1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to fire protection systems; amending 3 s. 163.08, F.S.; revising a definition; amending s. 4 633.312, F.S.; authorizing certain local authorities 5 to accept inspection reports by specified means; 6 requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt rules to 7 implement a uniform procedure for the submission of 8 inspection reports; providing requirements for such 9 procedure; amending s. 718.112, F.S.; providing a 10 definition; requiring an association to retrofit 11 certain condominiums with a fire sprinkler system or 12 an Engineered Life Safety System; providing compliance deadlines; providing a penalty; amending s. 718.120, 13 14 F.S.; authorizing an association to elect an 15 alternative assessment option while implementing a 16 qualifying fire protection improvement; providing an 17 effective date. 18 19 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 20 21 Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 163.08, Florida 22 Statutes, is amended to read: 23 Supplemental authority for improvements to real

Page 1 of 10

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(2) As used in this section, the term:

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property.-

(a) "Local government" means a county, a municipality, a dependent special district as defined in s. 189.012, or a separate legal entity created pursuant to s. 163.01(7).

(b) "Qualifying improvement" includes any:

- 1. Energy conservation and efficiency improvement, which is a measure to reduce consumption through conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property, including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling, or ventilation systems; building modifications to increase the use of daylight; replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle charging equipment; and installation of efficient lighting equipment.
- 2. Renewable energy improvement, which is the installation of any system in which the electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy is produced from a method that uses one or more of the following fuels or energy sources: hydrogen, solar energy, geothermal energy, bioenergy, and wind energy.
- 3. Wind resistance improvement, which includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. Improving the strength of the roof deck attachment;
- b. Creating a secondary water barrier to prevent water intrusion;

Page 2 of 10

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51	c. Installing wind-resistant shingles;
52	d. Installing gable-end bracing;
53	e. Reinforcing roof-to-wall connections;
54	f. Installing storm shutters; or
55	g. Installing opening protections.
56	4. Fire protection improvement, which includes
57	retrofitting existing residential high-rise buildings, as
58	defined in s. 718.1085, with a fire protection system in
59	accordance with the Florida Fire Prevention Code adopted under
60	s. 633.202, which includes:
61	a. Installing fire sprinkler systems and related
62	improvements; or
63	b. Installing Engineered Life Safety Systems and related
64	improvements.
65	Section 2. Section 633.312, Florida Statutes, is amended
66	to read:
67	633.312 Inspection of fire control systems, fire hydrants,
68	and fire protection systems.—
69	(1) The State Fire Marshal <u>may</u> shall have the right to
70	inspect any fire control system during and after construction to
71	determine $\underline{ ext{if}}$ $\underline{ ext{that}}$ such system meets the standards set forth in
72	the laws and rules of the state.
73	(2) Fire hydrants and fire protection systems installed in
74	public and private properties, except one-family or two-family

Page 3 of 10

dwellings, shall be inspected following procedures established

in the nationally recognized inspection, testing, and maintenance standards publications NFPA-24 and NFPA-25 as set forth in the edition adopted by the State Fire Marshal. Quarterly, annual, 3-year, and 5-year inspections consistent with the contractual provisions with the owner shall be conducted by the certificateholder or permittees employed by the certificateholder pursuant to s. 633.318, except that:

- (a) Public fire hydrants owned by a governmental entity shall be inspected following procedures established in the inspection, testing, and maintenance standards adopted by the State Fire Marshal or equivalent standards such as those contained in the latest edition of the American Water Works Association's Manual M17, "Installation, Field Testing, and Maintenance of Fire Hydrants."
- (b) County, municipal, and special district utilities may perform fire hydrant inspections required by this section using designated employees. Such designated employees need not be certified under this chapter. However, counties, municipalities, or special districts that use designated employees are responsible for ensuring that the designated employees are qualified to perform such inspections.
- (3) (a) The inspecting contractor shall provide to the building owner or hydrant owner and the local authority having jurisdiction a copy of the applicable inspection report established under this chapter. The local authority having

jurisdiction may accept inspection reports by United States
mail, hand delivery, or through a third-party vendor that
collects the reports on behalf of the local authority having
jurisdiction.

- (b) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules to implement a uniform submission procedure to be used by all local authorities having jurisdiction and third-party vendors when collecting inspection reports. The uniform submission procedure must allow a contractor to attach additional documents to the submission, including a physical copy of the contractor's detailed inspection report. A contractor's inspection report is not required to follow a standardized format and the uniform submission procedure may not require a contractor to enter the details of the inspection report into the submission.
- (4) The maintenance of fire hydrant and fire protection systems as well as corrective actions on deficient systems is the responsibility of the owner of the system or hydrant. Equipment requiring periodic testing or operation to ensure its maintenance shall be tested or operated as specified in the Fire Prevention Code, Life Safety Code, National Fire Protection Association standards, or as directed by the appropriate authority, provided that such appropriate authority may not require a sprinkler system not required by the Fire Prevention Code, Life Safety Code, or National Fire Protection Association standards to be removed regardless of its condition. This

section does not prohibit governmental entities from inspecting and enforcing firesafety codes.

- (5)(4) At least once each year, each fire hydrant shall be opened fully and the water allowed to flow until all foreign materials have cleared the hydrant. The flow shall be maintained for not less than 1 minute.
- (6)(5) If a fire hydrant is made nonfunctional by the closing of a water supply valve, the valve must immediately be tagged with a red tag that is boldly marked "nonfunctional" and the local fire authority notified that the hydrant is nonfunctional.
- Section 3. Paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 718.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

718.112 Bylaws.-

- (2) REQUIRED PROVISIONS.—The bylaws shall provide for the following and, if they do not do so, shall be deemed to include the following:
- association must ensure reasonable compliance with the Florida

  Fire Prevention Code. For purposes of this paragraph, the term

  "reasonable compliance" means the ability to select alternative

  solutions to ensure that property meets the level of fire

  protection required in the Florida Fire Prevention Code. For

  residential high-rise buildings, as defined in s. 718.1085, the

  association must retrofit the common areas, as defined in s.

Page 6 of 10

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720.301, the association property, and each individual unit with a fire sprinkler system or an Engineered Life Safety System. A provision that a certificate of compliance from a licensed electrical contractor or electrician may be accepted by the association's board as evidence of compliance of the condominium units with the applicable fire and life safety code must be included. Notwithstanding chapter 633 or of any other code, statute, ordinance, administrative rule, or regulation, or any interpretation of the foregoing, an association, residential condominium, or unit owner is not obligated to retrofit the common elements, association property, or units of a residential condominium with a fire sprinkler system in a building that has been certified for occupancy by the applicable governmental entity if the unit owners have voted to forego such retrofitting by the affirmative vote of a majority of all voting interests in the affected condominium.

- 1. The local authority having jurisdiction may not require completion of retrofitting with a fire sprinkler system or an Engineered Life Safety System before January 1, 2022 2020. An association that does not comply with this paragraph must:
- a. Submit a final fire sprinkler permit application and supporting documents to the local authority having jurisdiction by July 1, 2019.
  - b. Obtain all necessary permits by December 31, 2019.
  - c. Pass final inspection by December 31, 2021.

Page 7 of 10

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2. The local authority having jurisdiction shall assess an association that fails to comply with subparagraph 1. a penalty of \$500 per day until the association is in compliance. The division shall collect all money assessed to an association and remit it to the Firefighter Assistance Grant Program under s.

633.135. By December 31, 2016, a residential condominium association that is not in compliance with the requirements for a fire sprinkler system and has not voted to forego retrofitting of such a system must initiate an application for a building permit for the required installation with the local government having jurisdiction demonstrating that the association will become compliant by December 31, 2019.

3.1. A vote to forego retrofitting may be obtained by limited proxy or by a ballot personally cast at a duly called membership meeting, or by execution of a written consent by the member, and is effective upon recording a certificate attesting to such vote in the public records of the county where the condominium is located. The association shall mail or hand deliver to each unit owner written notice at least 14 days before the membership meeting in which the vote to forego retrofitting of the required fire sprinkler system is to take place. Within 30 days after the association's opt-out vote, notice of the results of the opt-out vote must be mailed or hand delivered to all unit owners. Evidence of compliance with this notice requirement must be made by affidavit executed by the

person providing the notice and filed among the official records of the association. After notice is provided to each owner, a copy must be provided by the current owner to a new owner before closing and by a unit owner to a renter before signing a lease.

- 4.2. If there has been a previous vote to forego retrofitting, a vote to require retrofitting may be obtained at a special meeting of the unit owners called by a petition of at least 10 percent of the voting interests. Such a vote may only be called once every 3 years. Notice shall be provided as required for any regularly called meeting of the unit owners, and must state the purpose of the meeting. Electronic transmission may not be used to provide notice of a meeting called in whole or in part for this purpose.
- 5.3. As part of the information collected annually from condominiums, the division shall require condominium associations to report the membership vote and recording of a certificate under this subsection and, if retrofitting has been undertaken, the per-unit cost of such work. The division shall annually report to the Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services the number of condominiums that have elected to forego retrofitting.
- $\underline{6.4.}$  Notwithstanding s. 553.509, a residential association may not be obligated to, and may forego the retrofitting of, any improvements required by s. 553.509(2) upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting interests in the affected

Page 9 of 10

226	condominium.
227	Section 4. Subsection (4) is added to section 718.120,
228	Florida Statutes, to read:
229	718.120 Separate taxation of condominium parcels; survival
230	of declaration after tax sale; assessment of timeshare estates.—
231	(4) An association that participates in a qualifying
232	improvement, as defined in s. 163.08(2)(b)4., for fire
233	protection may elect to be assessed upon the condominium
234	property as a whole instead of assigning a portion of the common
235	areas' value to each unit owner. If the association elects to be
236	assessed upon the condominium property as a whole, the
237	association must notify the taxing authorities before the
238	qualifying improvement is implemented. After the qualifying
239	improvement is completed and any finance agreements made under
240	s. 163.08(4) are terminated, the association may elect to return
241	to the assessment option under subsection (1).
242	Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

Page 10 of 10

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