566294

576-04110-19

Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Appropriations (Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development)

A bill to be entitled 1 2 An act relating to certificates of title for vessels; 3 creating s. 328.001, F.S.; providing a short title; 4 creating s. 328.0015, F.S.; providing definitions; 5 amending s. 328.01, F.S.; revising requirements for 6 application for, and information to be included in, a 7 certificate of title for a vessel; creating s. 8 328.015, F.S.; requiring the Department of Highway 9 Safety and Motor Vehicles to retain certain 10 information relating to ownership and titling of vessels; requiring the department to furnish certain 11 12 information upon request; creating s. 328.02, F.S.; 13 providing that the law of the state under which a 14 vessel's certificate of title is covered governs all 15 issues relating to a certificate of title; specifying when a vessel becomes covered by such certificate; 16 17 amending s. 328.03, F.S.; requiring a vessel owner to deliver an application for certificate of title to the 18 19 department by a specified time; revising circumstances under which a vessel must be titled by this state; 20 21 providing requirements for issuing, transferring, or 22 renewing the number of an undocumented vessel issued 23 under certain federal provisions; deleting provisions relating to operation, use, or storage of a vessel; 24 25 deleting provisions relating to selling, assigning, or 26 transferring a vessel; specifying that a certificate

Page 1 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

27 of title is prima facie evidence of the accuracy of 28 the information in the record that constitutes the 29 certificate; creating s. 328.04, F.S.; providing requirements for the contents of a certificate of 30 31 title; creating s. 328.045, F.S.; providing responsibilities of an owner and insurer of a hull-32 33 damaged vessel when transferring an ownership interest 34 in the vessel; requiring the department to create a 35 new certificate indicating such damage; providing 36 civil penalties; creating s. 328.055, F.S.; requiring 37 the department to maintain certain information in its 38 files and to provide certain information to 39 governmental entities; specifying that certain 40 information is a public record; creating s. 328.06, 41 F.S.; providing responsibilities of the department 42 when creating a certificate of title; creating s. 43 328.065, F.S.; specifying effect of possession of a certificate of title; providing construction; amending 44 s. 328.09, F.S.; providing duties of the department 45 46 relating to creation, issuance, refusal to issue, or 47 cancellation of a certificate of title; providing for a hearing; creating s. 328.101, F.S.; specifying that 48 a certificate of title and certain other records are 49 50 effective despite missing or incorrect information; 51 amending s. 328.11, F.S.; providing requirements for 52 obtaining a duplicate certificate of title; creating 53 s. 328.12, F.S.; providing requirements for 54 determination and perfection of a security interest in 55 a vessel; providing applicability; creating s.

Page 2 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

56 328.125, F.S.; providing requirements for the delivery 57 of a statement of termination of a security interest; 58 providing duties of the department; providing 59 liability for noncompliance; creating s. 328.14, F.S.; 60 providing for the rights of a purchaser of a vessel who is not a secured party; creating s. 328.145, F.S.; 61 providing for the rights of a secured party; amending 62 s. 328.15, F.S.; deleting certain provisions relating 63 64 to notice of a lien; providing for future expiration 65 of certain provisions; amending ss. 328.16 and 66 328.165, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made 67 by the act; creating s. 328.215, F.S.; specifying 68 circumstances under which the department may create a 69 new certificate of title after receipt of an 70 application for a transfer of ownership or termination 71 of a security interest unaccompanied by a certificate 72 of title; authorizing the department to indicate certain information on the new certificate; 73 74 authorizing the department to require a bond, 75 indemnity, or other security; providing for the 76 release of such bond, indemnity, or other security; 77 providing that the department is not liable for 78 creating a certificate of title based on erroneous or 79 fraudulent information; providing penalties; creating 80 s. 328.22, F.S.; providing requirements for the 81 transfer of ownership in a vessel; providing effect of 82 noncompliance; creating s. 328.23, F.S.; providing a 83 definition; providing duties of the department upon 84 receipt of a secured party's transfer statement;

Page 3 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1	576-04110-19
85	providing construction; creating s. 328.24, F.S.;
86	providing a definition; providing requirements for a
87	transfer of ownership by operation of law; providing
88	duties of the department; providing applicability;
89	creating s. 328.25, F.S.; providing that the
90	principles and law of equity supplement the provisions
91	of the act; creating s. 328.41, F.S.; authorizing the
92	department to adopt rules to implement vessel
93	registration provisions; amending ss. 409.2575,
94	705.103, and 721.08, F.S.; conforming provisions and
95	cross-references to changes made by the act; providing
96	construction and applicability regarding transactions,
97	certificates of title, and records entered into or
98	created, actions or proceedings commenced, and
99	security interests perfected before the effective date
100	of the act; providing applicability; providing an
101	effective date.
102	
103	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
104	
105	Section 1. Section 328.001, Florida Statutes, is created to
106	read:
107	328.001 Short titleThis part may be cited as the "Uniform
108	Certificate of Title for Vessels Act."
109	Section 2. Section 328.0015, Florida Statutes, is created
110	to read:
111	328.0015 Definitions
112	(1) As used in this part, the term:
113	(a) "Barge" means a vessel that is not self-propelled or
I	

Page 4 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

114	fitted for propulsion by sail, paddle, oar, or a similar device.
115	(b) "Builder's certificate" means a certificate of the
116	facts of build of a vessel described in 46 C.F.R. s. 67.99.
117	(c) "Buyer" means a person who buys or contracts to buy a
118	vessel.
119	(d) "Cancel," with respect to a certificate of title, means
120	to make the certificate ineffective.
121	(e) "Certificate of origin" means a record created by a
122	manufacturer or an importer as the manufacturer's or importer's
123	proof of identity of a vessel. The term includes a
124	manufacturer's certificate or statement of origin and an
125	importer's certificate or statement of origin. The term does not
126	include a builder's certificate.
127	(f) "Certificate of title" means a record, created by the
128	department or by a governmental agency of another jurisdiction
129	under the law of that jurisdiction, that is designated as a
130	certificate of title by the department or agency and is evidence
131	of ownership of a vessel.
132	(g) "Dealer" means a person, including a manufacturer, in
133	the business of selling vessels.
134	(h) "Department" means the Department of Highway Safety and
135	Motor Vehicles.
136	(i) "Documented vessel" means a vessel covered by a
137	certificate of documentation issued pursuant to 46 U.S.C. s.
138	12105. The term does not include a foreign-documented vessel.
139	(j) "Electronic" means relating to technology having
140	electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical,
141	electromagnetic, or similar capabilities.
142	(k) "Electronic certificate of title" means a certificate

Page 5 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

143	of title consisting of information that is stored solely in an
144	electronic medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
145	(1) "Foreign-documented vessel" means a vessel the
146	ownership of which is recorded in a registry maintained by a
147	country other than the United States which identifies each
148	person who has an ownership interest in the vessel and includes
149	a unique alphanumeric designation for the vessel.
150	(m) "Good faith" means honesty in fact and the observance
151	of reasonable commercial standards of fair dealing.
152	(n) "Hull damaged" means compromised with respect to the
153	integrity of a vessel's hull by a collision, allision, lightning
154	strike, fire, explosion, running aground, or similar occurrence,
155	or the sinking of a vessel in a manner that creates a
156	significant risk to the integrity of the vessel's hull.
157	(o) "Hull identification number" means the alphanumeric
158	designation assigned to a vessel pursuant to 33 C.F.R. part 181.
159	(p) "Lien creditor," with respect to a vessel, means:
160	1. A creditor that has acquired a lien on the vessel by
161	attachment, levy, or the like;
162	2. An assignee for benefit of creditors from the time of
163	assignment;
164	3. A trustee in bankruptcy from the date of the filing of
165	the petition; or
166	4. A receiver in equity from the time of appointment.
167	(q) "Owner" means a person who has legal title to a vessel.
168	(r) "Owner of record" means the owner indicated in the
169	files of the department or, if the files indicate more than one
170	owner, the one first indicated.
171	(s) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a business

Page 6 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

172	trust, an estate, a trust, a statutory trust, a partnership, a
173	limited liability company, an association, a joint venture, a
174	public corporation, a government or governmental subdivision, an
175	agency, an instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial
176	entity.
177	(t) "Purchase" means to take by sale, lease, mortgage,
178	pledge, consensual lien, security interest, gift, or any other
179	voluntary transaction that creates an interest in a vessel.
180	(u) "Purchaser" means a person who takes by purchase.
181	(v) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
182	tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
183	medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
184	(w) "Secured party," with respect to a vessel, means a
185	person:
186	1. In whose favor a security interest is created or
187	provided for under a security agreement, regardless of whether
188	any obligation to be secured is outstanding;
189	2. Who is a consignor as defined under chapter 679; or
190	3. Who holds a security interest arising under s. 672.401,
191	<u>s. 672.505, s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5).</u>
192	(x) "Secured party of record" means the secured party whose
193	name is indicated as the name of the secured party in the files
194	of the department or, if the files indicate more than one
195	secured party, the one first indicated.
196	(y) "Security interest" means an interest in a vessel which
197	secures payment or performance of an obligation if the interest
198	is created by contract or arises under s. 672.401, s. 672.505,
199	s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5). The term includes any interest
200	of a consignor in a vessel in a transaction that is subject to

Page 7 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

201	chapter 679. The term does not include the special property
202	interest of a buyer of a vessel on identification of that vessel
203	to a contract for sale under s. 672.501, but a buyer also may
204	acquire a security interest by complying with chapter 679.
205	Except as otherwise provided in s. 672.505, the right of a
206	seller or lessor of a vessel under chapter 672 or chapter 680 to
207	retain or acquire possession of the vessel is not a security
208	interest, but a seller or lessor also may acquire a security
209	interest by complying with chapter 679. The retention or
210	reservation of title by a seller of a vessel notwithstanding
211	shipment or delivery to the buyer under s. 672.401 is limited in
212	effect to a reservation of a security interest. Whether a
213	transaction in the form of a lease creates a security interest
214	is determined as provided in part II of chapter 671.
215	(z) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or
216	adopt a record, to:
217	1. Make or adopt a tangible symbol; or
218	2. Attach to or logically associate with the record an
219	electronic symbol, sound, or process.
220	(aa) "State" means a state of the United States, the
221	District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin
222	Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the
223	jurisdiction of the United States.
224	(bb) "State of principal use" means the state on the waters
225	of which a vessel is or will be used, operated, navigated, or
226	employed more than on the waters of any other state during a
227	calendar year.
228	(cc) "Title brand" means a designation of previous damage,
229	use, or condition that must be indicated on a certificate of
I	

Page 8 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

230 title.

231	(dd) "Transfer of ownership" means a voluntary or
232	involuntary conveyance of an interest in a vessel.
233	(ee) "Vessel" means a watercraft used or capable of being
234	used as a means of transportation on water, except:
235	1. A seaplane;
236	2. An amphibious vehicle for which a certificate of title
237	is issued pursuant to chapter 319 or a similar statute of
238	another state;
239	3. A watercraft less than 16 feet in length and propelled
240	solely by sail, paddle, oar, or an engine of less than 10
241	horsepower;
242	4. A watercraft that operates only on a permanently fixed,
243	manufactured course and the movement of which is restricted to
244	or guided by means of a mechanical device to which the
245	watercraft is attached or by which the watercraft is controlled;
246	5. A stationary floating structure that:
247	a. Does not have and is not designed to have a mode of
248	propulsion of its own;
249	b. Is dependent for utilities upon a continuous utility
250	hookup to a source originating on shore; and
251	c. Has a permanent, continuous hookup to a shoreside sewage
252	system;
253	6. Watercraft owned by the United States, a state, or a
254	foreign government or a political subdivision of any of them;
255	and
256	7. A watercraft used solely as a lifeboat on another
257	watercraft.
258	(ff) "Vessel number" means the alphanumeric designation for
I	
	Page 9 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

259	a vessel issued pursuant to 46 U.S.C. s. 12301.
260	(gg) "Written certificate of title" means a certificate of
261	title consisting of information inscribed on a tangible medium.
262	(2) The following definitions and terms also apply to this
263	part:
264	(a) "Agreement" as defined in s. 671.201(3).
265	(b) "Buyer in ordinary course of business" as defined in s.
266	<u>671.201(9).</u>
267	(c) "Conspicuous" as defined in s. 671.201(10).
268	(d) "Consumer goods" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(w).
269	(e) "Debtor" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(bb).
270	(f) "Knowledge" as defined in s. 671.209.
271	(g) "Lease" as defined in s. 680.1031(1)(j).
272	(h) "Lessor" as defined in 680.1031(1)(p).
273	(i) "Notice" as defined s. 671.209.
274	(j) "Representative" as defined in s. 671.201(36).
275	(k) "Sale" as defined in s. 672.106(1).
276	(1) "Security agreement" as defined in s. 679.1021(1)(uuu).
277	(m) "Seller" as defined in s. 672.103(1)(d).
278	(n) "Send" as defined in s. 671.201(39).
279	(o) "Value" as defined in s. 671.211.
280	Section 3. Section 328.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to
281	read:
282	328.01 Application for certificate of title
283	(1) (a) The owner of a vessel which is required to be titled
284	shall apply to the county tax collector for a certificate of
285	title. Except as otherwise provided in ss. 328.045, 328.11,
286	328.12, 328.215, 328.23, and 328.24, only an owner may apply for
287	a certificate of title.

566294

576-04110-19 288 (2) An application for a certificate of title must be 289 signed by the applicant and contain: 290 (a) The applicant's name, the street address of the 291 applicant's principal residence, and, if different, the 292 applicant's mailing address; 293 (b) The name and mailing address of each other owner of the 294 vessel; 295 (c) The hull identification number for the vessel or, if none, an application for the issuance of a hull identification 296 297 number for the vessel; 298 (d) The vessel number for the vessel or, if none is issued 299 by the department, an application for a vessel number; 300 (e) A description of the vessel as required by the 301 department, which must include: 302 1. The official number for the vessel, if any, assigned by 303 the United States Coast Guard; 304 2. The name of the manufacturer, builder, or maker; 305 3. The model year or the year in which the manufacture or 306 build of the vessel was completed; 307 4. The overall length of the vessel; 308 5. The vessel type; 309 6. The hull material; 310 7. The propulsion type; 8. The engine drive type, if any; and 311 312 9. The fuel type, if any; (f) An indication of all security interests in the vessel 313 314 known to the applicant and the name and mailing address of each 315 secured party; 316 (g) A statement that the vessel is not a documented vessel

Page 11 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

317	or a foreign-documented vessel;
318	(h) Any title brand known to the applicant and, if known,
319	the jurisdiction under whose law the title brand was created;
320	(i) If the applicant knows that the vessel is hull damaged,
321	a statement that the vessel is hull damaged;
322	(j) If the application is made in connection with a
323	transfer of ownership, the transferor's name, street address,
324	and, if different, mailing address, the sales price, if any, and
325	the date of the transfer; and
326	(k) If the vessel was previously registered or titled in
327	another jurisdiction, a statement identifying each jurisdiction
328	known to the applicant in which the vessel was registered or
329	titled.
330	(3) In addition to the information required by subsection
331	(2), an application for a certificate of title may contain an
332	electronic address of the owner, transferor, or secured party.
333	(4) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.11, s. 328.215,
334	s. 328.23, or s. 328.24, an application for a certificate of
335	title must be accompanied by:
336	(a) A certificate of title signed by the owner shown on the
337	certificate and which:
338	1. Identifies the applicant as the owner of the vessel; or
339	2. Is accompanied by a record that identifies the applicant
340	as the owner; or
341	(b) If there is no certificate of title:
342	1. If the vessel was a documented vessel, a record issued
343	by the United States Coast Guard which shows the vessel is no
344	longer a documented vessel and identifies the applicant as the
345	owner;

566294

576-04110-19

i	576-04110-19
346	2. If the vessel was a foreign-documented vessel, a record
347	issued by the foreign country which shows the vessel is no
348	longer a foreign-documented vessel and identifies the applicant
349	as the owner; or
350	3. In all other cases, a certificate of origin, bill of
351	sale, or other record that to the satisfaction of the department
352	identifies the applicant as the owner.
353	(5) A record submitted in connection with an application is
354	part of the application. The department shall maintain the
355	record in its files.
356	(6) The department may require that an application for a
357	certificate of title be accompanied by payment or evidence of
358	payment of all fees and taxes payable by the applicant under the
359	laws of this state, other than this part, in connection with the
360	application or the acquisition or use of the vessel The
361	application shall include the true name of the owner, the
362	residence or business address of the owner, and the complete
363	description of the vessel, including the hull identification
364	number, except that an application for a certificate of title
365	for a homemade vessel shall state all the foregoing information
366	except the hull identification number.
367	(7)(a) The application shall be signed by the owner and
368	shall be accompanied by personal or business identification and
369	the prescribed fee. An individual applicant must provide a valid
370	driver license or identification card issued by this state or
371	another state or a valid passport. A business applicant must

372 provide a federal employer identification number, if applicable, 373 verification that the business is authorized to conduct business 374 in the state, or a Florida city or county business license or

Page 13 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

375 number.

(b) The owner of an undocumented vessel that is exempt from titling may apply to the county tax collector for a certificate of title by filing an application accompanied by the prescribed fee.

380 (2) (a) The owner of a manufactured vessel that was 381 initially sold in this state for which vessel an application for 382 an initial title is made shall establish proof of ownership by 383 submitting with the application the original copy of the 384 manufacturer's statement of origin for that vessel.

385 (b) The owner of a manufactured vessel that was initially 386 sold in another state or country for which vessel an application 387 for an initial title is made shall establish proof of ownership 388 by submitting with the application:

389 1. The original copy of the manufacturer's statement of 390 origin if the vessel was initially sold or manufactured in a 391 state or country requiring the issuance of such a statement or 392 the original copy of the executed bill of sale if the vessel was 393 initially sold or manufactured in a state or country not 394 requiring the issuance of a manufacturer's statement of origin; 395 and

396 2. The most recent certificate of registration for the 397 vessel, if such a certificate was issued.

398 (c) In making application for an initial title, the owner 399 of a homemade vessel shall establish proof of ownership by 400 submitting with the application:

401 1. A notarized statement of the builder or its equivalent,
402 whichever is acceptable to the Department of Highway Safety and
403 Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is less than 16 feet in length; or

566294

576-04110-19

404 2. A certificate of inspection from the Fish and Wildlife 405 Conservation Commission and a notarized statement of the builder 406 or its equivalent, whichever is acceptable to the Department of 407 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, if the vessel is 16 feet or 408 more in length.

409 (d) The owner of a nontitled vessel registered or 410 previously registered in another state or country for which an 411 application for title is made in this state shall establish 412 proof of ownership by surrendering, with the submission of the 413 application, the original copy of the most current certificate 414 of registration issued by the other state or country.

415 (c) The owner of a vessel titled in another state or 416 country for which an application for title is made in this state 417 shall not be issued a title unless and until all existing titles 418 to the vessel are surrendered to the Department of Highway 419 Safety and Motor Vehicles. The department shall retain the 420 evidence of title which is presented by the applicant and on the basis of which the certificate of title is issued. The 421 422 department shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining whether the facts in the application are true; and, if satisfied 423 424 that the applicant is the owner of the vessel and that the 425 application is in the proper form, the department shall issue a 426 certificate of title.

427 (f) In making application for the titling of a vessel 428 previously documented by the Federal Government, the current 429 owner shall establish proof of ownership by submitting with the 430 application a copy of the canceled documentation papers or a 431 properly executed release-from-documentation certificate 432 provided by the United States Coast Guard. In the event such

Page 15 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

433 documentation papers or certification are in the name of a 434 person other than the current owner, the current owner shall 435 provide the original copy of all subsequently executed bills of 436 sale applicable to the vessel.

437 (3) (a) In making application for a title upon transfer of ownership of a vessel, the new owner shall surrender to the 438 439 Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the last title document issued for that vessel. The document shall be properly 440 441 executed. Proper execution includes, but is not limited to, the 442 previous owner's signature and certification that the vessel to 443 be transferred is debt-free or is subject to a lien. If a lien 444 exists, the previous owner shall furnish the new owner, on forms 445 supplied by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 446 the names and addresses of all lienholders and the dates of all 447 liens, together with a statement from each lienholder that the 448 lienholder has knowledge of and consents to the transfer of 449 title to the new owner.

450 (b) If the application for transfer of title is based upon 451 a contractual default, the recorded lienholder shall establish 452 proof of right to ownership by submitting with the application 453 the original certificate of title and a copy of the applicable 454 contract upon which the claim of ownership is made. If the claim 455 is based upon a court order or judgment, a copy of such document shall accompany the application for transfer of title. If, on 456 457 the basis of departmental records, there appears to be any other 458 lien on the vessel, the certificate of title must contain a statement of such a lien, unless the application for a 459 460 certificate of title is either accompanied by proper evidence of the satisfaction or extinction of the lien or contains a 461

Page 16 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

462 statement certifying that any lienholder named on the last-463 issued certificate of title has been sent notice by certified mail, at least 5 days before the application was filed, of the 464 465 applicant's intention to seek a repossessed title. If such 466 notice is given and no written protest to the department is 467 presented by a subsequent lienholder within 15 days after the 468 date on which the notice was mailed, the certificate of title 469 shall be issued showing no liens. If the former owner or any 470 subsequent lienholder files a written protest under oath within 471 the 15-day period, the department shall not issue the 472 repossessed certificate for 10 days thereafter. If, within the 473 10-day period, no injunction or other order of a court of 474 competent jurisdiction has been served on the department 475 commanding it not to deliver the certificate, the department 476 shall deliver the repossessed certificate to the applicant, or 477 as is otherwise directed in the application, showing no other 478 liens than those shown in the application.

479 (c) In making application for transfer of title from a 480 deceased titled owner, the new owner or surviving coowner shall 481 establish proof of ownership by submitting with the application the original certificate of title and the decedent's probated 482 483 last will and testament or letters of administration appointing 484 the personal representative of the decedent. In lieu of a 485 probated last will and testament or letters of administration, a 486 copy of the decedent's death certificate, a copy of the 487 decedent's last will and testament, and an affidavit by the 488 decedent's surviving spouse or heirs affirming rights of 489 ownership may be accepted by the department. If the decedent 490 died intestate, a court order awarding the ownership of the

Page 17 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

491 vessel or an affidavit by the decedent's surviving spouse or 492 heirs establishing or releasing all rights of ownership and a 493 copy of the decedent's death certificate shall be submitted to 494 the department.

495 <u>(c) (d)</u> An owner or coowner who has made a bona fide sale or 496 transfer of a vessel and has delivered possession thereof to a 497 purchaser shall not, by reason of any of the provisions of this 498 chapter, be considered the owner or coowner of the vessel so as 499 to be subject to civil liability for the operation of the vessel 500 thereafter by another if the owner or coowner has fulfilled 501 either of the following requirements:

502 1. The owner or coowner has delivered to the department, or 503 has placed in the United States mail, addressed to the 504 department, either the certificate of title, properly endorsed, 505 or a notice in the form prescribed by the department; or

506 2. The owner or coowner has made proper endorsement and 507 delivery of the certificate of title as provided by this 508 chapter. As used in this subparagraph, the term "proper 509 endorsement" means:

a. The signature of one coowner if the vessel is held in 510 511 joint tenancy, signified by the vessel's being registered in the 512 names of two or more persons as coowners in the alternative by 513 the use of the word "or." In a joint tenancy, each coowner is 514 considered to have granted to each of the other coowners the 515 absolute right to dispose of the title and interest in the 516 vessel, and, upon the death of a coowner, the interest of the 517 decedent in the jointly held vessel passes to the surviving 518 coowner or coowners. This sub-subparagraph is applicable even if 519 the coowners are husband and wife; or

Page 18 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

520 b. The signatures of every coowner or of the respective 521 personal representatives of the coowners if the vessel is 522 registered in the names of two or more persons as coowners in 523 the conjunctive by the use of the word "and."

525 The department shall adopt suitable language that must appear 526 upon the certificate of title to effectuate the manner in which 527 the interest in or title to the vessel is held.

528 (8) (4) If the owner cannot furnish the department of 529 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles with all the required 530 ownership documentation, the department may, at its discretion, 531 issue a title conditioned on the owner's agreement to indemnify 532 the department and its agents and defend the title against all 533 claims or actions arising out of such issuance.

534 (9) (5) (a) An application for an initial title or a title 535 transfer shall include payment of the applicable state sales tax 536 or proof of payment of such tax.

537 (b) An application for a title transfer between 538 individuals, which transfer is not exempt from the payment of 539 sales tax, shall include payment of the appropriate sales tax 540 payable on the selling price for the complete vessel rig, which 541 includes the vessel and its motor, trailer, and accessories, if 542 any. If the applicant submits with his or her application an 543 itemized, properly executed bill of sale which separately 544 describes and itemizes the prices paid for each component of the 545 riq, only the vessel and trailer will be subject to the sales 546 tax.

547 (10) (6) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 548 shall prescribe and provide suitable forms for applications,

524

566294

576-04110-19

549 certificates of title, notices of security interests, and other 550 notices and forms necessary to carry out the provisions of this 551 chapter.

552 Section 4. Section 328.015, Florida Statutes, is created to 553 read:

554

328.015 Duties and operation of the department.-

555 <u>(1) The department shall retain the evidence used to</u> 556 establish the accuracy of the information in its files relating 557 to the current ownership of a vessel and the information on the 558 certificate of title.

559 (2) The department shall retain in its files all
560 information regarding a security interest in a vessel for at
561 least 10 years after the department receives a termination
562 statement regarding the security interest. The information must
563 be accessible by the hull identification number for the vessel
564 and any other methods provided by the department.

565 (3) If a person submits a record to the department, or 566 submits information that is accepted by the department, and 567 requests an acknowledgment of the filing or submission, the 568 department shall send to the person an acknowledgment showing 569 the hull identification number of the vessel to which the record 570 or submission relates, the information in the filed record or 571 submission, and the date and time the record was received or the 572 submission was accepted. A request under this section must 573 contain the hull identification number and be delivered by means 574 authorized by the department.

575 <u>(4) The department shall send or otherwise make available</u> 576 <u>in a record the following information to any person who requests</u> 577 <u>it and pays the applicable fee:</u>

Page 20 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

579 date and time specified by the department, but not a date 580 earlier than 3 days before the department received the request 581 any certificate of title, security interest, termination 582 statement, or title brand that relates to a vessel:	<u>,</u>
581 <u>any certificate of title, security interest, termination</u> 582 <u>statement, or title brand that relates to a vessel:</u>	<u>/</u>
582 statement, or title brand that relates to a vessel:	
583 <u>1. Identified by a hull identification number designated</u>	in
584 the request;	
585 2. Identified by a vessel number designated in the reques	t;
586 <u>or</u>	
587 <u>3. Owned by a person designated in the request;</u>	
588 (b) With respect to the vessel:	
589 1. The name and address of any owner as indicated in the	
590 files of the department or on the certificate of title;	
591 2. The name and address of any secured party as indicated	
592 in the files of the department or on the certificate, and the	
593 effective date of the information; and	
594 <u>3. A copy of any termination statement indicated in the</u>	
595 files of the department and the effective date of the	
596 termination statement; and	
597 (c) With respect to the vessel, a copy of any certificate	
598 of origin, secured party transfer statement, transfer-by-law	
599 statement under s. 328.24, and other evidence of previous or	
600 <u>current transfers of ownership</u> .	
601 (5) In responding to a request under this section, the	
602 department may provide the requested information in any medium	<u>•</u>
603 On request, the department shall send the requested information	n
604 in a record that is self-authenticating.	
605 Section 5. Section 328.02, Florida Statutes, is created t	0
606 read:	

566294

576-04110-19

607	328.02 Law governing vessel covered by certificate of
608	title
609	(1) The law of the state under which a vessel's certificate
610	of title is covered governs all issues relating to the
611	certificate from the time the vessel becomes covered by the
612	certificate until the vessel becomes covered by another
613	certificate or becomes a documented vessel, even if no other
614	relationship exists between the state and the vessel or its
615	owner.
616	(2) A vessel becomes covered by a certificate of title when
617	an application for the certificate and the applicable fee are
618	delivered to the department in accordance with this part or to
619	the governmental agency that creates a certificate in another
620	jurisdiction in accordance with the law of that jurisdiction.
621	Section 6. Section 328.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to
622	read:
623	328.03 Certificate of title required
624	(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (2) and
625	(3), each vessel that is operated, used, or stored on the waters
626	of this state must be titled by this state pursuant to this
627	part, and the owner of a vessel for which this state is the
628	state of principal use shall deliver to the department an
629	application for a certificate of title for the vessel, with the
630	applicable fee, not later than 30 days after the later of:
631	(a) The date of a transfer of ownership; or
632	(b) The date this state becomes the state of principal use.
633	(2) An application for a certificate of title is not
634	required for chapter, unless it is:
635	(a) A documented vessel;

Page 22 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

	576-04110-19
636	(b) A foreign-documented vessel;
637	(c) A barge;
638	(d) A vessel before delivery if the vessel is under
639	construction or completed pursuant to contract;
640	(e) A vessel held by a dealer for sale or lease;
641	(f) A vessel used solely for demonstration, testing, or
642	sales promotional purposes by the manufacturer or dealer;
643	(g) (a) A vessel operated, used, or stored exclusively on
644	private lakes and ponds;
645	(h) (b) A vessel owned by the United States Government;
646	(c) A non-motor-powered vessel less than 16 feet in length;
647	(d) A federally documented vessel;
648	<u>(i)</u> A vessel already covered by a registration number in
649	full force and effect which was awarded to it pursuant to a
650	federally approved numbering system of another state or by the
651	United States Coast Guard in a state without a federally
652	approved numbering system, if the vessel is not located in this
653	state for a period in excess of 90 consecutive days; <u>or</u>
654	<u>(j)</u> A vessel from a country other than the United States
655	temporarily used, operated, or stored on the waters of this
656	state for a period that is not in excess of 90 days $ au$
657	(g) An amphibious vessel for which a vehicle title is
658	issued by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles;
659	(h) A vessel used solely for demonstration, testing, or
660	sales promotional purposes by the manufacturer or dealer; or
661	(i) A vessel owned and operated by the state or a political
662	subdivision thereof.
663	(3) The department may not issue, transfer, or renew a
664	number issued to a vessel pursuant to the requirements of 46
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Page 23 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

665 U.S.C. s. 12301 unless the department has created a certificate of title for the vessel or an application for a certificate for 666 667 the vessel and the applicable fee have been delivered to the 668 department.

669 (2) A person shall not operate, use, or store a vessel for 670 which a certificate of title is required unless the owner has 671 received from the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles a valid certificate of title for such vessel. However, 672 673 such vessel may be operated, used, or stored for a period of up 674 to 180 days after the date of application for a certificate of 675 title while the application is pending.

676 (3) A person shall not sell, assign, or transfer a vessel 677 titled by the state without delivering to the purchaser or 678 transferee a valid certificate of title with an assignment on it 679 showing the transfer of title to the purchaser or transferee. A 680 person shall not purchase or otherwise acquire a vessel required 681 to be titled by the state without obtaining a certificate of 682 title for the vessel in his or her name. The purchaser or 683 transferee shall, within 30 days after a change in vessel 684 ownership, file an application for a title transfer with the 685 county tax collector.

686 (4) An additional \$10 fee shall be charged against the 687 purchaser or transferee if he or she files a title transfer application after the 30-day period. The county tax collector 688 689 shall be entitled to retain \$5 of the additional amount.

690 (5) (4) A certificate of title is prima facie evidence of 691 the accuracy of the information in the record that constitutes 692 the certificate and of the ownership of the vessel. A 693 certificate of title is good for the life of the vessel so long



576-04110-19

694 as the certificate is owned or held by the legal holder. If a 695 titled vessel is destroyed or abandoned, the owner, with the 696 consent of any recorded lienholders, shall, within 30 days after 697 the destruction or abandonment, surrender to the department for 698 cancellation any and all title documents. If a titled vessel is 699 insured and the insurer has paid the owner for the total loss of 700 the vessel, the insurer shall obtain the title to the vessel and, within 30 days after receiving the title, forward the title 701 702 to the department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles for 703 cancellation. The insurer may retain the certificate of title 704 when payment for the loss was made because of the theft of the 705 vessel.

706 (6) (5) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 707 shall provide labeled places on the title where the seller's 708 price shall be indicated when a vessel is sold and where a 709 selling dealer shall record his or her valid sales tax 710 certificate of registration number.

711 <u>(7)(6)</u>(a) The department of Highway Safety and Motor 712 Vehicles shall charge a fee of \$5.25 for issuing each 713 certificate of title. The tax collector shall be entitled to 714 retain \$3.75 of the fee.

(b) Beginning July 1, 1996, The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall use security procedures, processes, and materials in the preparation and issuance of each certificate of title to prohibit, to the extent possible, a person's ability to alter, counterfeit, duplicate, or modify the certificate.

721 (8) (7) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
 722 shall charge a fee of \$4 in addition to that charged in

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576-04110-19

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723 subsection (7) (6) for each initial certificate of title issued 724 for a vessel previously registered outside this state.

725 (9) (8) The department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 726 shall make regulations necessary and convenient to carry out the 727 provisions of this chapter.

728 Section 7. Section 328.04, Florida Statutes, is created to 729 read:

730 328.04 Content of certificate of title.-

(1) A certificate of title must contain:

(a) The date the certificate was created;

733 (b) The name of the owner of record and, if not all owners 734 are listed, an indication that there are additional owners 735 indicated in the files of the department; 736 (c) The mailing address of the owner of record;

737

(d) The hull identification number;

(e) The information listed in s. 328.01(2)(e);

739 (f) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.12(2), the name 740 and mailing address of the secured party of record, if any, and 741 if not all secured parties are listed, an indication that there 742 are other security interests indicated in the files of the 743 department; and 744 (g) All title brands indicated in the files of the

745 department covering the vessel, including brands indicated on a 746 certificate created by a governmental agency of another 747 jurisdiction and delivered to the department.

748 (2) This part does not preclude the department from noting 749 on a certificate of title the name and mailing address of a 750 secured party that is not a secured party of record. 751

(3) For each title brand indicated on a certificate of

Page 26 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

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752	title, the certificate must identify the jurisdiction under
753	whose law the title brand was created or the jurisdiction that
754	created the certificate on which the title brand was indicated.
755	If the meaning of a title brand is not easily ascertainable or
756	cannot be accommodated on the certificate, the certificate may
757	state: "Previously branded in (insert the jurisdiction under
758	whose law the title brand was created or whose certificate of
759	title previously indicated the title brand)."
760	(4) If the files of the department indicate that a vessel
761	was previously registered or titled in a foreign country, the
762	department shall indicate on the certificate of title that the
763	vessel was registered or titled in that country.
764	(5) A written certificate of title must contain a form that
765	all owners indicated on the certificate may sign to evidence
766	consent to a transfer of an ownership interest to another
767	person. The form must include a certification, signed under
768	penalty of perjury, that the statements made are true and
769	correct to the best of each owner's knowledge, information, and
770	belief.
771	(6) A written certificate of title must contain a form for
772	the owner of record to indicate, in connection with a transfer
773	of an ownership interest, that the vessel is hull damaged.
774	Section 8. Section 328.045, Florida Statutes, is created to
775	read:
776	<u>328.045 Title brands</u>
777	(1) Unless subsection (3) applies, at or before the time
778	the owner of record transfers an ownership interest in a hull-
779	damaged vessel that is covered by a certificate of title created
780	by the department, if the damage occurred while that person was
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Page 27 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

781	an owner of the vessel and the person has notice of the damage
782	at the time of the transfer, the owner shall:
783	(a) Deliver to the department an application for a new
784	certificate that complies with s. 328.01 and includes the title
785	brand designation "Hull Damaged"; or
786	(b) Indicate on the certificate in the place designated for
787	that purpose that the vessel is hull damaged and deliver the
788	certificate to the transferee.
789	(2) Not later than 30 days after delivery of the
790	application under paragraph (1)(a) or the certificate of title
791	under paragraph (1)(b), the department shall create a new
792	certificate that indicates that the vessel is branded "Hull
793	Damaged."
794	(3) Before an insurer transfers an ownership interest in a
795	hull-damaged vessel that is covered by a certificate of title
796	created by the department, the insurer shall deliver to the
797	department an application for a new certificate that complies
798	with s. 328.01 and includes the title brand designation "Hull
799	Damaged." Not later than 30 days after delivery of the
800	application to the department, the department shall create a new
801	certificate that indicates that the vessel is branded "Hull
802	Damaged."
803	(4) An owner of record who fails to comply with subsection
804	(1), a person who solicits or colludes in a failure by an owner
805	of record to comply with subsection (1), or an insurer that
806	fails to comply with subsection (3) commits a noncriminal
807	infraction under s. 327.73(1) for which the penalty is \$5,000
808	for the first offense, \$15,000 for a second offense, and \$25,000
809	for each subsequent offense.
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Page 28 of 75

	566294
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576-04110-19

810	Section 9. Section 328.055, Florida Statutes, is created to
811	read:
812	328.055 Maintenance of and access to files
813	(1) For each record relating to a certificate of title
814	submitted to the department, the department shall:
815	(a) Ascertain or assign the hull identification number for
816	the vessel;
817	(b) Maintain the hull identification number and all the
818	information submitted with the application pursuant to s.
819	328.01(2) to which the record relates, including the date and
820	time the record was delivered to the department;
821	(c) Maintain the files for public inspection subject to
822	subsection (5); and
823	(d) Index the files of the department as required by
824	subsection (2).
825	(2) The department shall maintain in its files the
826	information contained in all certificates of title created under
827	this part. The information in the files of the department must
828	be searchable by the hull identification number of the vessel,
829	the vessel number, the name of the owner of record, and any
830	other method used by the department.
831	(3) The department shall maintain in its files, for each
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	vessel for which it has created a certificate of title, all
833	
833	title brands known to the department, the name of each secured party known to the department, the name of each person known to
833 834	title brands known to the department, the name of each secured party known to the department, the name of each person known to the department to be claiming an ownership interest, and all
833 834 835	title brands known to the department, the name of each secured party known to the department, the name of each person known to the department to be claiming an ownership interest, and all stolen property reports the department has received.
833 834 835 836	title brands known to the department, the name of each secured party known to the department, the name of each person known to the department to be claiming an ownership interest, and all stolen property reports the department has received. (4) Upon request, for safety, security, or law enforcement

Page 29 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

839	local government the information in its files relating to any
840	vessel for which the department has issued a certificate of
841	title.
842	(5) Except as otherwise provided by the laws of this state,
843	other than this part, the information required under s. 328.04
844	is a public record.
845	Section 10. Section 328.06, Florida Statutes, is created to
846	read:
847	328.06 Action required on creation of certificate of
848	title
849	(1) On creation of a written certificate of title, the
850	department shall promptly send the certificate to the secured
851	party of record or, if none, to the owner of record at the
852	address indicated for that person in the files of the
853	department. On creation of an electronic certificate of title,
854	the department shall promptly send a record evidencing the
855	certificate to the owner of record and, if there is one, to the
856	secured party of record at the address indicated for each person
857	in the files of the department. The department may send the
858	record to the person's mailing address or, if indicated in the
859	files of the department, an electronic address.
860	(2) If the department creates a written certificate of
861	title, any electronic certificate of title for the vessel is
862	canceled and replaced by the written certificate. The department
863	shall maintain in the files of the department the date and time
864	of cancellation.
865	(3) Before the department creates an electronic certificate
866	of title, any written certificate for the vessel must be
867	surrendered to the department. If the department creates an

566294

576-04110-19

868	electronic certificate, the department shall destroy or
869	otherwise cancel the written certificate for the vessel which
870	has been surrendered to the department and maintain in the files
871	of the department the date and time of destruction or other
872	cancellation. If a written certificate being canceled is not
873	destroyed, the department shall indicate on the face of the
874	certificate that it has been canceled.
875	Section 11. Section 328.065, Florida Statutes, is created
876	to read:
877	328.065 Effect of possession of certificate of title;
878	judicial processPossession of a certificate of title does not
879	by itself provide a right to obtain possession of a vessel.
880	Garnishment, attachment, levy, replevin, or other judicial
881	process against the certificate is not effective to determine
882	possessory rights to the vessel. This part does not prohibit
883	enforcement under the laws of this state of a security interest
884	in, levy on, or foreclosure of a statutory or common-law lien on
885	a vessel. Absence of an indication of a statutory or common-law
886	lien on a certificate does not invalidate the lien.
887	Section 12. Section 328.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to
888	read:
889	(Substantial rewording of section. See
890	s. 328.09, F.S., for present text.)
891	328.09 Refusal to issue and authority to cancel a
892	certificate of title or registration
893	(1) Unless an application for a certificate of title is
894	rejected under subsection (3) or subsection (4), the department
895	shall create a certificate for the vessel in accordance with
896	subsection (2) not later than 30 days after delivery to the

Page 31 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

897	department of an application that complies with s. 328.01.
898	(2) If the department creates electronic certificates of
899	title, the department shall create an electronic certificate
900	unless in the application the secured party of record or, if
901	none, the owner of record requests that the department create a
902	written certificate.
903	(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), the
904	department may reject an application for a certificate of title
905	only if:
906	(a) The application does not comply with s. 328.01;
907	(b) The application does not contain documentation
908	sufficient for the department to determine whether the applicant
909	is entitled to a certificate;
910	(c) There is a reasonable basis for concluding that the
911	application is fraudulent or issuance of a certificate would
912	facilitate a fraudulent or illegal act; or
913	(d) The application does not comply with the laws of this
914	state other than this part.
915	(4) The department shall reject an application for a
916	certificate of title for a vessel that is a documented vessel or
917	a foreign-documented vessel.
918	(5) The department may cancel a certificate of title
919	created by it only if the department:
920	(a) Could have rejected the application for the certificate
921	under subsection (3);
922	(b) Is required to cancel the certificate under another
923	provision of this part; or
924	(c) Receives satisfactory evidence that the vessel is a
925	documented vessel or a foreign-documented vessel.
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566294

576-04110-19

926	(6) The decision by the department to reject an application
927	for a certificate of title or cancel a certificate of title
928	pursuant to this section is subject to a hearing pursuant to ss.
929	120.569 and 120.57 at which the owner and any other interested
930	party may present evidence in support of or opposition to the
931	rejection of the application for a certificate of title or the
932	cancellation of a certificate of title.
933	Section 13. Section 328.101, Florida Statutes, is created
934	to read:
935	328.101 Effect of missing or incorrect informationExcept
936	as otherwise provided in s. 679.337, a certificate of title or
937	other record required or authorized by this part is effective
938	even if it contains unintended scrivener's errors or does not
939	contain certain required information if such missing information
940	is determined by the department to be inconsequential to the
941	issuing of a certificate of title or other record.
942	Section 14. Section 328.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to
943	read:
944	328.11 Duplicate certificate of title
945	(1) If a written certificate of title is lost, stolen,
946	mutilated, destroyed, or otherwise becomes unavailable or
947	illegible, the secured party of record or, if no secured party
948	is indicated in the files of the department, the owner of record
949	may apply for and, by furnishing information satisfactory to the
950	department, obtain a duplicate certificate in the name of the
951	owner of record.
952	(2) An applicant for a duplicate certificate of title must
953	sign the application, and, except as otherwise permitted by the
954	department, the application must comply with s. 328.01. The

566294

576-04110-19

955 application must include the existing certificate unless the 956 certificate is lost, stolen, mutilated, destroyed, or otherwise 957 unavailable.

(3) A duplicate certificate of title created by the 959 department must comply with s. 328.04 and indicate on the face 960 of the certificate that it is a duplicate certificate.

(4) If a person receiving a duplicate certificate of title 961 962 subsequently obtains possession of the original written 963 certificate, the person shall promptly destroy the original 964 certificate of title.

965 (5) (1) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles 966 may issue a duplicate certificate of title upon application by 967 the person entitled to hold such a certificate if the department 968 is satisfied that the original certificate has been lost, 969 destroyed, or mutilated. The department shall charge a fee of \$6 970 for issuing a duplicate certificate.

971 (6) (2) In addition to the fee imposed by subsection (5) 972 (1), the department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall 973 charge a fee of \$5 for expedited service in issuing a duplicate 974 certificate of title. Application for such expedited service may 975 be made by mail or in person. The department shall issue each 976 certificate of title applied for under this subsection within 5 977 working days after receipt of a proper application or shall 978 refund the additional \$5 fee upon written request by the 979 applicant.

980 (3) If, following the issuance of an original, duplicate, 981 or corrected certificate of title by the department, the 982 certificate is lost in transit and is not delivered to the 983 addressee, the owner of the vessel or the holder of a lien

Page 34 of 75

958

566294

576-04110-19

984 thereon may, within 180 days after the date of issuance of the 985 title, apply to the department for reissuance of the certificate 986 of title. An additional fee may not be charged for reissuance 987 under this subsection.

988 <u>(7)</u>(4) The department shall implement a system to verify 989 that the application is signed by a person authorized to receive 990 a duplicate title certificate under this section if the address 991 shown on the application is different from the address shown for 992 the applicant on the records of the department.

993 Section 15. Section 328.12, Florida Statutes, is created to 994 read:

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328.12 Perfection of security interest.-

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a security interest in a vessel may be perfected only by delivery to the department of an application for a certificate of title that identifies the secured party and otherwise complies with s. 328.01. The security interest is perfected on the later of delivery to the department of the application and the applicable fee or attachment of the security interest under s. 679.2031.

1003 (2) If the interest of a person named as owner, lessor, 1004 consignor, or bailor in an application for a certificate of 1005 title delivered to the department is a security interest, the 1006 application sufficiently identifies the person as a secured 1007 party. Identification on the application for a certificate of a 1008 person as owner, lessor, consignor, or bailor is not by itself a 1009 factor in determining whether the person's interest is a 1010 security interest.

1011 (3) If the department has created a certificate of title 1012 for a vessel, a security interest in the vessel may be perfected

Page 35 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

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1013	by delivery to the department of an application, on a form the
1014	department may require, to have the security interest added to
1015	the certificate. The application must be signed by an owner of
1016	the vessel or by the secured party and must include:
1017	(a) The name of the owner of record;
1018	(b) The name and mailing address of the secured party;
1019	(c) The hull identification number for the vessel; and
1020	(d) If the department has created a written certificate of
1021	title for the vessel, the certificate.
1022	(4) A security interest perfected under subsection (3) is
1023	perfected on the later of delivery to the department of the
1024	application and all applicable fees or attachment of the
1025	security interest under s. 679.2031.
1026	(5) On delivery of an application that complies with
1027	subsection (3) and payment of all applicable fees, the
1028	department shall create a new certificate of title pursuant to
1029	s. 328.09 and deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing
1030	an electronic certificate pursuant to s. 328.06. The department
1031	shall maintain in the files of the department the date and time
1032	of delivery of the application to the department.
1033	(6) If a secured party assigns a perfected security
1034	interest in a vessel, the receipt by the department of a
1035	statement providing the name of the assignee as secured party is
1036	not required to continue the perfected status of the security
1037	interest against creditors of and transferees from the original
1038	debtor. A purchaser of a vessel subject to a security interest
1039	who obtains a release from the secured party indicated in the
1040	files of the department or on the certificate takes free of the
1041	security interest and of the rights of a transferee unless the
566294

576-04110-19

1042 transfer is indicated in the files of the department or on the 1043 certificate. 1044 (7) This section does not apply to a security interest: 1045 (a) Created in a vessel by a person during any period in 1046 which the vessel is inventory held for sale or lease by the 1047 person or is leased by the person as lessor if the person is in 1048 the business of selling vessels; 1049 (b) In a barge for which no application for a certificate 1050 of title has been delivered to the department; or 1051 (c) In a vessel before delivery if the vessel is under 1052 construction, or completed, pursuant to contract and for which 1053 no application for a certificate has been delivered to the 1054 department. 1055 (8) This subsection applies if a certificate of 1056 documentation for a documented vessel is deleted or canceled. If 1057 a security interest in the vessel was valid immediately before deletion or cancellation against a third party as a result of 1058 compliance with 46 U.S.C. s. 31321, the security interest is and 1059 1060 remains perfected until the earlier of 4 months after 1061 cancellation of the certificate or the time the security 1062 interest becomes perfected under this part. 1063 (9) A security interest in a vessel arising under s. 1064 672.401, s. 672.505, s. 672.711(3), or s. 680.508(5) is 1065 perfected when it attaches but becomes unperfected when the 1066 debtor obtains possession of the vessel, unless the security 1067 interest is perfected pursuant to subsection (1) or subsection 1068 (3) before the debtor obtains possession. 1069 (10) A security interest in a vessel as proceeds of other collateral is perfected to the extent provided in s. 679.3151. 1070

566294

576-04110-19

1071	(11) A security interest in a vessel perfected under the
1072	law of another jurisdiction is perfected to the extent provided
1073	<u>in s. 679.3161(4).</u>
1074	(12) For purposes of this section and this part, the
1075	Department of Revenue shall be treated as a secured party when
1076	collecting unpaid support.
1077	Section 16. Section 328.125, Florida Statutes, is created
1078	to read:
1079	328.125 Termination statement
1080	(1) A secured party indicated in the files of the
1081	department as having a security interest in a vessel shall
1082	deliver a termination statement to the department and, on the
1083	debtor's request, to the debtor, by the earlier of:
1084	(a) Twenty days after the secured party receives a signed
1085	demand from an owner for a termination statement and there is no
1086	obligation secured by the vessel subject to the security
1087	interest and no commitment to make an advance, incur an
1088	obligation, or otherwise give value secured by the vessel; or
1089	(b) If the vessel is consumer goods, 30 days after there is
1090	no obligation secured by the vessel and no commitment to make an
1091	advance, incur an obligation, or otherwise give value secured by
1092	the vessel.
1093	(2) If a written certificate of title has been created and
1094	delivered to a secured party and a termination statement is
1095	required under subsection (1), the secured party, not later than
1096	the date required by subsection (1), shall deliver the
1097	certificate to the debtor or to the department with the
1098	statement. If the certificate is lost, stolen, mutilated,
1099	destroyed, or is otherwise unavailable or illegible, the secured

Page 38 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

	5/6-04110-19
1100	party shall deliver with the statement, not later than the date
1101	required by subsection (1), an application for a duplicate
1102	certificate meeting the requirements of s. 328.11.
1103	(3) On delivery to the department of a termination
1104	statement authorized by the secured party, the security interest
1105	to which the statement relates ceases to be perfected. If the
1106	security interest to which the statement relates was indicated
1107	on the certificate of title, the department shall create a new
1108	certificate and deliver the new certificate or a record
1109	evidencing an electronic certificate. The department shall
1110	maintain in its files the date and time of delivery to the
1111	department of the statement.
1112	(4) A secured party that fails to comply with this section
1113	is liable for any loss that the secured party had reason to know
1114	might result from its failure to comply and which could not
1115	reasonably have been prevented and for the cost of an
1116	application for a certificate of title under s. 328.01 or s.
1117	328.11.
1118	Section 17. Section 328.14, Florida Statutes, is created to
1119	read:
1120	328.14 Rights of purchaser other than secured party
1121	(1) A buyer in ordinary course of business has the
1122	protections afforded by ss. 672.403(2) and 679.320(1) even if an
1123	existing certificate of title was not signed and delivered to
1124	the buyer or a new certificate listing the buyer as owner of
1125	record was not created.
1126	(2) Except as otherwise provided in ss. 328.145 and 328.22,
1127	the rights of a purchaser of a vessel who is not a buyer in
1128	ordinary course of business or a lien creditor are governed by
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566294

576-04110-19

1129 the Uniform Commercial Code.

1130 Section 18. Section 328.145, Florida Statutes, is created 1131 to read:

1132 <u>328.145 Rights of secured party.</u> (1) Subject to subsection (2), the

(1) Subject to subsection (2), the effect of perfection and nonperfection of a security interest and the priority of a perfected or unperfected security interest with respect to the rights of a purchaser or creditor, including a lien creditor, is governed by the Uniform Commercial Code.

1138 (2) If, while a security interest in a vessel is perfected 1139 by any method under this part, the department creates a 1140 certificate of title that does not indicate that the vessel is 1141 subject to the security interest or contain a statement that it 1142 may be subject to security interests not indicated on the 1143 certificate:

(a) A buyer of the vessel, other than a person in the business of selling or leasing vessels of that kind, takes free of the security interest if the buyer, acting in good faith and without knowledge of the security interest, gives value and receives possession of the vessel; and

(b) The security interest is subordinate to a conflicting security interest in the vessel that is perfected under s. 328.12 after creation of the certificate and without the conflicting secured party's knowledge of the security interest.

1153 Section 19. Section 328.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1154 read:

328.15	Notice	of	lien	on	vessel;	recording
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1156 (1) No lien for purchase money or as security for a debt in 1157 the form of retain title contract, conditional bill of sale,

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566294

576-04110-19

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1158	chattel mortgage, or otherwise on a vessel shall be enforceable
1159	in any of the courts of this state against creditors or
1160	subsequent purchasers for a valuable consideration and without
1161	notice unless a sworn notice of such lien is recorded. The lien
1162	certificate shall contain the following information:
1163	(a) Name and address of the registered owner;
1164	(b) Date of lien;
1165	(c) Description of the vessel to include make, type, motor
1166	and serial number; and
1167	(d) Name and address of lienholder.
1168	
1169	The lien shall be recorded by the Department of Highway Safety
1170	and Motor Vehicles and shall be effective as constructive notice
1171	when filed. The date of filing of the notice of lien is the date
1172	of its receipt by the department's central office in
1173	Tallahassee, if first filed there, or otherwise by the office of
1174	a county tax collector or of the tax collector's agent.
1175	(2)(a) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles
1176	shall not enter any lien upon its lien records, whether it is a
1177	first lien or a subordinate lien, unless the official
1178	certificate of title issued for the vessel is furnished with the
1179	notice of lien, so that the record of lien, whether original or
1180	subordinate, may be noted upon the face thereof. After the
1181	department records the lien, it shall send the certificate of
1182	title to the holder of the first lien who shall hold such
1183	certificate until the lien is satisfied in full.
1184	(b) When a vessel is registered in the names of two or more
1185	persons as coowners in the alternative by the use of the word
1186	"or," whether or not the coowners are husband and wife, each
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566294

576-04110-19

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1187	coowner is considered to have granted to any other coowner the
1188	absolute right to place a lien or encumbrance on the vessel, and
1189	the signature of one coowner constitutes proper execution of the
1190	notice of lien. When a vessel is registered in the names of two
1191	or more persons as coowners in the conjunctive by the use of the
1192	word "and," the signature of each coowner is required in order
1193	to place a lien or encumbrance on the vessel.
1194	(c) If the owner of the vessel as shown on the title
1195	certificate or the director of the state child support
1196	enforcement program desires to place a second or subsequent lien
1197	or encumbrance against the vessel when the title certificate is
1198	in the possession of the first lienholder, the owner shall send
1199	a written request to the first lienholder by certified mail and
1200	such first lienholder shall forward the certificate to the
1201	department for endorsement. The department shall return the
1202	certificate to the first lienholder, as indicated in the notice
1203	of lien filed by the first lienholder, after endorsing the
1204	second or subsequent lien on the certificate and on the
1205	duplicate. If the first lienholder fails, neglects, or refuses
1206	to forward the certificate of title to the department within 10
1207	days after the date of the owner's or the director's request,
1208	the department, on written request of the subsequent lienholder
1209	or an assignee thereof, shall demand of the first lienholder the
1210	return of such certificate for the notation of the second or
1211	subsequent lien or encumbrance.
1010	

1212 <u>(1)-(3)</u> Upon the payment of <u>a</u> any such lien, the debtor or 1213 the registered owner of the motorboat shall be entitled to 1214 demand and receive from the lienholder a satisfaction of the 1215 lien which shall likewise be filed with the Department of

566294

576-04110-19

1216 Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

(2)(4) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles under precautionary rules and regulations to be promulgated by it may permit the use, in substitution of the formal satisfaction of lien, of other methods of satisfaction, such as perforation, appropriate stamp, or otherwise, as it deems reasonable and adequate.

(3)(5)(a) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles shall adopt rules to administer this section. The department may by rule require that a notice of satisfaction of a lien be notarized. The department shall prepare the forms of the notice of lien and the satisfaction of lien to be supplied, at a charge not to exceed 50 percent more than cost, to applicants for recording the liens or satisfactions and shall keep a record of such notices of lien and satisfactions available for inspection by the public at all reasonable times. The division may furnish certified copies of such satisfactions for a fee of \$1, which are admissible in evidence in all courts of this state under the same conditions and to the same effect as certified copies of other public records.

(b) The department shall establish and administer an electronic titling program that requires the recording of vessel title information for new, transferred, and corrected certificates of title. Lienholders shall electronically transmit liens and lien satisfactions to the department in a format determined by the department. Individuals and lienholders who the department determines are not normally engaged in the business or practice of financing vessels are not required to participate in the electronic titling program.

Page 43 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1245 (6) The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is 1246 entitled to a fee of \$1 for the recording of each notice of 1247 lien. No fee shall be charged for recording the satisfaction of 1248 a lien. All of the fees collected shall be paid into the Marine 1249 Resources Conservation Trust Fund.

1250 (4) (7) (a) Should any person, firm, or corporation holding 1251 such lien, which has been recorded by the Department of Highway 1252 Safety and Motor Vehicles, upon payment of such lien and on 1253 demand, fail or refuse, within 30 days after such payment and 1254 demand, to furnish the debtor or the registered owner of such 1255 vessel a satisfaction of the lien, then, in that event, such 1256 person, firm, or corporation shall be held liable for all costs, 1257 damages, and expenses, including reasonable attorney attorney's 1258 fees, lawfully incurred by the debtor or the registered owner of such vessel in any suit which may be brought in the courts of 1259 1260 this state for the cancellation of such lien.

1261 (b) Following satisfaction of a lien, the lienholder shall 1262 enter a satisfaction thereof in the space provided on the face 1263 of the certificate of title. If there are no subsequent liens 1264 shown thereon, the certificate shall be delivered by the 1265 lienholder to the person satisfying the lien or encumbrance and 1266 an executed satisfaction on a form provided by the department 1267 shall be forwarded to the department by the lienholder within 10 12.68 days after satisfaction of the lien.

(c) If the certificate of title shows a subsequent lien not then being discharged, an executed satisfaction of the first lien shall be delivered by the lienholder to the person satisfying the lien and the certificate of title showing satisfaction of the first lien shall be forwarded by the



576-04110-19

1274 lienholder to the department within 10 days after satisfaction 1275 of the lien.

1276 (d) If, upon receipt of a title certificate showing 1277 satisfaction of the first lien, the department determines from 1278 its records that there are no subsequent liens or encumbrances 1279 upon the vessel, the department shall forward to the owner, as shown on the face of the title, a corrected certificate showing 1280 1281 no liens or encumbrances. If there is a subsequent lien not 1282 being discharged, the certificate of title shall be reissued 1283 showing the second or subsequent lienholder as the first 1284 lienholder and shall be delivered to the new first lienholder. 1285 The first lienholder shall be entitled to retain the certificate 1286 of title until his or her lien is satisfied. Upon satisfaction 1287 of the lien, the lienholder shall be subject to the procedures 1288 required of a first lienholder in this subsection and in 1289 subsection (2).

1290 (5) (8) When the original certificate of title cannot be 1291 returned to the department by the lienholder and evidence 1292 satisfactory to the department is produced that all liens or 1293 encumbrances have been satisfied, upon application by the owner 1294 for a duplicate copy of the certificate of title, upon the form 1295 prescribed by the department, accompanied by the fee prescribed 1296 in this chapter, a duplicate copy of the certificate of title 1297 without statement of liens or encumbrances shall be issued by 1298 the department and delivered to the owner.

1299 (6) (9) Any person who fails, within 10 days after receipt 1300 of a demand by the department by certified mail, to return a 1301 certificate of title to the department as required by paragraph 1302 (2) (c) or who, upon satisfaction of a lien, fails within 10 days

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566294

576-04110-19

1303 after receipt of such demand to forward the appropriate document 1304 to the department as required by paragraph (4) (b) (7) (b) or 1305 paragraph (4) (c) (7) (c) commits a misdemeanor of the second 1306 degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

1307 <u>(7) (10)</u> The department shall use the last known address as 1308 shown by its records when sending any notice required by this 1309 section.

1310 (8) (11) If the original lienholder sells and assigns his or 1311 her lien to some other person, and if the assignee desires to 1312 have his or her name substituted on the certificate of title as 1313 the holder of the lien, he or she may, after delivering the 1314 original certificate of title to the department and providing a 1315 sworn statement of the assignment, have his or her name 1316 substituted as a lienholder. Upon substitution of the assignee's 1317 name as lienholder, the department shall deliver the certificate 1318 of title to the assignee as the first lienholder.

1319 (9) Subsections (1), (2), and (4)-(8) shall expire October 1320 <u>1, 2026.</u>

1321 Section 20. Section 328.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1322 read:

1323 328.16 Issuance in duplicate; delivery; liens, security
1324 interests, and encumbrances.-

(1) The department shall assign a number to each certificate of title and shall issue each certificate of title and each corrected certificate in duplicate. The database record shall serve as the duplicate title certificate.

(2) An authorized person must sign the original certificate
of title and each corrected certificate and, if there are no
liens, security interests, or encumbrances on the vessel, as

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566294

576-04110-19

1332 shown in the records of the department or as shown in the 1333 application, must deliver the certificate to the applicant or to 1334 another person as directed by the applicant or person, agent, or 1335 attorney submitting the application. If there are one or more 1336 liens, security interests, or encumbrances on the vessel, the 1337 department must deliver the certificate to the first lienholder 1338 or secured party as shown by department records. The department 1339 shall deliver to the first lienholder or secured party, along 1340 with the certificate, a form to be subsequently used by the 1341 lienholder or secured party as a satisfaction. If the 1342 application for certificate of title shows the name of a first 1343 lienholder or secured party which is different from the name of the first lienholder or secured party as shown by the records of 1344 1345 the department, the certificate shall not be issued to any 1346 person until after the department notifies all parties who 1347 appear to hold a lien or a security interest and the applicant for the certificate, in writing by certified mail. If the 1348 parties do not amicably resolve the conflict within 10 days 1349 1350 after the date the notice was mailed, the department shall serve 1351 notice in writing by certified mail on all persons that appear 1352 to hold liens or security interests on that particular vessel, 1353 including the applicant for the certificate, to show cause 1354 within 15 days after the date the notice is mailed why it should 1355 not issue and deliver the certificate to the secured party of 1356 record or person indicated in the notice of lien filed by the 1357 lienholder whose name appears in the application as the first 1358 lienholder without showing any lien or liens as outstanding other than those appearing in the application or those filed 1359 1360 subsequent to the filing of the application for the certificate

566294

576-04110-19

1361 of title. If, within the 15-day period, any person other than the lienholder or secured party of record shown in the 1362 1363 application or a party filing a subsequent lien or security 1364 interest, in answer to the notice to show cause, appears in 1365 person or by a representative, or responds in writing, and files 1366 a written statement under oath that his or her lien or security 1367 interest on that particular vessel is still outstanding, the 1368 department shall not issue the certificate to anyone until after 1369 the conflict has been settled by the lien or security interest 1370 claimants involved or by a court of competent jurisdiction. If 1371 the conflict is not settled amicably within 10 days after the 1372 final date for filing an answer to the notice to show cause, the 1373 complaining party shall have 10 days to obtain a ruling, or a 1374 stay order, from a court of competent jurisdiction. If a ruling 1375 or stay order is not issued and served on the department within 1376 the 10-day period, the department shall issue the certificate 1377 showing no liens or security interests, except those shown in the application or thereafter filed, to the original applicant 1378 1379 if there are no liens or security interests shown in the application and none are thereafter filed, or to the person 1380 1381 indicated as the secured party of record or in the notice of 1382 lien filed by the lienholder whose name appears in the 1383 application as the first lienholder if there are liens shown in 1384 the application or thereafter filed. A duplicate certificate or 1385 corrected certificate must show only such security interest or 1386 interests or lien or liens as were shown in the application and 1387 subsequently filed liens or security interests that may be 1388 outstanding.

1389

(3) Except as provided in s. 328.15(11), The certificate of

566294

576-04110-19

1390 title shall be retained by the first lienholder <u>or secured party</u> 1391 <u>of record</u>. The first lienholder <u>or secured party of record</u> is 1392 entitled to retain the certificate until the first lien <u>or</u> 1393 security interest is satisfied.

1394 (4) Notwithstanding any requirements in this section or in 1395 s. 328.15 indicating that a lien or security interest on a vessel shall be noted on the face of the Florida certificate of 1396 1397 title, if there are one or more liens, security interests, or 1398 encumbrances on a vessel, the department shall electronically transmit the lien or security interest to the first lienholder 1399 1400 or secured party and notify the first lienholder or secured 1401 party of any additional liens or security interests. Subsequent lien or security interest satisfactions shall be electronically 1402 1403 transmitted to the department and must include the name and 1404 address of the person or entity satisfying the lien or security 1405 interest. When electronic transmission of liens or security interests and lien satisfactions or security interests are used, 1406 the issuance of a certificate of title may be waived until the 1407 last lien or security interest is satisfied and a clear 1408 1409 certificate of title is issued to the owner of the vessel.

1410 (5) The owner of a vessel_{τ} upon which a lien or security 1411 interest has been filed with the department or noted upon a certificate of title for a period of 5 years, may apply to the 1412 1413 department in writing for such lien or security interest to be 1414 removed from the department files or from the certificate of 1415 title. The application must be accompanied by evidence 1416 satisfactory to the department that the applicant has notified 1417 the lienholder or secured party by certified mail, not less than 1418 20 days before prior to the date of the application, of his or

Page 49 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1419 her intention to apply to the department for removal of the lien 1420 or security interest. Ten days after receipt of the application, 1421 the department may remove the lien or security interest from its 1422 files or from the certificate of title, as the case may be, if 1423 no statement in writing protesting removal of the lien or 1424 security interest is received by the department from the 1425 lienholder or secured party within the 10-day period. However, 1426 if the lienholder or secured party files with the department, 1427 within the 10-day period, a written statement that the lien or 1428 security interest is still outstanding, the department may not 1429 remove the lien or security interest until the lienholder or 1430 secured party presents a satisfaction of lien or satisfaction of 1431 security interest to the department.

1432 Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 328.165, Florida 1433 Statutes, is amended to read:

1434

328.165 Cancellation of certificates.-

(1) If it appears that a certificate of title has been 1435 1436 improperly issued, the department shall cancel the certificate. 1437 Upon cancellation of any certificate of title, the department 1438 shall notify the person to whom the certificate of title was 1439 issued, and any lienholders or secured parties appearing 1440 thereon, of the cancellation and shall demand the surrender of the certificate of title; however, the cancellation does not 1441 affect the validity of any lien or security interest noted 1442 1443 thereon. The holder of the certificate of title shall 1444 immediately return it to the department. If a certificate of 1445 registration has been issued to the holder of a certificate of 1446 title so canceled, the department shall immediately cancel the 1447 certificate of registration and demand the return of the

566294

576-04110-19

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1448 certificate of registration, and the holder of such certificate of registration shall immediately return it to the department. 1449 1450 Section 22. Section 328.215, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 1451 1452 328.215 Application for transfer of ownership or 1453 termination of security interest without certificate of title.-1454 (1) Except as otherwise provided in s. 328.23 or s. 328.24, 1455 if the department receives, unaccompanied by a signed 1456 certificate of title, an application for a new certificate that 1457 includes an indication of a transfer of ownership or a 1458 termination statement, the department may create a new

1459 certificate under this section only if:

1460 (a) All other requirements under ss. 328.01 and 328.09 are 1461 met;

(b) The applicant provides an affidavit stating facts 1463 showing the applicant is entitled to a transfer of ownership or 1464 termination statement;

1465 (c) The applicant provides the department with satisfactory 1466 evidence that notification of the application has been sent to 1467 the owner of record and all persons indicated in the files of 1468 the department as having an interest, including a security interest, in the vessel; at least 45 days have passed since the 1469 1470 notification was sent; and the department has not received an 1471 objection from any of those persons; and

1472 (d) The applicant submits any other information required by 1473 the department as evidence of the applicant's ownership or right 1474 to terminate the security interest, and the department has no credible information indicating theft, fraud, or an undisclosed 1475 1476 or unsatisfied security interest, lien, or other claim to an

Page 51 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1477 interest in the vessel.

(2) The department may indicate in a certificate of title 1478 1479 created under subsection (1) that the certificate was created 1480 without submission of a signed certificate or termination 1481 statement. Unless credible information indicating theft, fraud, 1482 or an undisclosed or unsatisfied security interest, lien, or 1483 other claim to an interest in the vessel is delivered to the 1484 department not later than 1 year after creation of the 1485 certificate, on request in a form and manner required by the 1486 department, the department shall remove the indication from the 1487 certificate.

1488 (3) Before the department creates a certificate of title under subsection (1), the department may require the applicant 1489 1490 to post a reasonable bond or provide an equivalent source of 1491 indemnity or security. The bond, indemnity, or other security 1492 must be in a form required by the department and provide for indemnification of any owner, purchaser, or other claimant for 1493 1494 any expense, loss, delay, or damage, including reasonable 1495 attorney fees and costs, but not including incidental or 1496 consequential damages, resulting from creation or amendment of 1497 the certificate.

1498 (4) Unless the department receives a claim for indemnity 1499 not later than 1 year after creation of a certificate of title under subsection (1), on request in a form and manner required 1500 1501 by the department, the department shall release any bond, 1502 indemnity, or other security. The department is not liable to a 1503 person or entity for creating a certificate of title under this 1504 section when the department issues the certificate of title in 1505 good faith based on the information provided by an applicant. An

Page 52 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1506	applicant that submits erroneous or fraudulent information with
1507	the intent to mislead the department into issuing a certificate
1508	of title under this section is subject to the penalties
1509	established in s. 328.045(4) in addition to any other criminal
1510	or civil penalties provided by law.
1511	Section 23. Section 328.22, Florida Statutes, is created to
1512	read:
1513	328.22 Transfer of ownership
1514	(1) On voluntary transfer of an ownership interest in a
1515	vessel covered by a certificate of title, the following
1516	requirements apply:
1517	(a) If the certificate is a written certificate of title
1518	and the transferor's interest is noted on the certificate, the
1519	transferor shall promptly sign the certificate and deliver it to
1520	the transferee. If the transferor does not have possession of
1521	the certificate, the person in possession of the certificate has
1522	a duty to facilitate the transferor's compliance with this
1523	paragraph. A secured party does not have a duty to facilitate
1524	the transferor's compliance with this paragraph if the proposed
1525	transfer is prohibited by the security agreement.
1526	(b) If the certificate of title is an electronic
1527	certificate of title, the transferor shall promptly sign by
1528	hand, or electronically if available, and deliver to the
1529	transferee a record evidencing the transfer of ownership to the
1530	transferee.
1531	(c) The transferee has a right enforceable by specific
1532	performance to require the transferor to comply with paragraph
1533	(a) or paragraph (b).
1534	(2) The creation of a certificate of title identifying the

Page 53 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1535	transferee as owner of record satisfies subsection (1).
1536	(3) A failure to comply with subsection (1) or to apply for
1537	a new certificate of title does not render a transfer of
1538	ownership of a vessel ineffective between the parties. Except as
1539	otherwise provided in s. 328.101, s. 328.14(1), s. 328.145, or
1540	s. 328.23, a transfer of ownership without compliance with
1541	subsection (1) is not effective against another person claiming
1542	an interest in the vessel.
1543	(4) A transferor that complies with subsection (1) is not
1544	liable as owner of the vessel for an event occurring after the
1545	transfer, regardless of whether the transferee applies for a new
1546	certificate of title.
1547	Section 24. Section 328.23, Florida Statutes, is created to
1548	read:
1549	328.23 Transfer of ownership by secured party's transfer
1550	statement
1551	(1) For the purposes of this section, "secured party's
1552	transfer statement" means a record signed by the secured party
1553	of record stating:
1554	(a) That there has been a default on an obligation secured
1555	by the vessel;
1556	(b) That the secured party of record is exercising or has
1557	exercised post-default remedies with respect to the vessel;
1558	(c) That by reason of the exercise, the secured party of
1559	record has the right to transfer the ownership interest of an
1560	owner, and the name of the owner;
1561	(d) The name and last known mailing address of the owner of
1562	record and the secured party of record;
1563	(e) The name of the transferee;

Page 54 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1564	(f) Other information required by s. 328.01(2); and
1565	(g) One of the following:
1566	1. The certificate of title is an electronic certificate.
1567	2. The secured party does not have possession of the
1568	written certificate of title created in the name of the owner of
1569	record.
1570	3. The secured party is delivering the written certificate
1571	of title to the department with the secured party's transfer
1572	statement.
1573	(2) Unless the department rejects a secured party's
1574	transfer statement for a reason stated in s. 328.09(3), not
1575	later than 30 days after delivery to the department of the
1576	statement and payment of fees and taxes payable under the laws
1577	of this state, other than this part, in connection with the
1578	statement or the acquisition or use of the vessel, the
1579	department shall:
1580	(a) Accept the statement;
1581	(b) Amend the files of the department to reflect the
1582	transfer; and
1583	(c) If the name of the owner whose ownership interest is
1584	being transferred is indicated on the certificate of title:
1585	1. Cancel the certificate even if the certificate has not
1586	been delivered to the department;
1587	2. Create a new certificate indicating the transferee as
1588	owner; and
1589	3. Deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing an
1590	electronic certificate.
1591	(3) An application under subsection (1) or the creation of
1592	a certificate of title under subsection (2) is not by itself a
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566294

576-04110-19

1593	disposition of the vessel and does not by itself relieve the
1594	secured party of its duties under chapter 679.
1595	Section 25. Section 328.24, Florida Statutes, is created to
1596	read:
1597	328.24 Transfer by operation of law
1598	(1) For the purposes of this section, "by operation of law"
1599	means pursuant to a law or judicial order affecting ownership of
1600	a vessel:
1601	(a) Because of death, divorce, or other family law
1602	proceeding, merger, consolidation, dissolution, or bankruptcy;
1603	(b) Through the exercise of the rights of a lien creditor
1604	or a person having a lien created by statute or rule of law; or
1605	(c) Through other legal process.
1606	(2) A transfer-by-law statement must contain:
1607	(a) The name and last known mailing address of the owner of
1608	record and the transferee and the other information required by
1609	<u>s. 328.01;</u>
1610	(b) Documentation sufficient to establish the transferee's
1611	ownership interest or right to acquire the ownership interest;
1612	(c) A statement that:
1613	1. The certificate of title is an electronic certificate of
1614	title;
1615	2. The transferee does not have possession of the written
1616	certificate of title created in the name of the owner of record;
1617	or
1618	3. The transferee is delivering the written certificate to
1619	the department with the transfer-by-law statement; and
1620	(d) Except for a transfer described in paragraph (1)(a),
1621	evidence that notification of the transfer and the intent to

Page 56 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

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1622	file the transfer-by-law statement has been sent to all persons
1623	indicated in the files of the department as having an interest,
1624	including a security interest, in the vessel.
1625	(3) Unless the department rejects a transfer-by-law
1626	statement for a reason stated in s. 328.09(3) or because the
1627	statement does not include documentation satisfactory to the
1628	department as to the transferee's ownership interest or right to
1629	acquire the ownership interest, not later than 30 days after
1630	delivery to the department of the statement and payment of fees
1631	and taxes payable under the law of this state, other than this
1632	part, in connection with the statement or with the acquisition
1633	or use of the vessel, the department shall:
1634	(a) Accept the statement;
1635	(b) Amend the files of the department to reflect the
1636	transfer; and
1637	(c) If the name of the owner whose ownership interest is
1638	being transferred is indicated on the certificate of title:
1639	1. Cancel the certificate even if the certificate has not
1640	been delivered to the department;
1641	2. Create a new certificate indicating the transferee as
1642	owner;
1643	3. Indicate on the new certificate any security interest
1644	indicated on the canceled certificate, unless a court order
1645	provides otherwise; and
1646	4. Deliver the new certificate or a record evidencing an
1647	electronic certificate.
1648	(4) This section does not apply to a transfer of an
1649	interest in a vessel by a secured party under part VI of chapter
1650	<u>679.</u>
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566294

Section 26. Section 328.25, Florida Statutes, is created to

576-04110-19

1651

1652 read: 1653 328.25 Supplemental principles of law and equity.-Unless 1654 displaced by a provision of this part, the principles of law and 1655 equity supplement its provisions. Section 27. Section 328.41, Florida Statutes, is created to 1656 1657 read: 1658 328.41 Rulemaking.-The department may adopt rules pursuant 1659 to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this part. 1660 Section 28. Section 409.2575, Florida Statutes, is amended 1661 to read: 1662 409.2575 Liens on motor vehicles and vessels.-1663 (1) The director of the state IV-D program, or the 1664 director's designee, may cause a lien for unpaid and delinquent support to be placed upon motor vehicles, as defined in chapter 1665 1666 320, and upon vessels, as defined in chapter 327, that are 1667 registered in the name of an obligor who is delinquent in 1668 support payments, if the title to the property is held by a 1669 lienholder, in the manner provided in chapter 319 or, if 1670 applicable in accordance with s. 328.15(9), chapter 328. Notice 1671 of lien shall not be mailed unless the delinquency in support 1672 exceeds \$600. 1673 (2) If the first lienholder fails, neglects, or refuses to 1674 forward the certificate of title to the appropriate department 1675 as requested pursuant to s. 319.24 or, if applicable in 1676 accordance with s. 328.15(9), s. 328.15, the director of the IV-1677 D program, or the director's designee, may apply to the circuit 1678 court for an order to enforce the requirements of s. 319.24 or 1679 s. 328.15, whichever applies. Page 58 of 75 4/11/2019 4:38:36 PM



576-04110-19

1682

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1680 Section 29. Subsection (2) of section 705.103, Florida 1681 Statutes, is amended to read:

705.103 Procedure for abandoned or lost property.-

(2) Whenever a law enforcement officer ascertains that an article of lost or abandoned property is present on public property and is of such nature that it cannot be easily removed, the officer shall cause a notice to be placed upon such article in substantially the following form:

1689 NOTICE TO THE OWNER AND ALL PERSONS INTERESTED IN THE ATTACHED 1690 PROPERTY. This property, to wit: ... (setting forth brief 1691 description) ... is unlawfully upon public property known as 1692 ... (setting forth brief description of location)... and must be 1693 removed within 5 days; otherwise, it will be removed and disposed of pursuant to chapter 705, Florida Statutes. The owner 1694 1695 will be liable for the costs of removal, storage, and 1696 publication of notice. Dated this: ... (setting forth the date of posting of notice)..., signed: ... (setting forth name, title, 1697 1698 address, and telephone number of law enforcement officer).... 1699 Such notice shall be not less than 8 inches by 10 inches and 1700 shall be sufficiently weatherproof to withstand normal exposure 1701 to the elements. In addition to posting, the law enforcement 1702 officer shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain the name and 1703 address of the owner. If such is reasonably available to the 1704 officer, she or he shall mail a copy of such notice to the owner 1705 on or before the date of posting. If the property is a motor 1706 vehicle as defined in s. 320.01(1) or a vessel as defined in s. 1707 327.02, the law enforcement agency shall contact the Department 1708 of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles in order to determine the

Page 59 of 75



576-04110-19

1709 name and address of the owner and any person who has filed a 1710 lien on the vehicle or vessel as provided in s. 319.27(2) or (3) 1711 or s. 328.15(1). On receipt of this information, the law 1712 enforcement agency shall mail a copy of the notice by certified 1713 mail, return receipt requested, to the owner and to the 1714 lienholder, if any, except that a law enforcement officer who has issued a citation for a violation of s. 823.11 to the owner 1715 1716 of a derelict vessel is not required to mail a copy of the 1717 notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the 1718 owner. If, at the end of 5 days after posting the notice and 1719 mailing such notice, if required, the owner or any person 1720 interested in the lost or abandoned article or articles 1721 described has not removed the article or articles from public 1722 property or shown reasonable cause for failure to do so, the 1723 following shall apply:

(a) For abandoned property, the law enforcement agency may retain any or all of the property for its own use or for use by the state or unit of local government, trade such property to another unit of local government or state agency, donate the property to a charitable organization, sell the property, or notify the appropriate refuse removal service.

(b) For lost property, the officer shall take custody and the agency shall retain custody of the property for 90 days. The agency shall publish notice of the intended disposition of the property, as provided in this section, during the first 45 days of this time period.

1735 1. If the agency elects to retain the property for use by 1736 the unit of government, donate the property to a charitable 1737 organization, surrender such property to the finder, sell the



576-04110-19

1738 property, or trade the property to another unit of local 1739 government or state agency, notice of such election shall be 1740 given by an advertisement published once a week for 2 1741 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the 1742 county where the property was found if the value of the property 1743 is more than \$100. If the value of the property is \$100 or less, 1744 notice shall be given by posting a description of the property 1745 at the law enforcement agency where the property was turned in. 1746 The notice must be posted for not less than 2 consecutive weeks 1747 in a public place designated by the law enforcement agency. The 1748 notice must describe the property in a manner reasonably 1749 adequate to permit the rightful owner of the property to claim 1750 it.

1751 2. If the agency elects to sell the property, it must do so 1752 at public sale by competitive bidding. Notice of the time and 1753 place of the sale shall be given by an advertisement of the sale 1754 published once a week for 2 consecutive weeks in a newspaper of 1755 general circulation in the county where the sale is to be held. 1756 The notice shall include a statement that the sale shall be 1757 subject to any and all liens. The sale must be held at the 1758 nearest suitable place to that where the lost or abandoned 1759 property is held or stored. The advertisement must include a 1760 description of the goods and the time and place of the sale. The 1761 sale may take place no earlier than 10 days after the final 1762 publication. If there is no newspaper of general circulation in 1763 the county where the sale is to be held, the advertisement shall 1764 be posted at the door of the courthouse and at three other 1765 public places in the county at least 10 days prior to sale. 1766 Notice of the agency's intended disposition shall describe the

Page 61 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

1767 property in a manner reasonably adequate to permit the rightful 1768 owner of the property to identify it.

1769 Section 30. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 1770 721.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1771721.08 Escrow accounts; nondisturbance instruments;1772alternate security arrangements; transfer of legal title.-

(2) One hundred percent of all funds or other property which is received from or on behalf of purchasers of the timeshare plan or timeshare interest prior to the occurrence of events required in this subsection shall be deposited pursuant to an escrow agreement approved by the division. The funds or other property may be released from escrow only as follows:

1779

(c) Compliance with conditions.-

1780 1. Timeshare licenses.—If the timeshare plan is one in 1781 which timeshare licenses are to be sold and no cancellation or 1782 default has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed 1783 funds or other property to or on the order of the developer upon 1784 presentation of:

1785 a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following1786 conditions have been met:

1787

(I) Expiration of the cancellation period.

- 1788 (II) Completion of construction.
- 1789 (III) Closing.
- 1790 (IV) Either:

(A) Execution, delivery, and recordation by each
interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors
instrument, as described in this section; or

(B) Transfer by the developer of legal title to the subjectaccommodations and facilities, or all use rights therein, into a

566294

576-04110-19

1796 trust satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 4. and the 1797 execution, delivery, and recordation by each other 1798 interestholder of the nondisturbance and notice to creditors 1799 instrument, as described in this section.

1800 b. A certified copy of each recorded nondisturbance and 1801 notice to creditors instrument.

1802

c. One of the following:

1803 (I) A copy of a memorandum of agreement, as defined in s. 1804 721.05, together with satisfactory evidence that the original 1805 memorandum of agreement has been irretrievably delivered for 1806 recording to the appropriate official responsible for 1807 maintaining the public records in the county in which the 1808 subject accommodations and facilities are located. The original 1809 memorandum of agreement must be recorded within 180 days after 1810 the date on which the purchaser executed her or his purchase 1811 agreement.

1812 (II) A notice delivered for recording to the appropriate official responsible for maintaining the public records in each 1813 1814 county in which the subject accommodations and facilities are 1815 located notifying all persons of the identity of an independent 1816 escrow agent or trustee satisfying the requirements of 1817 subparagraph 4. that shall maintain separate books and records, 1818 in accordance with good accounting practices, for the timeshare 1819 plan in which timeshare licenses are to be sold. The books and 1820 records shall indicate each accommodation and facility that is 1821 subject to such a timeshare plan and each purchaser of a 1822 timeshare license in the timeshare plan.

1823 2. Timeshare estates.—If the timeshare plan is one in which 1824 timeshare estates are to be sold and no cancellation or default

4/11/2019 4:38:36 PM

566294

576-04110-19

1825 has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or 1826 other property to or on the order of the developer upon 1827 presentation of:

1828 a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following1829 conditions have been met:

1830 (I) Expiration of the cancellation period.

1831 (II) Completion of construction.

1832 (III) Closing.

b. If the timeshare estate is sold by agreement for deed, a
certified copy of the recorded nondisturbance and notice to
creditors instrument, as described in this section.

1836

c. Evidence that each accommodation and facility:

(I) Is free and clear of the claims of any interestholders, other than the claims of interestholders that, through a recorded instrument, are irrevocably made subject to the timeshare instrument and the use rights of purchasers made available through the timeshare instrument;

(II) Is the subject of a recorded nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument that complies with subsection (3) and s. 721.17; or

1845 (III) Has been transferred into a trust satisfying the 1846 requirements of subparagraph 4.

1847

d. Evidence that the timeshare estate:

(I) Is free and clear of the claims of any interestholders, other than the claims of interestholders that, through a recorded instrument, are irrevocably made subject to the timeshare instrument and the use rights of purchasers made available through the timeshare instrument; or

1853

(II) Is the subject of a recorded nondisturbance and notice

Page 64 of 75



576-04110-19

1854 to creditors instrument that complies with subsection (3) and s. 1855 721.17.

3. Personal property timeshare interests.—If the timeshare plan is one in which personal property timeshare interests are to be sold and no cancellation or default has occurred, the escrow agent may release the escrowed funds or other property to or on the order of the developer upon presentation of:

1861 a. An affidavit by the developer that all of the following1862 conditions have been met:

1863 1864 (I) Expiration of the cancellation period.

(II) Completion of construction.

1865 (III) Closing.

b. If the personal property timeshare interest is sold by
agreement for transfer, evidence that the agreement for transfer
complies fully with s. 721.06 and this section.

1869

c. Evidence that one of the following has occurred:

(I) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal property of legal title to the subject accommodations and facilities or all use rights therein into a trust satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 4.; or

(II) Transfer by the owner of the underlying personal property of legal title to the subject accommodations and facilities or all use rights therein into an owners' association satisfying the requirements of subparagraph 5.

1878 d. Evidence of compliance with the provisions of1879 subparagraph 6., if required.

1880 e. If a personal property timeshare plan is created with 1881 respect to accommodations and facilities that are located on or 1882 in an oceangoing vessel, including a "documented vessel" or a



576-04110-19

1883 "foreign vessel," as defined and governed by 46 U.S.C. chapter 1884 301:

(I) In making the transfer required in sub-subparagraph c., the developer shall use as its transfer instrument a document that establishes and protects the continuance of the use rights in the subject accommodations and facilities in a manner that is enforceable by the trust or owners' association.

(II) The transfer instrument shall comply fully with the
 provisions of this chapter, shall be part of the timeshare
 instrument, and shall contain specific provisions that:

(A) Prohibit the vessel owner, the developer, any manager or operator of the vessel, the owners' association or the trustee, the managing entity, or any other person from incurring any liens against the vessel except for liens that are required for the operation and upkeep of the vessel, including liens for fuel expenditures, repairs, crews' wages, and salvage, and except as provided in sub-sub-subparagraphs 4.b. (III) and 5.b. (III). All expenses, fees, and taxes properly incurred in connection with the creation, satisfaction, and discharge of any such permitted lien, or a prorated portion thereof if less than all of the accommodations on the vessel are subject to the timeshare plan, shall be common expenses of the timeshare plan.

(B) Grant a lien against the vessel in favor of the owners'
association or trustee to secure the full and faithful
performance of the vessel owner and developer of all of their
obligations to the purchasers.

(C) Establish governing law in a jurisdiction that recognizes and will enforce the timeshare instrument and the laws of the jurisdiction of registry of the vessel.

566294

576-04110-19

(D) Require that a description of the use rights of purchasers be posted and displayed on the vessel in a manner that will give notice of such rights to any party examining the vessel. This notice must identify the owners' association or trustee and include a statement disclosing the limitation on incurring liens against the vessel described in sub-sub-subsubparagraph (A).

1919 (E) Include the nondisturbance and notice to creditors1920 instrument for the vessel owner and any other interestholders.

(F) The owners' association created under subparagraph 5. or trustee created under subparagraph 4. shall have access to any certificates of classification in accordance with the timeshare instrument.

(III) If the vessel is a foreign vessel, the vessel must be registered in a jurisdiction that permits a filing evidencing the use rights of purchasers in the subject accommodations and facilities, offers protection for such use rights against unfiled and inferior claims, and recognizes the document or instrument creating such use rights as a lien against the vessel.

(IV) In addition to the disclosures required by s.
721.07(5), the public offering statement and purchase contract
must contain a disclosure in conspicuous type in substantially
the following form:

1937 The laws of the State of Florida govern the offering of this 1938 timeshare plan in this state. There are inherent risks in 1939 purchasing a timeshare interest in this timeshare plan because 1940 the accommodations and facilities of the timeshare plan are

Page 67 of 75

1936



576-04110-19

1941 located on a vessel that will sail into international waters and 1942 into waters governed by many different jurisdictions. Therefore, 1943 the laws of the State of Florida cannot fully protect your 1944 purchase of an interest in this timeshare plan. Specifically, 1945 management and operational issues may need to be addressed in 1946 the jurisdiction in which the vessel is registered, which is 1947 (insert jurisdiction in which vessel is registered). Concerns of 1948 purchasers may be sent to (insert name of applicable regulatory 1949 agency and address).

4. Trust.-

1950 1951

a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use
rights therein, are to be transferred into a trust in order to
comply with this paragraph, such transfer shall take place
pursuant to this subparagraph. If the accommodations or
facilities included in such transfer are subject to a lease, the
unexpired term of the lease must be disclosed as the term of the
timeshare plan pursuant to s. 721.07(5)(f)4.

1959 b. Prior to the transfer of the subject accommodations and 1960 facilities, or all use rights therein, to a trust, any lien or 1961 other encumbrance against such accommodations and facilities, or 1962 use rights therein, shall be made subject to a nondisturbance 1963 and notice to creditors instrument pursuant to subsection (3). 1964 No transfer pursuant to this subparagraph shall become effective 1965 until the trustee accepts such transfer and the responsibilities 1966 set forth herein. A trust established pursuant to this 1967 subparagraph shall comply with the following provisions:

1968 (I) The trustee shall be an individual or a business entity 1969 authorized and qualified to conduct trust business in this



576-04110-19

1970 state. Any corporation authorized to do business in this state 1971 may act as trustee in connection with a timeshare plan pursuant 1972 to this chapter. The trustee must be independent from any 1973 developer or managing entity of the timeshare plan or any 1974 interestholder of any accommodation or facility of such plan.

(II) The trust shall be irrevocable so long as any purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare property pursuant to the timeshare plan.

1978 (III) The trustee shall not convey, hypothecate, mortgage, 1979 assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or encumber in any fashion 1980 any interest in or portion of the timeshare property with 1981 respect to which any purchaser has a right of use or occupancy 1982 unless the timeshare plan is terminated pursuant to the 1983 timeshare instrument, or such conveyance, hypothecation, 1984 mortgage, assignment, lease, transfer, or encumbrance is 1985 approved by a vote of two-thirds of all voting interests of the timeshare plan. Subject to s. 721.552, a vote of the voting 1986 1987 interests of the timeshare plan is not required for substitution 1988 or automatic deletion of accommodations or facilities.

(IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan or the owners' 1989 1990 association of the timeshare plan shall be the express 1991 beneficiaries of the trust. The trustee shall act as a fiduciary 1992 to the beneficiaries of the trust. The personal liability of the 1993 trustee shall be governed by ss. 736.08125, 736.08163, 736.1013, 1994 and 736.1015. The agreement establishing the trust shall set 1995 forth the duties of the trustee. The trustee shall be required 1996 to furnish promptly to the division upon request a copy of the 1997 complete list of the names and addresses of the owners in the 1998 timeshare plan and a copy of any other books and records of the

Page 69 of 75



576-04110-19

1999 timeshare plan required to be maintained pursuant to s. 721.13 2000 that are in the possession, custody, or control of the trustee. 2001 All expenses reasonably incurred by the trustee in the 2002 performance of its duties, together with any reasonable 2003 compensation of the trustee, shall be common expenses of the 2004 timeshare plan.

(V) The trustee shall not resign upon less than 90 days' prior written notice to the managing entity and the division. No resignation shall become effective until a substitute trustee, approved by the division, is appointed by the managing entity and accepts the appointment.

2010 (VI) The documents establishing the trust arrangement shall 2011 constitute a part of the timeshare instrument.

2012 (VII) For trusts holding property in a timeshare plan 2013 located outside this state, the trust and trustee holding such 2014 property shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of 2015 this subparagraph if such trust and trustee are authorized and 2016 qualified to conduct trust business under the laws of such 2017 jurisdiction and the agreement or law governing such trust 2018 arrangement provides substantially similar protections for the 2019 purchaser as are required in this subparagraph for trusts 2020 holding property in a timeshare plan in this state.

(VIII) The trustee shall have appointed a registered agent in this state for service of process. In the event such a registered agent is not appointed, service of process may be served pursuant to s. 721.265.

2025

5. Owners' association.-

2026 a. If the subject accommodations or facilities, or all use 2027 rights therein, are to be transferred into an owners'

566294

576-04110-19

2028 association in order to comply with this paragraph, such 2029 transfer shall take place pursuant to this subparagraph.

2030 b. Before the transfer of the subject accommodations and 2031 facilities, or all use rights therein, to an owners' 2032 association, any lien or other encumbrance against such 2033 accommodations and facilities, or use rights therein, shall be 2034 made subject to a nondisturbance and notice to creditors 2035 instrument pursuant to subsection (3). No transfer pursuant to 2036 this subparagraph shall become effective until the owners' 2037 association accepts such transfer and the responsibilities set 2038 forth herein. An owners' association established pursuant to 2039 this subparagraph shall comply with the following provisions:

(I) The owners' association shall be a business entity authorized and qualified to conduct business in this state. Control of the board of directors of the owners' association must be independent from any developer or managing entity of the timeshare plan or any interestholder.

(II) The bylaws of the owners' association shall provide that the corporation may not be voluntarily dissolved without the unanimous vote of all owners of personal property timeshare interests so long as any purchaser has a right to occupy any portion of the timeshare property pursuant to the timeshare plan.

(III) The owners' association shall not convey, hypothecate, mortgage, assign, lease, or otherwise transfer or encumber in any fashion any interest in or portion of the timeshare property with respect to which any purchaser has a right of use or occupancy, unless the timeshare plan is terminated pursuant to the timeshare instrument, or unless such

Page 71 of 75



576-04110-19

2057 conveyance, hypothecation, mortgage, assignment, lease, 2058 transfer, or encumbrance is approved by a vote of two-thirds of all voting interests of the association and such decision is 2059 2060 declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be in the best 2061 interests of the purchasers of the timeshare plan. The owners' 2062 association shall notify the division in writing within 10 days 2063 after receiving notice of the filing of any petition relating to 2064 obtaining such a court order. The division shall have standing 2065 to advise the court of the division's interpretation of the 2066 statute as it relates to the petition.

2067 (IV) All purchasers of the timeshare plan shall be members 2068 of the owners' association and shall be entitled to vote on 2069 matters requiring a vote of the owners' association as provided 2070 in this chapter or the timeshare instrument. The owners' 2071 association shall act as a fiduciary to the purchasers of the 2072 timeshare plan. The articles of incorporation establishing the 2073 owners' association shall set forth the duties of the owners' 2074 association. All expenses reasonably incurred by the owners' 2075 association in the performance of its duties, together with any 2076 reasonable compensation of the officers or directors of the 2077 owners' association, shall be common expenses of the timeshare 2078 plan.

(V) The documents establishing the owners' associationshall constitute a part of the timeshare instrument.

(VI) For owners' associations holding property in a timeshare plan located outside this state, the owners' association holding such property shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this subparagraph if such owners' association is authorized and qualified to conduct owners'

Page 72 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

2101

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2086 association business under the laws of such jurisdiction and the 2087 agreement or law governing such arrangement provides 2088 substantially similar protections for the purchaser as are 2089 required in this subparagraph for owners' associations holding 2090 property in a timeshare plan in this state.

(VII) The owners' association shall have appointed a registered agent in this state for service of process. In the event such a registered agent cannot be located, service of process may be made pursuant to s. 721.265.

2095 6. Personal property subject to certificate of title.-If 2096 any personal property that is an accommodation or facility of a 2097 timeshare plan is subject to a certificate of title in this 2098 state pursuant to chapter 319 or chapter 328, the following 2099 notation must be made on such certificate of title pursuant to 2100 s. 319.27(1) or <u>s. 328.15</u> s. 328.15(1):

2102 The further transfer or encumbrance of the property subject to 2103 this certificate of title, or any lien or encumbrance thereon, 2104 is subject to the requirements of section 721.17, Florida 2105 Statutes, and the transferee or lienor agrees to be bound by all 2106 of the obligations set forth therein.

2108 7. If the developer has previously provided a certified 2109 copy of any document required by this paragraph, she or he may 2110 for all subsequent disbursements substitute a true and correct 2111 copy of the certified copy, provided no changes to the document 2112 have been made or are required to be made.

8. In the event that use rights relating to anaccommodation or facility are transferred into a trust pursuant

4/11/2019 4:38:36 PM

566294

576-04110-19

2115	to subparagraph 4. or into an owners' association pursuant to
2116	subparagraph 5., all other interestholders, including the owner
2117	of the underlying fee or underlying personal property, must
2118	execute a nondisturbance and notice to creditors instrument
2119	pursuant to subsection (3).
2120	Section 31. (1) The rights, duties, and interests flowing
2121	from a transaction, certificate of title, or record relating to
2122	a vessel which was validly entered into or created before the
2123	effective date of this act and would be subject to this act if
2124	it had been entered into or created on or after the effective
2125	date of this act remain valid on and after the effective date of
2126	this act.
2127	(2) This act does not affect an action or a proceeding
2128	commenced before the effective date of this act.
2129	(3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4), a
2130	security interest that is enforceable immediately before the
2131	effective date of this act and would have priority over the
2132	rights of a person who becomes a lien creditor at that time is a
2133	perfected security interest under this act.
2134	(4) A security interest perfected immediately before the
2135	effective date of this act remains perfected until the earlier
2136	<u>of:</u>
2137	(a) The time perfection would have ceased under the law
2138	under which the security interest was perfected; or
2139	(b) Three years after the effective date of this act.
2140	(5) This act does not affect the priority of a security
2141	interest in a vessel if immediately before the effective date of
2142	this act the security interest is enforceable and perfected, and
2143	that priority is established.

Page 74 of 75

566294

576-04110-19

2144	Section 32. Subject to section 25, this act applies to any
2145	transaction, certificate of title, or record relating to a
2146	vessel, even if the transaction, certificate of title, or record
2147	was entered into or created before the effective date of this
2148	act.
2149	Section 33. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.