1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to the Department of Highway Safety 3 and Motor Vehicles; amending s. 117.10, F.S.; 4 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 5 amending s. 316.003, F.S.; defining the terms "crash" 6 and "serious bodily injury"; amending ss. 316.027, 7 316.0271, and 316.061, F.S.; conforming provisions to 8 changes made by the act; amending s. 316.066, F.S.; 9 specifying additional private information included in 10 an existing public records exemption; authorizing 11 crash reports to be made immediately available to the 12 Department of Health and municipal traffic operations; revising requirements for accessing such reports and 13 14 for providing such reports to third-party vendors; providing construction; amending s. 316.192, F.S.; 15 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 16 17 amending s. 316.193, F.S.; including causing serious bodily injury to oneself in penalty provisions for 18 19 driving under the influence; amending s. 316.1933, F.S.; authorizing a law enforcement officer to require 20 21 the person driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle to submit to a blood test when such 22 23 person has incurred a serious bodily injury; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 24 25 amending s. 316.194, F.S.; conforming provisions to

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changes made by the act; amending s. 316.302, F.S.; revising regulations to which owners and drivers of commercial motor vehicles are subject; removing the cap on a civil penalty for falsification of time records; deleting a requirement for documentation of a driver's driving times; exempting commercial motor vehicles with certain weight ratings from certain regulations; removing such exemption for a person transporting petroleum products; removing an exemption from certain regulations relating to diabetes; amending ss. 316.622, 316.640, and 316.655, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 316.70, F.S.; providing that all owners and drivers of nonpublic sector buses are subject to certain federal regulations; authorizing the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, rather than the Department of Transportation, to conduct compliance investigations; providing a civil penalty for violating a rule or order of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; removing provisions relating to subsequent compliance reviews; authorizing motor carriers to be enjoined pursuant to certain provisions for violations identified during a compliance investigation; authorizing certain officers or agents to stop and

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inspect commercial motor vehicles or drivers' records; authorizing an officer or agent to require removal of the motor vehicle or driver from service under certain circumstances; amending s. 318.19, F.S.; requiring appearance at a mandatory hearing by a person who is cited for a certain infraction and incurs a serious bodily injury as a result of such infraction; creating s. 319.002, F.S.; providing rulemaking authority; amending s. 319.25, F.S.; authorizing the department to conduct investigations and examinations relating to certain violations; granting the department subpoena and other powers for purposes of such investigations or examinations; providing for petition of a court order to obey a subpoena if a person fails to do so; providing exceptions; providing for the payment of costs to obtain such order; authorizing the department to designate agents to carry out subpoena and other powers; providing for witness fees under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 319.40, F.S.; revising purposes for which the department may collect and use e-mail addresses; amending s. 320.01, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "apportionable vehicle"; amending s. 320.06, F.S.; revising requirements for issuance of license plates, cab cards, and validation

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stickers for apportionable vehicles registered in accordance with the International Registration Plan upon implementation of a new registration operating system; specifying the registration period; providing for replacement of damaged or worn license plates free of charge; amending s. 320.0607, F.S.; revising fee requirements upon implementation of a new registration operating system; amending s. 320.0807, F.S.; repealing provisions relating to special license plates for certain federal and state legislators; amending s. 320.27, F.S.; defining the term "control person"; revising requirements for denial, suspension, or revocation of a motor vehicle dealer license or license application; authorizing a court, under certain circumstances, to bar a person who has violated certain laws from acting as a motor vehicle dealer; amending s. 320.822, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "code"; amending s. 320.8232, F.S.; specifying uniform standards for repair and remodeling of mobile homes; amending s. 320.861, F.S.; authorizing the department to conduct investigations and examinations relating to certain violations; granting the department subpoena and other powers for purposes of such investigations or examinations; providing for petition of a court order to obey a

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subpoena if a person fails to do so; providing exceptions; providing for the payment of costs to obtain such order; authorizing the department to designate agents to carry out subpoena and other powers; providing for witness fees under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s. 320.95, F.S.; revising purposes for which the department may collect and use e-mail addresses; amending ss. 321.05, 321.065, and 321.23, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 322.051, F.S.; revising the time period after which an application for a renewed identification card is considered an application for an original identification card; amending s. 322.0602, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 322.08, F.S.; revising purposes for which the department may collect and use e-mail addresses; amending s. 322.091, F.S.; requiring the department to report certain information regarding suspension of driver licenses to a school district upon request; amending s. 322.17, F.S.; providing for replacement of a stolen identification card under certain circumstances; amending s. 322.212, F.S.; prohibiting the provision of an altered or counterfeit document or participation in a dishonest or deceptive

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action in making application for a driver license or identification card; providing penalties; providing for suspension of driving privilege under certain circumstances; amending s. 322.36, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 322.61, F.S.; providing additional violations for which a person shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle; creating s. 322.71, F.S.; authorizing the department to conduct investigations and examinations relating to certain violations; granting the department subpoena and other powers for purposes of such investigations or examinations; providing for petition of a court order to obey a subpoena if a person fails to do so; providing exceptions; providing for the payment of costs to obtain such order; authorizing the department to designate agents to carry out subpoena and other powers; providing for witness fees under certain circumstances; authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending ss. 323.001, 323.002, 324.011, 324.022, 324.023, 324.051, and 324.242, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 328.30, F.S.; revising provisions under which the department may accept applications by electronic or telephonic means; revising purposes for

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151 which the department may collect and use e-mail 152 addresses; amending s. 328.40, F.S.; providing that 153 certain department records are subject to inspection 154 and copying; amending s. 328.80, F.S.; revising 155 provisions under which the department may accept 156 applications by electronic or telephonic means; 157 authorizing the department to collect and use e-mail 158 addresses for certain purposes; amending s. 627.7415, 159 F.S.; revising federal insurance regulations to which 160 commercial motor vehicles are subject; amending ss. 655.960 and 856.015, F.S.; conforming cross-161 162 references; amending s. 784.07, F.S.; conforming 163 provisions to changes made by the act; providing an 164 effective date. 165 166 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 167 168 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 117.10, Florida 169 Statutes, is amended to read: 170 117.10 Law enforcement and correctional officers; 171 administration of oaths.-172 (2) Law enforcement officers, correctional officers, and

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infraction enforcement officers, as described in s. 316.640, are

correctional probation officers, as defined in s. 943.10, and

traffic crash accident investigation officers and traffic

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authorized to administer oaths by reliable electronic means or in the physical presence of an affiant when engaged in the performance of official duties. Sections 117.01, 117.04, 117.045, 117.05, and 117.103 do not apply to this section. An officer may not notarize his or her own signature.

Section 2. Subsections (16) through (73) and (74) through (101) of section 316.003, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (17) through (74) and (76) through (103), respectively, present subsection (59) is amended, and new subsections (16) and (75) are added to that section, to read:

316.003 Definitions.—The following words and phrases, when used in this chapter, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section, except where the context otherwise requires:

- (16) CRASH.—The operation of a motor vehicle, motorized scooter, or moped which results in property damage or death, bodily injury, or complaint of bodily injury to any person. The term "crash" includes separation of the operator or an occupant from a motor vehicle, motorized scooter, or moped, or trailer being drawn by a motor vehicle, while in motion, which results in property damage or death, bodily injury, or complaint of bodily injury to any person. The term "crash" does not include such operation:
- (a) On private property, if such operation does not result in death or serious bodily injury, unless the operator is

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suspected of violating s. 316.193;

- (b) On a closed course used for commercial or recreational purposes, such as a commercial driving school or racetrack, unless the operator is suspected of violating s. 316.193; or
- (c) If such property damage or death, bodily injury, or complaint of bodily injury to any person results from an intentional act of a law enforcement officer to force a motor vehicle or moped to stop or reduce speed, such as use of a pursuit termination device or the precision immobilization technique, except that the term "crash" includes such operation that results in death, bodily injury, or complaint of bodily injury to, or damage to property of, anyone other than the operator or an occupant being forced to stop or reduce speed or the law enforcement officer.

The term "crash" also does not include the death or suffering of a medical episode by the operator or an occupant of a motor vehicle or moped if operation of the motor vehicle or moped did not result in such death or medical episode and does not result in property damage or death, bodily injury, or complaint of bodily injury to any other person.

(60) (59) PRIVATE ROAD OR DRIVEWAY.—Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (83) (b) (81) (b), any privately owned way or place used for vehicular travel by the owner and those having express or implied permission from the owner, but not by other

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226	persons.
227	(75) SERIOUS BODILY INJURY.—An injury to any person which
228	consists of a physical condition that creates a substantial risk
229	of death, serious personal disfigurement, or protracted loss or
230	impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.
231	Section 3. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 316.027,
232	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
233	316.027 Crash involving death or personal injuries.—
234	(1) As used in this section, the term:
235	(a) "Serious bodily injury" means an injury to a person,
236	including the driver, which consists of a physical condition
237	that creates a substantial risk of death, serious personal
238	disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function
239	of a bodily member or organ.
240	(b) "vulnerable road user" means:
241	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ A pedestrian, including a person actually engaged in
242	work upon a highway, or in work upon utility facilities along a
243	highway, or engaged in the provision of emergency services
244	within the right-of-way;
245	(b) 2. A person operating a bicycle, motorcycle, scooter,
246	or moped lawfully on the roadway;
247	$\underline{(c)}$ A person riding an animal; or
248	$\underline{(d)}$ A person lawfully operating on a public right-of-
249	way, crosswalk, or shoulder of the roadway:
250	1.a. A farm tractor or similar vehicle designed primarily

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251 for farm use;

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- 2.b. A skateboard, roller skates, or in-line skates;
- 253 3.e. A horse-drawn carriage;
 - 4.d. An electric personal assistive mobility device; or
- $\underline{5.e.}$ A wheelchair.
 - (4) (a) In addition to any other civil, criminal, or administrative penalty imposed, a person whose commission of a noncriminal traffic infraction or a violation of this chapter or s. 1006.66 causes or results in the death of another person may be required by the court to serve 120 community service hours in a trauma center or hospital that regularly receives victims of vehicle crashes accidents, under the supervision of a registered nurse, an emergency room physician, or an emergency medical technician pursuant to a voluntary community service program operated by the trauma center or hospital.
 - (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), in addition to any other civil, criminal, or administrative penalty imposed, a person whose commission of a violation of s. 316.172(1)(a) or (b) causes or results in serious bodily injury to or death of another person shall be required by the court to:
 - 1. Serve 120 community service hours in a trauma center or hospital that regularly receives victims of vehicle <u>crashes</u> accidents, under the supervision of a registered nurse, an emergency room physician, or an emergency medical technician pursuant to a voluntary community service program operated by

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276 the trauma center or hospital.

2. Participate in a victim's impact panel session in a judicial circuit if such a panel exists, or if such a panel does not exist, attend a department-approved driver improvement course relating to the rights of vulnerable road users relative to vehicles on the roadway as provided in s. 322.0261(2).

Section 4. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 316.0271, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.0271 Yellow dot critical motorist medical information program; yellow dot decal, folder, and information form.—

- (1) The governing body of a county may create a yellow dot critical motorist medical information program to facilitate the provision of emergency medical care to program participants by emergency medical responders by making critical medical information readily available to responders in the event of a motor vehicle <u>crash</u> accident or a medical emergency involving a participant's vehicle.
- (5)(a) If the driver or a passenger of a motor vehicle is involved in a motor vehicle <u>crash</u> accident or emergency situation and a yellow dot decal is affixed to the vehicle, an emergency medical responder at the scene may search the glove compartment of the vehicle for the corresponding yellow dot folder.
- Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 316.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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316.061 Crashes involving damage to vehicle or property. Employees or authorized agents of the Department of Transportation, law enforcement with proper jurisdiction, or an expressway authority created pursuant to chapter 348, in the exercise, management, control, and maintenance of its highway system, may undertake the removal from the main traveled way of roads on its highway system of all vehicles incapacitated as a result of a motor vehicle crash and of debris caused thereby. Such removal is applicable when such a motor vehicle crash results only in damage to a vehicle or other property, and when such removal can be accomplished safely and will result in the improved safety or convenience of travel upon the road. The driver or any other person who has removed a motor vehicle from the main traveled way of the road as provided in this section shall not be considered liable or at fault regarding the cause of the crash accident solely by reason of moving the vehicle. Section 6. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (d) of subsection (2) of section 316.066, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (g) is added to that subsection, to read: 316.066 Written reports of crashes.-(2)(a) Crash reports that reveal the identity, home or employment telephone number or home or employment address of, or other personal information, including information outlined in

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the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994, 18 U.S.C.

ss. 2721 et seq., concerning the parties involved in the crash

and that are held by any agency that regularly receives or prepares information from or concerning the parties to motor vehicle crashes are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution for a period of 60 days after the date the report is filed.

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(b) Crash reports held by an agency under paragraph (a) may be made immediately available to the parties involved in the crash, their legal representatives, their licensed insurance agents, their insurers or insurers to which they have applied for coverage, persons under contract with such insurers to provide claims or underwriting information, prosecutorial authorities, law enforcement agencies, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Health, county and municipal traffic operations, victim services programs, radio and television stations licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, newspapers qualified to publish legal notices under ss. 50.011 and 50.031, and, in accordance with paragraph (f), free newspapers of general circulation, published once a week or more often, of which at least 7,500 copies are distributed by mail or by carrier as verified by a postal statement or by a notarized printer's statement of press run, which are intended to be generally distributed and circulated, and which contain news of general interest with at least 10 pages per publication, available and of interest to the public generally for the dissemination of news. For the purposes of this section, the

following products or publications are not newspapers as referred to in this section: those intended primarily for members of a particular profession or occupational group; those with the primary purpose of distributing advertising; and those with the primary purpose of publishing names and other personal identifying information concerning parties to motor vehicle crashes.

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As a condition precedent to accessing a crash report within 60 days after the date the report is filed, a person must present a valid driver license or other photographic identification, proof of status, or identification that demonstrates his or her qualifications to access that information and file a written sworn statement with the state or local agency in possession of the information stating that information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of crash accident victims, or knowingly disclosed to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, during the period of time that the information remains confidential and exempt. Such written sworn statement must be completed and sworn to by the requesting party for each individual crash report that is being requested within 60 days after the report is filed. In lieu of requiring the written sworn statement, an agency may provide crash reports by electronic means to third-party vendors under contract with one or more insurers, but only when such contract

states that information from a crash report made confidential and exempt by this section will not be used for any commercial solicitation of crash accident victims by the vendors, or knowingly disclosed by the vendors to any third party for the purpose of such solicitation, confidential and exempt, and only when a copy of such contract is furnished to the agency as proof of the vendor's claimed status.

- (g) This subsection does not prohibit the department from providing extracts of bulk crash data, which includes requests for 25 or more records, with all personal identifying information removed, or from providing such extracts with personal information included to any individual or entity that meets the requirements of paragraph (b) for the records requested.
- 391 Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 392 316.192, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 316.192 Reckless driving.-
- 394 (3) Any person:

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- (c) Who, by reason of such operation, causes:
- 1. Damage to the property or person of another commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
 - 2. Serious bodily injury to another commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.

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401	775.083, or s. 775.084. The term "serious bodily injury" means
402	an injury to another person, which consists of a physical
403	condition that creates a substantial risk of death, serious
404	personal disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the
405	function of any bodily member or organ.
406	Section 8. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section
407	316.193, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
408	316.193 Driving under the influence; penalties
409	(3) Any person:
410	(c) Who, by reason of such operation, causes or
411	contributes to causing:
412	1. Damage to the property or person of another commits a
413	misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.
414	775.082 or s. 775.083.
415	2. Serious bodily injury, as defined in s. 316.003, to
416	himself or herself or another, as defined in s. 316.1933,
417	commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in
418	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
419	3. The death of any human being or unborn child commits
420	DUI manslaughter, and commits:
421	a. A felony of the second degree, punishable as provided
422	in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
423	b. A felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in
424	s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if:

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(I) At the time of the crash, the person knew, or should

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426 have known, that the crash occurred; and

(II) The person failed to give information and render aid as required by s. 316.062.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "unborn child" has the same meaning as provided in s. 775.021(5). A person who is convicted of DUI manslaughter shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 4 years.

Section 9. Subsection (1) of section 316.1933, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.1933 Blood test for impairment or intoxication in cases of death or serious bodily injury; right to use reasonable force.—

(1) (a) If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a motor vehicle driven by or in the actual physical control of a person under the influence of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substances, or any controlled substances has caused the death or serious bodily injury of a human being, including the person himself or herself, a law enforcement officer shall require the person driving or in actual physical control of the motor vehicle to submit to a test of the person's blood for the purpose of determining the alcoholic content thereof or the presence of chemical substances as set forth in s. 877.111 or any substance controlled under chapter 893. The law enforcement officer may use reasonable force if necessary to require such

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person to submit to the administration of the blood test. The blood test shall be performed in a reasonable manner. Notwithstanding s. 316.1932, the testing required by this subsection paragraph need not be incidental to a lawful arrest of the person.

(b) The term "serious bodily injury" means an injury to any person, including the driver, which consists of a physical condition that creates a substantial risk of death, serious personal disfigurement, or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ.

Section 10. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3) of section 316.194, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

316.194 Stopping, standing or parking outside of municipalities.—

- (3) (a) When a Whenever any police officer or traffic crash accident investigation officer finds a vehicle standing upon a highway in violation of any of the foregoing provisions of this section, the officer may is authorized to move the vehicle, or require the driver or other persons in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle, to a position off the paved or main-traveled part of the highway.
- (b) Officers and traffic <u>crash</u> accident investigation officers may provide for the removal of <u>an</u> any abandoned vehicle to the nearest garage or other place of safety, <u>the</u> cost of such removal to be a lien against motor vehicle, when an abandoned

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vehicle is found unattended upon a bridge or causeway or in any tunnel, or on any public highway in the following instances:

1. Where such vehicle constitutes an obstruction of traffic:

- 2. Where such vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for more than a period exceeding 48 hours, in other than designated parking areas, and is within 30 feet of the pavement edge; and
- 3. Where an operative vehicle has been parked or stored on the public right-of-way for more than a period exceeding 10 days, in other than designated parking areas, and is more than 30 feet from the pavement edge. However, the agency removing such vehicle shall be required to report the removal same to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles within 24 hours after of such removal.
- Section 11. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 316.302, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 316.302 Commercial motor vehicles; safety regulations; transporters and shippers of hazardous materials; enforcement.—
 - (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3):
- (a) All owners and drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are operated on the public highways of this state while engaged in interstate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 383, 385, 386, and 390-397.

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(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, all
owners or drivers of commercial motor vehicles that are engaged
in intrastate commerce are subject to the rules and regulations
contained in 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 383, 385, $\underline{386}$, and 390-397 $_{ au}$
with the exception of 49 C.F.R. s. 390.5 as it relates to the
$\frac{\text{definition of bus}_{r}}{r}$ as such rules and regulations existed on
December 31, 2018 2012 .

- (c) The emergency exceptions provided by 49 C.F.R. s. 392.82 also apply to communications by utility drivers and utility contractor drivers during a Level 1 activation of the State Emergency Operations Center, as provided in the Florida Comprehensive Emergency Management plan, or during a state of emergency declared by executive order or proclamation of the Governor.
- (d) Except as provided in s. 316.215(5), and except as provided in s. 316.228 for rear overhang lighting and flagging requirements for intrastate operations, the requirements of this section supersede all other safety requirements of this chapter for commercial motor vehicles.
- (2)(a) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 need not comply with 49 C.F.R. ss. 391.11(b)(1) and 395.3 395.3(a) and (b).
 - (b) Except as provided in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1, a person who

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operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 may not drive:

- 1. More than 12 hours following 10 consecutive hours off duty; or
- 2. For any period after the end of the 16th hour after coming on duty following 10 consecutive hours off duty.

The provisions of This paragraph does do not apply to drivers of utility service vehicles as defined in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.2.

(c) Except as provided in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1, a person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 may not drive after having been on duty more than 70 hours in any period of 7 consecutive days or more than 80 hours in any period of 8 consecutive days if the motor carrier operates every day of the week. Thirty-four consecutive hours off duty shall constitute the end of any such period of 7 or 8 consecutive days. This weekly limit does not apply to a person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely within this state while transporting, during harvest periods, any unprocessed agricultural products or unprocessed food or fiber that is subject to seasonal harvesting from place of harvest to the first place of processing or storage or from place of harvest

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directly to market or while transporting livestock, livestock feed, or farm supplies directly related to growing or harvesting agricultural products. Upon request of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, motor carriers shall furnish time records or other written verification to that department so that the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles can determine compliance with this subsection. These time records must be furnished to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles within 2 days after receipt of that department's request. Falsification of such information is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$100. The provisions of This paragraph does do not apply to operators of farm labor vehicles operated during a state of emergency declared by the Governor or operated pursuant to s. $570.07(21)_{7}$ and does do not apply to drivers of utility service vehicles as defined in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.2.

(d) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce not transporting any hazardous material in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172 within a 150 air-mile radius of the location where the vehicle is based need not comply with 49 C.F.R. s. 395.8; if the requirements of 49 C.F.R. s. 395.1(e) (1) (iii), (iii), s. 395.1(e) (1) (iii) and (v) are met. If a driver is not released from duty within 12 hours after the driver arrives for duty, the motor carrier must maintain documentation of the driver's driving times throughout the duty period.

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- A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce is exempt from subsection (1) while transporting agricultural products, including horticultural or forestry products, from farm or harvest place to the first place of processing or storage, or from farm or harvest place directly to market. However, such person must comply with 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 392, and 393, and with 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.3(a)(1) and 396.9. A vehicle or combination of vehicles operated pursuant to this paragraph having a gross vehicle weight of 26,001 pounds or more or having three or more axles on the power unit, regardless of weight, must display the name of the vehicle owner or motor carrier and the municipality or town where the vehicle is based on each side of the power unit in letters that contrast with the background and that are readable from a distance of 50 feet. A person who violates this vehicle identification requirement may be assessed a penalty as provided in s. 316.3025(3)(a).
- (f) A person who operates a commercial motor vehicle having a declared gross vehicle weight, gross vehicle weight rating, or gross combined weight rating of less than 26,001 pounds solely in intrastate commerce and who is not transporting hazardous materials in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172, or who is transporting petroleum products as defined in s. 376.301, is exempt from subsection (1). However, such person must comply with 49 C.F.R. parts 382, 392,

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601 and 393, and with 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.3(a)(1) and 396.9.

- (g) A person whose driving record shows no convictions for the preceding 3 years and who, as of October 1, 1988, is employed as a driver-salesperson, as defined in 49 C.F.R. s. 395.2, and who operates solely in intrastate commerce, is exempt from 49 C.F.R. part 391.
- (h) A person who is an employee of an electric utility, as defined in s. 361.11, or a telephone company, as defined in s. 364.02, and who operates a commercial motor vehicle solely in intrastate commerce and within a 200 air-mile radius of the location where the vehicle is based, is exempt from 49 C.F.R. ss. 396.11 and 396.13 and 49 C.F.R. part 391, subparts D and E.
- (i) A person whose driving record shows no traffic convictions, pursuant to s. 322.61, during the 2-year period immediately preceding the application for the commercial driver license, who is otherwise qualified as a driver under 49 C.F.R. part 391, and who operates a commercial vehicle in intrastate commerce only shall be exempt from the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 391, subpart E, s. 391.41(b)(10). However, such operators are still subject to the requirements of ss. 322.12 and 322.121. As proof of eligibility, such driver shall have in his or her possession a physical examination form dated within the past 24 months.
- (j) A person who is otherwise qualified as a driver under 49 C.F.R. part 391, who operates a commercial motor vehicle in

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intrastate commerce only, and who does not transport hazardous materials in amounts that require placarding pursuant to 49 C.F.R. part 172, is exempt from the requirements of 49 C.F.R. part 391, subpart E, ss. 391.41(b)(3) and 391.43(e), relating to diabetes.

(j) (k) A person holding a commercial driver license who is a regularly employed driver of a commercial motor vehicle and is subject to an alcohol and controlled substance testing program related to that employment shall not be required to be part of a separate testing program for operating any bus owned and operated by a church when the driver does not receive any form of compensation for operating the bus and when the bus is used to transport people to or from church-related activities at no charge. The provisions of this paragraph may not be implemented if the Federal Government notifies the department that implementation will adversely affect the allocation of federal funds to the state.

Section 12. Subsection (8) of section 316.622, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.622 Farm labor vehicles.-

(8) The department shall provide to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation each quarter a copy of each crash accident report involving a farm labor vehicle.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 316.640, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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316.640 Enforcement.—The enforcement of the traffic laws of this state is vested as follows:

(1) STATE.

- (a)1.a. The Division of Florida Highway Patrol of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; the Division of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and the agents, inspectors, and officers of the Department of Law Enforcement each have authority to enforce all of the traffic laws of this state on all the streets and highways thereof and elsewhere throughout the state wherever the public has a right to travel by motor vehicle.
- b. University police officers may enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when violations occur on or within 1,000 feet of any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of a state university, a direct-support organization of such state university, or any other organization controlled by the state university or a direct-support organization of the state university, or when such violations occur within a specified jurisdictional area as agreed upon in a mutual aid agreement entered into with a law enforcement agency pursuant to s. 23.1225(1). Traffic laws may also be enforced off-campus when hot pursuit originates on or within 1,000 feet of any such property or facilities, or as agreed upon in accordance with the mutual aid agreement.

- c. Florida College System institution police officers may enforce all the traffic laws of this state only when such violations occur on or within 1,000 feet of any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the Florida College System institution, or when such violations occur within a specified jurisdictional area as agreed upon in a mutual aid agreement entered into with a law enforcement agency pursuant to s. 23.1225. Traffic laws may also be enforced off-campus when hot pursuit originates on or within 1,000 feet of any such property or facilities, or as agreed upon in accordance with the mutual aid agreement.
- d. Police officers employed by an airport authority may enforce all of the traffic laws of this state only when such violations occur on any property or facilities that are owned or operated by an airport authority.
- (I) An airport authority may employ as a parking enforcement specialist any individual who successfully completes a training program established and approved by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission for parking enforcement specialists but who does not otherwise meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law enforcement officers or auxiliary or part-time officers under s. 943.12. This sub-sub-subparagraph may not be construed to permit the carrying of firearms or other weapons, nor shall such parking enforcement specialist have arrest authority.

(II) A parking enforcement specialist employed by an airport authority may enforce all state, county, and municipal laws and ordinances governing parking only when such violations are on property or facilities owned or operated by the airport authority employing the specialist, by appropriate state, county, or municipal traffic citation.

- e. The Office of Agricultural Law Enforcement of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may enforce traffic laws of this state.
- f. School safety officers may enforce all of the traffic laws of this state when such violations occur on or about any property or facilities that are under the guidance, supervision, regulation, or control of the district school board.
- 2. Any disciplinary action taken or performance evaluation conducted by an agency of the state as described in subparagraph 1. of a law enforcement officer's traffic enforcement activity must be in accordance with written work-performance standards. Such standards must be approved by the agency and any collective bargaining unit representing such law enforcement officer. A violation of this subparagraph is not subject to the penalties provided in chapter 318.
- 3. The Division of the Florida Highway Patrol may employ as a traffic $\underline{\text{crash}}$ accident investigation officer any individual who successfully completes instruction in traffic $\underline{\text{crash}}$ accident investigation and court presentation through the Selective

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Traffic Enforcement Program as approved by the Criminal Justice Standards and Training Commission and funded through the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration or a similar program approved by the commission, but who does not necessarily meet the uniform minimum standards established by the commission for law enforcement officers or auxiliary law enforcement officers under chapter 943. Any such traffic crash accident investigation officer who makes an investigation at the scene of a traffic crash accident may issue traffic citations, based upon personal investigation, when he or she has reasonable and probable grounds to believe that a person who was involved in the crash accident committed an offense under this chapter, chapter 319, chapter 320, or chapter 322 in connection with the crash accident. This subparagraph does not permit the officer to carry firearms or other weapons, and such an officer does not have authority to make arrests.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 316.655, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

316.655 Penalties.-

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(2) A driver convicted of a violation of any offense prohibited by this chapter or any other law of this state regulating motor vehicles, which resulted in a crash an accident, may have his or her driving privileges revoked or suspended by the court if the court finds such revocation or suspension warranted by the totality of the circumstances

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resulting in the conviction and the need to provide for the maximum safety for all persons who travel on or who are otherwise affected by the use of the highways of the state. In determining whether suspension or revocation is appropriate, the court shall consider all pertinent factors, including, but not limited to, such factors as the extent and nature of the driver's violation of this chapter, the number of persons killed or injured as the result of the driver's violation of this chapter, and the extent of any property damage resulting from the driver's violation of this chapter.

Section 15. Section 316.70, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 316.70 Nonpublic sector buses; safety rules.-
- (1) All owners and drivers The Department of
 Transportation shall establish and revise standards to ensure
 the safe operation of nonpublic sector buses operated on the
 public highways of this state are subject to the rules and
 regulations, which standards shall be those contained in 49
 C.F.R. parts 382, 383, 385, 386, 387, and 390-397 and which
 shall be directed toward ensuring that:
- (a) Nonpublic sector buses are safely maintained, equipped, and operated.
- (b) Nonpublic sector buses are carrying the insurance required by law and carrying liability insurance on the checked baggage of passengers not to exceed the standard adopted by the

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776 United States Department of Transportation.

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- (b) (c) Florida license tags are purchased for nonpublic sector buses pursuant to s. 320.38.
- (d) The driving records of drivers of nonpublic sector buses are checked by their employers at least once each year to ascertain whether the driver has a suspended or revoked driver license.
- Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (2) Transportation personnel may conduct compliance investigations reviews for the purpose of determining compliance with this section. A civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000 in the aggregate may be assessed against a any person who violates any provision of this section or who violates a any rule or order of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles Transportation. A civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be assessed for violations found in a followup compliance investigation review conducted within a 24-month period. A civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 in the aggregate may be assessed and the motor carrier may be enjoined pursuant to s. 316.3026 if violations are found after a second followup compliance review within 12 months after the first followup compliance review. Motor carriers may be enjoined under s. 316.3026 for violations identified during a compliance investigation or for found to be operating without insurance coverage required by s. 627.742 or 49 C.F.R. part 387 may be enjoined as provided in s. 316.3026.

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(3) For the purpose of enforcing this section, a law
enforcement officer of the Department of Highway Safety and
Motor Vehicles or duly appointed agent who holds a current
safety inspector certification from the Commercial Vehicle
Safety Alliance may require the driver of any commercial motor
vehicle operated on the highways of this state to stop and
submit to an inspection of the motor vehicle or the driver's
records. If the motor vehicle or driver is found to be operating
in an unsafe condition, or if any required part or equipment is
not present or is not in proper repair or adjustment, and the
continued operation would present an unduly hazardous operating
condition, the officer or agent may require the motor vehicle or
the driver to be removed from service pursuant to the North
American Standard Out-of-Service Criteria until corrected.
However, if continued operation would not present an unduly
hazardous operating condition, the officer or agent may give
written notice requiring correction of the condition within 14
days.
(4) (3) School buses subject to the provisions of chapter
1006 or s. 316.615 are exempt from the provisions of this
section.
Section 16. Section 318.19, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
318.19 Infractions requiring a mandatory hearing.— \underline{A} Any
person cited for an infraction the infractions listed in this

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section shall not have the provisions of s. 318.14(2), (4), and (9) available to him or her but must appear before the designated official at the time and location of the scheduled hearing:

- (1) Any infraction which results in a crash that causes the death of another;
- "serious bodily injury, as defined in s. 316.003," of another, including the person cited for the infraction as defined in s. 316.1933(1);
 - (3) Any infraction of s. 316.172(1)(b);

- (4) Any infraction of s. 316.520(1) or (2); or
- 838 (5) Any infraction of s. 316.183(2), s. 316.187, or s. 839 316.189 of exceeding the speed limit by 30 mph or more.

Section 17. Section 319.002, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

administer and provide for the enforcement of this chapter. The department may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this chapter conferring powers or duties upon the department, including, without limitation, adopting rules and forms governing reports. The department shall also have the nonexclusive power to define by rule any term, regardless of whether used in this chapter, insofar as the definition is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

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Section 18. Subsections (3) through (8) are added to section 319.25, Florida Statutes, to read:

- 319.25 Cancellation of certificates; investigations; subpoenas and other process; oaths; rules.—
- (3) The department may conduct investigations and examinations of any person suspected of violating or of having violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted or order issued under this chapter.
- (4) For purposes of any investigation or examination conducted under this section, the department is granted and authorized to exercise the power of subpoena and to administer oaths or affirmations, examine witnesses, require affidavits, take depositions, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, records, and other evidence. Such subpoenas may be served by an authorized representative of the department.
- (5) If a person refuses to testify, produce books, papers, documents, or records, or otherwise obey the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, the department may petition a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the person's residence or principal place of business is located, whereupon the court shall issue an order requiring such person to obey the subpoena or show cause for failing to obey the subpoena. Unless the person shows sufficient cause for failing to obey the subpoena, the court shall direct the person to obey the

subpoena. Costs incurred by the department to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, its petition shall be paid by the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is contempt of court.

- (6) For the purpose of any investigation, examination, or proceeding initiated by the department under this chapter, the department may designate agents to serve subpoenas and other process and administer oaths or affirmations.
- (7) A witness subpoenaed under this section is entitled to witness fees at the same rate established by s. 92.142 for witnesses in a civil case, except that witness fees are not payable for appearance at the witness's place of business during regular business hours or at the witness's residence.
- (8) The department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 319.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 319.40 Transactions by electronic or telephonic means.-
- (3) The department may collect <u>and use e-mail electronic</u>

 mail addresses <u>for purposes of this chapter</u>, <u>including</u>, <u>but not limited to</u>, <u>and use of e-mail electronic mail</u> in lieu of the United States Postal Service as a method of notification.

 However, any notice regarding the potential forfeiture or foreclosure of an interest in property must be sent via the United States Postal Service.

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Section 20. Subsection (24) of section 320.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.01 Definitions, general.—As used in the Florida Statutes, except as otherwise provided, the term:

- recreational vehicles, vehicles displaying restricted plates, city pickup and delivery vehicles, buses used in transportation of chartered parties, and government-owned vehicles, which is used or intended for use in two or more member jurisdictions that allocate or proportionally register vehicles and which is used for the transportation of persons for hire or is designed, used, or maintained primarily for the transportation of property and:
- (a) Is a power unit having a gross vehicle weight in excess of 26,000 pounds;
- (b) Is a power unit having three or more axles, regardless of weight; or
- (c) Is used in combination, when the weight of such combination exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.

Vehicles, or combinations thereof, having a gross vehicle weight of 26,000 pounds or less and two-axle vehicles may be proportionally registered.

Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 320.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.06 Registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers generally.—

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(b) 1. Registration license plates bearing a graphic symbol and the alphanumeric system of identification shall be issued for a 10-year period. At the end of the 10-year period, upon renewal, the plate shall be replaced. The department shall extend the scheduled license plate replacement date from a 6year period to a 10-year period. The fee for such replacement is \$28, \$2.80 of which shall be paid each year before the plate is replaced, to be credited toward the next \$28 replacement fee. The fees shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. A credit or refund may not be given for any prior years' payments of the prorated replacement fee if the plate is replaced or surrendered before the end of the 10-year period, except that a credit may be given if a registrant is required by the department to replace a license plate under s. 320.08056(8)(a). With each license plate, a validation sticker shall be issued showing the owner's birth month, license plate number, and the year of expiration or the appropriate renewal period if the owner is not a natural person. The validation sticker shall be placed on the upper right corner of the license plate. The license plate and validation sticker shall be issued based on the applicant's appropriate renewal period. The registration period is 12 months, the extended registration

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period is 24 months, and all expirations occur based on the applicant's appropriate registration period.

- 2. A vehicle that has an apportioned registration shall be issued an annual license plate and a cab card that denote the declared gross vehicle weight for each apportioned jurisdiction in which the vehicle is authorized to operate. This subparagraph expires October 1, 2019.
- 3. Upon implementation of a new operating system for apportioned vehicle registration, a vehicle registered in accordance with the International Registration Plan which has an apportioned registration shall be issued a license plate for a 5-year period, an annual cab card denoting the declared gross vehicle weight, and an annual validation sticker showing the month and year of expiration. The validation sticker shall be placed in the center of the license plate. The license plate and validation sticker shall be issued based on the applicant's appropriate renewal period. The registration period is 12 months. The fee for an original and a renewed cab card is \$28. This fee shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. If the license plate is damaged or worn, it may be replaced at no charge by applying to the department and surrendering the current license plate.
- $\underline{4.2.}$ In order to retain the efficient administration of the taxes and fees imposed by this chapter, the 80-cent fee increase in the replacement fee imposed by chapter 2009-71, Laws

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of Florida, is negated as provided in s. 320.0804.

Section 22. Subsection (5) of section 320.0607, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.0607 Replacement license plates, validation decal, or mobile home sticker.—

(5) Upon the issuance of an original license plate, the applicant shall pay a fee of \$28 to be deposited in the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. Upon implementation of a new operating system for apportioned vehicle registration, this subsection does not apply to a vehicle registered under the International Registration Plan.

Section 23. Subsection (8) of section 320.0807, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (6), and present subsections (5), (6), and (7) of that section are amended to read:

320.0807 Special license plates for Governor and federal and state legislators.—

(5) Upon application by any current or former President of the Senate and payment of the fees prescribed by s. 320.0805, the department may issue a license plate stamped "Senate President" followed by the number assigned by the department or chosen by the applicant if it is not already in use. Upon application by any current or former Speaker of the House of Representatives and payment of the fees prescribed by s. 320.0805, the department may issue a license plate stamped

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"House Speaker" followed by the number assigned by the department or chosen by the applicant if it is not already in use.

(6) (a) Upon application by any former member of Congress or former member of the state Legislature, payment of the fees prescribed by s. 320.0805, and payment of a one-time fee of \$500, the department may issue a former member of Congress, state senator, or state representative a license plate stamped "Retired Congress," "Retired Senate," or "Retired House," as appropriate, for a vehicle owned by the former member.

(b) To qualify for a Retired Congress, Retired Senate, or Retired House prestige license plate, a former member must have served at least 4 years as a member of Congress, state senator, or state representative, respectively.

(c) Four hundred fifty dollars of the one-time fee collected under paragraph (a) shall be distributed to the account of the direct-support organization established pursuant to s. 272.136 and used for the benefit of the Florida Historic Capitol Museum, and the remaining \$50 shall be deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

(5) (7) The department may create a unique plate design for plates to be used by members or former members of the Legislature or Congress as provided in subsection subsections (2), (5), and (6).

Section 24. Paragraph (a) of subsection (9) and subsection

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1026 (11) of section 320.27, Florida Statutes, are amended, and
1027 paragraph (g) is added to subsection (1) of that section, to
1028 read:

320.27 Motor vehicle dealers.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—The following words, terms, and phrases when used in this section have the meanings respectively ascribed to them in this subsection, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:
- g) "Control person" means a person who has significant power, directly or indirectly, to direct the management or policies of a company, whether through ownership, by contract, or otherwise. The term includes a person who is an owner, director, general partner, officer, manager, or employee exercising decisionmaking responsibility or exercising similar executive status or functions but does not include an employee whose function is only clerical or ministerial or in sales under the supervision of an owner or manager or other person exercising decisionmaking responsibility.
 - (9) DENIAL, SUSPENSION, OR REVOCATION.-
- (a) The department may deny an initial or renewal application or, suspend, or revoke a any license issued hereunder or under the provisions of s. 320.77 or s. 320.771 upon proof that an applicant or a licensee has:
- 1. Committed fraud or willful misrepresentation in application for or in obtaining a license.

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2. Been convicted of a felony and has either not completed the resulting felony sentence or completed the felony sentence less than 10 years from the date of licensure application.

- 3. Failed to honor a bank draft or check given to a motor vehicle dealer for the purchase of a motor vehicle by another motor vehicle dealer within 10 days after notification that the bank draft or check has been dishonored. If the transaction is disputed, the maker of the bank draft or check shall post a bond in accordance with the provisions of s. 559.917, and no proceeding for revocation or suspension shall be commenced until the dispute is resolved.
- 4.a. Failed to provide payment within 10 business days to the department for a check payable to the department that was dishonored due to insufficient funds in the amount due plus any statutorily authorized fee for uttering a worthless check. The department shall notify an applicant or licensee when the applicant or licensee makes payment to the department by a check that is subsequently dishonored by the bank due to insufficient funds. The applicant or licensee shall, within 10 business days after receiving the notice, provide payment to the department in the form of cash in the amount due plus any statutorily authorized fee. If the applicant or licensee fails to make such payment within 10 business days, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke the applicant's or licensee's motor vehicle dealer license.

b. Stopped payment on a check payable to the department, issued a check payable to the department from an account that has been closed, or charged back a credit card transaction to the department. If an applicant or licensee commits any such act, the department may deny, suspend, or revoke the applicant's or licensee's motor vehicle dealer license.

- 5. Previously owned a majority interest in, or acted as a control person of, a motor vehicle dealer that within the past 10 years has been the subject of any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, revocation, denial, judgment, or administrative order by any court of competent jurisdiction, administrative law judge, or state agency that resulted in a finding of violation of any federal or state law relating to unlicensed activity, or fraud in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle, or knowingly employs or contracts such a person as a control person, or knowingly employs or contracts as a control person a person who has been convicted of a felony and has either not completed the resulting felony sentence or completed the felony sentence less than 10 years from the date of licensure application.
 - (11) INJUNCTION.-

(a) In addition to the remedies provided in this chapter and notwithstanding the existence of any adequate remedy at law, the department <u>may</u> is authorized to make application to any circuit court of the state, and such circuit court shall have

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jurisdiction, upon a hearing and for cause shown, to grant a temporary or permanent injunction, or both, restraining any person from acting as a motor vehicle dealer under the terms of this section without being properly licensed hereunder, from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, or for failing or refusing to comply with the requirements of chapter 319, this chapter, or ss. 559.901-559.9221, or any rule or regulation adopted thereunder, such injunction to be issued without bond. A single act in violation of the provisions of chapter 319, this chapter, or chapter 559 shall be sufficient to authorize the issuance of an injunction.

(b) If the court grants the injunction, the court may bar, permanently or for a specific time period, any person found to have violated any federal or state law relating to unlicensed activity or fraud in connection with the sale of a motor vehicle. If a person is barred, the person may not continue in any capacity within the industry. The person shall have no management, sales, or other role in the operation of a dealership. Further, if permanently barred, the person may not derive income from the dealership beyond reasonable compensation for the sale of his or her ownership interest in the business.

Section 25. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 320.822, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.822 Definitions; ss. 320.822-320.862.—In construing

ss. 320.822-320.862, unless the context otherwise requires, the following words or phrases have the following meanings:

- (2) "Code" means the appropriate standards found in:
- (c) The <u>Uniform Mobile Home</u> Repair and Remodeling Code <u>for</u> Mobile Homes and the Used Recreational Vehicle Code.

1131 Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 320.8232, Florida
1132 Statutes, is amended to read:

320.8232 Establishment of uniform standards for used recreational vehicles and repair and remodeling code for mobile homes.—

Code for Mobile Homes shall ensure safe and livable housing and shall not be more stringent than those standards required to be met in the manufacture of mobile homes. Such provisions shall include, but not be limited to, standards for structural adequacy, plumbing, heating, electrical systems, and fire and life safety. All permitting and regulation of the repair and remodeling of mobile homes shall be performed in accordance with this subsection, current department rules, or subsequent rules developed in accordance with chapter 120.

Section 27. Section 320.861, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

320.861 <u>Investigations; subpoenas and other process;</u>
oaths; rules <u>Inspection of records; production of evidence;</u>
subpoena power.—

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(1) The department may <u>conduct investigations and</u>

<u>examinations of any person suspected of violating or of having</u>

<u>violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted or</u>

<u>order issued under this chapter</u> <u>inspect the pertinent books</u>,

<u>records</u>, <u>letters</u>, <u>and contracts of any licensee</u>, <u>whether dealer</u>

<u>or manufacturer</u>, <u>relating to any written complaint made to it</u>

<u>against such licensee</u>.

- conducted under this section, the department is granted and authorized to exercise the power of subpoena and to administer oaths or affirmations, examine witnesses, require affidavits, take depositions, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, documents, records, and other evidence. Such subpoenas may be served by an authorized representative of the department for the attendance of witnesses and the production of any documentary evidence necessary to the disposition by it of any written complaint against any licensee, whether dealer or manufacturer.
- (3) If a person refuses to testify; produce books, papers, documents, or records; or otherwise obey the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum, the department may petition a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the person's residence or principal place of business is located, whereupon the court shall issue an order requiring such person to obey the subpoena or show cause for failing to obey the subpoena. Unless

the person shows sufficient cause for failing to obey the subpoena, the court shall direct the person to obey the subpoena. Costs incurred by the department to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, its petition shall be paid by the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is contempt of court.

- (4) For the purpose of any investigation, examination, or proceeding initiated by the department under this chapter, the department may designate agents to serve subpoenas and other process and administer oaths or affirmations. The department shall exercise this power on its own initiative in accordance with ss. 320.615 and 320.71.
- (5) A witness subpoenaed under this section is entitled to witness fees at the same rate established by s. 92.142 for witnesses in a civil case, except that witness fees are not payable for appearance at the witness's place of business during regular business hours or at the witness's residence.
- (6) The department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 320.95, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 320.95 Transactions by electronic or telephonic means.—
- (2) The department may collect <u>and use e-mail electronic</u>

 mail addresses <u>for purposes of this chapter</u>, including, but not limited to, and use of e-mail <u>electronic mail</u> in lieu of the

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United States Postal Service for the purpose of providing renewal notices.

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Section 29. Subsection (1) of section 321.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

321.05 Duties, functions, and powers of patrol officers.-The members of the Florida Highway Patrol are hereby declared to be conservators of the peace and law enforcement officers of the state, with the common-law right to arrest a person who, in the presence of the arresting officer, commits a felony or commits an affray or breach of the peace constituting a misdemeanor, with full power to bear arms; and they shall apprehend, without warrant, any person in the unlawful commission of any of the acts over which the members of the Florida Highway Patrol are given jurisdiction as hereinafter set out and deliver him or her to the sheriff of the county that further proceedings may be had against him or her according to law. In the performance of any of the powers, duties, and functions authorized by law, members of the Florida Highway Patrol have the same protections and immunities afforded other peace officers, which shall be recognized by all courts having jurisdiction over offenses against the laws of this state, and have authority to apply for, serve, and execute search warrants, arrest warrants, capias, and other process of the court. The patrol officers under the direction and supervision of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall perform and exercise throughout the

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state the following duties, functions, and powers:

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To patrol the state highways and regulate, control, and direct the movement of traffic thereon; to maintain the public peace by preventing violence on highways; to apprehend fugitives from justice; to enforce all laws regulating and governing traffic, travel, and public safety upon the public highways and providing for the protection of the public highways and public property thereon, including the security and safety of this state's transportation infrastructure; to make arrests without warrant for the violation of any state law committed in their presence in accordance with state law; providing that no search may be made unless it is incident to a lawful arrest, to regulate and direct traffic concentrations and congestions; to enforce laws governing the operation, licensing, and taxing and limiting the size, weight, width, length, and speed of vehicles and licensing and controlling the operations of drivers and operators of vehicles, including the safety, size, and weight of commercial motor vehicles; to collect all state fees and revenues levied as an incident to the use or right to use the highways for any purpose, including the taxing and registration of commercial motor vehicles; to require the drivers of vehicles to stop and exhibit their driver licenses, registration cards, or documents required by law to be carried by such vehicles; to investigate traffic crashes accidents, secure testimony of witnesses and of persons involved, and make report thereof with

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copy, if requested in writing, to any person in interest or his or her attorney; to investigate reported thefts of vehicles; and to seize contraband or stolen property on or being transported on the highways. Each patrol officer of the Florida Highway Patrol is subject to and has the same arrest and other authority provided for law enforcement officers generally in chapter 901 and has statewide jurisdiction. Each officer also has arrest authority as provided for state law enforcement officers in s. 901.15. This section does not conflict with, but is supplemental to, chapter 933.

Section 30. Section 321.065, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

321.065 Traffic <u>crash</u> accident investigation officers; employment; standards.—The department may employ traffic <u>crash</u> accident investigation officers who must complete any applicable standards adopted by the Florida Highway Patrol, including, but not limited to: cognitive testing, drug testing, polygraph testing, psychological testing, and an extensive background check, including a credit check.

Section 31. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 321.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 321.23 Public records; fees for copies; destruction of obsolete records; photographing records; effect as evidence.—
- (2) Fees for copies of public records shall be charged and collected as follows:

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1276	(d)	Photographs (c:	rashes accidents ,	etc.):		
1277						
	E	Inlargement	Color	Black &		
		Proof		White		
1278						
	1.	5" x 7"	\$1.00	\$0.75		
1279						
	2.	8" x 10"	\$1.50	\$1.00		
1280						
	3.	11" x 14"	Not Available	\$1.75		
1281						
	4.	16" x 20"	Not Available	\$2.75		
1282						
	5.	20" x 24"	Not Available	\$3.75		
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1285	The depart	The department shall furnish such information without charge to				
1286	any local,	any local, state, or federal law enforcement agency upon proof				
1287	satisfacto	satisfactory to the department as to the purpose of the				
1288	investigat	investigation.				
1289	Secti	Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section				
1290	322.051, E	322.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:				
1291	322.0)51 Identifica	tion cards.—			
1292	(2) (a	a) Every ident:	ification card:			
1293	1. 1	Issued to a pers	son 5 years of age	e to 14 years of age		
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shall expire, unless canceled earlier, on the fourth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue.

- 2. Issued to a person 15 years of age and older shall expire, unless canceled earlier, on the eighth birthday of the applicant following the date of original issue.
- Renewal of an identification card shall be made for the applicable term enumerated in this paragraph. An Any application for renewal received later than 12 months 90 days after expiration of the identification card shall be considered the same as an application for an original identification card.
 - Section 33. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of section 322.0602, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 322.0602 Youthful Drunk Driver Visitation Program.-
 - (4) VISITATION REQUIREMENT.-

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- (a) To the extent that personnel and facilities are made available to the court, the court may include a requirement for supervised visitation by the probationer to all, or any, of the following:
- 1. A trauma center, as defined in s. 395.4001, or a hospital as defined in s. 395.002, which regularly receives victims of vehicle <u>crashes</u> accidents, between the hours of 10 p.m. and 2 a.m. on a Friday or Saturday night, in order to observe appropriate victims of vehicle <u>crashes</u> accidents involving drinking drivers, under the supervision of any of the

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1319 following:

- a. A registered nurse trained in providing emergency trauma care or prehospital advanced life support.
 - b. An emergency room physician.
 - c. An emergency medical technician.
- 2. A licensed service provider, as defined in s. 397.311, which cares for substance abuse impaired persons, to observe persons in the terminal stages of substance abuse impairment, under the supervision of appropriately licensed medical personnel. Before Prior to any visitation of such terminally ill or disabled persons, the persons or their legal representatives must give their express consent to participate in the visitation program.
- 3. If approved by the county coroner, the county coroner's office or the county morgue to observe appropriate victims of vehicle <u>crashes</u> accidents involving drinking drivers, under the supervision of the coroner or a deputy coroner.
- (b) As used in this section, the term "appropriate victims" means victims or their legal representatives, including the next of kin, who have expressly given their consent to participate in the visitation program and victims whose condition is determined by the visitation supervisor to demonstrate the results of <u>crashes</u> accidents involving drinking drivers without being excessively gruesome or traumatic to the probationer.

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1344	Section 34. Subsection (10) of section 322.08, Florida
1345	Statutes, is amended to read:
1346	322.08 Application for license; requirements for license
1347	and identification card forms
1348	(10) The department may collect and use e-mail electronic
1349	mail addresses for purposes of this chapter, including, but not
1350	<u>limited to,</u> and use of e-mail electronic mail in lieu of the
1351	United States Postal Service for the purpose of providing
1352	renewal notices.
1353	Section 35. Subsection (5) of section 322.091, Florida
1354	Statutes, is amended to read:
1355	322.091 Attendance requirements.—
1356	(5) REPORTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—The department shall
1357	make available, upon request, a report quarterly to each school
1358	district $\underline{\text{of}}$ the legal name, sex, date of birth, and social
1359	security number of each student whose driving privileges have
1360	been suspended under this section.
1361	Section 36. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
1362	322.17, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1363	322.17 Replacement licenses, identification cards, and
1364	permits.—
1365	(1)
1366	(b) In the event that an instruction permit, or driver
1367	license, or identification card issued under the provisions of
1368	this chapter is stolen, the person to whom the same was issued

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may, at no charge, obtain a replacement upon furnishing proof satisfactory to the department that such permit, or license, or identification card was stolen and further furnishing the person's full name, date of birth, sex, residence and mailing address, proof of birth satisfactory to the department, and proof of identity satisfactory to the department.

Section 37. Subsection (8) of section 322.212, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (9), paragraph (a) of subsection (5) and subsection (6) are amended, and a new subsection (8) is added to that section, to read:

322.212 Unauthorized possession of, and other unlawful acts in relation to, driver license or identification card.—

- (5) (a) A It is unlawful for any person may not to use a false or fictitious name in any application for a driver license or identification card or knowingly to make a false statement, knowingly conceal a material fact, provide an altered or counterfeit document, participate in a dishonest or deceptive action, or otherwise commit a fraud in any such application.
- (6) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, <u>a any</u> person who violates any of the provisions of this section <u>commits is guilty of</u> a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. <u>A Any</u> person who violates paragraph (5) (a) by giving a false age in <u>an any</u> application for a driver license or identification card or who violates paragraph (5) (b) by possessing a driver license,

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identification card, or <u>similar</u> any instrument in the <u>similitude</u> thereof, on which the date of birth has been altered <u>commits</u> is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. A Any person who violates paragraph (1) (d) commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

(8) In addition to any other penalties provided by this section, if a person provides false information when applying for a driver license, identification card, commercial driver license, or commercial learner's permit or is convicted of fraud in connection with testing for a driver license, commercial driver license, or commercial learner's permit, such person's driving privilege shall be suspended for 1 year.

Section 38. Section 322.36, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

322.36 Permitting unauthorized operator to drive.—A person may not authorize or knowingly permit a motor vehicle owned by him or her or under his or her dominion or control to be operated upon any highway or public street except by a person who is duly authorized to operate a motor vehicle under this chapter. A Any person who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. If a person violates this section by knowingly loaning a vehicle to a person whose driver license is suspended and if that vehicle is involved in a crash an accident

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resulting in bodily injury or death, the driver license of the person violating this section shall be suspended for 1 year.

Section 39. Paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (1) of section 322.61, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraphs (i) and (j) are added to that subsection, to read:

322.61 Disqualification from operating a commercial motor vehicle.—

- (1) A person who, for offenses occurring within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious traffic violations or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a commercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days. A holder of a commercial driver license or commercial learner's permit who, for offenses occurring within a 3-year period, is convicted of two of the following serious traffic violations, or any combination thereof, arising in separate incidents committed in a noncommercial motor vehicle shall, in addition to any other applicable penalties, be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of 60 days if such convictions result in the suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the licenseholder's driving privilege:
- (g) Driving a commercial vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver license or commercial learner's permit or without the proper endorsement; $\frac{1}{2}$

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1444	(h) Driving a commercial vehicle without a commercial
1445	driver license or commercial learner's permit in possession, as
1446	required by s. 322.03 <u>;</u>
1447	(i) Texting while driving a commercial motor vehicle as
1448	prohibited by 49 C.F.R. s. 392.80; or
1449	(j) Using a hand-held mobile telephone while driving a
1450	commercial motor vehicle, as prohibited by 49 C.F.R. s. 392.82.
1451	Section 40. Section 322.71, Florida Statutes, is created
1452	to read:
1453	322.71 Investigations; subpoenas and other process; oaths;
1454	rules.—
1455	(1) The department may conduct investigations and
1456	examinations of any person suspected of violating or of having
1457	violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted or
1458	order issued under this chapter.
1459	(2) For purposes of any investigation or examination
1460	conducted under this section, the department is granted and
1461	authorized to exercise the power of subpoena and to administer
1462	oaths or affirmations, examine witnesses, require affidavits,
1463	take depositions, and compel the attendance of witnesses and the
1464	production of books, papers, documents, records, and other
1465	evidence. Such subpoenas may be served by an authorized
1466	representative of the department.
1467	(3) If a person refuses to testify; produce books, papers,
1468	documents or records, or otherwise obey the subpoens or

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subpoena duces tecum, the department may petition a court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the person's residence or principal place of business is located, whereupon the court shall issue an order requiring such person to obey the subpoena or show cause for failing to obey the subpoena. Unless the person shows sufficient cause for failing to obey the subpoena, the court shall direct the person to obey the subpoena. Costs incurred by the department to obtain an order granting, in whole or in part, its petition shall be paid by the subpoenaed person, and failure to comply with such order is contempt of court.

- (4) For the purpose of any investigation, examination, or proceeding initiated by the department under this chapter, the department may designate agents to serve subpoenas and other process and administer oaths or affirmations.
- (5) A witness subpoenaed under this section is entitled to witness fees at the same rate established by s. 92.142 for witnesses in a civil case, except that witness fees are not payable for appearance at the witness's place of business during regular business hours or at the witness's residence.
- (6) The department may adopt rules to administer this section.
- Section 41. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4) of section 323.001, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 323.001 Wrecker operator storage facilities; vehicle

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1494 holds.-

- (4) The requirements for a written hold apply when the following conditions are present:
- (e) The officer has probable cause to believe the vehicle was involved in a traffic <u>crash</u> accident resulting in death or personal injury and should be sealed for investigation and collection of evidence by a vehicular homicide investigator;

Section 42. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1), paragraph (c) of subsection (2), and subsection (4) of section 323.002, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

323.002 County and municipal wrecker operator systems; penalties for operation outside of system.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (c) "Wrecker operator system" means a system for the towing or removal of wrecked, disabled, or abandoned vehicles, similar to the Florida Highway Patrol wrecker operator system described in s. 321.051(2), under which a county or municipality contracts with one or more wrecker operators for the towing or removal of wrecked, disabled, or abandoned vehicles from crash accident scenes, streets, or highways. A wrecker operator system shall include using a method for apportioning the towing assignments among the eligible wrecker operators through the creation of geographic zones, a rotation schedule, or a combination of these methods.
 - (2) In any county or municipality that operates a wrecker

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1519 operator system:

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- When an unauthorized wrecker operator drives by the scene of a wrecked or disabled vehicle and the owner or operator initiates contact by signaling the wrecker operator to stop and provide towing services, the unauthorized wrecker operator must disclose in writing to the owner or operator of the vehicle his or her full name and driver license number, that he or she is not the authorized wrecker operator who has been designated as part of the wrecker operator system, that the motor vehicle is not being towed for the owner's or operator's insurance company or lienholder, whether he or she has in effect an insurance policy providing at least \$300,000 of liability insurance and at least \$50,000 of on-hook cargo insurance, and the maximum charges for towing and storage which will apply before the vehicle is connected to the towing apparatus. The unauthorized wrecker operator must also provide a copy of the disclosure to the owner or operator in the presence of a law enforcement officer if such officer is at the scene of a motor vehicle crash accident. A Any person who violates this paragraph commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and the person's wrecker, tow truck, or other motor vehicle that was used during the offense may be immediately removed and impounded pursuant to subsection (3).
- (4) This section does not prohibit, or in any way prevent, the owner or operator of a vehicle involved in a crash $\frac{an}{a}$

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accident or otherwise disabled from contacting any wrecker operator for the provision of towing services, regardless of whether the wrecker operator is an authorized wrecker operator or not.

Section 43. Section 324.011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.011 Purpose of chapter.—It is the intent of this chapter to recognize the existing privilege to own or operate a motor vehicle on the public streets and highways of this state when such vehicles are used with due consideration for others and their property, and to promote safety and provide financial security requirements for such owners or operators whose responsibility it is to recompense others for injury to person or property caused by the operation of a motor vehicle.

Therefore, it is required herein that the operator of a motor vehicle involved in a crash or convicted of certain traffic offenses meeting the operative provisions of s. 324.051(2) shall respond for such damages and show proof of financial ability to respond for damages in future crashes accidents as a requisite to his or her future exercise of such privileges.

Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 324.022, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

324.022 Financial responsibility for property damage.-

(1) Every owner or operator of a motor vehicle required to be registered in this state shall establish and maintain the

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ability to respond in damages for liability on account of crashes accidents arising out of the use of the motor vehicle in the amount of \$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction of, property of others in any one crash. The requirements of this section may be met by one of the methods established in s. 324.031; by self-insuring as authorized by s. 768.28(16); or by maintaining an insurance policy providing coverage for property damage liability in the amount of at least \$10,000 because of damage to, or destruction of, property of others in any one crash accident arising out of the use of the motor vehicle. The requirements of this section may also be met by having a policy which provides coverage in the amount of at least \$30,000 for combined property damage liability and bodily injury liability for any one crash arising out of the use of the motor vehicle. The policy, with respect to coverage for property damage liability, must meet the applicable requirements of s. 324.151, subject to the usual policy exclusions that have been approved in policy forms by the Office of Insurance Regulation. An No insurer does not shall have a any duty to defend uncovered claims irrespective of their joinder with covered claims. Section 45. Section 324.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 324.023 Financial responsibility for bodily injury or death.-In addition to any other financial responsibility required by law, every owner or operator of a motor vehicle that

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is required to be registered in this state, or that is located within this state, and who, regardless of adjudication of guilt, has been found guilty of or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a charge of driving under the influence under s. 316.193 after October 1, 2007, shall, by one of the methods established in s. 324.031(1) or (2), establish and maintain the ability to respond in damages for liability on account of crashes accidents arising out of the use of a motor vehicle in the amount of \$100,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, one person in any one crash and, subject to such limits for one person, in the amount of \$300,000 because of bodily injury to, or death of, two or more persons in any one crash and in the amount of \$50,000 because of property damage in any one crash. If the owner or operator chooses to establish and maintain such ability by furnishing a certificate of deposit pursuant to s. 324.031(2), such certificate of deposit must be at least \$350,000. Such higher limits must be carried for a minimum period of 3 years. If the owner or operator has not been convicted of driving under the influence or a felony traffic offense for a period of 3 years from the date of reinstatement of driving privileges for a violation of s. 316.193, the owner or operator shall be exempt from this section. Section 46. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 324.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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324.051 Reports of crashes; suspensions of licenses and

1619 registrations.—

(1)

- reports of crashes from individual owners or operators whenever it deems it necessary for the proper administration of this chapter, and these reports shall be made without prejudice except as specified in this subsection. No Such a report may not shall be used as evidence in any trial arising out of a crash. However, subject to the applicable rules of evidence, a law enforcement officer at a criminal trial may testify as to any statement made to the officer by the person involved in the crash accident if that person's privilege against self-incrimination is not violated.
- (2) (a) Thirty days after receipt of notice of a crash any accident described in paragraph (1) (a) involving a motor vehicle within this state, the department shall suspend, after due notice and opportunity to be heard, the license of each operator and all registrations of the owner of the vehicles operated by such operator whether or not involved in such crash and, in the case of a nonresident owner or operator, shall suspend such nonresident's operating privilege in this state, unless such operator or owner shall, before prior to the expiration of such 30 days, is be found by the department to be exempt from the operation of this chapter, based upon evidence satisfactory to the department that:

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1. The motor vehicle was legally parked at the time of such crash.

- 2. The motor vehicle was owned by the United States Government, this state, or any political subdivision of this state or any municipality therein.
- 3. Such operator or owner has secured a duly acknowledged written agreement providing for release from liability by all parties injured as the result of <u>such</u> said crash and has complied with one of the provisions of s. 324.031.
- 4. Such operator or owner has deposited with the department security to conform with s. 324.061 when applicable and has complied with one of the provisions of s. 324.031.
- 5. One year has elapsed since such owner or operator was suspended pursuant to subsection (3), the owner or operator has complied with one of the provisions of s. 324.031, and no bill of complaint of which the department has notice has been filed in a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (b) This subsection does shall not apply:
- 1. To such operator or owner if such operator or owner had in effect at the time of such crash or traffic conviction an automobile liability policy with respect to all of the registered motor vehicles owned by such operator or owner.
- 2. To such operator, if not the owner of such motor vehicle, if there was in effect at the time of such crash or traffic conviction an automobile liability policy or bond with

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1669 respect to his or her operation of motor vehicles not owned by him or her.

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- To such operator or owner if the liability of such operator or owner for damages resulting from such crash is, in the judgment of the department, covered by any other form of liability insurance or bond.
- To a any person who has obtained from the department a certificate of self-insurance, in accordance with s. 324.171, or to a any person operating a motor vehicle for such self-insurer.

No such policy or bond shall be effective under this paragraph subsection unless it contains limits of not less than those specified in s. 324.021(7).

Section 47. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 324.242, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 324.242 Personal injury protection and property damage liability insurance policies; public records exemption.-
- Upon receipt of a request and proof of a crash report as required under s. 316.065, s. 316.066, or s. 316.068, or a crash report created pursuant to the laws of another state, the department shall release the policy number for a policy covering a vehicle involved in a motor vehicle crash accident to:
 - Any person involved in such crash accident;
- (b) The attorney of any person involved in such crash accident; or

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(c) A representative of the insurer of any person involved in such crash accident.

- (3) The department shall provide personal injury protection and property damage liability insurance policy numbers to department-approved third parties that provide data collection services to an insurer of any person involved in such crash accident.
- (4) Before the department's release of a policy number in accordance with subsection (2) or subsection (3), an insurer's representative, a contracted third party, or an attorney for a person involved in a crash an accident must provide the department with documentation confirming proof of representation.

Section 48. Section 328.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

328.30 Transactions by electronic or telephonic means.—

- (1) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may accept any application provided for under this part chapter by electronic or telephonic means.
- (2) The department may issue an electronic certificate of title in lieu of printing a paper title.
- (3) The department may collect <u>and use e-mail</u> electronic mail addresses <u>for purposes of this part, including, but not</u> <u>limited to, and use of e-mail</u> electronic mail in lieu of the United States Postal Service for the purpose of providing

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1719	renewal notices.
1720	Section 49. Subsection (3) of section 328.40, Florida
1721	Statutes, is amended to read:
1722	328.40 Administration of vessel registration and titling
1723	laws; records.—
1724	(3) All records made or kept by the Department of Highway
1725	Safety and Motor Vehicles under this part are subject to
1726	inspection and copying as provided in chapter 119 law are public
1727	records except for confidential reports.
1728	Section 50. Section 328.80, Florida Statutes, is amended
1729	to read:
1730	328.80 Transactions by electronic or telephonic means.—
1731	(1) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
1732	may commission is authorized to accept any application provided
1733	for under this part chapter by electronic or telephonic means.
1734	(2) The department may collect and use e-mail addresses
1735	for purposes of this part, including, but not limited to, use of
1736	e-mail in lieu of the United States Postal Service for the
1737	purpose of providing renewal notices.
1738	Section 51. Subsection (4) of section 627.7415, Florida
1739	Statutes, is amended to read:
1740	627.7415 Commercial motor vehicles; additional liability
1741	insurance coverage.—Commercial motor vehicles, as defined in s.
1742	207.002 or s. 320.01, operated upon the roads and highways of
1743	this state shall be insured with the following minimum levels of

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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combined bodily liability insurance and property damage liability insurance in addition to any other insurance requirements:

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- (4) All commercial motor vehicles subject to regulations of the United States Department of Transportation, 49 C.F.R. part 387, subparts subpart A and B, and as may be hereinafter amended, shall be insured in an amount equivalent to the minimum levels of financial responsibility as set forth in such regulations.
- A violation of this section is a noncriminal traffic infraction, punishable as a nonmoving violation as provided in chapter 318.
- 1756 Section 52. Subsection (1) of section 655.960, Florida
 1757 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 655.960 Definitions; ss. 655.960-655.965.—As used in this section and ss. 655.961-655.965, unless the context otherwise requires:
 - (1) "Access area" means any paved walkway or sidewalk which is within 50 feet of any automated teller machine. The term does not include any street or highway open to the use of the public, as defined in $\underline{s. 316.003(83)(a)} \ \underline{s. 316.003(81)(a)}$ or (b), including any adjacent sidewalk, as defined in $\underline{s. 316.003}$.
 - Section 53. Subsection (2) of section 784.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 784.07 Assault or battery of law enforcement officers,

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firefighters, emergency medical care providers, public transit employees or agents, or other specified officers; reclassification of offenses; minimum sentences.—

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When a Whenever any person is charged with knowingly committing an assault or battery upon a law enforcement officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical care provider, a railroad special officer, a traffic crash accident investigation officer as described in s. 316.640, a nonsworn law enforcement agency employee who is certified as an agency inspector, a blood alcohol analyst, or a breath test operator while such employee is in uniform and engaged in processing, testing, evaluating, analyzing, or transporting a person who is detained or under arrest for DUI, a law enforcement explorer, a traffic infraction enforcement officer as described in s. 316.640, a parking enforcement specialist as defined in s. 316.640, a person licensed as a security officer as defined in s. 493.6101 and wearing a uniform that bears at least one patch or emblem that is visible at all times that clearly identifies the employing agency and that clearly identifies the person as a licensed security officer, or a security officer employed by the board of trustees of a community college, while the officer, firefighter, emergency medical care provider, railroad special officer, traffic crash accident investigation officer, traffic infraction enforcement officer, inspector, analyst, operator, law enforcement explorer, parking enforcement specialist, public

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transit employee or agent, or security officer is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties, the offense for which the person is charged shall be reclassified as follows:

- (a) In the case of assault, from a misdemeanor of the second degree to a misdemeanor of the first degree.
- (b) In the case of battery, from a misdemeanor of the first degree to a felony of the third degree.
- (c) In the case of aggravated assault, from a felony of the third degree to a felony of the second degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, \underline{a} any person convicted of aggravated assault upon a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 3 years.
- (d) In the case of aggravated battery, from a felony of the second degree to a felony of the first degree. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, \underline{a} any person convicted of aggravated battery of a law enforcement officer shall be sentenced to a minimum term of imprisonment of 5 years.

Section 54. Subsection (5) of section 856.015, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

856.015 Open house parties.-

 (5) If a violation of subsection (2) causes or contributes to causing serious bodily injury, as defined in $\underline{s.316.003}$ $\underline{s.316.1933}$, or death to the minor, or if the minor causes or contributes to causing serious bodily injury or death to another as a result of the minor's consumption of alcohol or drugs at

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1819	the open house party, the violation is a misdemeanor of the
1820	first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s.
1821	775.083.
1822	Section 55. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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