328940

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/10/2019		
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The Committee on Rules (Stargel) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 88 - 144

4 and insert:

> site available for use. Any notice of nonpayment served by a claimant who is not in privity with the contractor which includes sums for retainage must specify the portion of the amount claimed for retainage. An action for the labor, services, or materials, or supplies may not be instituted against the contractor or the surety unless the notice to the contractor and notice of nonpayment have been served, if required by this

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section. Notices required or permitted under this section must shall be served in accordance with s. 713.18. A claimant may not waive in advance his or her right to bring an action under the bond against the surety. In any action brought to enforce a claim against a payment bond under this section, the prevailing party is entitled to recover a reasonable fee for the services of his or her attorney for trial and appeal or for arbitration, in an amount to be determined by the court, which fee must be taxed as part of the prevailing party's costs, as allowed in equitable actions. The time periods for service of a notice of nonpayment or for bringing an action against a contractor or a surety shall be measured from the last day of furnishing labor, services, or materials by the claimant and may not be measured by other standards, such as the issuance of a certificate of occupancy or the issuance of a certificate of substantial completion. The negligent inclusion or omission of any information in the notice of nonpayment that has not prejudiced the contractor or surety does not constitute a default that operates to defeat an otherwise valid bond claim. A claimant who serves a fraudulent notice of nonpayment forfeits his or her rights under the bond. A notice of nonpayment is fraudulent if the claimant has willfully exaggerated the amount unpaid, willfully included a claim for work not performed or materials not furnished for the subject improvement, or prepared the notice with such willful and gross negligence as to amount to a willful exaggeration. However, a minor mistake or error in a notice of nonpayment, or a good faith dispute as to the amount unpaid, does not constitute a willful exaggeration that operates to defeat an otherwise valid claim against the bond. The service



41	of a fraudulent notice of nonpayment is a complete defense to		
42	the claimant's claim against the bond. The notice of nonpayment		
43	under this subparagraph must supply the following information,		
44	current as of the date of the notice, and must be in		
45	substantially the following form:		
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47	NOTICE OF NONPAYMENT		
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49	To:(name of contractor and address)		
50	(name of surety and address)		
51	The undersigned claimant notifies you that:		
52	1. Claimant has furnished(describe labor, services, or		
53	materials) for the improvement of the real property		
54	identified as(property description) The corresponding		
55	amount unpaid to date is \$, of which \$ is unpaid		
56	retainage.		
57	2. Claimant has been paid to date the amount of		
58			
59	========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========		
60	And the title is amended as follows:		
61	Delete lines 4 - 5		
62	and insert:		
63	under oath; specifying that certain negligent		