By Senator Albritton

effective date.

26-00996A-20 20201188

A bill to be entitled An act relating to public records; creating s. 631.195, F.S.; defining the terms "consumer" and "personal financial and health information"; exempting from public records requirements consumer personal financial and health information, certain underwriting files, insurer personnel and payroll records, and consumer claim files that are made or received by the Department of Financial Services acting as receiver as to an insurer; exempting from public records requirements certain reports and documents held by the department relating to insurer own-risk and solvency assessments and corporate governance annual disclosures and certain information received from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or governments; providing retroactive applicability; providing that exempted records may be released under specified circumstances; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing statements of public necessity; providing an

212223

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

20

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

2425

Section 1. Section 631.195, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

27

2.6

631.195 Records of insurers; public records exemptions.—

28 29

(a) "Consumer" means a prospective purchaser of, a

(1) As used in this section, the term:

34

35

36

37

38 39

40 41

42

43

4445

46

47

48

49

50

5152

53

54

55

56

57

58

26-00996A-20 20201188

purchaser of, a beneficiary of, or an applicant for any insurance product or service. The term also includes a family member or dependent of such person.

- (b) "Personal financial and health information" means:
- 1. A consumer's personal health condition, disease, or injury;
- 2. A history of a consumer's personal medical diagnosis or treatment;
- 3. The existence, nature, source, or amount of a consumer's personal income or expenses;
- 4. Records of, or relating to, a consumer's personal financial transactions of any kind;
- 5. The existence, identification, nature, or value of a consumer's assets, liabilities, or net worth;
- 6. The existence or content of, or any individual coverage or status under a consumer's beneficial interest in, any insurance policy or annuity contract; or
- 7. The existence, identification, nature, or value of a consumer's interest in any insurance policy, annuity contract, or trust.
- (2) The following records, in whatever form, of an insurer which are made or received by the department, acting as receiver pursuant to this chapter, are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
- (a) All personal financial and health information of a consumer.
- (b) Underwriting files of a type customarily maintained by an insurer transacting lines of insurance similar to those lines transacted by the insurer.

26-00996A-20 20201188

(c) Personnel and payroll records of the insurer.

- (d) Consumer claim files.
- (3) The following records held by the department are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
- (a) An ORSA summary report, a substantially similar ORSA summary report, and supporting documents submitted to the office pursuant to s. 628.8015.
- (b) A corporate governance annual disclosure and supporting documents submitted to the office pursuant to s. 628.8015.
- (c) Information received from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, a governmental entity in this or another state, the Federal Government, or a government of another nation which is confidential or exempt if held by that entity and which is held by the department for use in the performance of its duties relating to insurer solvency.
- (4) The exemptions in subsections (2) and (3) apply to records held by the department before, on, and after July 1, 2020.
- (5) Records or portions of records made confidential and exempt by this section may be released under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) To any state or federal agency, upon written request, if disclosure is necessary for the receiving entity to perform its duties and responsibilities. The receiving agency shall maintain the confidential and exempt status of such record or portion of such record.
- (b) To comply with a properly authorized civil, criminal, or regulatory investigation or a subpoena or summons by a

26-00996A-20 20201188

federal, state, or local authority.

(c) To the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and its affiliates and subsidiaries, if the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the confidential and exempt status of the records.

- (d) To the guaranty associations and funds of the various states which are receiving, adjudicating, and paying claims of the insolvent insurer subject to delinquency proceedings pursuant to this chapter. The receiving guaranty association shall maintain the confidential and exempt status of such record or portion of such record.
- (e) Upon written request, to persons identified as designated employees as described in s. 626.989(4)(d), whose responsibilities include the investigation and disposition of claims relating to suspected fraudulent insurance acts.
- (f) In the case of personal financial and health information of a consumer, upon written request of the consumer or the consumer's legally authorized representative.
- (6) This section is subject to the Open Government Sunset

 Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed

 on October 2, 2025, unless reviewed and saved from repeal

 through reenactment by the Legislature.

Section 2. (1) The Legislature finds it is a public necessity to exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution all personal financial and health information of a consumer, underwriting files of a type customarily maintained by an insurer transacting lines of insurance similar to those lines transacted by the insurer, personnel and payroll records of an insurer, and

26-00996A-20

20201188

consumer claim files that are made or received by the Department 117 118 of Financial Services acting as receiver as to an insurer. 119 Disclosure of financial, health, underwriting, personnel, 120 payroll, or consumer claim information would create the 121 opportunity for theft or fraud, thereby jeopardizing the 122 financial security of a person. Limiting disclosure of such 123 information held by the department is also necessary in order to 124 protect the financial interests of the persons to whom that 125 information pertains. Such information could be used for 126 fraudulent or other illegal purposes, including identity theft, and could result in substantial financial harm. Furthermore, 127 128 every person has an expectation of and a right to privacy in all 129 matters concerning his or her financial interests. The 130 Legislature further finds that it is a public necessity that 131 health information held by the department be made confidential 132 and exempt because matters of personal health are traditionally 133 private and confidential concerns between the patient and his or 134 her health care provider. The private and confidential nature of 135 personal health matters pervades both the public and private 136 health care sectors. Moreover, public disclosure of health 137 information could have a negative effect upon a person's 138 business and personal relationships and could also have 139 detrimental financial consequences. 140 (2)(a) The Legislature further finds that it is a public necessity to exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 141 142 24(a), Article I of the State Constitution the following records 143 held by the department: 144 1. An own-risk and solvency assessment (ORSA) summary 145 report, a substantially similar ORSA summary report, and

147

148

149

150

151

152

153

154

155

156

157

158

159

160161

162

163

164

165

166

167

168

169

170171

172

173

174

26-00996A-20 20201188

supporting documents submitted to the Office of Insurance Regulation pursuant to s. 628.8015, Florida Statutes;

- 2. A corporate governance annual disclosure and supporting documents submitted to the office pursuant to s. 628.8015, Florida Statutes; and
- 3. Information received from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, a governmental entity in this or another state, the Federal Government, or a government of another nation which is confidential or exempt if held by that entity and which is held by the department for use in the performance of its duties relating to insurer solvency.
- (b) In conducting an ORSA, an insurer or insurance group identifies and evaluates the material and relevant risks to the insurer or insurance group and the adequacy of capital resources to support these risks. The ORSA summary report, substantially similar ORSA report, and supporting documents contain highly sensitive and strategic financial information about an insurer or insurer group. Having a comprehensive and unbiased assessment provides the office with an effective early warning mechanism for preventing insolvencies and protecting policyholders and promotes a stable insurance market. Divulging the ORSA summary report, substantially similar ORSA summary report, and supporting documents will injure the insurer or insurance group by providing competitors with detailed insight into their financial position, risk management strategies, business plans, pricing and marketing strategies, management systems, and operational protocols.
- (c) The corporate governance annual disclosure describes an insurer's governance structure and the internal practices and

26-00996A-20 20201188

procedures used in conducting the business affairs of the company, making strategic operational decisions affecting its competitive position, and managing its financial condition.

Release of the corporate governance annual disclosure and supporting documents will injure the insurer or insurance group in the marketplace by providing competitors with the insurer's or the insurance group's confidential business information.

Broad disclosure will give state regulators a thorough understanding of the corporate governance structure and internal policies and practices used by insurers and promote market integrity. Effective governance mechanisms will enable insurers to take any necessary corrective actions and achieve strategic goals while allowing the office to perform its regulatory duties effectively and efficiently.

(d) Divulgence of confidential or exempt information received from the National Association of Insurance

Commissioners or governments could impede the exchange of information and communication among regulators across multiple agencies and jurisdictions and jeopardize the ability of regulators to effectively supervise insurers and groups operating in multiple jurisdictions and engaged in significant cross-border activities.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.