By Senator Baxley

12-00601A-19 2019260\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to a STEMI registry; creating s. 381.8175, F.S.; directing the Agency for Health Care Administration to establish a statewide, centralized registry of persons who have symptoms associated with ST-elevation myocardial infarctions (STEMI); requiring certain health care facilities to report to the registry specified data on the treatment of STEMI patients; defining the term "PCI-capable"; requiring the agency to contract with an entity to maintain the registry, subject to a specific appropriation; requiring the contracted entity to collect certain data using a nationally recognized platform; requiring the contracted entity to provide annual reports to the agency; providing immunity from liability and disciplinary action; requiring the agency to adopt rules; amending s. 401.30, F.S.; authorizing the appropriate limited disclosure of records of emergency calls containing patient information to the agency and the contracted entity; requiring the Department of

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

patients; providing an effective date.

information related to the transport of specified

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Section 1. Section 381.8175, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

Health, the agency, and the contracted entity to share

381.8175 STEMI registry.—The Agency for Health Care

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Administration shall establish a statewide, centralized registry of persons who have symptoms associated with ST-elevation myocardial infarctions (STEMI).

- (1) (a) All percutaneous coronary intervention capable (PCI-capable) health care facilities in this state shall report data consistent with nationally recognized guidelines on the treatment of STEMI patients to the registry as required by the agency. All other trauma centers, acute care hospitals, and health care facilities that are not PCI-capable are encouraged to and may report such data, as applicable. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "PCI-capable" means that a health care facility has the equipment, expertise, and facilities to administer percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI), a mechanical means of treating heart attack patients.
- (b) The statewide STEMI registry shall collect and maintain data consistent with nationally recognized guidelines and measures for STEMI patients.
- (2) Subject to a specific legislative appropriation, the agency shall contract with a public or private entity to maintain the statewide STEMI registry to ensure that the information required under subsection (1) is maintained and available for use to improve or modify the STEMI care system, ensure compliance with guidelines and standards, and monitor STEMI patient outcomes.
- (3) The agency shall require the contracted entity to use a nationally recognized platform to collect data on the information required under subsection (1). Each January 1, the contracted entity shall provide an annual report to the agency on the data collected.

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(4) A civil, criminal, or administrative action may not be brought against a person or health care provider participating in good faith in the reporting of information pursuant to this section. A person or health care provider reporting information pursuant to this section is immune from civil or criminal liability and from any professional disciplinary action that may arise from reporting such information.

(5) The agency shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 2. Present subsection (5) of section 401.30, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (6), subsection (4) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

401.30 Records.-

- (4) Records of emergency calls which contain patient examination or treatment information are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and may not be disclosed without the consent of the person to whom they pertain, but appropriate limited disclosure may be made without such consent:
- (a) To the person's guardian, to the next of kin if the person is deceased, or to a parent if the person is a minor;
- (b) To hospital personnel for use in conjunction with the treatment of the patient;
  - (c) To the department;
  - (d) To the service medical director;
- (e) For use in a critical incident stress debriefing. Any such discussions during a critical incident stress debriefing shall be considered privileged communication under s. 90.503;
  - (f) In any civil or criminal action, unless otherwise

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prohibited by law, upon the issuance of a subpoena from a court of competent jurisdiction and proper notice by the party seeking such records, to the patient or his or her legal representative;

- (g) To a local trauma agency or a regional trauma agency, or a panel or committee assembled by such an agency to assist the agency in performing quality assurance activities in accordance with a plan approved under s. 395.401. Records obtained under this paragraph are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution; or
- (h) To the Agency for Health Care Administration and the entity under contract with the agency to maintain the statewide STEMI registry pursuant to s. 381.8175.

This subsection does not prohibit the department or a licensee from providing information to any law enforcement agency or any other regulatory agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of emergency medical services and personnel.

- (5) To improve patient care and provide for best medical practices, the department, the agency, and the entity under contract with the Agency for Health Care Administration to maintain the statewide STEMI registry pursuant to s. 381.8175 shall, to the maximum extent feasible, share information relating to the transport of patients suspected of having a STEMI heart attack.
- $\underline{(6)}$  (5) The department shall adopt and enforce all rules necessary to administer this section.
  - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.