

The Florida Senate
BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs and Space

BILL: SB 1222

INTRODUCER: Senator Harrell

SUBJECT: Services for Veterans and Their Families

DATE: March 25, 2019

REVISED: _____

	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	Brown	Caldwell	MS	Pre-meeting
2.			CF	
3.			AP	

I. Summary:

SB 1222 creates the Florida Veterans' Care Coordination Program (Program), to provide veterans and their families dedicated behavioral health care referral services, primarily for mental health and substance abuse. Through the Program, a caller to a separate veteran-dedicated support line receives assistance and support from a trained fellow veteran.

The bill requires the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to establish the Program in consultation with the Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services. To provide services statewide, the DCF will contract with managing entities to enter into agreements with Florida 211 Network participants.

The bill models the Program after the pilot program established in 2014 by the Crisis Center of Tampa Bay and the Florida Department of Veterans' Affairs (FDVA) in Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, and Manatee Counties.

The bill specifies goals, services, and follow-up requirements.

The department must compile data collected by the Florida 211 Network into a report for the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 15, 2020.

The bill has a significant fiscal impact on state government. Annual recurring costs are estimated at \$2 million from the General Revenue Fund.

II. Present Situation:

Veterans and Mental Health and/or Substance Abuse

More than 1.5 million veterans currently live in Florida, making the state the third largest population of veterans nationally.¹ Veterans face unique challenges, and some struggle with mental health and substance abuse.

Posttraumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD) is a psychiatric disorder that can occur in people who have experienced or witnessed a traumatic event, including war or combat.²

The National Center for PTSD, U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), lists the percentage of veterans with PTSD by service era:

- Between 11 and 20 percent of veterans who served in Operations Iraqi Freedom and Enduring Freedom have PTSD in a given year.
- About 12 percent of veterans who served in the Gulf War have PTSD in a given year.
- About 15 percent of veterans of the Vietnam War were diagnosed with PTSD at the time of the most recent study in the late 1980's. However, it is estimated that about 30 percent of veterans of the Vietnam War have had PTSD in their lifetimes.³

A strong association exists between PTSD and substance abuse disorders (SUD) amongst veterans. Statistics show:

- More than two in 10 veterans with PTSD also have SUD;
- Almost one in three veterans seeking treatment for SUD also have PTSD;
- About one in 10 veterans returning from the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan seen at the VA have problems with alcohol or other drugs.⁴

Suicide rates for veterans continue to be a cause of national concern:

- More than 6,000 veterans committed suicide each year from 2008 to 2016.
- In 2016, the suicide rate was 1.5 times greater for veterans than for non-veteran adults, after adjusting for age and gender.

From 2005 to 2016, the increase in suicide rate among veterans in Veterans Hospital Administration (VHA) care was lower than among veterans not in VHA care.⁵

¹ Florida Department of Veterans' Affairs, *Our Veterans*, available at <http://floridavets.org/our-veterans/> (last visited March 19, 2019).

² American Psychiatric Association, *What is Posttraumatic Stress Disorder?*, available at <https://www.psychiatry.org/patients-families/ptsd/what-is-ptsd> (last visited March 14, 2019).

³ National Center for PTSD, U.S. Dep't of Veterans Affairs, *How Common is PTSD in Veterans?*, available at https://www.ptsd.va.gov/understand/common/common_veterans.asp (last visited March 14, 2019).

⁴ National Center for PTSD, U.S. Dep't of Veterans Affairs, *PTSD and Substance Abuse in Veterans*, available at https://www.ptsd.va.gov/understand/related/substance_abuse_vet.asp (last visited March 14, 2019).

⁵ Office of Mental Health and Suicide Prevention, U.S. Dep't of Veterans Affairs, *VA National Suicide Data Report 2005-2016*, available at https://www.mentalhealth.va.gov/docs/data-sheets/OMHSP_National_Suicide_Data_Report_2005-2016_508.pdf (last visited March 14, 2019).

Florida Alliance of information and Referral Services (FLAIRS)

Each year, 16 million people in the United States call 2-1-1 for help with basic needs like food and shelter, and emergency needs, such as mental health, addiction, and suicide intervention.⁶ The Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services (FLAIRS) is the 211 collaborative organization for the state responsible for designing, studying, and implementing the Florida 211 Network.⁷ The mission of the FLAIRS is to strengthen the health and human service information and referral provider network in the state through advocacy, coordination, and education.⁸

The Florida 211 Network, established in s. 408.918, F.S., operates as the single point of coordination for information and referral of health and human services.⁹ As of February 20, 2017, 22 Florida 211 Network providers operate across the state.¹⁰

Pilot Program and Statewide Expansion

Pilot Program

In 2014, the Crisis Center of Tampa Bay launched a pilot program (Program) through its existing 211 Network to offer a separate dedicated phone line for state veterans in need of support. The Program expanded existing 211 services, including behavioral health care service referrals, to veterans in Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, and Manatee counties.¹¹

Under the Crisis Center's Peer-to-Peer Care Coordination model, callers to the support line talk to a fellow veteran and access:

- Comprehensive information and referral to VA-funded services and other services based in the community;
- Assistance and support by the fellow veteran; and
- Care coordination services, such as navigating the system, advocacy, and ongoing support.¹²

History of Funding for the Program

Since the launch of the Program, funding has been provided as follows:

- July 2014 - June 2015: The 2014 Legislature provided an appropriation of \$150,000 in nonrecurring funds to the Crisis Center of Tampa Bay to create the pilot program. With the appropriation, in August 2014, the Crisis Center of Tampa Bay expanded its services to

⁶ The Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services (FLAIRS), *211 Counts.org*, available at <http://www.flairs.org/211counts/> (last visited March 15, 2019). For a breakdown of needs by center on the FLAIRS website, see *What are the Most Pressing Needs for Your Community?*, available at <https://211counts.org/home/index> (last visited March 15, 2019).

⁷ Section 408.918(3), F.S.

⁸ The Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services (FLAIRS), *Mission*, available at <http://www.flairs.org/mission/> (last visited March 14, 2019).

⁹ Section 408.918(1), F.S.

¹⁰ The Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services (FLAIRS), *Florida 2-1-1 Network Map*, available at <http://www.flairs.org/wp-content/uploads/sites/13/2017/03/FL-211-providers-and-coverage-areas-022717.pdf> (last visited March 15, 2019).

¹¹ Specific Appropriation 595, ch. 2014-51, L.O.F., available at <http://laws.flrules.org/2014/51> (last visited March 20, 2019).

¹² Crisis Center of Tampa Bay, *Florida Veterans Support Line*, available at <https://www.crisiscenter.com/what-we-do/2-1-1-contact-center/florida-veterans-support-line/> (last visited March 15, 2019).

veterans and hired veterans to answer crisis calls. The Crisis Center launched the Florida Veterans Support Line in November 2014. The DCF has continued the annual appropriation of \$150,000 to continue the Pilot Program, from July 2015 to the present time.¹³

- **July 2017 - June 2018:** The Legislature funded \$400,000 in nonrecurring dollars from general revenue through the FDVA for statewide expansion of the dedicated call line and a marketing campaign to inform the public about the call line. Funding was not allotted for statewide Peer-to-Peer Care Coordination.¹⁴
- **September 2018 - September 2019:** The FDVA provided \$1 million in funding for the statewide program, including Peer-to-Peer Care Coordination. To ensure full statewide implementation, the DCF matched the FDVA’s funding through a federal grant.¹⁵

Use of the Program by Veterans

Since the Crisis Center implemented the pilot program in 2014, veteran and veteran family participation has steadily increased.

Region Served	Fiscal Year	Veterans Served	Services Referred	Suicide Concerns	Peer-to-Peer Care Coordination - Crisis Center of Tampa Bay Only
5 Counties	2014-2015	1,135	925	179	626
5 Counties	2015-2016	1,315	1,478	207	750
5 Counties	2016-2017	3,420	3,641	538	768
Statewide	2017-2018	28,962	49,932	396 - Crisis Center of Tampa Bay only	880 ¹⁶

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

SB 1222 creates the Florida Veterans’ Care Coordination Program (Program) as a statewide program, to provide veterans and their families dedicated behavioral health care referral services, primarily for mental health and substance abuse. Through the Program, a veteran who calls a dedicated support line receives assistance and support from a trained fellow veteran.

The bill requires the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to establish the Program in consultation with the Florida Alliance of Information and Referral Services. To provide services statewide, the DCF will contract with managing entities to enter into agreements with Florida 211 Network participants.

¹³ Crisis Center of Tampa Bay, *Overview of Current Funding* (on file with the Senate Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs and Space).

¹⁴ *Id.*, The nonrecurring \$400,000 is provided in Specific Appropriation 575 of ch. 2017-70, L.O.F., available at <http://laws.flrules.org/2017/70> (last visited March 20, 2019).

¹⁵ Crisis Center of Tampa Bay, *supra* note 13.

¹⁶Crisis Center of Tampa Bay, *Overview of the 1-844-MYFLVET Support Line* (on file with the Senate Committee on Military and Veterans Affairs and Space).

The bill models the Program after the pilot program established in 2014 by the Crisis Center of Tampa Bay and the FDVA in Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, and Manatee Counties.

Program Goals and Services

Program goals are to:

- Prevent suicide by veterans; and to
- Increase the use by veterans of programs and services provided by the VA and other available community-based programs and services.

Program services will include:

- Telephonic peer support, crisis intervention, and information on referral resources;
- Treatment coordination, including coordination of follow-up care;
- Assessment of suicide risk as part of an immediate needs assessment, including safety planning and support;
- Promotion of the safety and wellness of veterans and their families, including continuous safety planning and support;
- Resource coordination, including data analysis, to facilitate acceptance, enrollment, and attendance of veterans and their families in programs and services provided by the VA and other available community-based programs and services.

The bill requires program teams to:

- Document calls and data, and track the number and nature of requests from veterans and family members;
- Follow up with callers to determine if they have pursued referrals and whether additional help is needed; and
- Implement communication strategies to educate veterans and their families about programs and services provided by the VA and other community-based programs and services.

Data Collection and Report

Florida 211 Network participants must provide all collected data to the DCF. By December 15, 2020, the DCF will then submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The report must include:

- The nature, number, and outcome of each call received;
- Demographic information on each caller; and
- Follow-up by the program team, including timeliness and positive outcomes.

To fully implement the Program statewide, the bill would require an annual recurring amount of \$2 million from the General Revenue Fund. The bill does not provide for funding.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2019.

IV. Constitutional Issues:**A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:**

The bill does not appear to require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, Section 18 of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:**A. Tax/Fee Issues:**

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Veterans and their families may financially benefit from having greater access to treatments and services specifically designed for veterans with mental health or substance abuse issues, including programs offered through the United States Department of Veterans Affairs and community-based services.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill requires the department to provide statewide dedicated behavioral healthcare referral services, as well as mental health and substance abuse services to veterans and their families through the state's 211 Network. Therefore, the bill has a significant fiscal impact on state government. Annual recurring costs are estimated at \$2 million from the General Revenue Fund.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 394.9087, Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.
