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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMI	TTEE ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Civil Justice Subcommittee Representative Leek offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Section 768.755, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

768.755 Damages recoverable for cost of medical or health care services; evidence of amount of damages; applicability.—

- (1) In a personal injury or wrongful death action to which this part applies, damages for the cost of medical or health care services provided to a claimant shall be calculated as follows:
- (a) If a claimant received and paid a health care provider for medical or health care services, and there is no outstanding balance for those services, the actual amount remitted to the provider is the maximum amount recoverable. Any difference

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between the amount originally billed by the provider and the actual amount remitted to the provider is not recoverable or admissible in evidence.

- that were paid by a government program or private health insurance for which there is no outstanding balance due to the provider other than a copayment or deductible owed by the claimant, the actual amount remitted to the provider by the government program or private health insurance, plus any copayment or deductible owed by the claimant, is the maximum amount recoverable. Any difference between the amount originally billed by the provider and the sum of the actual amount remitted to the provider and the copayment or deductible owed by the claimant is not recoverable or admissible in evidence.
- (c) If a health care provider provided medical or health care services to a claimant for which an outstanding balance is due to the health care provider, and for claims asserted for medical or health care services to be provided to the claimant in the future, the maximum amount recoverable is the amount accepted from Medicare in payment for such services by other health care providers in the same geographic area. This limitation also applies to any lien asserted for such services in the action, with the exception of liens identified in subsection (3).

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- (2) An individual contract between a health care provider and an authorized insurer offering health insurance, as defined in s. 624.603, or health maintenance organization, as defined in s. 641.19, is not subject to discovery or disclosure in an action under this part, and such information is not admissible in evidence in an action to which this part applies.
- (3) Notwithstanding this section, if a Medicaid managed care plan, Medicare, or a payor regulated under the Florida

 Insurance Code covered or is covering the cost of a claimant's medical or health care services and has given notice of its intent to assert a lien or subrogate a claim for past medical expenses in the action, the amount of the lien or subrogation claim, in addition to the amount of a copayment or deductible paid or payable by the claimant, is the maximum amount recoverable and admissible into evidence with respect to the covered medical or health care services.
- (4) This section applies only to those actions for personal injury or wrongful death to which this part applies arising on or after July 1, 2019, and has no other application or effect regarding compensation paid to providers of medical or health care services.
- Section 2. Section 768.82, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 768.82 Limit on noneconomic damages.-

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(a) In any civil action, damages for noneconomic losses to		
compensate for pain and suffering, inconvenience, mental		
anguish, disfigurement, loss of capacity for enjoyment of life,		
loss of consortium, loss of a decedent's companionship and		
protection, lost parental companionship, instruction and		
guidance, and other nonpecuniary damages may not exceed \$1		
million.		

- (b) The jury shall not be informed of this limit.
- (c) This section does not apply to:
 - 1. Punitive damages; or
 - 2. Damages for an intentional tort.
- Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove lines 2-19 and insert:

An act relating to damages; creating s. 768.755, F.S.; providing for the calculation of damages under specified circumstances; specifying that certain contracts are not subject to discovery or disclosure in certain actions; limiting the amount of damages in certain actions involving liens or subrogation claims by certain payors; creating s. 768.82, F.S.; limiting noneconomic damages in civil actions; providing that a jury may not be informed of such limit; providing exceptions; providing an

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