

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/18/2019 House

The Committee on Rules (Gibson) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 32 - 91
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and insert:

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disability requiring separation from his or her work. Any other disqualification may not be imposed.

2. An individual is not disqualified under this subsection for:

9 <u>a.</u> Voluntarily leaving temporary work to return immediately
10 when called to work by the permanent employing unit that
11 temporarily terminated his or her work within the previous 6

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12	calendar months;
13	<u>b.</u> , or for Voluntarily leaving work to relocate as a
14	result of his or her military-connected spouse's permanent
15	change of station orders, activation orders, or unit deployment
16	orders <u>; or</u>
17	c. Voluntarily leaving work if he or she proves that his or
18	her discontinued employment is a direct result of circumstances
19	related to domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28. An
20	individual who voluntarily leaves work under this sub-
21	subparagraph must:
22	(I) Make reasonable efforts to preserve employment, unless
23	the individual establishes that such remedies are likely to be
24	futile or to increase the risk of future incidents of domestic
25	violence. Such efforts may include seeking a protective
26	injunction, relocating to a secure place, or seeking reasonable
27	accommodation from the employing unit, such as a transfer or
28	change of assignment;
29	(II) Provide evidence such as an injunction, a protective
30	order, or other documentation authorized by state law which
31	reasonably proves that domestic violence has occurred; and
32	(III) Reasonably believe that he or she is likely to be the
33	victim of a future act of domestic violence at, in transit to,
34	or departing from his or her place of employment. An individual
35	who is otherwise eligible for benefits under this sub-
36	subparagraph is ineligible for each week that he or she no
37	longer meets such criteria or refuses a reasonable accommodation
38	offered in good faith by his or her employing unit.
39	3. The employment record of an employing unit may not be
40	charged for the payment of benefits to an individual who has

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41 voluntarily left work under sub-subparagraph 2.c.

42 4.2. Disgualification for being discharged for misconduct connected with his or her work continues for the full period of 43 44 unemployment next ensuing after having been discharged and until the individual is reemployed and has earned income of at least 45 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount and for not more than 46 47 52 weeks immediately following that week, as determined by the department in each case according to the circumstances or the 48 49 seriousness of the misconduct, under the department's rules 50 adopted for determining determinations of disqualification for 51 benefits for misconduct.

5.3. If an individual has provided notification to the employing unit of his or her intent to voluntarily leave work and the employing unit discharges the individual for reasons other than misconduct before the date the voluntary quit was to take effect, the individual, if otherwise entitled, shall receive benefits from the date of the employer's discharge until the effective date of his or her voluntary quit.

<u>6.4.</u> If an individual is notified by the employing unit of the employer's intent to discharge the individual for reasons other than misconduct and the individual quits without good cause before the date the discharge was to take effect, the claimant is ineligible for benefits pursuant to s. 443.091(1)(d) for failing to be available for work for the week or weeks of unemployment occurring before the effective date of the discharge.

Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 443.131 Contributions.-



70 (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT71 EXPERIENCE.-

72 (a) Employment records.-The regular and short-time 73 compensation benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be 74 charged to the employment record of each employer who paid the 75 individual wages of at least \$100 during the individual's base 76 period in proportion to the total wages paid by all employers 77 who paid the individual wages during the individual's base 78 period. Benefits may not be charged to the employment record of 79 an employer who furnishes part-time work to an individual who, 80 because of loss of employment with one or more other employers, 81 is eligible for partial benefits while being furnished part-time 82 work by the employer on substantially the same basis and in 83 substantially the same amount as the individual's employment 84 during his or her base period, regardless of whether this part-85 time work is simultaneous or successive to the individual's lost employment. Further, as provided in s. 443.151(3), benefits may 86 87 not be charged to the employment record of an employer who 88 furnishes the Department of Economic Opportunity with notice, as 89 prescribed in rules of the department, that any of the following 90 apply:

91 1. If an individual leaves his or her work without good 92 cause attributable to the employer or is discharged by the 93 employer for misconduct connected with his or her work, benefits 94 subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the 95 employer before the separation may not be charged to the 96 employment record of the employer.

97 2. If an individual is discharged by the employer for98 unsatisfactory performance during an initial employment

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99 probationary period, benefits subsequently paid to the 100 individual based on wages paid during the probationary period by 101 the employer before the separation may not be charged to the 102 employer's employment record. As used in this subparagraph, the 103 term "initial employment probationary period" means an 104 established probationary plan that applies to all employees or a 105 specific group of employees and that does not exceed 90 calendar 106 days following the first day a new employee begins work. The 107 employee must be informed of the probationary period within the 108 first 7 days of work. The employer must demonstrate by 109 conclusive evidence that the individual was separated because of 110 unsatisfactory work performance and not because of lack of work 111 due to temporary, seasonal, casual, or other similar employment 112 that is not of a regular, permanent, and year-round nature.

113 3. Benefits subsequently paid to an individual after his or 114 her refusal without good cause to accept suitable work from an 115 employer may not be charged to the employment record of the 116 employer if any part of those benefits are based on wages paid 117 by the employer before the individual's refusal to accept 118 suitable work. As used in this subparagraph, the term "good 119 cause" does not include distance to employment caused by a 120 change of residence by the individual. The department shall 121 adopt rules prescribing for the payment of all benefits whether 122 this subparagraph applies regardless of whether a 123 disqualification under s. 443.101 applies to the claim.

4. If an individual is separated from work as a direct
result of a natural disaster declared under the Robert T.
Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C.
ss. 5121 et seq., benefits subsequently paid to the individual

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128	based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may
129	not be charged to the employment record of the employer.
130	5. If an individual is separated from work as a direct
131	result of an oil spill, terrorist attack, or other similar
132	disaster of national significance not subject to a declaration
133	under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
134	Assistance Act, benefits subsequently paid to the individual
135	based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may
136	not be charged to the employment record of the employer.
137	6. If an individual is separated from work as a direct
138	result of domestic violence and meets all requirements in s.
139	443.101(1)(a)2.c., benefits subsequently paid to the individual
140	based on wages paid by the employer before separation may not be
141	charged to the employment record of the employer.
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144	And the title is amended as follows:
145	Delete line 8
146	and insert:
147	circumstances; amending s. 443.131, F.S.; adding a
148	circumstance under which the employment record of an
149	employing unit may not be charged; providing an
150	effective date.