1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to commercial dog breeders and 3 dealers; creating s. 828.295, F.S.; requiring certain commercial dog breeders and dealers to be licensed by 4 5 the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; 6 providing requirements for applications; requiring 7 inspections of premises; providing recordkeeping 8 requirements; limiting the number of dogs a breeder 9 may have at one time; providing requirements for a 10 dog's health and care; providing breeding requirements; specifying minimum staffing 11 12 requirements; providing for the retirement of dogs; 13 providing exceptions for certain small commercial dog 14 breeders and dealers; providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Section 828.295, Florida Statutes, is created 19 to read: 20 828.295 Dog breeders and dealers.-21 (1)LICENSURE AND APPLICATIONS.-22 Any person or organization operating a commercial dog (a) 23 breeding kennel or pet dealer that offers dogs or puppies for 24 sale to the public must have a valid license issued by the 25 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

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| 26 | (b) The applicant must be at least 18 years of age and           |
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| 27 | must have no prior animal cruelty convictions on his or her      |
| 28 | record for the previous 10 years.                                |
| 29 | (c) The applicant must have no history of a revoked or           |
| 30 | refused license under this section.                              |
| 31 | (d) A license issued pursuant to this section shall expire       |
| 32 | 1 year after the date of issuance.                               |
| 33 | (2) INSPECTIONS.—  |
| 34 | (a) A license shall be issued only after inspection of the       |
| 35 | applicant's premises by the department.                          |
| 36 | (b) If unacceptable conditions are found at the initial          |
| 37 | inspection, the applicant shall have 30 days to correct the      |
| 38 | conditions and reapply. If the applicant fails the second pre-   |
| 39 | license inspection, a license may not be issued.                 |
| 40 | (c) The applicant's premises shall be inspected at least         |
| 41 | once a year, or upon a complaint.                                |
| 42 | (3) RECORDKEEPING  |
| 43 | (a) By March 1 of each year, each licensee shall submit          |
| 44 | the total number of dogs sold, traded, bartered, brokered, given |
| 45 | away, boarded, or exhibited during the previous calendar year.   |
| 46 | (b) Each licensee shall keep a record of the method of           |
| 47 | acquisition and disposal for each animal and retain such record  |
| 48 | for at least 3 years.  |
| 49 | (c) Each licensee shall keep a record of the medical             |

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treatments performed on each animal and retain such record for

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| 51 | at | least | 3 | years.  | _       |   |
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- (4) NUMBER OF DOGS.—A breeder may not possess, control, or otherwise have charge of at the same time more than 50 sexually intact dogs that are 6 months of age or older for the primary purpose of reproduction.
- (5) PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.—A primary enclosure in a dog kennel:
  - (a) May not have sharp points or edges.
  - (b) Must contain the dogs securely.
  - (c) Must prevent other dogs from entering the enclosure.
  - (d) Must enable the dogs to remain dry and clean.
  - (e) Must enable adequate air flow and fresh air exchange.
- (f) Must provide shelter and protection from extreme temperatures and weather conditions that may be uncomfortable or hazardous to the dogs.
- (g) Must provide sufficient windbreaks, shade, and covered shelter large enough to cover all the dogs housed in the primary enclosure at one time.
- (h) Must provide all the dogs with easy and convenient access to clean food and water.
- (i) Must be constructed so that all surfaces in contact with the dogs are of a material that can be adequately cleaned and sanitized or be replaced when worn or soiled.
- (j) Must be constructed so that all floors protect the dogs' feet and legs from injury with only solid or wide-slatted

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flooring. Wire strand flooring and gridded flooring may not be used.

- (k) Must be constructed so that enclosures are not stacked one on top of another or suspended from the ceiling.
- (1) Must include at least 1 foot of headroom above the head of the tallest dog in the enclosure.
- (6) INDOOR SPACE REQUIREMENTS.—There shall be at least 12 square feet of indoor space for each dog up to 25 inches long, at least 20 square feet of indoor space for each dog between 25 inches long and 35 inches long, and at least 30 square feet of indoor space for each dog 35 inches long or longer. For purposes of this subsection, the length of a dog is measured from the tip of the dog's nose to the base of the dog's tail.
- (7) LIGHTING.—Dogs shall have at least 10 hours per day of adequate natural or artificial light.
  - (8) TEMPERATURE REGULATION.-

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- (a) Adult dogs must be kept in temperatures between 50 degrees and 85 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (b) Puppies and nursing mothers must be kept in temperatures between 65 degrees and 85 degrees Fahrenheit.
- (c) Adequate bedding material must be provided so that the dog can nest and maintain body heat, if desired.
  - (9) FEEDING AND WATERING.-
- (a) Dogs must be fed at least twice during each 24-hour period, except as otherwise required to provide adequate

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| 101 | veterinary care.   |
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| 102 | (b) Dogs must be fed an adequate amount of food to               |
| 103 | maintain good health and physical condition.                     |
| 104 | (c) Dog food must be stored in closed containers and kept        |
| 105 | wholesome and free of pests or spoilage.                         |
| 106 | (d) Dogs must have continuous access to potable water that       |
| 107 | is not frozen and is generally free of debris, feces, algae, and |
| 108 | other contaminants.  |
| 109 | (10) VETERINARY CARE.—   |
| 110 | (a) Each breeder must provide a written medical program          |
| 111 | signed by a licensed veterinarian.                               |
| 112 | (b) A hands-on examination must be performed on each dog         |
| 113 | by a licensed veterinarian at least once each year.              |
| 114 | (c) Each dog must be properly identified by a collar             |
| 115 | identification, cage card, or microchip so that the dog can be   |
| 116 | matched with his or her veterinary records.                      |
| 117 | (d) Core vaccinations as recommended by the American             |
| 118 | Veterinary Medical Association, including rabies vaccinations    |
| 119 | for all dogs over 4 months of age and vaccinations necessary to  |
| 120 | prevent common canine diseases such as Parvovirus, must be       |
| 121 | administered to each dog by a licensed veterinarian, as          |
| 122 | necessary.   |
| 123 | (e) Medications must be administered as necessary to             |
| 124 | prevent infestation by intestinal parasites.                     |

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Documentation of all veterinary treatments and any

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| 126 | euthanasia procedures must be maintained by the breeder for at |
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| 127 | least 3 years and made available to inspectors upon request.   |
| 128 | (g) Euthanasia may only be performed by a licensed             |
| 129 | veterinarian in compliance with s. 828.058.                    |
| 130 | (h) Surgical births and other surgical procedures may only     |
| 131 | be performed by a licensed veterinarian.                       |
| 132 | (11) BREEDING DOG RESTRICTIONS.—                               |
| 133 | (a) Dogs used for breeding must be in sound reproductive       |
| 134 | health.  |
| 135 | (b) The breeder must establish and implement a screening       |
| 136 | program to test for known inheritable diseases or potentially  |
| 137 | disabling health defects.                                      |
| 138 | (c) Female unaltered dogs must be at least 12 months old       |
| 139 | before being bred.   |
| 140 | (d) Records of litters birthed and genetic testing             |
| 141 | performed must be maintained for at least 3 years.             |
| 142 | (e) Female dogs may not give birth to more than six            |
| 143 | litters in a lifetime.   |
| 144 | (f) Puppies may not be removed from the premises earlier       |
| 145 | than 8 weeks of age except for medical reasons such as         |
| 146 | veterinary visits.   |
| 147 | (12) GROOMING AND DENTAL CARE.—                                |
| 148 | (a) Grooming of fur and nails must be performed at least       |
| 149 | twice a year or more often as needed to prevent matting of fur |
| 150 | and curling and overgrowth of nails.                           |

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| 151 | (b) An annual oral examination must be performed by a            |
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| 152 | licensed veterinarian on each dog with subsequent treatment of   |
| 153 | identified problems.   |
| 154 | (13) EXERCISE AND SOCIALIZATION.—                                |
| 155 | (a) All adult dogs must have unfettered access, at least         |
| 156 | during the day, to an exercise area that is at ground level and  |
| 157 | is at least twice the size of the primary enclosure.             |
| 158 | (b) All dogs must be provided at least 30 minutes per day        |
| 159 | of meaningful socialization with humans and compatible dogs.     |
| 160 | (c) All dogs must be housed with other compatible dogs           |
| 161 | unless there is a medical or behavioral reason that requires the |
| 162 | dog to be kept in isolation.                                     |
| 163 | (14) SANITATION.—  |
| 164 | (a) Excreta must be removed from each primary enclosure at       |
| 165 | least once per day.  |
| 166 | (b) Adequate air exchange must be provided to control            |
| 167 | humidity, odors, and fumes.                                      |
| 168 | (c) Surfaces in contact with dogs must be kept clean and         |
| 169 | free of any build-up of dirt, grime, or other wastes.            |
| 170 | (d) Food and water receptacles must be cleaned and               |
| 171 | sanitized daily.   |
| 172 | (e) Adequate pest control must be maintained to control          |
| 173 | rodents, flies, and other pests.                                 |
| 174 | (15) STAFFING.—  |
| 175 | (a) Adequate staffing must be maintained at the premises         |

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| 176 | 12 hours per day to attend to the dogs.                        |
|-----|--|
| 177 | (b) At least one full-time staff member must be maintained     |
| 178 | per each 25 adult dogs housed at the premises.                 |
| 179 | (16) RETIREMENTIf a breeder chooses not to keep a dog,         |
| 180 | the breeder must make all reasonable efforts to place the dog  |
| 181 | with an adoptive family, rescue organization, or other         |
| 182 | appropriate owner.   |
| 183 | (17) EXCEPTIONS.—This section does not apply to a              |
| 184 | commercial dog breeding kennel with four or fewer breeding     |
| 185 | females or a pet dealer which, in the ordinary course of       |
| 186 | business, engages in the sale of fewer than 20 dogs or puppies |
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Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2019.

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per year to the public.