;
627	(b) (2) Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance showing a
628	deposit of cash in accordance with s. 324.161; or
629	<u>(c)</u> Furnishing a certificate of self-insurance issued by
630	the department in accordance with s. 324.171.
631	(2)(a) Beginning January 1, 2020, any person, including any
632	firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other person,
633	other than a natural person, electing to use the method of proof
634	specified in <u>paragraph (1)(b)</u> subsection (2) shall furnish a
635	certificate of deposit equal to the number of vehicles owned
636	times <u>\$60,000</u> <del>\$30,000</del> , to a maximum of <u>\$240,000.</u> <del>\$120,000;</del>
637	(b) In addition, any such person <del>, other than a natural</del>
638	person, shall maintain insurance providing coverage conforming
639	to the requirements of s. 324.151 in excess of the amount of the
640	certificate of deposit, with limits of at least:
641	1. One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily
642	injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and,
643	subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000
644	for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in
645	any one crash, and \$50,000 for damage to, or destruction of,
646	property of others in any one crash; or
647	2. Three hundred thousand dollars for combined bodily
648	injury liability and property damage liability for any one crash

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649	\$10,000/20,000/10,000 or \$30,000 combined single limits, and
650	such excess insurance shall provide minimum limits of
651	\$125,000/250,000/50,000 or \$300,000 combined single limits.
652	These increased limits shall not affect the requirements for
653	proving financial responsibility under s. 324.032(1).
654	Section 17. Section 324.032, Florida Statutes, is amended
655	to read:
656	324.032 <del>Manner of proving</del> Financial responsibility <u>for</u> ;
657	for-hire passenger transportation vehiclesNotwithstanding the
658	provisions of s. 324.031:
659	(1) An owner or lessee of a for-hire passenger
660	transportation vehicle that is required to be registered in this
661	state shall establish and continuously maintain the ability to
662	respond in damages for liability on account of accidents arising
663	out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the for-hire
664	passenger transportation vehicle, in the amount of:
665	(a) One hundred twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily
666	injury to, or the death of, one person in any one crash and,
667	subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$250,000
668	for bodily injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in
669	any one crash; and A person who is either the owner or a lessee
670	required to maintain insurance under s. 627.733(1)(b) and who
671	operates one or more taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other
672	for-hire passenger transportation vehicles may prove financial
673	responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of holding a
674	motor vehicle liability policy, but with minimum limits of
675	\$125,000/250,000/50,000.
676	(b) Fifty thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction
677	of, property of others in any one crash <del>A person who is either</del>

of, property of others in any one crash A person who is either

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678 owner or a lessee required to maintain insurance under the 679 324.021(9)(b) and who operates limousines, jitneys, or any other 680 for-hire passenger vehicles, other than taxicabs, may prove 681 financial responsibility by furnishing satisfactory evidence of 682 holding a motor vehicle liability policy as defined in s. 324.031. 683 684 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3), the requirements 685

of this section must be met by the owner or lessee providing satisfactory evidence of holding a motor vehicle liability policy conforming to the requirements of s. 324.151 which is issued by an insurance carrier that is a member of the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association.

690 (3) (2) An owner or a lessee who is required to maintain 691 insurance under s. 324.021(9) (b) and who operates at least 300 692 taxicabs, limousines, jitneys, or any other for-hire passenger 693 transportation vehicles may provide financial responsibility by 694 complying with the provisions of s. 324.171, which must such 695 compliance to be demonstrated by maintaining at its principal place of business an audited financial statement, prepared in 696 697 accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and 698 providing to the department a certification issued by a 699 certified public accountant that the applicant's net worth is at least equal to the requirements of s. 324.171 as determined by 700 701 the Office of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services 702 Commission, including claims liabilities in an amount certified 703 as adequate by a Fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society.

705 Upon request by the department, the applicant <u>shall</u> must 706 provide the department at the applicant's principal place of



707 business in this state access to the applicant's underlying 708 financial information and financial statements that provide the 709 basis of the certified public accountant's certification. The 710 applicant shall reimburse the requesting department for all 711 reasonable costs incurred by it in reviewing the supporting 712 information. The maximum amount of self-insurance permissible 713 under this subsection is \$300,000 and must be stated on a per-714 occurrence basis, and the applicant shall maintain adequate 715 excess insurance issued by an authorized or eligible insurer 716 licensed or approved by the Office of Insurance Regulation. All 717 risks self-insured shall remain with the owner or lessee 718 providing it, and the risks are not transferable to any other 719 person, unless a policy complying with subsections (1) and (2) 720 subsection (1) is obtained.

Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 324.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.051 Reports of crashes; suspensions of licenses and registrations.-

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(b) This subsection does shall not apply:

1. To such operator or owner if such operator or owner had in effect at the time of such crash or traffic conviction <u>a</u> <u>motor vehicle</u> an <u>automobile</u> liability policy with respect to all of the registered motor vehicles owned by such operator or owner.

732 2. To such operator, if not the owner of such motor 733 vehicle, if there was in effect at the time of such crash or 734 traffic conviction <u>a motor vehicle</u> <del>an automobile</del> liability 735 policy or bond with respect to his or her operation of motor



736 vehicles not owned by him or her.

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737 3. To such operator or owner if the liability of such 738 operator or owner for damages resulting from such crash is, in 739 the judgment of the department, covered by any other form of 740 liability insurance or bond.

4. To any person who has obtained from the department a certificate of self-insurance, in accordance with s. 324.171, or to any person operating a motor vehicle for such self-insurer.

No such policy or bond shall be effective under this subsection unless it contains limits of not less than those specified in s. 324.021(7).

Section 19. Section 324.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

750 324.071 Reinstatement; renewal of license; reinstatement 751 fee.-An Any operator or owner whose license or registration has 752 been suspended pursuant to s. 324.051(2), s. 324.072, s. 753 324.081, or s. 324.121 may effect its reinstatement upon 754 compliance with the provisions of s. 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., or 755 s. 324.081(2) and (3), as the case may be, and with one of the 756 provisions of s. 324.031 and upon payment to the department of a 757 nonrefundable reinstatement fee of \$15. Only one such fee may 758 shall be paid by any one person regardless irrespective of the 759 number of licenses and registrations to be then reinstated or 760 issued to such person. All Such fees must shall be deposited to 761 a department trust fund. If When the reinstatement of any 762 license or registration is effected by compliance with s. 763 324.051(2)(a)3. or 4., the department may shall not renew the 764 license or registration within a period of 3 years after from

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765 such reinstatement, nor <u>may shall</u> any other license or 766 registration be issued in the name of such person, unless the 767 operator <u>continues</u> is continuing to comply with one of the 768 provisions of s. 324.031.

Section 20. Subsection (1) of section 324.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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324.091 Notice to department; notice to insurer.-

772 (1) Each owner and operator involved in a crash or 773 conviction case within the purview of this chapter shall furnish 774 evidence of automobile liability insurance or motor vehicle 775 liability insurance within 14 days after the date of the mailing 776 of notice of crash by the department in the form and manner as 777 it may designate. Upon receipt of evidence that a an automobile 778 liability policy or motor vehicle liability policy was in effect 779 at the time of the crash or conviction case, the department 780 shall forward to the insurer such information for verification 781 in a method as determined by the department. The insurer shall 782 respond to the department within 20 days after the notice as to 783 whether or not such information is valid. If the department 784 determines that a an automobile liability policy or motor 785 vehicle liability policy was not in effect and did not provide 786 coverage for both the owner and the operator, it must shall take 787 action as it is authorized to do under this chapter.

788 Section 21. Section 324.151, Florida Statutes, is amended 789 to read:

324.151 Motor vehicle liability policies; required provisions.-

792 (1) A motor vehicle liability policy <u>that serves as</u> to be 793 proof of financial responsibility under <u>s. 324.031(1)(a) must</u> <del>s.</del>



794 324.031(1), shall be issued to owners or operators of motor 795 vehicles under the following provisions:

796 (a) A motor vehicle An owner's liability insurance policy issued to an owner of a motor vehicle registered in this state 797 798 must shall designate by explicit description or by appropriate 799 reference all motor vehicles for with respect to which coverage 800 is thereby granted. The policy must and shall insure the person 801 or persons owner named therein and any other person as operator 802 using such motor vehicle or motor vehicles with the express or 803 implied permission of such owner against loss from the liability 804 imposed by law for damage arising out of the ownership, 805 maintenance, or use of any such motor vehicle or motor vehicles 806 within the United States or the Dominion of Canada, subject to 807 limits, exclusive of interest and costs with respect to each 808 such motor vehicle, as is provided for under s. 324.021(7). 809 Insurers may make available, with respect to property damage 810 liability coverage, a deductible amount not to exceed \$500. In 811 the event of a property damage loss covered by a policy 812 containing a property damage deductible provision, the insurer 813 shall pay to the third-party claimant the amount of any property 814 damage liability settlement or judgment, subject to policy 815 limits, as if no deductible existed.

(b) An operator's motor vehicle liability policy of
insurance <u>must</u> shall insure the person <u>or persons</u> named therein
against loss from the liability imposed upon him or her by law
for damages arising out of the use by the person of any motor
vehicle not owned by him or her, with the same territorial
limits and subject to the same limits of liability as referred
to above with respect to an owner's policy of liability

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823 insurance.

824 (c) All such motor vehicle liability policies must shall 825 state the name and address of the named insured, the coverage 826 afforded by the policy, the premium charged therefor, the policy 827 period, and the limits of liability, and must shall contain an 828 agreement or be endorsed that insurance is provided in 829 accordance with the coverage defined in this chapter as respects 830 bodily injury and death or property damage or both and is subject to all provisions of this chapter. The Said policies 831 832 must shall also contain a provision that the satisfaction by an 833 insured of a judgment for such injury or damage may shall not be 834 a condition precedent to the right or duty of the insurance 835 carrier to make payment on account of such injury or damage, and 836 must shall also contain a provision that bankruptcy or 837 insolvency of the insured or of the insured's estate may shall 838 not relieve the insurance carrier of any of its obligations 839 under the said policy.

840 (2) The provisions of This section is shall not be 841 applicable to any motor vehicle automobile liability policy unless and until it is furnished as proof of financial 842 843 responsibility for the future pursuant to s. 324.031, and then applies only from and after the date the said policy is so 844 845 furnished.

Section 22. Section 324.161, Florida Statutes, is amended 846 847 to read:

324.161 Proof of financial responsibility; deposit.-If a 849 person elects to prove his or her financial responsibility under 850 the method of proof specified in s. 324.031(1)(b), he or she 851 annually must obtain and submit to the department proof of a

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852 certificate of deposit in the amount required under s. 853 324.031(2) from a financial institution insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union 854 855 Administration Annually, before any certificate of insurance may 856 be issued to a person, including any firm, partnership, 857 association, corporation, or other person, other than a natural 858 person, proof of a certificate of deposit of \$30,000 issued and 859 held by a financial institution must be submitted to the 860 department. A power of attorney will be issued to and held by 861 the department and may be executed upon a judgment issued 862 against such person making the deposit, for damages for because 863 of bodily injury to or death of any person or for damages for 864 because of injury to or destruction of property resulting from 865 the use or operation of any motor vehicle occurring after such 866 deposit was made. Money so deposited is shall not be subject to 867 attachment or execution unless such attachment or execution 868 arises shall arise out of a lawsuit suit for such damages as 869 aforesaid.

Section 23. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 324.171, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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324.171 Self-insurer.-

(1) A Any person may qualify as a self-insurer by obtaining a certificate of self-insurance from the department. which may, in its discretion and Upon application of such a person, the department may issue a said certificate of self-insurance to an applicant who satisfies when such person has satisfied the requirements of this section. Effective January 1, 2020 to qualify as a self-insurer under this section: 879

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(a) A private individual with private passenger vehicles

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881 shall possess a net unencumbered worth of at least \$100,000
882 \$40,000.

(b) A person, including any firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other person, other than a natural person, shall:

1. Possess a net unencumbered worth of at least  $\frac{100,000}{900}$  $\frac{100,000}{900}$  for the first motor vehicle and  $\frac{50,000}{900}$  for each additional motor vehicle; or

2. Maintain sufficient net worth, in an amount determined 889 890 by the department, to be financially responsible for potential 891 losses. The department annually shall determine the minimum net 892 worth sufficient to satisfy this subparagraph as determined 893 annually by the department, pursuant to rules adopted 894 promulgated by the department  $\tau$  with the assistance of the Office 895 of Insurance Regulation of the Financial Services Commission, to 896 be financially responsible for potential losses. The rules must 897 consider any shall take into consideration excess insurance 898 carried by the applicant. The department's determination must 899 shall be based upon reasonable actuarial principles considering 900 the frequency, severity, and loss development of claims incurred 901 by casualty insurers writing coverage on the type of motor 902 vehicles for which a certificate of self-insurance is desired.

903 (c) The owner of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in 904 s. 207.002 or s. 320.01, may qualify as a self-insurer subject 905 to the standards provided for in subparagraph (b)2.

906 (2) The self-insurance certificate <u>must</u> shall provide 907 limits of liability insurance in the amounts specified under s. 908 324.021(7) or s. 627.7415 and shall provide personal injury 909 protection coverage under s. 627.733(3)(b).

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910 Section 24. Section 324.251, Florida Statutes, is amended 911 to read: 324.251 Short title.-This chapter may be cited as the 912 913 "Financial Responsibility Law of 2019 1955" and is shall become 914 effective at 12:01 a.m., January 1, 2020 October 1, 1955. 915 Section 25. Subsection (4) of section 400.9905, Florida 916 Statutes, is amended to read: 917 400.9905 Definitions.-(4) (a) "Clinic" means an entity where health care services 918 919 are provided to individuals and which tenders charges for 920 reimbursement for such services, including a mobile clinic and a 921 portable equipment provider. As used in this part, the term does 922 not include and the licensure requirements of this part do not 923 apply to: 924 1.(a) Entities licensed or registered by the state under 925 chapter 395; entities licensed or registered by the state and 926 providing only health care services within the scope of services 927 authorized under their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332, chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter 928 929 except part X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 930 466, chapter 478, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal 931 disease providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart 932 U; providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or 933 subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 934 hospital-based health care services or other health care 935 services by licensed practitioners solely within a hospital 936 licensed under chapter 395.

937 <u>2.(b)</u> Entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities 938 licensed or registered by the state pursuant to chapter 395;

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939 entities that own, directly or indirectly, entities licensed or 940 registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 941 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332, chapter 390, 942 943 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 944 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers 945 946 authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers 947 certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based 948 949 health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a 950 hospital licensed under chapter 395.

951 3.(c) Entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by 952 an entity licensed or registered by the state pursuant to 953 chapter 395; entities that are owned, directly or indirectly, by 954 an entity licensed or registered by the state and providing only 955 health care services within the scope of services authorized 956 pursuant to their respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332, 957 chapter 390, chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part 958 X, chapter 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 959 478, chapter 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease 960 providers authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; 961 providers certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric 962 963 hospital-based health care services by licensed practitioners 964 solely within a hospital under chapter 395.

965 <u>4.(d)</u> Entities that are under common ownership, directly or 966 indirectly, with an entity licensed or registered by the state 967 pursuant to chapter 395; entities that are under common

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968 ownership, directly or indirectly, with an entity licensed or 969 registered by the state and providing only health care services within the scope of services authorized pursuant to their 970 respective licenses under ss. 383.30-383.332, chapter 390, 971 972 chapter 394, chapter 397, this chapter except part X, chapter 973 429, chapter 463, chapter 465, chapter 466, chapter 478, chapter 974 484, or chapter 651; end-stage renal disease providers 975 authorized under 42 C.F.R. part 405, subpart U; providers 976 certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart B or subpart H; or 977 any entity that provides neonatal or pediatric hospital-based 978 health care services by licensed practitioners solely within a 979 hospital licensed under chapter 395.

5.(e) An entity that is exempt from federal taxation under 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) or (4), an employee stock ownership plan under 26 U.S.C. s. 409 that has a board of trustees at least two-thirds of which are Florida-licensed health care practitioners and provides only physical therapy services under physician orders, any community college or university clinic, and any entity owned or operated by the federal or state government, including agencies, subdivisions, or municipalities thereof.

989 <u>6.(f)</u> A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, 990 or corporation that provides health care services by physicians 991 covered by s. 627.419, that is directly supervised by one or 992 more of such physicians, and that is wholly owned by one or more 993 of those physicians or by a physician and the spouse, parent, 994 child, or sibling of that physician.

995 <u>7.(g)</u> A sole proprietorship, group practice, partnership, 996 or corporation that provides health care services by licensed

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997 health care practitioners under chapter 457, chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, chapter 461, chapter 462, chapter 463, 998 999 chapter 466, chapter 467, chapter 480, chapter 484, chapter 486, 1000 chapter 490, chapter 491, or part I, part III, part X, part 1001 XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468, or s. 464.012, and that is 1002 wholly owned by one or more licensed health care practitioners, 1003 or the licensed health care practitioners set forth in this 1004 subparagraph and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of a 1005 licensed health care practitioner if one of the owners who is a 1006 licensed health care practitioner is supervising the business 1007 activities and is legally responsible for the entity's 1008 compliance with all federal and state laws. However, a health 1009 care practitioner may not supervise services beyond the scope of 1010 the practitioner's license, except that, for the purposes of 1011 this part, a clinic owned by a licensee in s. 456.053(3)(b) which provides only services authorized pursuant to s. 1012 456.053(3)(b) may be supervised by a licensee specified in s. 1013 1014 456.053(3)(b).

8.(h) Clinical facilities affiliated with an accredited medical school at which training is provided for medical students, residents, or fellows.

9.(i) Entities that provide only oncology or radiation 1018 1019 therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or entities that provide oncology or radiation therapy services by physicians licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 which are owned by a corporation whose shares are 1023 publicly traded on a recognized stock exchange.

10.(i) Clinical facilities affiliated with a college of chiropractic accredited by the Council on Chiropractic Education

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at which training is provided for chiropractic students.

<u>11.(k)</u> Entities that provide licensed practitioners to staff emergency departments or to deliver anesthesia services in facilities licensed under chapter 395 and that derive at least 90 percent of their gross annual revenues from the provision of such services. Entities claiming an exemption from licensure under this <u>sub</u>paragraph must provide documentation demonstrating compliance.

<u>12.(1)</u> Orthotic, prosthetic, pediatric cardiology, or perinatology clinical facilities or anesthesia clinical facilities that are not otherwise exempt under <u>subparagraph 1.</u> <u>or subparagraph 11.</u> <u>paragraph (a) or paragraph (k)</u> and that are a publicly traded corporation or are wholly owned, directly or indirectly, by a publicly traded corporation. As used in this <u>subparagraph</u>, a publicly traded corporation is a corporation that issues securities traded on an exchange registered with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission as a national securities exchange.

<u>13.(m)</u> Entities that are owned by a corporation that has \$250 million or more in total annual sales of health care services provided by licensed health care practitioners where one or more of the persons responsible for the operations of the entity is a health care practitioner who is licensed in this state and who is responsible for supervising the business activities of the entity and is responsible for the entity's compliance with state law for purposes of this part.

1052 <u>14.(n)</u> Entities that employ 50 or more licensed health care 1053 practitioners licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 where 1054 the billing for medical services is under a single tax



1055 identification number. The application for exemption under this subsection must include shall contain information that includes: 1056 1057 the name, residence, and business address and telephone phone 1058 number of the entity that owns the practice; a complete list of 1059 the names and contact information of all the officers and 1060 directors of the corporation; the name, residence address, business address, and medical license number of each licensed 1061 1062 Florida health care practitioner employed by the entity; the 1063 corporate tax identification number of the entity seeking an 1064 exemption; a listing of health care services to be provided by 1065 the entity at the health care clinics owned or operated by the 1066 entity; and a certified statement prepared by an independent 1067 certified public accountant which states that the entity and the 1068 health care clinics owned or operated by the entity have not 1069 received payment for health care services under medical payments 1070 personal injury protection insurance coverage for the preceding 1071 year. If the agency determines that an entity that which is 1072 exempt under this subsection has received payments for medical 1073 services under medical payments personal injury protection 1074 insurance coverage, the agency may deny or revoke the exemption 1075 from licensure under this subsection.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) this subsection, an entity <u>is</u> shall be deemed a clinic and must be licensed under this part in order to receive <u>medical payments coverage</u> reimbursement under <u>s. 627.7265 unless the entity is:</u> the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, ss. 627.730-627.7405, unless exempted under s. 627.736(5)(h).

1. Wholly owned by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, or by the physician and the spouse, parent,

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1084	child, or sibling of the physician;
1085	2. Wholly owned by a dentist licensed under chapter 466, or
1086	by the dentist and the spouse, parent, child, or sibling of the
1087	dentist;
1088	3. Wholly owned by a chiropractic physician licensed under
1089	chapter 460, or by the chiropractic physician and the spouse,
1090	parent, child, or sibling of the chiropractic physician;
1091	4. A hospital or ambulatory surgical center licensed under
1092	chapter 395;
1093	5. An entity that wholly owns or is wholly owned, directly
1094	or indirectly, by a hospital or hospitals licensed under chapter
1095	<u>395;</u>
1096	6. A clinical facility affiliated with an accredited
1097	medical school at which training is provided for medical
1098	students, residents, or fellows;
1099	7. Certified under 42 C.F.R. part 485, subpart H; or
1100	8. Owned by a publicly traded corporation, either directly
1101	or indirectly through its subsidiaries, which has \$250 million
1102	or more in total annual sales of health care services provided
1103	by licensed health care practitioners, if one or more of the
1104	persons responsible for the operations of the entity are health
1105	care practitioners who are licensed in this state and are
1106	responsible for supervising the business activities of the
1107	entity and the entity's compliance with state law for purposes
1108	of this section.
1109	Section 26. Subsection (6) of section 400.991, Florida
1110	Statutes, is amended to read:
1111	400.991 License requirements; background screenings;
1112	prohibitions

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1113 (6) All agency forms for licensure application or exemption 1114 from licensure under this part must contain the following 1115 statement:

1117 INSURANCE FRAUD NOTICE.-A person commits a fraudulent 1118 insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989, Florida Statutes, if 1119 the person who knowingly submits a false, misleading, or 1120 fraudulent application or other document when applying for 1121 licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from 1122 licensure as a health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance 1123 with part X of chapter 400, Florida Statutes, with the intent to 1124 use the license, exemption from licensure, or demonstration of 1125 compliance to provide services or seek reimbursement under a 1126 motor vehicle liability insurance policy's medical payments 1127 coverage the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law, commits a fraudulent insurance act, as defined in s. 626.989, Florida 1128 Statutes. A person who presents a claim for benefits under 1129 1130 medical payments coverage, personal injury protection benefits 1131 knowing that the payee knowingly submitted such health care 1132 clinic application or document, commits insurance fraud, as 1133 defined in s. 817.234, Florida Statutes.

Section 27. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section 400.9935, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.9935 Clinic responsibilities.-

(1) Each clinic shall appoint a medical director or clinic director who shall agree in writing to accept legal responsibility for the following activities on behalf of the clinic. The medical director or the clinic director shall:

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1142 (g) Conduct systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not fraudulent or unlawful. Upon discovery 1143 1144 of an unlawful charge, the medical director or clinic director 1145 shall take immediate corrective action. If the clinic performs 1146 only the technical component of magnetic resonance imaging, 1147 static radiographs, computed tomography, or positron emission 1148 tomography, and provides the professional interpretation of such 1149 services, in a fixed facility that is accredited by a national 1150 accrediting organization that is approved by the Centers for 1151 Medicare and Medicaid Services for magnetic resonance imaging 1152 and advanced diagnostic imaging services and if, in the 1153 preceding quarter, the percentage of scans performed by that 1154 clinic which was billed to motor vehicle all personal injury 1155 protection insurance carriers under medical payments coverage 1156 was less than 15 percent, the chief financial officer of the 1157 clinic may, in a written acknowledgment provided to the agency, 1158 assume the responsibility for the conduct of the systematic reviews of clinic billings to ensure that the billings are not 1159 1160 fraudulent or unlawful.

Section 28. Subsection (28) of section 409.901, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.901 Definitions; ss. 409.901-409.920.—As used in ss. 409.901-409.920, except as otherwise specifically provided, the term:

1166 (28) "Third-party benefit" means any benefit that is or may 1167 be available at any time through contract, court award, 1168 judgment, settlement, agreement, or any arrangement between a 1169 third party and any person or entity, including, without 1170 limitation, a Medicaid recipient, a provider, another third

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

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1171 party, an insurer, or the agency, for any Medicaid-covered injury, illness, goods, or services, including costs of medical 1172 services related thereto, for bodily personal injury or for 1173 1174 death of the recipient, but specifically excluding policies of 1175 life insurance policies on the recipient, unless available under terms of the policy to pay medical expenses before prior to 1176 death. The term includes, without limitation, collateral, as 1177 1178 defined in this section;  $\tau$  health insurance;  $\tau$  any benefit under a 1179 health maintenance organization, a preferred provider 1180 arrangement, a prepaid health clinic, liability insurance, 1181 uninsured motorist insurance, or medical payments coverage; or 1182 personal injury protection coverage, medical benefits under 1183 workers' compensation, and any obligation under law or equity to 1184 provide medical support.

Section 29. Paragraph (f) of subsection (11) of section 409.910, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.910 Responsibility for payments on behalf of Medicaideligible persons when other parties are liable.-

(11) The agency may, as a matter of right, in order to enforce its rights under this section, institute, intervene in, or join any legal or administrative proceeding in its own name in one or more of the following capacities: individually, as subrogee of the recipient, as assignee of the recipient, or as lienholder of the collateral.

(f) Notwithstanding any provision in this section to the contrary, in the event of an action in tort against a third party in which the recipient or his or her legal representative is a party which results in a judgment, award, or settlement from a third party, the amount recovered shall be distributed as

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1. After <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and taxable costs as defined by the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure, one-half of the remaining recovery shall be paid to the agency up to the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid.

2. The remaining amount of the recovery shall be paid to the recipient.

3. For purposes of calculating the agency's recovery of medical assistance benefits paid, the fee for services of an attorney retained by the recipient or his or her legal representative shall be calculated at 25 percent of the judgment, award, or settlement.

4. Notwithstanding any <u>other</u> provision of this section to the contrary, the agency shall be entitled to all medical coverage benefits up to the total amount of medical assistance provided by Medicaid. For purposes of this paragraph, <u>the term</u> "medical coverage" means any benefits under health insurance, a health maintenance organization, a preferred provider arrangement, or a prepaid health clinic, and the portion of benefits designated for medical payments under <del>coverage for</del> workers' compensation <u>coverage, motor vehicle insurance</u> <u>coverage</u>, <u>personal injury protection</u>, and casualty <u>coverage</u>.

Section 30. Paragraph (k) of subsection (2) of section 456.057, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

456.057 Ownership and control of patient records; report or copies of records to be furnished; disclosure of information.-

(2) As used in this section, the terms "records owner," "health care practitioner," and "health care practitioner's employer" do not include any of the following persons or



1229 entities; furthermore, the following persons or entities are not 1230 authorized to acquire or own medical records, but are authorized 1231 under the confidentiality and disclosure requirements of this 1232 section to maintain those documents required by the part or 1233 chapter under which they are licensed or regulated: 1234 (k) Persons or entities practicing under s. 627.7265 s. 1235  $\frac{627.736(7)}{}$ 1236 Section 31. Paragraphs (ee) and (ff) of subsection (1) of 1237 section 456.072, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1238 456.072 Grounds for discipline; penalties; enforcement.-1239 (1) The following acts shall constitute grounds for which 1240 the disciplinary actions specified in subsection (2) may be 1241 taken: 1242 (ee) With respect to making a medical payments coverage 1243 personal injury protection claim under s. 627.7265 as required by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or 1244 bill that has been upcoded. As used in this paragraph, the term 1245 1246 "upcoded" means an action that submits a billing code that would 1247 result in payment greater in amount than would be paid using a 1248 billing code that accurately describes the services performed. 1249 The term does not include an otherwise lawful bill by a magnetic 1250 resonance imaging facility, which globally combines both 1251 technical and professional components, if the amount of the 1252 global bill is not more than the components if billed separately; however, payment of such a bill constitutes payment 1253 1254 in full for all components of such service "upcoded" as defined 1255 in s. 627.732.

1256(ff) With respect to making a medical payments coverage1257personal injury protection claim as required under s. 627.7265



1258 by s. 627.736, intentionally submitting a claim, statement, or 1259 bill for payment of services that were not rendered.

1260 Section 32. Paragraphs (i) and (o) of subsection (1) of 1261 section 626.9541, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1262 626.9541 Unfair methods of competition and unfair or 1263 deceptive acts or practices defined.-

(1) UNFAIR METHODS OF COMPETITION AND UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS.—The following are defined as unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices:

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(i) Unfair claim settlement practices.-

1. Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an application, when serving as a binder or intended to become a part of the policy, or any other material document which was altered without notice to, or knowledge or consent of, the insured;

2. A material misrepresentation made to an insured or any other person having an interest in the proceeds payable under such contract or policy, for the purpose and with the intent of effecting settlement of such claims, loss, or damage under such contract or policy on less favorable terms than those provided in, and contemplated by, such contract or policy; <del>or</del>

3. Committing or performing with such frequency as to indicate a general business practice any of the following:

a. Failing to adopt and implement standards for the proper investigation of claims;

1283 b. Misrepresenting pertinent facts or insurance policy 1284 provisions relating to coverages at issue;

c. Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon communications with respect to claims;

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1287 d. Denying claims without conducting reasonable1288 investigations based upon available information;

e. Failing to affirm or deny full or partial coverage of claims, and, as to partial coverage, the dollar amount or extent of coverage, or failing to provide a written statement that the claim is being investigated, upon the written request of the insured within 30 days after proof-of-loss statements have been completed;

f. Failing to promptly provide a reasonable explanation in writing to the insured of the basis in the insurance policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of a claim or for the offer of a compromise settlement;

g. Failing to promptly notify the insured of any additional information necessary for the processing of a claim; or

h. Failing to clearly explain the nature of the requested information and the reasons why such information is necessary.

i. Failing to pay personal injury protection insurance claims within the time periods required by s. 627.736(4)(b). The office may order the insurer to pay restitution to a policyholder, medical provider, or other claimant, including interest at a rate consistent with the amount set forth in s. 55.03(1), for the time period within which an insurer fails to pay claims as required by law. Restitution is in addition to any other penalties allowed by law, including, but not limited to, the suspension of the insurer's certificate of authority.

4. Failing to pay undisputed amounts of partial or full
benefits owed under first-party property insurance policies
within 90 days after an insurer receives notice of a residential
property insurance claim, determines the amounts of partial or

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1316 full benefits, and agrees to coverage, unless payment of the 1317 undisputed benefits is prevented by an act of God, prevented by 1318 the impossibility of performance, or due to actions by the 1319 insured or claimant that constitute fraud, lack of cooperation, 1320 or intentional misrepresentation regarding the claim for which 1321 benefits are owed.

(0) Illegal dealings in premiums; excess or reduced charges for insurance.-

1. Knowingly collecting any sum as a premium or charge for insurance, which is not then provided, or is not in due course to be provided, subject to acceptance of the risk by the insurer, by an insurance policy issued by an insurer as permitted by this code.

1329 2. Knowingly collecting as a premium or charge for 1330 insurance any sum in excess of or less than the premium or 1331 charge applicable to such insurance, in accordance with the 1332 applicable classifications and rates as filed with and approved 1333 by the office, and as specified in the policy; or, in cases when 1334 classifications, premiums, or rates are not required by this 1335 code to be so filed and approved, premiums and charges collected 1336 from a Florida resident in excess of or less than those 1337 specified in the policy and as fixed by the insurer. 1338 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this provision shall 1339 not be deemed to prohibit the charging and collection, by 1340 surplus lines agents licensed under part VIII of this chapter, 1341 of the amount of applicable state and federal taxes, or fees as 1342 authorized by s. 626.916(4), in addition to the premium required 1343 by the insurer or the charging and collection, by licensed 1344 agents, of the exact amount of any discount or other such fee



1345 charged by a credit card facility in connection with the use of 1346 a credit card, as authorized by subparagraph (q)3., in addition 1347 to the premium required by the insurer. This subparagraph shall 1348 not be construed to prohibit collection of a premium for a 1349 universal life or a variable or indeterminate value insurance 1350 policy made in accordance with the terms of the contract.

3.a. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for 1351 1352 bodily injury liability coverage, property damage liability coverage a policy of motor vehicle liability, personal injury 1353 1354 protection, medical payments coverage payment, or collision 1355 coverage in a motor vehicle liability insurance policy insurance 1356 or any combination thereof or refusing to renew the policy 1357 solely because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle 1358 accident unless the insurer's file contains information from 1359 which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured was 1360 substantially at fault in the accident.

b. An insurer which imposes and collects such a surcharge or which refuses to renew such policy shall, in conjunction with the notice of premium due or notice of nonrenewal, notify the named insured that he or she is entitled to reimbursement of such amount or renewal of the policy under the conditions listed below and will subsequently reimburse him or her or renew the policy, if the named insured demonstrates that the operator involved in the accident was:

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(I) Lawfully parked;

1370 (II) Reimbursed by, or on behalf of, a person responsible1371 for the accident or has a judgment against such person;

1372 (III) Struck in the rear by another vehicle headed in the1373 same direction and was not convicted of a moving traffic

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1374 violation in connection with the accident;

1375 (IV) Hit by a "hit-and-run" driver, if the accident was 1376 reported to the proper authorities within 24 hours after 1377 discovering the accident;

(V) Not convicted of a moving traffic violation in connection with the accident, but the operator of the other automobile involved in such accident was convicted of a moving traffic violation;

(VI) Finally adjudicated not to be liable by a court of competent jurisdiction;

(VII) In receipt of a traffic citation which was dismissed or nolle prossed; or

(VIII) Not at fault as evidenced by a written statement from the insured establishing facts demonstrating lack of fault which are not rebutted by information in the insurer's file from which the insurer in good faith determines that the insured was substantially at fault.

c. In addition to the other provisions of this 1391 1392 subparagraph, an insurer may not fail to renew a policy if the 1393 insured has had only one accident in which he or she was at 1394 fault within the current 3-year period. However, an insurer may 1395 nonrenew a policy for reasons other than accidents in accordance 1396 with s. 627.728. This subparagraph does not prohibit nonrenewal 1397 of a policy under which the insured has had three or more 1398 accidents, regardless of fault, during the most recent 3-year 1399 period.

1400 4. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for, or
1401 refusing to renew, a policy for motor vehicle insurance solely
1402 because the insured committed a noncriminal traffic infraction

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as described in s. 318.14 unless the infraction is:

a. A second infraction committed within an 18-month period,
or a third or subsequent infraction committed within a 36-month
period.

b. A violation of s. 316.183, when such violation is a result of exceeding the lawful speed limit by more than 15 miles per hour.

5. Upon the request of the insured, the insurer and licensed agent shall supply to the insured the complete proof of fault or other criteria which justifies the additional charge or cancellation.

6. No insurer shall impose or request an additional premium for motor vehicle insurance, cancel or refuse to issue a policy, or refuse to renew a policy because the insured or the applicant is a handicapped or physically disabled person, so long as such handicap or physical disability does not substantially impair such person's mechanically assisted driving ability.

7. No insurer may cancel or otherwise terminate any insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a consent to rate endorsement, during the stated policy term for the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or identical contract or coverage to the same insured with the same exposure at a higher premium rate or continuing an existing contract or coverage with the same exposure at an increased premium.

8. No insurer may issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance contract or coverage, or require execution of a consent to rate endorsement, for the purpose of offering to issue, or issuing, a similar or identical contract or coverage

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1432 to the same insured at a higher premium rate or continuing an 1433 existing contract or coverage at an increased premium without 1434 meeting any applicable notice requirements.

9. No insurer shall, with respect to premiums charged for motor vehicle insurance, unfairly discriminate solely on the basis of age, sex, marital status, or scholastic achievement.

10. Imposing or requesting an additional premium for motor vehicle comprehensive or uninsured motorist coverage solely because the insured was involved in a motor vehicle accident or was convicted of a moving traffic violation.

11. No insurer shall cancel or issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance policy or contract without complying with any applicable cancellation or nonrenewal provision required under the Florida Insurance Code.

12. No insurer shall impose or request an additional premium, cancel a policy, or issue a nonrenewal notice on any insurance policy or contract because of any traffic infraction when adjudication has been withheld and no points have been assessed pursuant to s. 318.14(9) and (10). However, this subparagraph does not apply to traffic infractions involving accidents in which the insurer has incurred a loss due to the fault of the insured.

Section 33. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 626.989, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.989 Investigation by department or Division of Investigative and Forensic Services; compliance; immunity; confidential information; reports to division; division investigator's power of arrest.-

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(1) For the purposes of this section:

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1461 (a) A person commits a "fraudulent insurance act" if the
1462 person:
1463 1. Knowingly and with intent to defraud presents, causes to

1464 be presented, or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will 1465 be presented, to or by an insurer, self-insurer, self-insurance 1466 fund, servicing corporation, purported insurer, broker, or any 1467 agent thereof, any written statement as part of, or in support 1468 of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of, any 1469 insurance policy, or a claim for payment or other benefit 1470 pursuant to any insurance policy, which the person knows to 1471 contain materially false information concerning any fact 1472 material thereto or if the person conceals, for the purpose of 1473 misleading another, information concerning any fact material 1474 thereto.

2. Knowingly submits:

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1476 a. A false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other 1477 document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or 1478 1479 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400 with an 1480 intent to use the license, exemption from licensure, or 1481 demonstration of compliance to provide services or seek 1482 reimbursement under a motor vehicle liability insurance policy's 1483 medical payments coverage the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault 1484 <del>Law</del>.

b. A claim for payment or other benefit <u>under medical</u>
payments coverage pursuant to a personal injury protection
insurance policy under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law if
the person knows that the payee knowingly submitted a false,
misleading, or fraudulent application or other document when

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1490 applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an
1491 exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or
1492 demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400.

1493 Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 627.06501, Florida 1494 Statutes, is amended to read:

627.06501 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing driver improvement course.-

1497 (1) Any rate, rating schedule, or rating manual for the 1498 liability, medical payments personal injury protection, and 1499 collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed 1500 with the office may provide for an appropriate reduction in 1501 premium charges as to such coverages if when the principal 1502 operator on the covered vehicle has successfully completed a 1503 driver improvement course approved and certified by the 1504 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles which is 1505 effective in reducing crash or violation rates, or both, as 1506 determined pursuant to s. 318.1451(5). Any discount, not to 1507 exceed 10 percent, used by an insurer is presumed to be 1508 appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 627.0652, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1511 627.0652 Insurance discounts for certain persons completing 1512 safety course.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical payments</u> personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must shall</u> provide for an appropriate reduction in premium charges as to such coverages <u>if</u> when the principal operator on the covered vehicle is an insured 55 years of age or

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1519 older who has successfully completed a motor vehicle accident 1520 prevention course approved by the Department of Highway Safety 1521 and Motor Vehicles. Any discount used by an insurer is presumed 1522 to be appropriate unless credible data demonstrates otherwise.

Section 36. Subsections (1), (3), and (6) of section 627.0653, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.0653 Insurance discounts for specified motor vehicle equipment.-

(1) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for the liability, <u>medical payments</u> personal injury protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must shall</u> provide a premium discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with factory-installed, four-wheel antilock brakes.

(3) Any rates, rating schedules, or rating manuals for personal injury protection coverage and medical payments coverage, if offered, of a motor vehicle insurance policy filed with the office <u>must</u> shall provide a premium discount if the insured vehicle is equipped with one or more air bags <u>that</u> which are factory installed.

1539 (6) The Office of Insurance Regulation may approve a premium discount to any rates, rating schedules, or rating 1540 1541 manuals for the liability, medical payments personal injury 1542 protection, and collision coverages of a motor vehicle insurance 1543 policy filed with the office if the insured vehicle is equipped 1544 with autonomous driving technology or electronic vehicle 1545 collision avoidance technology that is factory installed or a retrofitted system and that complies with National Highway 1546 Traffic Safety Administration standards. 1547

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1548 Section 37. Section 627.4132, Florida Statutes, is amended 1549 to read: 1550 627.4132 Stacking of coverages prohibited.-If an insured or 1551 named insured is protected by any type of motor vehicle 1552 insurance policy for bodily injury and property damage liability, personal injury protection, or other coverage, the 1553 1554 policy must shall provide that the insured or named insured is 1555 protected only to the extent of the coverage she or he has on 1556 the vehicle involved in the accident. However, if none of the 1557 insured's or named insured's vehicles are is involved in the 1558 accident, coverage is available only to the extent of coverage 1559 on any one of the vehicles with applicable coverage. Coverage on 1560 any other vehicles may shall not be added to or stacked upon 1561 that coverage. This section does not apply: 1562 (1) To uninsured motorist coverage that which is separately 1563 governed by s. 627.727. 1564 (2) To reduce the coverage available by reason of insurance 1565 policies insuring different named insureds. 1566 Section 38. Section 627.7263, Florida Statutes, is amended 1567 to read: 1568 627.7263 Rental and leasing driver's insurance to be 1569 primary; exception.-1570 (1) The valid and collectible liability insurance and 1571 medical payments coverage or personal injury protection 1572 insurance providing coverage for the lessor of a motor vehicle 1573 for rent or lease is primary unless otherwise stated in at least 1574 10-point type on the face of the rental or lease agreement. Such 1575 insurance is primary for the limits of liability and personal 1576 injury protection coverage as required by s. 324.021(7) and the Page 55 of 95



1577	medical payments coverage limit specified under s. 627.7265 <del>ss.</del>
1578	$\frac{1}{324.021(7)}$ and $627.736$ .
1579	(2) If the lessee's coverage is to be primary, the rental
1580	or lease agreement must contain the following language, in at
1581	least 10-point type:
1582	
1583	"The valid and collectible liability insurance and medical
1584	payments coverage personal injury protection insurance of an any
1585	authorized rental or leasing driver is primary for the limits of
1586	liability and personal injury protection coverage required under
1587	section 324.021(7), Florida Statutes, and the medical payments
1588	coverage limit specified under section 627.7265 by ss.
1589	<del>324.021(7) and 627.736</del> , Florida Statutes."
1590	Section 39. Section 627.7265, Florida Statutes, is created
1591	to read:
1592	627.7265 Motor vehicle insurance; medical payments
1593	coverage
1594	(1) Medical payments coverage must protect the named
1595	insured, resident relatives, persons operating the insured motor
1596	vehicle, passengers in the insured motor vehicle, and persons
1597	who are struck by the insured motor vehicle and suffer bodily
1598	injury while not an occupant of a self-propelled motor vehicle
1599	at a limit of at least \$5,000 for medical expense incurred due
1600	to bodily injury, sickness, or disease arising out of the
1601	ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle. The coverage
1602	must provide an additional death benefit of at least \$5,000.
1603	(a) Before issuing a motor vehicle liability insurance
1604	policy that is furnished as proof of financial responsibility
1605	under s. 324.031, the insurer must offer medical payments
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1606	coverage at limits of \$5,000 and \$10,000. The insurer may also
1607	offer medical payments coverage at limits greater than \$5,000.
1608	(b) The medical payments coverage must be offered with an
1609	option with no deductible. The insurer may also offer medical
1610	payments coverage with a deductible not to exceed \$500.
1611	(c) Each motor vehicle liability insurance policy that is
1612	furnished as proof of financial responsibility under s. 324.031
1613	is deemed to have:
1614	1. Medical payments coverage to a limit of \$10,000, unless
1615	the insurer obtains the policyholder's written refusal of
1616	medical payments coverage or written selection of medical
1617	payments coverage at a limit other than \$10,000. The rejection
1618	or selection of coverage at a limit other than \$10,000 must be
1619	made on a form approved by the office.
1620	2. No medical payments coverage deductible, unless the
1621	insurer obtains the policyholder's written selection of a
1622	deductible of up to \$500. The selection of a deductible must be
1623	made on a form approved by the office.
1624	(d)1. The forms in subparagraphs (c)1. and 2. must fully
1625	advise the applicant of the nature of the coverage being
1626	rejected or the policy limit or deductible being selected. If
1627	such form is signed by a named insured, it is conclusively
1628	presumed that there was an informed, knowing rejection of the
1629	coverage or election of the policy limit or deductible selected.
1630	2. Unless the policyholder requests in writing the coverage
1631	specified in this section, it need not be provided in or
1632	supplemental to any other policy that renews, insures, extends,
1633	changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing policy if the
1634	policyholder has rejected the coverage specified in this section

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1635	or has selected an alternative coverage limit or deductible. At
1636	least annually, the insurer shall provide the policyholder with
1637	a notice of the availability of such coverage in a form approved
1638	by the office. Such notice must be part of, and attached to, the
1639	notice of premium and must provide for a means to allow the
1640	insured to request medical payments coverage at the limits and
1641	deductibles required to be offered under this section. The
1642	notice must be given in a manner approved by the office. Receipt
1643	of this notice does not constitute an affirmative waiver of the
1644	insured's right to medical payments coverage if the insured has
1645	not signed a selection or rejection form.
1646	(e) This section may not be construed to limit any other
1647	coverage made available by an insurer.
1648	(2) Upon receiving notice of an accident that is
1649	potentially covered by medical payments coverage benefits, the
1650	insurer must reserve \$5,000 of medical payments coverage
1651	benefits for payment to physicians licensed under chapter 458 or
1652	chapter 459 or dentists licensed under chapter 466 who provide
1653	emergency services and care, as defined in s. 395.002, or who
1654	provide hospital inpatient care. The amount required to be held
1655	in reserve may be used only to pay claims from such physicians
1656	or dentists until 30 days after the date the insurer receives
1657	notice of the accident. After the 30-day period, any amount of
1658	the reserve for which the insurer has not received notice of
1659	such claims may be used by the insurer to pay other claims. This
1660	subsection does not require an insurer to establish a claim
1661	reserve for insurance accounting purposes.
1662	(3) An insurer providing medical payments coverage benefits
1663	may not have a:

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1664 (a) Lien on any recovery in tort by judgment, settlement, 1665 or otherwise for medical payments coverage benefits, whether 1666 suit has been filed or settlement has been reached without suit; 1667 (b) Cause of action against an alleged tortfeasor for 1668 benefits paid under medical payments coverage; or 1669 (c) Cause of action against a person to whom or for whom 1670 medical payments coverage benefits were paid, except when 1671 medical payments coverage benefits are paid by reason of fraud 1672 by such person. Section 40. Subsections (1) and (7) of section 627.727, 1673 1674 Florida Statutes, are amended, and present subsections (8), (9), 1675 and (10) of that section are redesignated as subsections (7), 1676 (8), and (9), respectively, to read: 1677 627.727 Motor vehicle insurance; uninsured and underinsured 1678 vehicle coverage; insolvent insurer protection.-(1) A No motor vehicle liability insurance policy that 1679 1680 which provides bodily injury liability coverage may not shall be 1681 delivered or issued for delivery in this state with respect to 1682 any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered 1683 or principally garaged in this state, unless uninsured motor 1684 vehicle coverage is provided therein or supplemental thereto for 1685 the protection of persons insured thereunder who are legally 1686 entitled to recover damages from owners or operators of 1687 uninsured motor vehicles because of bodily injury, sickness, or 1688 disease, including death, resulting therefrom. However, the 1689 coverage required under this section is not applicable if when, 1690 or to the extent that, an insured named in the policy makes a written rejection of the coverage on behalf of all insureds 1691 1692 under the policy. If When a motor vehicle is leased for a period



1693 of 1 year or longer and the lessor of such vehicle, by the terms 1694 of the lease contract, provides liability coverage on the leased 1695 vehicle, the lessee of such vehicle has shall have the sole 1696 privilege to reject uninsured motorist coverage or to select 1697 lower limits than the bodily injury liability limits, regardless of whether the lessor is qualified as a self-insurer pursuant to 1698 s. 324.171. Unless an insured, or a lessee having the privilege 1699 1700 of rejecting uninsured motorist coverage, requests such coverage 1701 or requests higher uninsured motorist limits in writing, the 1702 coverage or such higher uninsured motorist limits need not be 1703 provided in or supplemental to any other policy that which 1704 renews, extends, changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing 1705 policy with the same bodily injury liability limits when an 1706 insured or lessee had rejected the coverage. When an insured or 1707 lessee has initially selected limits of uninsured motorist 1708 coverage lower than her or his bodily injury liability limits, 1709 higher limits of uninsured motorist coverage need not be 1710 provided in or supplemental to any other policy that which 1711 renews, extends, changes, supersedes, or replaces an existing 1712 policy with the same bodily injury liability limits unless an 1713 insured requests higher uninsured motorist coverage in writing. 1714 The rejection or selection of lower limits must shall be made on 1715 a form approved by the office. The form must shall fully advise 1716 the applicant of the nature of the coverage and must shall state 1717 that the coverage is equal to bodily injury liability limits 1718 unless lower limits are requested or the coverage is rejected. 1719 The heading of the form must shall be in 12-point bold type and must shall state: "You are electing not to purchase certain 1720 valuable coverage that which protects you and your family or you 1721



1722 are purchasing uninsured motorist limits less than your bodily 1723 injury liability limits when you sign this form. Please read 1724 carefully." If this form is signed by a named insured, it will 1725 be conclusively presumed that there was an informed, knowing 1726 rejection of coverage or election of lower limits on behalf of 1727 all insureds. The insurer shall notify the named insured at 1728 least annually of her or his options as to the coverage required 1729 by this section. Such notice must shall be part of, and attached 1730 to, the notice of premium, must shall provide for a means to 1731 allow the insured to request such coverage, and must shall be given in a manner approved by the office. Receipt of this notice 1732 1733 does not constitute an affirmative waiver of the insured's right 1734 to uninsured motorist coverage if where the insured has not 1735 signed a selection or rejection form. The coverage described 1736 under this section must shall be over and above, but may shall 1737 not duplicate, the benefits available to an insured under any 1738 workers' compensation law, personal injury protection benefits, 1739 disability benefits law, or similar law; under any automobile 1740 medical payments expense coverage; under any motor vehicle 1741 liability insurance coverage; or from the owner or operator of 1742 the uninsured motor vehicle or any other person or organization 1743 jointly or severally liable together with such owner or operator 1744 for the accident, + and such coverage must shall cover the 1745 difference, if any, between the sum of such benefits and the 1746 damages sustained, up to the maximum amount of such coverage 1747 provided under this section. The amount of coverage available 1748 under this section may shall not be reduced by a setoff against any coverage, including liability insurance. Such coverage does 1749 shall not inure directly or indirectly to the benefit of any 1750

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1751 workers' compensation or disability benefits carrier or any 1752 person or organization qualifying as a self-insurer under any 1753 workers' compensation or disability benefits law or similar law.

(7) The legal liability of an uninsured motorist coverage insurer does not include damages in tort for pain, suffering, mental anguish, and inconvenience unless the injury or disease is described in one or more of paragraphs (a)-(d) of s. 627.737(2).

Section 41. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.7275, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

627.7275 Motor vehicle liability.-

(1) A motor vehicle insurance policy providing personal injury protection as set forth in s. 627.736 may not be delivered or issued for delivery in this state for a with respect to any specifically insured or identified motor vehicle registered or principally garaged in this state <u>must provide</u> bodily injury liability coverage and <u>unless the policy also</u> provides coverage for property damage liability <u>coverage</u> as required under <del>by</del> s. 324.022.

(2) (a) Insurers writing motor vehicle insurance in this state shall make available, subject to the insurers' usual underwriting restrictions:

1774 1. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1) 1775 to an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance 1776 coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the 1777 applicant's driving privileges in this state if the driving 1778 privileges were revoked or suspended pursuant to s. 316.646 or 1779 s. 324.0221 due to the failure of the applicant to maintain



1780 required security.

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2. Coverage under policies as described in subsection (1), which <u>includes bodily injury</u> also provides liability coverage and property damage liability coverage, for bodily injury, death, and property damage arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of the motor vehicle in an amount not less than the <u>minimum</u> limits <u>required under</u> described in s. 324.021(7) or s. 324.023 and which conforms to the requirements of s. 324.151, to an applicant for private passenger motor vehicle insurance coverage who is seeking the coverage in order to reinstate the applicant's driving privileges in this state after such privileges were revoked or suspended under s. 316.193 or s. 322.26(2) for driving under the influence.

1793 (b) The policies described in paragraph (a) must shall be 1794 issued for at least 6 months and, as to the minimum coverages 1795 required under this section, may not be canceled by the insured 1796 for any reason or by the insurer after 60 days, during which 1797 period the insurer is completing the underwriting of the policy. 1798 After the insurer has completed underwriting the policy, the 1799 insurer shall notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor 1800 Vehicles that the policy is in full force and effect and is not 1801 cancelable for the remainder of the policy period. A premium 1802 must shall be collected and the coverage is in effect for the 1803 60-day period during which the insurer is completing the 1804 underwriting of the policy, whether or not the person's driver 1805 license, motor vehicle tag, and motor vehicle registration are 1806 in effect. Once the noncancelable provisions of the policy become effective, the bodily injury liability and property 1807 1808 damage liability coverages for bodily injury, property damage,

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1809 and personal injury protection may not be reduced below the minimum limits required under s. 324.021 or s. 324.023 during 1810 1811 the policy period. 1812 Section 42. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1813 627.728, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1814 627.728 Cancellations; nonrenewals.-(1) As used in this section, the term: 1815 1816 (a) "Policy" means the bodily injury and property damage 1817 liability, personal injury protection, medical payments, 1818 comprehensive, collision, and uninsured motorist coverage 1819 portions of a policy of motor vehicle insurance delivered or 1820 issued for delivery in this state: 1821 1. Insuring a natural person as named insured or one or 1822 more related individuals who are residents resident of the same 1823 household; and 2. Insuring only a motor vehicle of the private passenger 1824 1825 type or station wagon type which is not used as a public or 1826 livery conveyance for passengers or rented to others; or 1827 insuring any other four-wheel motor vehicle having a load 1828 capacity of 1,500 pounds or less which is not used in the 1829 occupation, profession, or business of the insured other than 1830 farming; other than any policy issued under an automobile 1831 insurance assigned risk plan or covering garage, automobile 1832 sales agency, repair shop, service station, or public parking 1833 place operation hazards. 1834 1835 The term "policy" does not include a binder as defined in

1835 The term "policy" does not include a binder as defined in 1836 s. 627.420 unless the duration of the binder period exceeds 60 1837 days.

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1838 Section 43. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (5), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 627.7295, Florida 1839 Statutes, are amended to read: 1840 627.7295 Motor vehicle insurance contracts.-1841 1842 (1) As used in this section, the term: 1843 (a) "Policy" means a motor vehicle insurance policy that 1844 provides bodily injury liability personal injury protection coverage and  $_{\tau}$  property damage liability coverage  $_{\tau}$  or both. 1845 1846 (b) "Binder" means a binder that provides motor vehicle 1847 bodily injury liability coverage personal injury protection and 1848 property damage liability coverage. 1849 (5) (a) A licensed general lines agent may charge a per-1850 policy fee up to not to exceed \$10 to cover the administrative 1851 costs of the agent associated with selling the motor vehicle 1852 insurance policy if the policy covers only bodily injury 1853 liability coverage personal injury protection coverage as 1854 provided by s. 627.736 and property damage liability coverage as 1855 provided by s. 627.7275 and if no other insurance is sold or 1856 issued in conjunction with or collateral to the policy. The fee is not considered part of the premium. 1857 1858 (6) If a motor vehicle owner's driver license, license 1859 plate, and registration have previously been suspended pursuant 1860 to s. 316.646 or s. 627.733, an insurer may cancel a new policy only as provided in s. 627.7275. 1861 1862 (7) A policy of private passenger motor vehicle insurance 1863 or a binder for such a policy may be initially issued in this

1864 state only if, before the effective date of such binder or 1865 policy, the insurer or agent has collected from the insured an 1866 amount equal to 2 months' premium from the insured. An insurer,

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1867 agent, or premium finance company may not, directly or indirectly, take any action that results resulting in the 1868 insured paying having paid from the insured's own funds an 1869 1870 amount less than the 2 months' premium required by this 1871 subsection. This subsection applies without regard to whether 1872 the premium is financed by a premium finance company or is paid pursuant to a periodic payment plan of an insurer or an 1873 1874 insurance agent.

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(a) This subsection does not apply:

1. If an insured or member of the insured's family is renewing or replacing a policy or a binder for such policy written by the same insurer or a member of the same insurer group. This subsection does not apply

2. To an insurer that issues private passenger motor vehicle coverage primarily to active duty or former military personnel or their dependents. This subsection does not apply

3. If all policy payments are paid pursuant to a payroll deduction plan, an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from the policyholder, or a recurring credit card or debit card agreement with the insurer.

(b) This subsection and subsection (4) do not apply if:

1. All policy payments to an insurer are paid pursuant to an automatic electronic funds transfer payment plan from an agent, a managing general agent, or a premium finance company and if the policy includes, at a minimum, bodily injury 1892 liability coverage and personal injury protection pursuant to ss. 627.730-627.7405; motor vehicle property damage liability 1893 coverage pursuant to s. 627.7275; or and bodily injury liability 1894 in at least the amount of \$10,000 because of bodily injury to, 1895

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1896 or death of, one person in any one accident and in the amount of 1897 \$20,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, two or more 1898 persons in any one accident. This subsection and subsection (4) 1899 do not apply if

<u>2.</u> An insured has had a policy in effect for at least 6 months, the insured's agent is terminated by the insurer that issued the policy, and the insured obtains coverage on the policy's renewal date with a new company through the terminated agent.

Section 44. Section 627.7415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.7415 Commercial motor vehicles; additional liability insurance coverage.—<u>Beginning January 1, 2020,</u> commercial motor vehicles, as defined in s. 207.002 or s. 320.01, operated upon the roads and highways of this state <u>must shall</u> be insured with the following minimum levels of combined bodily liability insurance and property damage liability insurance in addition to any other insurance requirements:

(1) <u>Sixty</u> Fifty thousand dollars per occurrence for a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or more, but less than 35,000 pounds.

1917 (2) One hundred <u>twenty</u> thousand dollars per occurrence for
1918 a commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 35,000
1919 pounds or more, but less than 44,000 pounds.

(3) Three hundred thousand dollars per occurrence for a
commercial motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 44,000
pounds or more.

(4) All commercial motor vehicles subject to regulations ofthe United States Department of Transportation, 49 C.F.R. part

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1925 387, subpart A, and as may be hereinafter amended, shall be 1926 insured in an amount equivalent to the minimum levels of 1927 financial responsibility as set forth in such regulations. 1928 1929 A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic 1930 infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in 1931 chapter 318. 1932 Section 45. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (g) of subsection (7) 1933 and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (8) of section 627.748, 1934 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1935 627.748 Transportation network companies.-1936 (7) TRANSPORTATION NETWORK COMPANY AND TNC DRIVER INSURANCE 1937 REOUIREMENTS.-1938 (b) The following automobile insurance requirements apply 1939 while a participating TNC driver is logged on to the digital 1940 network but is not engaged in a prearranged ride: 1941 1. Automobile insurance that provides: 1942 a. A primary automobile liability coverage of at least 1943 \$50,000 for death and bodily injury per person, \$100,000 for 1944 death and bodily injury per incident, and \$25,000 for property 1945 damage; and 1946 b. Personal injury protection benefits that meet the 1947 minimum coverage amounts required under ss. 627.730-627.7405; and 1948 1949 c. Uninsured and underinsured vehicle coverage as required 1950 by s. 627.727. 1951 2. The coverage requirements of this paragraph may be satisfied by any of the following: 1952 1953 a. Automobile insurance maintained by the TNC driver;

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1954	b. Automobile insurance maintained by the TNC; or
1955	c. A combination of sub-subparagraphs a. and b.
1956	(c) The following automobile insurance requirements apply
1957	while a TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride:
1958	1. Automobile insurance that provides:
1959	a. A primary automobile liability coverage of at least \$1
1960	million for death, bodily injury, and property damage; and
1961	b. Personal injury protection benefits that meet the
1962	minimum coverage amounts required of a limousine under ss.
1963	<del>627.730-627.7405; and</del>
1964	e. Uninsured and underinsured vehicle coverage as required
1965	by s. 627.727.
1966	2. The coverage requirements of this paragraph may be
1967	satisfied by any of the following:
1968	a. Automobile insurance maintained by the TNC driver;
1969	b. Automobile insurance maintained by the TNC; or
1970	c. A combination of sub-subparagraphs a. and b.
1971	(g) Insurance satisfying the requirements under this
1972	subsection is deemed to satisfy the financial responsibility
1973	requirement for a motor vehicle under chapter 324 <del>and the</del>
1974	security required under s. 627.733 for any period when the TNC
1975	driver is logged onto the digital network or engaged in a
1976	prearranged ride.
1977	(8) TRANSPORTATION NETWORK COMPANY AND INSURER; DISCLOSURE;
1978	EXCLUSIONS
1979	(a) Before a TNC driver is allowed to accept a request for
1980	a prearranged ride on the digital network, the TNC must disclose
1981	in writing to the TNC driver:
1982	1. The insurance coverage, including the types of coverage



1983 and the limits for each coverage, which the TNC provides while 1984 the TNC driver uses a TNC vehicle in connection with the TNC's 1985 digital network.

2. That the TNC driver's own automobile insurance policy might not provide any coverage while the TNC driver is logged on to the digital network or is engaged in a prearranged ride, depending on the terms of the TNC driver's own automobile insurance policy.

3. That the provision of rides for compensation which are not prearranged rides subjects the driver to the coverage requirements imposed under s. 324.032(1) <u>and (2)</u> and that failure to meet such coverage requirements subjects the TNC driver to penalties provided in s. 324.221, up to and including a misdemeanor of the second degree.

(b)1. An insurer that provides an automobile liability insurance policy under this part may exclude any and all coverage afforded under the policy issued to an owner or operator of a TNC vehicle while driving that vehicle for any loss or injury that occurs while a TNC driver is logged on to a digital network or while a TNC driver provides a prearranged ride. Exclusions imposed under this subsection are limited to coverage while a TNC driver is logged on to a digital network or while a TNC driver is logged on to a digital network or while a TNC driver provides a prearranged ride. This right to exclude all coverage may apply to any coverage included in an automobile insurance policy, including, but not limited to:

8 a. Liability coverage for bodily injury and property9 damage;

b. Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage;c. Medical payments coverage;

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d. Comprehensive physical damage coverage; and

e. Collision physical damage coverage; and

## f. Personal injury protection.

2. The exclusions described in subparagraph 1. apply notwithstanding any requirement under chapter 324. These exclusions do not affect or diminish coverage otherwise available for permissive drivers or resident relatives under the personal automobile insurance policy of the TNC driver or owner of the TNC vehicle who are not occupying the TNC vehicle at the time of loss. This section does not require that a personal automobile insurance policy provide coverage while the TNC driver is logged on to a digital network, while the TNC driver is engaged in a prearranged ride, or while the TNC driver otherwise uses a vehicle to transport riders for compensation.

3. This section must not be construed to require an insurer to use any particular policy language or reference to this section in order to exclude any and all coverage for any loss or injury that occurs while a TNC driver is logged on to a digital network or while a TNC driver provides a prearranged ride.

4. This section does not preclude an insurer from providing primary or excess coverage for the TNC driver's vehicle by contract or endorsement.

Section 46. Section 627.8405, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.8405 Prohibited acts; financing companies.—<u>A</u> No premium finance company shall, in a premium finance agreement or other agreement, <u>may not</u> finance the cost of or otherwise provide for the collection or remittance of dues, assessments, fees, or other periodic payments of money for the cost of:

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(1) A membership in an automobile club. The term
"automobile club" means a legal entity <u>that</u> which, in
consideration of dues, assessments, or periodic payments of
money, promises its members or subscribers to assist them in
matters relating to the ownership, operation, use, or
maintenance of a motor vehicle; however, <u>the term</u> this
definition of "automobile club" does not include persons,
associations, or corporations which are organized and operated
solely for the purpose of conducting, sponsoring, or sanctioning
motor vehicle races, exhibitions, or contests upon racetracks,
or upon racecourses established and marked as such for the
duration of such particular events. The <u>term</u> words "motor
vehicle" used herein <u>has</u> have the same meaning as defined in
chapter 320.

(2) An accidental death and dismemberment policy sold in combination with a <u>policy providing only bodily injury liability</u> <u>coverage</u> <u>personal injury protection</u> and property damage <u>liability coverage</u> <u>only policy</u>.

(3) Any product not regulated under the provisions of this insurance code.

This section also applies to premium financing by any insurance agent or insurance company under part XVI. The commission shall adopt rules to assure disclosure, at the time of sale, of coverages financed with personal injury protection and shall prescribe the form of such disclosure.

Section 47. Subsection (1) of section 627.915, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:
627.915 Insurer experience reporting.-

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2070 (1) Each insurer transacting private passenger automobile 2071 insurance in this state shall report certain information 2072 annually to the office. The information will be due on or before 2073 July 1 of each year. The information must shall be divided into 2074 the following categories: bodily injury liability; property 2075 damage liability; uninsured motorist; personal injury protection 2076 benefits; medical payments; and comprehensive and collision. The 2077 information given must shall be on direct insurance writings in 2078 the state alone and shall represent total limits data. The 2079 information set forth in paragraphs (a) - (f) is applicable to 2080 voluntary private passenger and Joint Underwriting Association 2081 private passenger writings and must shall be reported for each 2082 of the latest 3 calendar-accident years, with an evaluation date 2083 of March 31 of the current year. The information set forth in 2084 paragraphs (g) - (j) is applicable to voluntary private passenger 2085 writings and must shall be reported on a calendar-accident year 2086 basis ultimately seven times at seven different stages of 2087 development. 2088 (a) Premiums earned for the latest 3 calendar-accident

years.

(b) Loss development factors and the historic development of those factors.

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(c) Policyholder dividends incurred.

(d) Expenses for other acquisition and general expense.

2094 (e) Expenses for agents' commissions and taxes, licenses, 2095 and fees.

2096 (f) Profit and contingency factors as utilized in the 2097 insurer's automobile rate filings for the applicable years. 2098 (g) Losses paid.

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2099	(h) Losses unpaid.
2100	(i) Loss adjustment expenses paid.
2101	(j) Loss adjustment expenses unpaid.
2102	Section 48. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 628.909,
2103	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2104	628.909 Applicability of other laws
2105	(2) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2106	apply to captive insurance companies that who are not industrial
2107	insured captive insurance companies to the extent that such
2108	provisions are not inconsistent with this part:
2109	(a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085,
2110	624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, and 624.426.
2111	(b) Chapter 625, part II.
2112	(c) Chapter 626, part IX.
2113	(d) Sections 627.730-627.7405, when no-fault coverage is
2114	provided.
2115	<del>(e)</del> Chapter 628.
2116	(3) The following provisions of the Florida Insurance Code
2117	shall apply to industrial insured captive insurance companies to
2118	the extent that such provisions are not inconsistent with this
2119	part:
2120	(a) Chapter 624, except for ss. 624.407, 624.408, 624.4085,
2121	624.40851, 624.4095, 624.411, 624.425, 624.426, and 624.609(1).
2122	(b) Chapter 625, part II, if the industrial insured captive
2123	insurance company is incorporated in this state.
2124	(c) Chapter 626, part IX.
2125	(d) Sections 627.730-627.7405 when no-fault coverage is
2126	provided.
2127	<del>(e)</del> Chapter 628, except for ss. 628.341, 628.351, and



2128 628.6018.

2129 Section 49. Subsections (2), (6), and (7) of section 2130 705.184, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

2131 705.184 Derelict or abandoned motor vehicles on the 2132 premises of public-use airports.-

2133 (2) The airport director or the director's designee shall 2134 contact the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to 2135 notify that department that the airport has possession of the 2136 abandoned or derelict motor vehicle and to determine the name 2137 and address of the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2138 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the 2139 provisions of s. 627.736, and any person who has filed a lien on 2140 the motor vehicle. Within 7 business days after receipt of the 2141 information, the director or the director's designee shall send 2142 notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the owner 2143 of the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor 2144 vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2145 persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. The 2146 notice must shall state the fact of possession of the motor 2147 vehicle, that charges for reasonable towing, storage, and 2148 parking fees, if any, have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2149 a lien as provided in subsection (6) will be claimed, that the 2150 lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, that the owner 2151 or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set forth 2152 in subsection (4), and that any motor vehicle which, at the end of 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice, has not been 2153 2154 removed from the airport upon payment in full of all accrued charges for reasonable towing, storage, and parking fees, if 2155 2156 any, may be disposed of as provided in s. 705.182(2)(a), (b),



2157 (d), or (e), including, but not limited to, the motor vehicle 2158 being sold free of all prior liens after 35 calendar days after the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior liens on the 2159 2160 motor vehicle are more than 5 years of age or after 50 calendar 2161 days after the time the motor vehicle is stored if any prior 2162 liens on the motor vehicle are 5 years of age or less.

2163 (6) The airport pursuant to this section or, if used, a 2164 licensed independent wrecker company pursuant to s. 713.78 shall 2165 have a lien on an abandoned or derelict motor vehicle for all 2166 reasonable towing, storage, and accrued parking fees, if any, 2167 except that no storage fee may shall be charged if the motor 2168 vehicle is stored less than 6 hours. As a prerequisite to 2169 perfecting a lien under this section, the airport director or 2170 the director's designee must serve a notice in accordance with 2171 subsection (2) on the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance 2172 company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the 2173 provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming a 2174 lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts to notify the owner, 2175 the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, 2176 notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or lienholders are 2177 not successful, the requirement of notice by mail shall be considered met. Serving of the notice does not dispense with 2178 2179 recording the claim of lien.

(7) (a) For the purpose of perfecting its lien under this 2181 section, the airport shall record a claim of lien which states 2182 shall state:

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1. The name and address of the airport.

2. The name of the owner of the motor vehicle, the 2184 2185 insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding

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2186	the provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming
2187	a lien against the motor vehicle.
2188	3. The costs incurred from reasonable towing, storage, and
2189	parking fees, if any.
2190	4. A description of the motor vehicle sufficient for
2191	identification.
2192	(b) The claim of lien <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be signed and sworn to or
2193	affirmed by the airport director or the director's designee.
2194	(c) The claim of lien <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> sufficient if it is in
2195	substantially the following form:
2196	
2197	CLAIM OF LIEN
2198	State of
2199	County of
2200	Before me, the undersigned notary public, personally
2201	appeared, who was duly sworn and says that he/she is
2202	the of, whose address is; and that
2203	the following described motor vehicle:
2204	(Description of motor vehicle)
2205	owned by, whose address is, has accrued
2206	\$ in fees for a reasonable tow, for storage, and for
2207	parking, if applicable; that the lienor served its notice to the
2208	owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle
2209	notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, Florida Statutes,
2210	and all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor
2211	vehicle on,(year), by
2212	(Signature)
2213	Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this
2214	day of,(year), by(name of person making
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2215 statement)....

...(Signature of Notary Public).....(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned name of Notary Public)...

Personally Known....OR Produced....as identification.

However, the negligent inclusion or omission of any information in this claim of lien which does not prejudice the owner does not constitute a default that operates to defeat an otherwise valid lien.

(d) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be served on the owner of the motor vehicle, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all persons of record claiming a lien against the motor vehicle. If attempts to notify the owner, the insurance company insuring the motor vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, or lienholders are not successful, the requirement of notice by mail shall be considered met. The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be so served before recordation.

(e) The claim of lien <u>must</u> shall be recorded with the clerk of court in the county where the airport is located. The recording of the claim of lien shall be constructive notice to all persons of the contents and effect of such claim. The lien <u>attaches</u> shall attach at the time of recordation and <u>takes</u> shall take priority as of that time.

Section 50. Subsection (4) of section 713.78, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

241 713.78 Liens for recovering, towing, or storing vehicles 242 and vessels.—

(4) (a) Any person regularly engaged in the business of

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2244 recovering, towing, or storing vehicles or vessels who comes 2245 into possession of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to subsection 2246 (2), and who claims a lien for recovery, towing, or storage 2247 services, shall give notice to the registered owner, the 2248 insurance company insuring the vehicle notwithstanding the 2249 provisions of s. 627.736, and to all persons claiming a lien 2250 thereon, as disclosed by the records in the Department of 2251 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles or as disclosed by the records 2252 of any corresponding agency in any other state in which the 2253 vehicle is identified through a records check of the National 2254 Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 2255 commercially available system as being titled or registered.

2256 (b) If a Whenever any law enforcement agency authorizes the 2257 removal of a vehicle or vessel or if a whenever any towing 2258 service, garage, repair shop, or automotive service, storage, or 2259 parking place notifies the law enforcement agency of possession 2260 of a vehicle or vessel pursuant to s. 715.07(2)(a)2., the law 2261 enforcement agency of the jurisdiction where the vehicle or 2262 vessel is stored shall contact the Department of Highway Safety 2263 and Motor Vehicles, or the appropriate agency of the state of 2264 registration, if known, within 24 hours through the medium of 2265 electronic communications, giving the full description of the 2266 vehicle or vessel. Upon receipt of the full description of the 2267 vehicle or vessel, the department shall search its files to 2268 determine the owner's name, the insurance company insuring the 2269 vehicle or vessel, and whether any person has filed a lien upon 2270 the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) and (3) and notify the applicable law enforcement agency within 72 hours. 2271 The person in charge of the towing service, garage, repair shop, 2272



or automotive service, storage, or parking place shall obtain such information from the applicable law enforcement agency within 5 days after the date of storage and shall give notice pursuant to paragraph (a). The department may release the insurance company information to the requestor notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736.

2279 (c) Notice by certified mail must shall be sent within 7 2280 business days after the date of storage of the vehicle or vessel 2281 to the registered owner, the insurance company insuring the 2282 vehicle notwithstanding the provisions of s. 627.736, and all 2283 persons of record claiming a lien against the vehicle or vessel. 2284 The notice must It shall state the fact of possession of the 2285 vehicle or vessel, that a lien as provided in subsection (2) is 2286 claimed, that charges have accrued and the amount thereof, that 2287 the lien is subject to enforcement pursuant to law, and that the 2288 owner or lienholder, if any, has the right to a hearing as set 2289 forth in subsection (5), and that any vehicle or vessel which 2290 remains unclaimed, or for which the charges for recovery, 2291 towing, or storage services remain unpaid, may be sold free of 2292 all prior liens after 35 days if the vehicle or vessel is more 2293 than 3 years of age or after 50 days if the vehicle or vessel is 2294 3 years of age or less.

(d) If attempts to locate the name and address of the owner or lienholder prove unsuccessful, the towing-storage operator <u>must shall</u>, after 7 working days, excluding Saturday and Sunday, of the initial tow or storage, notify the public agency of jurisdiction where the vehicle or vessel is stored in writing by certified mail or acknowledged hand delivery that the towingstorage company has been unable to locate the name and address

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2302 of the owner or lienholder and a physical search of the vehicle 2303 or vessel has disclosed no ownership information and a good faith effort has been made, including records checks of the 2304 2305 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles database and the 2306 National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent 2307 commercially available system. As used in For purposes of this paragraph and subsection (9), the term "good faith effort" means 2308 2309 that the following checks have been performed by the company to 2310 establish prior state of registration and for title:

1. Check of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles database for the owner and any lienholder.

2. Check of the electronic National Motor Vehicle Title Information System or an equivalent commercially available system to determine the state of registration when there is not a current registration record for the vehicle on file with the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

3. Check of vehicle or vessel for any type of tag, tag record, temporary tag, or regular tag.

4. Check of law enforcement report for tag number or other information identifying the vehicle or vessel, if the vehicle or vessel was towed at the request of a law enforcement officer.

5. Check of trip sheet or tow ticket of tow truck operator to see if a tag was on vehicle or vessel at beginning of tow, if private tow.

6. If there is no address of the owner on the impound report, check of law enforcement report to see if an out-ofstate address is indicated from driver license information.

2329 7. Check of vehicle or vessel for inspection sticker or2330 other stickers and decals that may indicate a state of possible

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2332 8. Check of the interior of the vehicle or vessel for any
2333 papers that may be in the glove box, trunk, or other areas for a
2334 state of registration.

9. Check of vehicle for vehicle identification number.

10. Check of vessel for vessel registration number.

11. Check of vessel hull for a hull identification number which should be carved, burned, stamped, embossed, or otherwise permanently affixed to the outboard side of the transom or, if there is no transom, to the outmost seaboard side at the end of the hull that bears the rudder or other steering mechanism.

Section 51. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (8), and subsections (9) and (10) of section 817.234, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

817.234 False and fraudulent insurance claims.-

(1) (a) A person commits insurance fraud punishable as provided in subsection (11) if that person, with the intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer:

1. Presents or causes to be presented any written or oral statement as part of, or in support of, a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such statement contains <del>any</del> false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim;

2357 2. Prepares or makes any written or oral statement that is 2358 intended to be presented to <u>an</u> <del>any</del> insurer in connection with, 2359 or in support of, any claim for payment or other benefit



2360 pursuant to an insurance policy or a health maintenance 2361 organization subscriber or provider contract, knowing that such 2362 statement contains any false, incomplete, or misleading 2363 information concerning any fact or thing material to such claim;

2364 3.a. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or 2365 prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to an any insurer, purported insurer, servicing 2366 2367 corporation, insurance broker, or insurance agent, or any 2368 employee or agent thereof, any false, incomplete, or misleading 2369 information or a written or oral statement as part of, or in 2370 support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating 2371 of, any insurance policy, or a health maintenance organization 2372 subscriber or provider contract; or

b. Knowingly conceals information concerning any fact material to such application; or

4. Knowingly presents, causes to be presented, or prepares or makes with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to any insurer a claim for payment or other benefit under <u>medical</u> <u>payments coverage in a motor vehicle</u> <u>a personal injury</u> <u>protection</u> insurance policy if the person knows that the payee knowingly submitted a false, misleading, or fraudulent application or other document when applying for licensure as a health care clinic, seeking an exemption from licensure as a health care clinic, or demonstrating compliance with part X of chapter 400.

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(c) An insurer, or any person acting at the direction of or on behalf of an insurer, may not change an opinion in a mental or physical report prepared under s. 627.736(7) or direct the



2389 physician preparing the report to change such opinion; however, 2390 this provision does not preclude the insurer from calling to the 2391 attention of the physician errors of fact in the report based 2392 upon information in the claim file. Any person who violates this 2393 paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as 2394 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2395 (8) (a) It is unlawful for any person intending to defraud 2396 any other person to solicit or cause to be solicited any 2397 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident for 2398 the purpose of making, adjusting, or settling motor vehicle tort 2399 claims or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in 2400 a motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection 2401 benefits required by s. 627.736. Any person who violates the 2402 provisions of this paragraph commits a felony of the second 2403 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 2404 775.084. A person who is convicted of a violation of this 2405 subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment 2406 of 2 years.

2407 (b) A person may not solicit or cause to be solicited any 2408 business from a person involved in a motor vehicle accident by 2409 any means of communication other than advertising directed to 2410 the public for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for benefits under medical payments coverage in a 2411 2412 motor vehicle insurance policy personal injury protection 2413 benefits required by s. 627.736, within 60 days after the 2414 occurrence of the motor vehicle accident. Any person who 2415 violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 2416 2417 (c) A lawyer, health care practitioner as defined in s.

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2418 456.001, or owner or medical director of a clinic required to be 2419 licensed pursuant to s. 400.9905 may not, at any time after 60 days have elapsed from the occurrence of a motor vehicle 2420 2421 accident, solicit or cause to be solicited any business from a 2422 person involved in a motor vehicle accident by means of in 2423 person or telephone contact at the person's residence, for the 2424 purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims for 2425 benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2426 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits required by 2427 s. 627.736. Any person who violates this paragraph commits a 2428 felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 2429 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

2430 (9) A person may not organize, plan, or knowingly 2431 participate in an intentional motor vehicle crash or a scheme to 2432 create documentation of a motor vehicle crash that did not occur 2433 for the purpose of making motor vehicle tort claims or claims 2434 for benefits under medical payments coverage in a motor vehicle 2435 insurance policy personal injury protection benefits as required 2436 by s. 627.736. Any person who violates this subsection commits a 2437 felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 2438 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. A person who is convicted of 2439 a violation of this subsection shall be sentenced to a minimum 2440 term of imprisonment of 2 years.

(10) A licensed health care practitioner who is found guilty of insurance fraud under this section for an act relating to a motor vehicle personal injury protection insurance policy loses his or her license to practice for 5 years and may not receive reimbursement <u>under medical payments coverage in a motor</u> <u>vehicle insurance policy</u> for personal injury protection benefits

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2447 for 10 years. Section 52. Section 627.7278, Florida Statutes, is created 2448 2449 to read: 2450 Applicability and construction; notice to policyholders.-2451 (1) As used in this section, the term "minimum security 2452 requirements" means security that enables a person to respond in 2453 damages for liability on account of crashes arising out of the 2454 ownership, maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, in the amounts required by s. 324.021(7), Florida Statutes. 2455 2456 (2) Effective January 1, 2020: 2457 (a) Motor vehicle insurance policies issued or renewed on 2458 or after that date may not include personal injury protection. 2459 (b) All persons subject to s. 324.022, s. 324.032, s. 2460 627.7415, or s. 627.742, Florida Statutes, must maintain at 2461 least minimum security requirements. 2462 (c) Any new or renewal motor vehicle insurance policy 2463 delivered or issued for delivery in this state must provide 2464 coverage that complies with minimum security requirements. 2465 (d) An existing motor vehicle insurance policy issued 2466 before that date which provides personal injury protection and 2467 property damage liability coverage that meets the requirements of s. 324.022, Florida Statutes, on December 31, 2019, but which 2468 2469 does not meet minimum security requirements on or after January 2470 1, 2020, is deemed to meet the security requirements of s. 2471 324.022, Florida Statutes, until such policy is renewed, 2472 nonrenewed, or canceled on or after January 1, 2020. Sections 2473 627.730-627.7405, 400.9905, 400.991, 456.057, 456.072, 627.7263, 2474 627.727, 627.748, 627.9541(1)(i), and 817.234, Florida Statutes 2018, remain in full force and effect for motor vehicle

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2476 accidents covered under a policy issued under the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law before January 1, 2020, until the policy is 2477 2478 renewed, nonrenewed, or canceled. 2479 (3) Each insurer shall allow each insured who has a new or 2480 renewal policy providing personal injury protection which 2481 becomes effective before January 1, 2020, and whose policy does 2482 not meet minimum security requirements on or after January 1, 2483 2020, to change coverages so as to eliminate personal injury 2484 protection and obtain coverage providing minimum security 2485 requirements, which shall be effective on or after January 1, 2486 2020. The insurer is not required to provide coverage complying 2487 with minimum security requirements in such policies if the 2488 insured does not pay the required premium, if any, by January 1, 2489 2020, or such later date as the insurer may allow. The insurer 2490 must also offer each insured medical payments coverage pursuant 2491 to s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes. Any reduction in the premium 2492 must be refunded by the insurer. The insurer may not impose on 2493 the insured an additional fee or charge that applies solely to a 2494 change in coverage; however, the insurer may charge an 2495 additional required premium that is actuarially indicated. (4) By September 1, 2019, each motor vehicle insurer shall 2496 2497 provide notice of this section to each motor vehicle 2498 policyholder who is subject to this section. The notice is 2499 subject to approval by the Office of Insurance Regulation and 2500 must clearly inform the policyholder that: 2501 (a) The Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law is repealed, effective January 1, 2020, and that on or after that date, the 2502 2503 insured is no longer required to maintain personal injury 2504 protection insurance coverage, that personal injury protection

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2505	coverage is no longer available for purchase in this state, and
2506	that all new or renewal policies issued on or after that date
2507	will not contain such coverage.
2508	(b) Effective January 1, 2020, a person subject to the
2509	financial responsibility requirements of s. 324.022, Florida
2510	Statutes, must maintain minimum security requirements that
2511	enable the person to respond to damages for liability on account
2512	of accidents arising out of the use of a motor vehicle in the
2513	following amounts:
2514	1. Twenty-five thousand dollars for bodily injury to, or
2515	the death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such
2516	limits for one person, in the amount of \$50,000 for bodily
2517	injury to, or the death of, two or more persons in any one
2518	crash; and
2519	2. Ten thousand dollars for damage to, or destruction of,
2520	the property of others in any one crash.
2521	(c) Bodily injury liability coverage protects the insured,
2522	up to the coverage limits, against loss if the insured is
2523	legally responsible for the death of or bodily injury to others
2524	in a motor vehicle accident.
2525	(d) Effective January 1, 2020, each policyholder of motor
2526	vehicle liability insurance purchased as proof of financial
2527	responsibility must be offered medical payments coverage
2528	benefits that comply with s. 627.7265, Florida Statutes. The
2529	insurer must offer medical payments coverage at limits of \$5,000
2530	and \$10,000 without a deductible. The insurer may also offer
2531	medical payments coverage at other limits greater than \$5,000,
2532	and may offer coverage with a deductible of up to \$500. Medical
2533	payments coverage pays covered medical expenses, up to the

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2534	limits of such coverage, for injuries sustained in a motor
2535	vehicle crash by the named insured, resident relatives, persons
2536	operating the insured motor vehicle, passengers in the insured
2537	motor vehicle, and persons who are struck by the insured motor
2538	vehicle and suffer bodily injury while not an occupant of a
2539	self-propelled motor vehicle as provided in s. 627.7265, Florida
2540	Statutes. Medical payments coverage also provides a death
2541	benefit of at least \$5,000.
2542	(e) The policyholder may obtain uninsured and underinsured
2543	motorist coverage, which provides benefits, up to the limits of
2544	such coverage, to a policyholder or other insured entitled to
2545	recover damages for bodily injury, sickness, disease, or death
2546	resulting from a motor vehicle accident with an uninsured or
2547	underinsured owner or operator of a motor vehicle.
2548	(f) If the policyholder's new or renewal motor vehicle
2549	insurance policy is effective before January 1, 2020, and
2550	contains personal injury protection and property damage
2551	liability coverage as required by state law before January 1,
2552	2020, but does not meet minimum security requirements on or
2553	after January 1, 2020, the policy is deemed to meet minimum
2554	security requirements until it is renewed, nonrenewed, or
2555	canceled on or after January 1, 2020.
2556	(g) A policyholder whose new or renewal policy becomes
2557	effective before January 1, 2020, but does not meet minimum
2558	security requirements on or after January 1, 2020, may change
2559	coverages under the policy so as to eliminate personal injury
2560	protection and to obtain coverage providing minimum security
2561	requirements, including bodily injury liability coverage, which
2562	are effective on or after January 1, 2020.
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2563	(h) If the policyholder has any questions, he or she should
2564	contact the person named at the telephone number provided in the
2565	notice.
2566	(5) This section takes effect upon this act becoming a law.
2567	Section 53. Section 324.0222, Florida Statutes, is created
2568	to read:
2569	Application of suspensions for failure to maintain
2570	security; reinstatementAll suspensions for failure to maintain
2571	required security as required by law in effect before January 1,
2572	2020, remain in full force and effect after January 1, 2020. A
2573	driver may reinstate a suspended driver license or registration
2574	as provided under s. 324.0221, Florida Statutes.
2575	Section 54. For the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the sum of
2576	\$83,651 in nonrecurring funds is appropriated from the Insurance
2577	Regulatory Trust Fund to the Office of Insurance Regulation for
2578	the purpose of implementing this act.
2579	Section 55. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this
2580	act and except for this section, which shall take effect upon
2581	this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect January 1,
2582	2020.
2583	
2584	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
2585	And the title is amended as follows:
2586	Delete everything before the enacting clause
2587	and insert:
2588	A bill to be entitled
2589	An act relating to motor vehicle insurance; repealing ss.
2590	627.730, 627.731, 627.7311, 627.732, 627.733, 627.734, 627.736,
2591	627.737, 627.739, 627.7401, 627.7403, and 627.7405, F.S., which
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2592 comprise the Florida Motor Vehicle No-Fault Law; repealing s. 2593 627.7407, F.S., relating to application of the Florida Motor 2594 Vehicle No-Fault Law; amending s. 316.646, F.S.; revising a 2595 requirement for proof of security on a motor vehicle and the 2596 applicability of the requirement; amending s. 318.18, F.S.; 2597 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 2598 320.02, F.S.; revising the motor vehicle insurance coverages 2599 that an applicant must show to register certain vehicles with 2600 the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; conforming 2601 a provision to changes made by the act; revising construction; amending s. 320.0609, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes 2602 2603 made by the act; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; defining the term 2604 "garage liability insurance"; revising garage liability 2605 insurance requirements for motor vehicle dealer applicants; 2606 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 2607 320.771, F.S.; revising garage liability insurance requirements 2608 for recreational vehicle dealer license applicants; amending ss. 2609 322.251 and 322.34, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 2610 by the act; amending s. 324.011, F.S.; revising legislative 2611 intent; amending s. 324.021, F.S.; revising definitions of the 2612 terms "motor vehicle" and "proof of financial responsibility"; 2613 revising minimum coverage requirements for proof of financial 2614 responsibility for specified motor vehicles; defining the term 2615 "for-hire passenger transportation vehicle"; conforming 2616 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 324.022, 2617 F.S.; revising minimum liability coverage requirements for motor 2618 vehicle owners or operators; revising authorized methods for 2619 meeting such requirements; deleting a provision relating to an insurer's duty to defend certain claims; revising the vehicles 2620

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2621 that are excluded from the definition of the term "motor 2622 vehicle"; providing security requirements for certain excluded 2623 vehicles; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 2624 conforming cross-references; amending s. 324.0221, F.S.; 2625 revising coverages that subject a policy to certain insurer 2626 reporting and notice requirements; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 324.023, F.S.; conforming 2627 2628 cross-references; amending s. 324.031, F.S.; revising the amount 2629 of a certificate of deposit required to elect a certain method 2630 of proof of financial responsibility; revising excess liability coverage requirements for a person electing to use such method; 2631 2632 amending s. 324.032, F.S.; revising financial responsibility 2633 requirements for owners or lessees of for-hire passenger 2634 transportation vehicles; amending ss. 324.051, 324.071, 324.091, 2635 and 324.151, F.S.; making technical changes; amending s. 2636 324.161, F.S.; revising requirements for a certificate of 2637 deposit that is required if a person elects a certain method of 2638 proving financial responsibility; amending s. 324.171, F.S.; 2639 revising the minimum net worth requirements to qualify certain 2640 persons as self-insurers; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 324.251, F.S.; revising the short title 2641 2642 and an effective date; amending s. 400.9905, F.S.; revising the 2643 definition of the term "clinic"; amending ss. 400.991 and 2644 400.9935, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2645 act; amending s. 409.901, F.S.; revising the definition of the 2646 term "third-party benefit"; amending s. 409.910, F.S.; revising 2647 the definition of the term "medical coverage"; amending s. 2648 456.057, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 456.072, F.S.; revising specified grounds for discipline for 2649



2650 certain health professions; amending s. 626.9541, F.S.; 2651 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; revising the 2652 type of insurance coverage applicable to a certain prohibited 2653 act; amending s. 626.989, F.S.; revising the definition of the 2654 term "fraudulent insurance act"; amending s. 627.06501, F.S.; 2655 revising coverages that may provide for a reduction in motor 2656 vehicle insurance policy premium charges under certain 2657 circumstances; amending s. 627.0652, F.S.; revising coverages 2658 that must provide a premium charge reduction under certain 2659 circumstances; amending s. 627.0653, F.S.; revising coverages 2660 subject to premium discounts for specified motor vehicle 2661 equipment; amending s. 627.4132, F.S.; revising the coverages of 2662 a motor vehicle policy which are subject to a stacking 2663 prohibition; amending s. 627.7263, F.S.; revising coverages that 2664 are deemed primary, except under certain circumstances, for the lessor of a motor vehicle for lease or rent; revising a notice 2665 2666 that is required if the lessee's coverage is to be primary; 2667 creating s. 627.7265, F.S.; specifying persons whom medical 2668 payments coverage must protect; requiring medical payments 2669 coverage to provide specified medical expense coverage and a 2670 specified death benefit; specifying coverage options an insurer 2671 must and may offer; providing that motor vehicle liability 2672 insurance policies are deemed to have medical payments coverage 2673 at a certain limit and with no deductible, unless rejected or 2674 modified by the policyholder by certain means; specifying 2675 requirements for certain forms approved by the Office of 2676 Insurance Regulation; requiring insurers to provide 2677 policyholders with a certain annual notice; providing construction relating to limits on certain other coverages; 2678



2679 requiring insurers, upon receiving a certain notice of an 2680 accident, to hold a specified reserve for certain purposes for a 2681 specified time; providing that the reserve requirement does not 2682 require insurers to establish a claim reserve for accounting 2683 purposes; providing that an insurer providing medical payments 2684 coverage benefits may not have a lien on a certain recovery and 2685 may not have certain causes of action; amending s. 627.727, 2686 F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending 2687 s. 627.7275, F.S.; revising required coverages for a motor 2688 vehicle insurance policy; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 627.728, F.S.; conforming a provision to 2689 2690 changes made by the act; amending s. 627.7295, F.S.; revising 2691 the definitions of the terms "policy" and "binder"; revising the 2692 coverages of a motor vehicle insurance policy for which a 2693 licensed general lines agent may charge a specified fee; 2694 conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 2695 627.7415, F.S.; revising additional liability insurance 2696 requirements for commercial motor vehicles; amending s. 627.748, 2697 F.S.; revising insurance requirements for transportation network 2698 company drivers; conforming provisions to changes made by the 2699 act; amending s. 627.8405, F.S.; revising coverages in a policy 2700 sold in combination with an accidental death and dismemberment 2701 policy which a premium finance company may not finance; revising 2702 rulemaking authority of the Financial Services Commission; 2703 amending ss. 627.915, 628.909, 705.184, and 713.78, F.S.; 2704 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 2705 817.234, F.S.; revising coverages that are the basis of 2706 specified prohibited false and fraudulent insurance claims; 2707 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; defining the

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. SB 1052



2708 term "minimum security requirements"; providing requirements, 2709 applicability, and construction relating to motor vehicle 2710 insurance policies as of a certain date; requiring insurers to 2711 allow certain insureds to make certain coverage changes, subject 2712 to certain conditions; requiring an insurer to provide, by a 2713 specified date, a specified notice to policyholders relating to 2714 requirements under the act; providing that driver license or 2715 registration suspensions for failure to maintain required 2716 security which were in effect before a specified date remain in 2717 full force and effect; providing that such suspended licenses or 2718 registrations may be reinstated as provided in a specified 2719 section; providing an appropriation; providing effective dates.

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