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A bill to be entitled An act relating to military-friendly initiatives; amending s. 83.49, F.S.; limiting the amount a landlord may charge a servicemember tenant for a security deposit and advance rent; amending s. 83.682, F.S.; revising circumstances under which a servicemember may terminate a rental agreement; amending s. 163.3175, F.S.; specifying additional military installations that may exchange certain information with local governments regarding compatibility of land development; amending s. 197.572, F.S.; providing that an easement for certain military lands continues after a tax sale or deed execution; amending s. 288.980, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "activities" for purposes of certain military grant programs; authorizing the Defense Infrastructure Grant Program to fund on-base military construction projects in certain counties; amending s. 570.71, F.S.; prohibiting certain construction or activities that are incompatible with the mission of a military installation on certain land under a rural-lands-protection easement; amending s. 1003.05, F.S.; requiring school districts to accept certain military orders as proof of residency of dependent children for admission to district programs;

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amending s. 1009.21, F.S.; revising requirements for active duty servicemembers and their families to be classified as residents for tuition purposes; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

- Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 83.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 83.49 Deposit money or advance rent; duty of landlord and tenant.—
- (1) Whenever money is deposited or advanced by a tenant on a rental agreement as security for performance of the rental agreement or as advance rent for other than the next immediate rental period, the landlord or the landlord's agent shall either:
- (a) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate non-interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord;
- (b) Hold the total amount of such money in a separate interest-bearing account in a Florida banking institution for the benefit of the tenant or tenants, in which case the tenant

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shall receive and collect interest in an amount of at least 75 percent of the annualized average interest rate payable on such account or interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest, whichever the landlord elects. The landlord shall not commingle such moneys with any other funds of the landlord or hypothecate, pledge, or in any other way make use of such moneys until such moneys are actually due the landlord; or

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Post a surety bond, executed by the landlord as principal and a surety company authorized and licensed to do business in the state as surety, with the clerk of the circuit court in the county in which the dwelling unit is located in the total amount of the security deposits and advance rent he or she holds on behalf of the tenants or \$50,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of the provisions of this section. In addition to posting the surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest at the rate of 5 percent per year, simple interest. A landlord, or the landlord's agent, engaged in the renting of dwelling units in five or more counties, who holds deposit moneys or advance rent and who is otherwise subject to the provisions of this section, may, in lieu of posting a surety bond in each county, elect to post a surety bond in the form and manner provided in this paragraph with the office of the

Secretary of State. The bond shall be in the total amount of the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of tenants or in the amount of \$250,000, whichever is less. The bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful compliance of the landlord with the provisions of this section and shall run to the Governor for the benefit of any tenant injured by the landlord's violation of this section. In addition to posting a surety bond, the landlord shall pay to the tenant interest on the security deposit or advance rent held on behalf of that tenant at the rate of 5 percent per year simple interest.

- If the tenant is a servicemember, the landlord may not require payment of a security deposit and advance rent that exceeds, in the aggregate, the total sum of rent that would be due for a 60-day period.
- Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 83.682, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 83.682 Termination of rental agreement by a servicemember.—
- (1) Any servicemember may terminate his or her rental agreement by providing the landlord with a written notice of termination to be effective on the date stated in the notice that is at least 30 days after the landlord's receipt of the notice if any of the following criteria are met:
 - (d) After entering into a rental agreement, the

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servicemember receives military orders requiring him or her to move into government quarters or the servicemember becomes eligible to live in and opts to move into government quarters or Public Private Venture (PPV) housing contracted for the purpose of housing servicemembers;

Section 3. Paragraphs (i) through (n) of subsection (2) of section 163.3175, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (j) through (o), respectively, and new paragraphs (i) and (p) are added to that subsection to read:

163.3175 Legislative findings on compatibility of development with military installations; exchange of information between local governments and military installations.—

- (2) Certain major military installations, due to their mission and activities, have a greater potential for experiencing compatibility and coordination issues than others. Consequently, this section and the provisions in s. 163.3177(6)(a), relating to compatibility of land development with military installations, apply to specific affected local governments in proximity to and in association with specific military installations, as follows:
- (i) Naval Support Activity Orlando, including Bugg Spring and Naval Ordinance Test Unit, associated with Orange County and Orlando.
- (p) United States Southern Command, associated with Miami-Dade County and Doral.

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Section 4. Section 197.572, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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- 197.572 <u>Certain</u> easements <u>for conservation purposes</u>, <u>public service purposes</u>, <u>support of certain improvements</u>, <u>or drainage or ingress and egress</u> survive tax sales and deeds.—
- (1) When any lands are sold for the nonpayment of taxes, or any tax certificate is issued thereon by a governmental unit or agency or pursuant to any tax lien foreclosure proceeding, the title to the lands shall continue to be subject to any easement:
- (a) For conservation purposes as provided in s. 704.06 or for telephone, telegraph, pipeline, power transmission, or other public service purpose.
- (c) and any easement For the purposes of drainage or of ingress and egress to and from other land.
- (d) For base buffering encroachment lands acquired through a fee simple or less-than-fee simple acquisition under s. 288.980(2)(b).
- (2) An The easement described in subsection (1) and the rights of the owner of the easement it shall survive and be enforceable after the execution, delivery, and recording of a tax deed, a master's deed, or a clerk's certificate of title pursuant to foreclosure of a tax deed, tax certificate, or tax

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lien, to the same extent as though the land had been conveyed by voluntary deed. The easement must be evidenced by written instrument recorded in the office of the clerk of the circuit court in the county where such land is located before the recording of such tax deed or master's deed, or, if not recorded, an easement for a public service purpose must be evidenced by wires, poles, or other visible occupation, an easement for drainage must be evidenced by a waterway, water bed, or other visible occupation, and an easement for the purpose of ingress and egress must be evidenced by a road or other visible occupation to be entitled to the benefit of this section; however, this shall apply only to tax deeds issued after the effective date of this act.

Section 5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and subsection (5) of section 288.980, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.980 Military base retention; legislative intent;
grants program.—

(3)

(b) The term "activities" as used in this section means studies, presentations, analyses, plans, and modeling, marketing, advocacy, sponsorships, outreach, and military-related community support events. For the purposes of the Florida Defense Infrastructure Grant Program, the term "activities" also includes, but is not limited to, construction, land purchases, and easements. Staff salaries are not considered

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an "activity" for which grant funds may be awarded. Travel costs and costs incidental thereto incurred by a grant recipient shall be considered an "activity" for which grant funds may be awarded.

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The Defense Infrastructure Grant Program is created. The department shall coordinate and implement this program, the purpose of which is to support local infrastructure projects deemed to have a positive impact on the military value of installations within the state. Funds are to be used for projects that benefit both the local community and the military installation. Infrastructure projects to be funded under this program include, but are not limited to, those related to encroachment, transportation and access, utilities, communications, housing, environment, and security. Grant requests will be accepted only from economic development applicants serving in the official capacity of a governing board of a county, municipality, special district, or state agency that will have the authority to maintain the project upon completion. An applicant must represent a community or county in which a military installation is located. There is no limit as to the amount of any grant awarded to an applicant. A match by the county or local community may be required. The program may not be used to fund on-base military construction projects in a county with a population of fewer than 300,000. The department shall establish guidelines to implement the purpose of this

201 subsection.

Section 6. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 570.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
570.71 Conservation easements and agreements.—

- (3) Rural-lands-protection easements shall be a perpetual right or interest in agricultural land which is appropriate to retain such land in predominantly its current state and to prevent the subdivision and conversion of such land into other uses. This right or interest in property shall prohibit only the following:
- (a) Construction or placing of buildings, roads, billboards or other advertising, utilities, or structures, except those structures and unpaved roads necessary for the agricultural operations on the land or structures necessary for other activities allowed under the easement, and except for linear facilities described in s. 704.06(11).
 - (b) Subdivision of the property. +
- (c) Dumping or placing of trash, waste, or offensive
 materials.; and
- (d) Activities that affect the natural hydrology of the land or that detrimentally affect water conservation, erosion control, soil conservation, or fish or wildlife habitat, except those required for environmental restoration; federal, state, or local government regulatory programs; or best management practices.

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(e) Construction of structures or other activities that are incompatible with the mission of a military installation, when the land lies within an area identified as a clear zone or an accident potential zone or within Military Influence Planning Area 1 or 2 as established in the Joint Land Use Study of the installation.

- (5) Agricultural protection agreements shall be for terms of 30 years and will provide payments to landowners having significant natural areas on their land. Public access and public recreational opportunities may be negotiated at the request of the landowner.
- (a) For the length of the agreement, the landowner shall agree to prohibit all of the following:
- 1. Construction or placing of buildings, roads, billboards or other advertising, utilities, or structures, except those structures and unpaved roads necessary for the agricultural operations on the land or structures necessary for other activities allowed under the easement, and except for linear facilities described in s. 704.06(11).
 - 2. Subdivision of the property. +

- 3. Dumping or placing of trash, waste, or offensive materials: and
- 4. Activities that affect the natural hydrology of the land, or that detrimentally affect water conservation, erosion control, soil conservation, or fish or wildlife habitat.

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251	5. Construction of structures or other activities that are
252	incompatible with the mission of a military installation, when
253	the land lies within an area identified as a clear zone or an
254	accident potential zone or within Military Influence Planning
255	Area 1 or 2 as established in the Joint Land Use Study of the
256	installation.
257	Section 7. Subsection (4) is added to section 1003.05,
258	Florida Statutes, to read:
259	1003.05 Assistance to transitioning students from military
260	families.—
261	(4) A school district shall accept a permanent change of
262	station order relocating a military family to a local military
263	installation as proof of residency of each dependent child
264	listed in the order for the child's admission to all district-
265	authorized programs, including, but not limited to, those
266	programs provided in subsection (3).
267	Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (10) of
268	section 1009.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
269	1009.21 Determination of resident status for tuition
270	purposes.—Students shall be classified as residents or
271	nonresidents for the purpose of assessing tuition in
272	postsecondary educational programs offered by charter technical
273	career centers or career centers operated by school districts,
274	in Florida College System institutions, and in state

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universities.

(10) The following persons shall be classified as residents for tuition purposes:

- (a) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United States residing or stationed in this state, their spouses, and their dependent children residing or stationed in this state at the time of acceptance to a Florida College System institution or state university, and active drilling members of the Florida National Guard.
- (b) Active duty members of the Armed Services of the United States and their spouses and dependents attending a Florida College System institution or state university within 50 miles of the military establishment where they are stationed, if such military establishment is within a county contiguous to Florida at the time of acceptance to the Florida College System institution or state university.
 - Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.

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