Bill No. CS/HB 7125 (2019)

Amendment No.

	CHAMBER ACTION
	<u>Senate</u> <u>House</u>
	•
1	Representative Bush offered the following:
2 3	Description (with title evendment)
5 4	Amendment (with title amendment) Remove lines 5401-5481 and insert:
4 5	Section 75. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 985.557,
6	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
7	985.557 Direct filing of an information; discretionary and
, 8	mandatory criteria
9	(1) DISCRETIONARY DIRECT FILE
10	(a) With respect to any child who was 14 or 15 years of
11	age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state
12	attorney may file an information when in the state attorney's
13	judgment and discretion the public interest requires that adult
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sanctions be considered or imposed and when the offense charged 14 is for the commission of $or_{\overline{t}}$ attempt to commit \overline{t} or conspirately to 15 16 commit: 17 1. Arson; 2. 18 Sexual battery; 19 3. Robbery; 20 4. Kidnapping; 21 5. Aggravated child abuse; 22 6. Aggravated assault; 23 7. Aggravated stalking; 8. Murder; 24 25 9. Manslaughter; 10. Unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 26 destructive device or bomb; 27 28 11. Armed burglary in violation of s. 810.02(2)(b) or 29 specified burglary of a dwelling or structure in violation of s. 810.02(2)(c), or burglary with an assault or battery in 30 violation of s. 810.02(2)(a); 31 32 12. Aggravated battery; 33 13. Any lewd or lascivious offense committed upon or in 34 the presence of a person less than 16 years of age; 35 Carrying, displaying, using, threatening, or 14. attempting to use a weapon or firearm during the commission of a 36 felony; 37 15. Grand theft in violation of s. 812.014(2)(a); 38 868651 Approved For Filing: 4/29/2019 8:58:05 AM

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39 16. Possessing or discharging any weapon or firearm on 40 school property in violation of s. 790.115;

41 17. Home invasion robbery;

42

18. Carjacking; or

43 19. Grand theft of a motor vehicle in violation of s.
44 812.014(2)(c)6. or grand theft of a motor vehicle valued at
45 \$20,000 or more in violation of s. 812.014(2)(b) if the child
46 has a previous adjudication for grand theft of a motor vehicle
47 in violation of s. 812.014(2)(c)6. or s. 812.014(2)(b).

48 (b) With respect to any child who was 16 or 17 years of 49 age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state 50 attorney may file an information when in the state attorney's 51 judgment and discretion the public interest requires that adult 52 sanctions be considered or imposed. However, the state attorney 53 may not file an information on a child charged with a 54 misdemeanor, unless the child has had at least two previous 55 adjudications or adjudications withheld for delinquent acts, one 56 of which involved an offense classified as a felony under state 57 law.

58 (2) DUE PROCESS HEARING BEFORE A JUDGE.-Notwithstanding 59 any other law, and in all cases, any child charged with a crime 60 shall have an evidentiary hearing, after the state attorney's 61 filing of an information in adult court under this section. 62 (a) The judge shall conduct the hearing within 30 days, 63 excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, unless good

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64	cause is shown for a delay by the child or the child's attorney.
65	The purpose of the hearing is for the court to determine whether
66	it is necessary for protection of the community that the child
67	is prosecuted in adult court. The judge shall consider:
68	1. Evaluations and assessments completed by the
69	department.
70	2. The sophistication and maturity of the child,
71	including:
72	a. The effect, if any, of immaturity, impetuosity, or
73	failure to appreciate risks and consequences on the child's
74	participation in the offense.
75	b. The child's age, maturity, intellectual capacity, and
76	mental and emotional health at the time of the offense.
77	c. The effect, if any, of characteristics attributable to
78	the child's youth on the child's judgment.
79	3. The record and previous history of the child,
80	including:
81	a. Previous contacts with the department, the Department
82	of Corrections, the Department of Children and Families, other
83	law enforcement agencies, and the courts.
84	b. Prior periods of probation.
85	c. Prior adjudications that the child committed a
86	delinquent act or violation of law, with greater weight being
87	given if the child has previously been found by a court to have
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88	committed a delinquent act or violation of law involving
89	violence to persons.
90	d. Prior commitments to institutions of the department,
91	the Department of Corrections, or agencies under contract with
92	either department.
93	e. History of trauma, abuse or neglect, foster care
94	placements, failed adoption, fetal alcohol syndrome, exposure to
95	controlled substances at birth, and below average intellectual
96	functioning.
97	f. Identification of the child as a student requiring
98	exceptional student education or having previously received
99	psychological services.
100	g. Whether the child has previously been convicted and
101	sentenced as an adult.
102	4. The nature of the alleged offense and the child's
103	participation, including:
104	a. Whether the offense is punishable by death or life
105	imprisonment.
106	b. Whether the offense was against persons or property.
107	c. Whether the offense is alleged to have been committed
108	in an aggressive, violent, or premeditated manner.
109	d. The extent of the child's alleged participation in the
110	offense.
111	e. The effect, if any, of familial pressure or peer
112	pressure on the child's actions.
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113	5. The prospects for adequate protection of the public and
114	the likelihood of reasonable rehabilitation of the child, if the
115	child is found to have committed the alleged offense:
116	a. By the use of procedures, services, and facilities
117	currently available to the juvenile court.
118	b. By the use of procedures, services, and facilities
119	currently available to the adult court, including whether the
120	lowest permissible sentence under the Criminal Punishment Code
121	is a nonstate prison sanction.
122	6. Cost-effective alternatives available to divert the
123	child from the criminal and juvenile justice systems and offer
124	rehabilitative services for the child.
125	7. Whether the child could obtain habilitative or
126	rehabilitative services available in the juvenile justice
127	system.
128	8. Whether the child could receive a sentence in juvenile
129	court that would provide adequate safety and protection for the
130	community.
131	9. Whether the child's best interests would be served by
132	prosecuting the child in juvenile court.
133	(b) The judge may consider any reports that may assist the
134	court, including prior pre-disposition reports, psycho-social
135	assessments, individualized educational programs (IEPs),
136	developmental assessments, school records, abuse or neglect
137	reports, home studies, protective investigations, and
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138 psychological and psychiatric evaluations. The child, the 139 child's parents or legal guardians, defense counsel, and the 140 state attorney may examine these reports and question the parties responsible for them at the hearing. 141 142 (C) The adult court shall retain jurisdiction unless the court finds by a preponderance of evidence that the factors 143 listed in paragraph (a) support returning the child to juvenile 144 145 court. (d) The adult court shall render an order including 146 147 specific findings of fact and the reasons for its decision. The 148 prosecution and defense may seek immediate review of the order through interlocutory appeal. The order shall be reviewable on 149 150 appeal under s. 985.534 and the Florida Rules of Appellate 151 Procedure. 152 (2) MANDATORY DIRECT FILE.-153 (a) With respect to any child who was 16 or 17 years of 154 age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state 155 attorney shall file an information if the child has been 156 previously adjudicated delinguent for an act classified as a 157 felony, which adjudication was for the commission of, attempt to 158 commit, or conspiracy to commit murder, sexual battery, armed or 159 strong-armed robbery, carjacking, home-invasion robbery, 160 aggravated battery, or aggravated assault, and the child is 161 currently charged with a second or subsequent violent crime 162 against a person. 868651 Approved For Filing: 4/29/2019 8:58:05 AM

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163	(b) With respect to any child 16 or 17 years of age at the
164	time an offense classified as a forcible felony, as defined in
165	s. 776.08, was committed, the state attorney shall file an
166	information if the child has previously been adjudicated
167	delinquent or had adjudication withheld for three acts
168	classified as felonies each of which occurred at least 45 days
169	apart from each other. This paragraph does not apply when the
170	state attorney has good cause to believe that exceptional
171	circumstances exist which preclude the just prosecution of the
172	juvenile in adult court.
173	(c) The state attorney must file an information if a
174	child, regardless of the child's age at the time the alleged
175	offense was committed, is alleged to have committed an act that
176	would be a violation of law if the child were an adult, that
177	involves stealing a motor vehicle, including, but not limited
178	to, a violation of s. 812.133, relating to carjacking, or s.
179	812.014(2)(c)6., relating to grand theft of a motor vehicle, and
180	while the child was in possession of the stolen motor vehicle
181	the child caused serious bodily injury to or the death of a
182	person who was not involved in the underlying offense. For
183	purposes of this section, the driver and all willing passengers
184	in the stolen motor vehicle at the time such serious bodily
185	injury or death is inflicted shall also be subject to mandatory
186	transfer to adult court. "Stolen motor vehicle," for the
187	purposes of this section, means a motor vehicle that has been
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188	the subject of any criminal wrongful taking. For purposes of
189	this section, "willing passengers" means all willing passengers
190	who have participated in the underlying offense.
191	(d)1. With respect to any child who was 16 or 17 years of
192	age at the time the alleged offense was committed, the state
193	attorney shall file an information if the child has been charged
194	with committing or attempting to commit an offense listed in s.
195	775.087(2)(a)1.ap., and, during the commission of or attempt
196	to commit the offense, the child:
197	a. Actually possessed a firearm or destructive device, as
198	those terms are defined in s. 790.001.
199	b. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as
200	described in s. 775.087(2)(a)2.
201	c. Discharged a firearm or destructive device, as
202	described in s. 775.087(2)(a)3., and, as a result of the
203	discharge, death or great bodily harm was inflicted upon any
204	person.
205	2. Upon transfer, any child who is:
206	a. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.a. and who has been
207	previously adjudicated or had adjudication withheld for a
208	forcible felony offense or any offense involving a firearm, or
209	who has been previously placed in a residential commitment
210	program, shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a),
211	notwithstanding s. 985.565.
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212	b. Charged under sub-subparagraph 1.b. or sub-subparagraph
213	1.c., shall be subject to sentencing under s. 775.087(2)(a),
214	notwithstanding s. 985.565.
215	3. Upon transfer, any child who is charged under this
216	paragraph, but who does not meet the requirements specified in
217	subparagraph 2., shall be sentenced under s. 985.565; however,
218	if the court imposes a juvenile sanction, the court must commit
219	the child to a high-risk or maximum-risk juvenile facility.
220	4. This paragraph shall not apply if the state attorney
221	has good cause to believe that exceptional circumstances exist
222	that preclude the just prosecution of the child in adult court.
223	5. The Department of Corrections shall make every
224	reasonable effort to ensure that any child 16 or 17 years of age
225	who is convicted and sentenced under this paragraph be
226	completely separated such that there is no physical contact with
227	adult offenders in the facility, to the extent that it is
228	consistent with chapter 958.
229	
230	
231	
232	TITLE AMENDMENT
233	Remove lines 424-426 and insert:
234	s. 985.557, F.S.; deleting references to the state attorney's
235	discretion to direct file a juvenile; revising discretionary
236	direct file criteria; deleting provisions for mandatory direct
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237 file; providing for an opportunity for a hearing to reverse a 238 direct file; amending

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