By the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources; and Senator Broxson

592-03057-20 20201152c1

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to brownfield site rehabilitation; amending s. 376.79, F.S.; defining the term "PFAS"; amending s. 376.82, F.S.; providing that potential brownfield sites owned by the state or a local government which are impacted by PFAS are eligible to participate in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement regardless of contribution; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Present subsections (17) through (21) of section 376.79, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (18) through (22), respectively, and a new subsection (17) is added to that section, to read:

376.79 Definitions relating to Brownfields Redevelopment Act.—As used in ss. 376.77-376.85, the term:

(17) "PFAS" means perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, including perfluorooctanoic acid and perfluorooctane sulfonate, which are used in fire suppressants and firefighting foams.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 376.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

376.82 Eligibility criteria and liability protection.-

(1) ELIGIBILITY.—Except as provided in paragraph (d), any person who has not caused or contributed to the contamination of a brownfield site on or after July 1, 1997, is eligible to participate in the brownfield program established in ss. 376.77-

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

38

3940

4142

43

44

4546

47

48 49

50 51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

592-03057-20 20201152c1

376.85, subject to the following:

- (a) Potential brownfield sites that are subject to an ongoing formal judicial or administrative enforcement action or corrective action pursuant to federal authority, including, but not limited to, the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 9601 et seq., as amended; the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 300f-300i, as amended; the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. ss. 1251-1387, as amended; or under an order from the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to s. 3008(h) of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, as amended (42 U.S.C.A. s. 6928(h)); or that have obtained or are required to obtain a permit for the operation of a hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility; a postclosure permit; or a permit pursuant to the federal Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984, are not eligible for participation unless specific exemptions are secured by a memorandum of agreement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to paragraph (2)(g). A brownfield site within an eligible brownfield area that subsequently becomes subject to formal judicial or administrative enforcement action or corrective action under such federal authority shall have its eligibility revoked unless specific exemptions are secured by a memorandum of agreement with the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to paragraph (2)(g).
- (b) Persons who have not caused or contributed to the contamination of a brownfield site on or after July 1, 1997, and who, prior to the department's approval of a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement, are subject to ongoing corrective

592-03057-20 20201152c1

action or enforcement under state authority established in this chapter or chapter 403, including those persons subject to a pending consent order with the state, are eligible for participation in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement if:

- 1. The proposed brownfield site is currently idle or underutilized as a result of the contamination, and participation in the brownfield program will immediately, after cleanup or sooner, result in increased economic productivity at the site, including at a minimum the creation of 10 new permanent jobs, whether full-time or part-time, which are not associated with implementation of the brownfield site rehabilitation agreement; and
- 2. The person is complying in good faith with the terms of an existing consent order or department-approved corrective action plan, or responding in good faith to an enforcement action, as evidenced by a determination issued by the department or an approved local pollution control program.
- (c) Potential brownfield sites owned by the state or a local government which contain contamination for which a governmental entity is potentially responsible and which are already designated as federal brownfield pilot projects or have filed an application for designation to the United States Environmental Protection Agency are eligible for participation in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement.
- (d) Potential brownfield sites owned by the state or a local government which are impacted by PFAS are eligible for participation in a brownfield site rehabilitation agreement, whether or not such contamination was caused or contributed to by the state or local government after July 1, 1997.

88

89

90 91

92

9394

9596

97

592-03057-20 20201152c1

(e) (d) After July 1, 1997, petroleum and drycleaning contamination sites shall not receive both restoration funding assistance available for the discharge under this chapter and any state assistance available under s. 288.107. Nothing in this act shall affect the cleanup criteria, priority ranking, and other rights and obligations inherent in petroleum contamination and drycleaning contamination site rehabilitation under ss. 376.30-376.317, or the availability of economic incentives otherwise provided for by law.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.