LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Senate Comm: WD 02/11/2019

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete lines 79 - 219

and insert:

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4. A will, codicil, or other testamentary instrument.

4.5. A firearm.

5.6. A motor vehicle, except as provided in paragraph (a).

6.7. Any commercially farmed animal, including any animal of the equine, avian, bovine, or swine class or other grazing animal; a bee colony of a registered beekeeper; and aquaculture



species raised at a certified aquaculture facility. If the property stolen is a commercially farmed animal, including an animal of the equine, avian, bovine, or swine class or other grazing animal; a bee colony of a registered beekeeper; or an aquaculture species raised at a certified aquaculture facility, a \$10,000 fine shall be imposed.

8. Any fire extinguisher.

7.9. Any amount of citrus fruit consisting of 2,000 or more individual pieces of fruit.

10. Taken from a designated construction site identified by the posting of a sign as provided for in s. 810.09(2)(d).

11. Any stop sign.

8.12. Anhydrous ammonia.

9.13. Any amount of a controlled substance as defined in s. 893.02. Notwithstanding any other law, separate judgments and sentences for theft of a controlled substance under this subparagraph and for any applicable possession of controlled substance offense under s. 893.13 or trafficking in controlled substance offense under s. 893.135 may be imposed when all such offenses involve the same amount or amounts of a controlled substance.

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> However, if the property is stolen within a county that is subject to a state of emergency declared by the Governor under chapter 252, the property is stolen after the declaration of emergency is made, and the perpetration of the theft is facilitated by conditions arising from the emergency, the offender commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the

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property is valued at \$5,000 or more, but less than \$10,000, as provided under subparagraph 2., or if the property is valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$20,000, as provided under subparagraph 3. As used in this paragraph, the term "conditions arising from the emergency" means civil unrest, power outages, curfews, voluntary or mandatory evacuations, or a reduction in the presence of or the response time for first responders or homeland security personnel. For purposes of sentencing under chapter 921, a felony offense that is reclassified under this paragraph is ranked one level above the ranking under s. 921.0022 or s. 921.0023 of the offense committed.

- (d) It is grand theft of the third degree and a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property stolen is valued at \$1,500 \$100 or more, but less than \$5,000 \$300, and is taken from a dwelling as defined in s. 810.011(2) or from the unenclosed curtilage of a dwelling pursuant to s. 810.09(1).
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (d), if the property stolen is valued at \$500 $\frac{$100}{}$ or more, but less than \$1,500 \$300, the offender commits petit theft of the first degree, punishable as a misdemeanor of the first degree, as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) (a) Theft of any property not specified in subsection (2) is petit theft of the second degree and a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, and as provided in subsection (5), as applicable.
- (b) A person who commits petit theft and who has previously been convicted of any theft commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.



(c) A person who commits petit theft in the first degree and who has previously been convicted two or more times as an adult of any theft commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083 if the third or subsequent petit theft offense occurred within 3 years after the expiration of his or her sentence for the most recent theft conviction.

(d) 1. Every judgment of guilty or not guilty of a petit theft shall be in writing, signed by the judge, and recorded by the clerk of the circuit court. The judge shall cause to be affixed to every such written judgment of guilty of petit theft, in open court and in the presence of such judge, the fingerprints of the defendant against whom such judgment is rendered. Such fingerprints shall be affixed beneath the judge's signature to such judgment. Beneath such fingerprints shall be appended a certificate to the following effect:

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> "I hereby certify that the above and foregoing fingerprints on this judgment are the fingerprints of the defendant,, and that they were placed thereon by said defendant in my presence, in open court, this the day of, ...(year)...."

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Such certificate shall be signed by the judge, whose signature thereto shall be followed by the word "Judge."

2. Any such written judgment of guilty of a petit theft, or a certified copy thereof, is admissible in evidence in the courts of this state as prima facie evidence that the fingerprints appearing thereon and certified by the judge are

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the fingerprints of the defendant against whom such judgment of quilty of a petit theft was rendered.

- (7) For purposes of determining the value of property taken in violation of this section, the value must be based on the fair market value of the property at the time the taking occurred.
- (8) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall, every 5 years, perform a study of the appropriateness of the threshold amounts included in this section. The study's scope shall include, but need not be limited to, the crime trends related to theft offenses, the theft threshold amounts of other states in effect at the time of the study, fiscal impact of any modifications to Florida's threshold amounts, and economic factors, such as inflation. The report shall include options for amending the threshold amounts if the study finds that such amounts are inconsistent with current trends. In conducting the study, OPPAGA shall consult with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research in addition to other interested entities. OPPAGA shall submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 1 of each fifth year.

Section 2. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) and subsection (10) are added to section 812.015, Florida Statutes, and subsections (8) and (9) of that section are amended, to read:

812.015 Retail and farm theft; transit fare evasion; mandatory fine; alternative punishment; detention and arrest; exemption from liability for false arrest; resisting arrest; penalties.-

(1) As used in this section:

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- (n) "Value" means the fair market value of the property taken in violation of this section at the time the taking occurred.
- (8) Except as provided in subsection (9), a person who commits retail theft commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the property stolen is valued at \$1,500 \$300 or more, and the person:
- (a) Individually, or in concert with one or more other persons, coordinates the activities of one or more individuals in committing the offense, in which case the amount of each individual theft is aggregated to determine the value of the property stolen;
- (b) Commits theft from more than one location within a 48hour period, in which case the amount of each individual theft is aggregated to determine the value of the property stolen;
- (c) Acts in concert with one or more other individuals within one or more establishments to distract the merchant, merchant's employee, or law enforcement officer in order to carry out the offense, or acts in other ways to coordinate efforts to carry out the offense; or
- (d) Commits the offense through the purchase of merchandise in a package or box that contains merchandise other than, or in addition to, the merchandise purported to be contained in the package or box.
- (9) A person commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, if the person:
 - (a) Violates subsection (8) as an adult and has previously

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been convicted of a violation of subsection (8) within 3 years after the expiration of his or her sentence for the conviction;

- (b) Individually, or in concert with one or more other persons, coordinates the activities of one or more persons in committing the offense of retail theft where the stolen property has a value in excess of \$3,000.
- (10) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall, every 5 years, perform a study of the appropriateness of the threshold amounts included in this section. The study's scope shall include, but need not be limited to, the crime trends related to theft offenses, the theft threshold amounts of other states in effect at the time of the study, fiscal impact of any modifications to Florida's threshold amounts, and economic factors, such as inflation. The report shall include options for amending the threshold amounts if the study finds that such amounts are inconsistent with current trends. In conducting the study, OPPAGA shall consult with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research in addition to other interested entities. OPPAGA shall submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 1 of each fifth year.

179 ======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 7 - 19

182 and insert:

> market value at the time of the taking; requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government

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Accountability to conduct a study of the threshold amounts every five years; providing the scope of the study; requiring the OPPAGA to make recommendations, if appropriate; requiring the OPPAGA to consult with the Office of Economic and Demographic Research and other interested entities; requiring the OPPAGA to submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 1 of every fifth year; amending s. 812.015, F.S.; defining the term "value"; increasing threshold amounts for a certain theft offense; revising the circumstances under which an offense of retail theft constitutes a felony of the second degree; requiring the OPPAGA to conduct a study of the threshold amounts every five years; providing the scope of the study; requiring the OPPAGA to make recommendations, if appropriate; requiring the OPPAGA to consult with the EDR and other interested entities; requiring the OPPAGA to submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by September 1 of every fifth year; amending s. 921.0022, F.S.;