**By** the Committees on Appropriations; and Environment and Natural Resources; and Senator Gruters

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to environmental accountability;
3	amending s. 161.054, F.S.; revising administrative
4	penalties for violations of certain provisions
5	relating to beach and shore construction and
6	activities; making technical changes; amending ss.
7	258.397, 258.46, and 376.25, F.S.; revising civil
8	penalties for violations of certain provisions
9	relating to the Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve, aquatic
10	preserves, and the Clean Ocean Act, respectively;
11	providing that each day that certain violations occur
12	constitutes a separate offense; making technical
13	changes; amending ss. 373.129, 373.209, 376.065,
14	376.071, 376.16, 377.37, 378.211, 403.086, 403.413,
15	403.7234, and 403.93345, F.S.; revising civil
16	penalties for violations of certain provisions
17	relating to water resources, artesian wells, terminal
18	facilities, discharge contingency plans for vessels,
19	the Pollutant Discharge Prevention and Control Act,
20	regulation of oil and gas resources, the Phosphate
21	Land Reclamation Act, sewage disposal facilities,
22	dumping litter, small quantity generators, and coral
23	reef protection, respectively; making technical
24	changes; amending ss. 373.430 and 403.161, F.S.;
25	revising criminal penalties for violations of certain
26	provisions relating to pollution and the environment;
27	making technical changes; amending s. 403.121, F.S.;
28	revising civil and administrative penalties for
29	violations of certain provisions relating to pollution

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30	and the environment; providing that each day that
31	certain violations occur constitutes a separate
32	offense; increasing the amount of penalties that can
33	be assessed administratively; making technical
34	changes; amending s. 403.141, F.S.; revising civil
35	penalties for violations of certain provisions
36	relating to pollution and the environment; providing
37	that each day that the cause of unauthorized
38	discharges of domestic wastewater is not addressed
39	constitutes a separate offense until the violation is
40	resolved by order or judgment; amending ss. 403.726
41	and 403.727, F.S.; revising civil penalties for
42	violations of certain provisions relating to hazardous
43	waste; making technical changes; creating ss. 125.569
44	and 166.0481, F.S.; defining the term "sanitary sewer
45	lateral"; encouraging counties and municipalities,
46	respectively, to establish a sanitary sewer lateral
47	inspection program by a specified date; providing
48	parameters for such a program; creating s. 689.301,
49	F.S.; requiring a seller of real property to disclose
50	any known defects in the property's sanitary sewer
51	lateral; defining the term "sanitary sewer lateral";
52	reenacting s. 823.11(5), F.S., to incorporate the
53	amendment made to s. 376.16, F.S., in a reference
54	thereto; reenacting ss. 403.077(5), 403.131(2),
55	403.4154(3)(d), and 403.860(5), F.S., to incorporate
56	the amendment made to s. 403.121, F.S., in references
57	thereto; reenacting ss. 403.708(10), 403.7191(7), and
58	403.811, F.S., to incorporate the amendment made to s.

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59	403.141, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s.
60	403.7255(2), F.S., to incorporate the amendment made
61	to s. 403.161, F.S., in a reference thereto;
62	reenacting s. 403.7186(8), F.S., to incorporate the
63	amendments made to ss. 403.141 and 403.161, F.S., in
64	references thereto; providing an effective date.
65	
66	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
67	
68	Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 161.054, Florida
69	Statutes, is amended to read:
70	161.054 Administrative fines; liability for damage; liens
71	(1) In addition to the penalties provided for in ss.
72	161.052, 161.053, and 161.121, any person, firm, corporation, or
73	governmental agency, or agent thereof, refusing to comply with
74	or willfully violating <del>any of the provisions of</del> s. 161.041, s.
75	161.052, or s. 161.053, or any rule or order prescribed by the
76	department thereunder, shall incur a fine for each offense in an
77	amount up to $\frac{\$15,000}{\$10,000}$ to be fixed, imposed, and collected
78	by the department. Each day during any portion of which such
79	violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.
80	Section 2. Subsection (7) of section 258.397, Florida
81	Statutes, is amended to read:
82	258.397 Biscayne Bay Aquatic Preserve
83	(7) ENFORCEMENT. The provisions of This section may be
84	enforced in accordance with <del>the provisions of</del> s. 403.412. In
85	addition, the Department of Legal Affairs <u>may</u> <del>is authorized to</del>
86	bring an action for civil penalties of <u>\$7,500</u> <del>\$5,000</del> per day
87	against any person, natural or corporate, who violates <del>the</del>
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88	provisions of this section or any rule or regulation issued										
89	hereunder. Each day during any portion of which such violation										
90	occurs constitutes a separate offense. Enforcement of applicable										
90 91	state regulations shall be supplemented by the Miami-Dade County										
91 92											
92 93	Department of Environmental Resources Management through the										
	creation of a full-time enforcement presence along the Miami										
94	River.										
95	Section 3. Section 258.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to										
96	read:										
97	258.46 Enforcement; violations; penaltyThe provisions of										
98	This act may be enforced by the Board of Trustees of the										
99	Internal Improvement Trust Fund or in accordance with <del>the</del>										
100	<del>provisions of</del> s. 403.412. However, any violation by any person,										
101	natural or corporate, of <del>the provisions of</del> this act or any rule										
102	or regulation issued hereunder <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> further punishable by										
103	a civil penalty of not less than $\frac{\$750}{\$500}$ per day or more than										
104	<u>\$7,500</u> <del>\$5,000</del> per day of such violation. <u>Each day during any</u>										
105	portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate										
106	offense.										
107	Section 4. Subsections (5) and (7) of section 373.129,										
108	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:										
109	373.129 Maintenance of actionsThe department, the										
110	governing board of any water management district, any local										
111	board, or a local government to which authority has been										
112	delegated pursuant to s. 373.103(8), is authorized to commence										
113	and maintain proper and necessary actions and proceedings in any										
114	court of competent jurisdiction for any of the following										
115	purposes:										
116	(5) To recover a civil penalty for each offense in an										

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 117 amount not to exceed \$15,000 \$10,000 per offense. Each date during which such violation occurs constitutes a separate 118 119 offense. 120 (a) A civil penalty recovered by a water management 121 district pursuant to this subsection shall be retained and used exclusively by the water management district that collected the 122 123 money. A civil penalty recovered by the department pursuant to 124 this subsection must be deposited into the Water Quality 125 Assurance Trust Fund established under s. 376.307. 126 (b) A local government that is delegated authority pursuant 127 to s. 373.103(8) may deposit a civil penalty recovered pursuant to this subsection into a local water pollution control program 128 129 trust fund, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a). 130 However, civil penalties that are deposited in a local water 131 pollution control program trust fund and that are recovered for 132 violations of state water quality standards may be used only to 133 restore water quality in the area that was the subject of the 134 action, and civil penalties that are deposited in a local water 135 pollution control program trust fund and that are recovered for

violation of requirements relating to water quantity may be used only to purchase lands and make capital improvements associated with surface water management, or other purposes consistent with the requirements of this chapter for the management and storage of surface water.

(7) <u>To</u> enforce the provisions of part IV of this chapter in
the same manner and to the same extent as provided in ss.
373.430, 403.121(1) and (2), 403.131, 403.141, and 403.161.

144 Section 5. Subsection (3) of section 373.209, Florida 145 Statutes, is amended to read:

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 146 373.209 Artesian wells; penalties for violation.-(3) Any person who violates any provision of this section 147 148 is shall be subject to either: 149 (a) The remedial measures provided for in s. 373.436; or 150 (b) A civil penalty of \$150  $\frac{100}{100}$  a day for each and every 151 day of such violation and for each and every act of violation. 152 The civil penalty may be recovered by the water management board 153 of the water management district in which the well is located or 154 by the department in a suit in a court of competent jurisdiction 155 in the county where the defendant resides, in the county of 156 residence of any defendant if there is more than one defendant, 157 or in the county where the violation took place. The place of 158 suit shall be selected by the board or department, and the suit, 159 by direction of the board or department, shall be instituted and 160 conducted in the name of the board or department by appropriate 161 counsel. The payment of any such damages does not impair or 162 abridge any cause of action which any person may have against 163 the person violating any provision of this section. 164 Section 6. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 373.430,

165 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166

373.430 Prohibitions, violation, penalty, intent.-

167 (2) <u>A person who</u> Whoever commits a violation specified in
168 subsection (1) is liable for any damage caused and for civil
169 penalties as provided in s. 373.129.

(3) <u>A</u> Any person who willfully commits a violation
specified in paragraph (1)(a) <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of
the third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082(3)(e)
and 775.083(1)(g), by a fine of not more than \$50,000 or by
imprisonment for 5 years, or by both, for each offense. Each day

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 175 during any portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate offense. 176 177 (4) A Any person who commits a violation specified in 178 paragraph (1)(a) or paragraph (1)(b) due to reckless 179 indifference or gross careless disregard commits is guilty of a 180 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in ss. 181 775.082(4)(b) and 775.083(1)(g), by a fine of not more than 182 \$10,000  $\frac{55,000}{10}$  or 60 days in jail, or by both, for each offense. 183 (5) A Any person who willfully commits a violation 184 specified in paragraph (1)(b) or who commits a violation 185 specified in paragraph (1)(c) commits is guilty of a misdemeanor 186 of the first degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082(4)(a) 187 and 775.083(1)(g), by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by 6 188 months in jail, or by both, for each offense.

189Section 7. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (5) of190section 376.065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

191 376.065 Operation of terminal facility without discharge 192 prevention and response certificate prohibited; penalty.-

(5) (a) A person who violates this section or the terms and
requirements of such certification commits a noncriminal
infraction. The civil penalty for any such infraction shall be
\$750 \$500, except as otherwise provided in this section.

(e) A person who elects to appear before the county court
or who is required to so appear waives the limitations of the
civil penalty specified in paragraph (a). The court, after a
hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction
has been committed. If the commission of the infraction is
proved, the court shall impose a civil penalty of \$750 \$500.
Section 8. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2) of

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 204 section 376.071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 205 376.071 Discharge contingency plan for vessels.-206 (2) (a) A master of a vessel that violates subsection (1) 207 commits a noncriminal infraction and shall be cited for such 208 infraction. The civil penalty for such an infraction shall be \$7,500 <del>\$5,000</del>, except as otherwise provided in this subsection. 209 210 (e) A person who elects to appear before the county court 211 or who is required to appear waives the limitations of the civil penalty specified in paragraph (a). The court, after a hearing, 212 213 shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been 214 committed. If the commission of the infraction is proved, the 215 court shall impose a civil penalty of \$7,500 \$5,000. 216 Section 9. Section 376.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to 217 read: 218 376.16 Enforcement and penalties.-219 (1) It is unlawful for any person to violate any provision 220 of ss. 376.011-376.21 or any rule or order of the department made pursuant to this act. A violation is shall be punishable by 221 222 a civil penalty of up to \$75,000 <del>\$50,000</del> per violation per day 223 to be assessed by the department. Each day during any portion of 224 which the violation occurs constitutes a separate offense. The 225 penalty provisions of this subsection do shall not apply to any 226 discharge promptly reported and removed by a person responsible, 227 in accordance with the rules and orders of the department, or to 228 any discharge of pollutants equal to or less than 5 gallons.

(2) In addition to the penalty provisions which may apply
under subsection (1), a person responsible for two or more
discharges of any pollutant reported pursuant to s. 376.12
within a 12-month period at the same facility commits a

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 233 noncriminal infraction and shall be cited by the department for 234 such infraction. 235 (a) For discharges of gasoline or diesel over 5 gallons, 236 the civil penalty for the second discharge shall be \$750 \$500 237 and the civil penalty for each subsequent discharge within a 12-238 month period shall be \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del>, except as otherwise 239 provided in this section. 240 (b) For discharges of any pollutant other than gasoline or diesel, the civil penalty for a second discharge shall be \$3,750 241 242  $\frac{22,500}{2}$  and the civil penalty for each subsequent discharge 243 within a 12-month period shall be \$7,500 <del>\$5,000</del>, except as 244 otherwise provided in this section. 245 (3) A person responsible for two or more discharges of any 246 pollutant reported pursuant to s. 376.12 within a 12-month 247 period at the same facility commits a noncriminal infraction and 248 shall be cited by the department for such infraction. 249 (a) For discharges of gasoline or diesel equal to or less 250 than 5 gallons, the civil penalty shall be  $$75 \frac{50}{50}$  for each 251 discharge subsequent to the first. 252 (b) For discharges of pollutants other than gasoline or 253 diesel equal to or less than 5 gallons, the civil penalty shall 254 be  $$150 \frac{$100}{100}$  for each discharge subsequent to the first. 255 (4) A person charged with a noncriminal infraction pursuant to subsection (2) or subsection (3) may: 256 257 (a) Pay the civil penalty; 258 (b) Post a bond equal to the amount of the applicable civil 259 penalty; or 260 (c) Sign and accept a citation indicating a promise to

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appear before the county court.

576-04296-20 20201450c2 262 263 The department employee authorized to issue these citations may indicate on the citation the time and location of the scheduled 264 265 hearing and shall indicate the applicable civil penalty. 266 (5) Any person who willfully refuses to post bond or accept 267 and sign a citation commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 268 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 269 (6) After compliance with paragraph (4) (b) or paragraph 270 (4)(c), any person charged with a noncriminal infraction under 271 subsection (2) or subsection (3) may: 272 (a) Pay the civil penalty, either by mail or in person, 273 within 30 days after the date of receiving the citation; or 274 (b) If the person has posted bond, forfeit the bond by not 275 appearing at the designated time and location. 276 277 A person cited for an infraction under this section who pays the 278 civil penalty or forfeits the bond has admitted the infraction 279 and waives the right to a hearing on the issue of commission of 280 the infraction. Such admission may not be used as evidence in 281 any other proceeding. 282 (7) Any person who elects to appear before the county court 283 or who is required to appear waives the limitations of the civil 284 penalties specified in subsection (2). The court, after a 285 hearing, shall make a determination as to whether an infraction has been committed. If the commission of an infraction is 286 287 proved, the court may impose a civil penalty up to, but not 288 exceeding, \$750 <del>\$500</del> for the second discharge of gasoline or 289 diesel and a civil penalty up to, but not exceeding, \$1,500 \$1,000 for each subsequent discharge of gasoline or diesel 290

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291 within a 12-month period.

292 (8) Any person who elects to appear before the county court 293 or who is required to appear waives the limitations of the civil 294 penalties specified in subsection (2) or subsection (3). The 295 court, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether 296 an infraction has been committed. If the commission of an 297 infraction is proved, the court may impose a civil penalty up 298 to, but not exceeding, \$7,500 for the second discharge of 299 pollutants other than gasoline or diesel and a civil penalty up to, but not exceeding, \$15,000 <del>\$10,000</del> for each subsequent 300 discharge of pollutants other than gasoline or diesel within a 301 302 12-month period.

303 (9) At a hearing under this section, the commission of a 304 charged offense must be proved by the greater weight of the 305 evidence.

(10) A person who is found by a hearing official to have committed an infraction may appeal that finding to the circuit court.

(11) Any person who has not posted bond and who neither pays the applicable civil penalty, as specified in subsection (2) or subsection (3) within 30 days of receipt of the citation nor appears before the court commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(12) Any person who makes or causes to be made a false statement <u>that</u> which the person does not believe to be true in response to requirements of the provisions of ss. 376.011-376.21 commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

319

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 320 376.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 321 376.25 Gambling vessels; registration; required and 322 prohibited releases.-323 (6) PENALTIES.-324 (a) A person who violates this section is subject to a 325 civil penalty of not more than \$75,000 \$50,000 for each 326 violation. Each day during any portion of which such violation 327 occurs constitutes a separate offense. Section 11. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 328 329 377.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 330 377.37 Penalties.-331 (1) (a) Any person who violates any provision of this law or 332 any rule, regulation, or order of the division made under this 333 chapter or who violates the terms of any permit to drill for or 334 produce oil, gas, or other petroleum products referred to in s. 335 377.242(1) or to store gas in a natural gas storage facility, or 336 any lessee, permitholder, or operator of equipment or facilities 337 used in the exploration for, drilling for, or production of oil, 338 gas, or other petroleum products, or storage of gas in a natural 339 gas storage facility, who refuses inspection by the division as 340 provided in this chapter, is liable to the state for any damage 341 caused to the air, waters, or property, including animal, plant, 342 or aquatic life, of the state and for reasonable costs and 343 expenses of the state in tracing the source of the discharge, in 344 controlling and abating the source and the pollutants, and in restoring the air, waters, and property, including animal, 345 346 plant, and aquatic life, of the state. Furthermore, such person, 347 lessee, permitholder, or operator is subject to the judicial imposition of a civil penalty in an amount of not more than 348

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349	576-04296-20 20201450c2										
349	<u>\$15,000</u> <del>\$10,000</del> for each offense. However, the court may receive evidence in mitigation. Each day during any portion of which										
	such violation occurs constitutes a separate offense. This										
351											
352	section does not Nothing herein shall give the department the										
353	right to bring an action on behalf of any private person.										
354	Section 12. Subsection (2) of section 378.211, Florida										
355	Statutes, is amended to read:										
356	378.211 Violations; damages; penalties										
357	(2) The department may institute a civil action in a court										
358	of competent jurisdiction to impose and recover a civil penalty										
359	for violation of this part or of any rule adopted or order										
360	issued pursuant to this part. The penalty <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> not exceed										
361	the following amounts, and the court shall consider evidence in										
362	mitigation:										
363	(a) For violations of a minor or technical nature, $\frac{\$150}{}$										
364	<del>\$100</del> per violation.										
365	(b) For major violations by an operator on which a penalty										
366	has not been imposed under this paragraph during the previous 5										
367	years, <u>\$1,500</u> <del>\$1,000</del> per violation.										
368	(c) For major violations not covered by paragraph (b),										
369	<u>\$7,500</u> <del>\$5,000</del> per violation.										
370											
371	Subject to <del>the provisions of</del> subsection (4), each day or any										
372	portion thereof in which the violation continues shall										
373	constitute a separate violation.										
374	Section 13. Subsection (2) of section 403.086, Florida										
375	Statutes, is amended to read:										
376	403.086 Sewage disposal facilities; advanced and secondary										
377	waste treatment										

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270	576-04296-20 20201450c2									
378	(2) Any facilities for sanitary sewage disposal shall									
379	provide for secondary waste treatment and, in addition thereto,									
380	advanced waste treatment as deemed necessary and ordered by the									
381	Department of Environmental Protection. Failure to conform shall									
382	be punishable by a civil penalty of $\frac{\$750}{\$500}$ for each 24-hour									
383	day or fraction thereof that such failure is allowed to continue									
384	thereafter.									
385	Section 14. Section 403.121, Florida Statutes, is amended									
386	to read:									
387	403.121 Enforcement; procedure; remediesThe department									
388	shall have the following judicial and administrative remedies									
389	available to it for violations of this chapter, as specified in									
390	s. 403.161(1).									
391	(1) Judicial remedies:									
392	(a) The department may institute a civil action in a court									
393	of competent jurisdiction to establish liability and to recover									
394	damages for any injury to the air, waters, or property,									
395	including animal, plant, and aquatic life, of the state caused									
396	by any violation.									
397	(b) The department may institute a civil action in a court									
398	of competent jurisdiction to impose and to recover a civil									
399	penalty for each violation in an amount of not more than <u>\$15,000</u>									
400	\$10,000 per offense. However, the court may receive evidence in									
401	mitigation. Each day during any portion of which such violation									
402	occurs constitutes a separate offense.									
403	(c) Except as provided in paragraph (2)(c), it is <del>shall</del> not									
404	be a defense to, or ground for dismissal of, these judicial									
405	remedies for damages and civil penalties that the department has									
406	failed to exhaust its administrative remedies, has failed to									

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 407 serve a notice of violation, or has failed to hold an 408 administrative hearing prior to the institution of a civil 409 action. 410 (2) Administrative remedies: 411 (a) The department may institute an administrative 412 proceeding to establish liability and to recover damages for any 413 injury to the air, waters, or property, including animal, plant, 414 or aquatic life, of the state caused by any violation. The department may order that the violator pay a specified sum as 415 416 damages to the state. Judgment for the amount of damages 417 determined by the department may be entered in any court having 418 jurisdiction thereof and may be enforced as any other judgment. 419 (b) If the department has reason to believe a violation has 420 occurred, it may institute an administrative proceeding to order 421 the prevention, abatement, or control of the conditions creating 422 the violation or other appropriate corrective action. Except for 423 violations involving hazardous wastes, asbestos, or underground 424 injection, the department shall proceed administratively in all 425 cases in which the department seeks administrative penalties 426 that do not exceed \$50,000 <del>\$10,000</del> per assessment as calculated 427 in accordance with subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7). 428 Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 300g-2, the administrative penalty

429 assessed pursuant to subsection (3), subsection (4), or 430 subsection (5) against a public water system serving a 431 population of more than 10,000 shall be not less than \$1,000 per 432 day per violation. The department <u>may shall</u> not impose 433 administrative penalties in excess of <u>\$50,000</u> <del>\$10,000</del> in a 434 notice of violation. The department <u>may shall</u> not have more than 435 one notice of violation seeking administrative penalties pending

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 436 against the same party at the same time unless the violations 437 occurred at a different site or the violations were discovered 438 by the department subsequent to the filing of a previous notice 439 of violation. 440 (c) An administrative proceeding shall be instituted by the 441 department's serving of a written notice of violation upon the 442 alleged violator by certified mail. If the department is unable 443 to effect service by certified mail, the notice of violation may 444 be hand delivered or personally served in accordance with chapter 48. The notice shall specify the provision of the law, 445 446 rule, regulation, permit, certification, or order of the 447 department alleged to be violated and the facts alleged to 448 constitute a violation thereof. An order for corrective action, 449 penalty assessment, or damages may be included with the notice. 450 When the department is seeking to impose an administrative 451 penalty for any violation by issuing a notice of violation, any 452 corrective action needed to correct the violation or damages 453 caused by the violation must be pursued in the notice of 454 violation or they are waived. However, an <del>no</del> order is not shall 455 become effective until after service and an administrative 456 hearing, if requested within 20 days after service. Failure to 457 request an administrative hearing within this time period 458 constitutes shall constitute a waiver thereof, unless the 459 respondent files a written notice with the department within 460 this time period opting out of the administrative process 461 initiated by the department to impose administrative penalties. 462 Any respondent choosing to opt out of the administrative process 463 initiated by the department in an action that seeks the imposition of administrative penalties must file a written 464

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 465 notice with the department within 20 days after service of the 466 notice of violation opting out of the administrative process. A 467 respondent's decision to opt out of the administrative process 468 does not preclude the department from initiating a state court 469 action seeking injunctive relief, damages, and the judicial 470 imposition of civil penalties. 471 (d) If a person timely files a petition challenging a 472 notice of violation, that person will thereafter be referred to as the respondent. The hearing requested by the respondent shall 473 474 be held within 180 days after the department has referred the 475 initial petition to the Division of Administrative Hearings 476 unless the parties agree to a later date. The department has the 477 burden of proving with the preponderance of the evidence that 478 the respondent is responsible for the violation. No 479 Administrative penalties should not be imposed unless the 480 department satisfies that burden. Following the close of the 481 hearing, the administrative law judge shall issue a final order 482 on all matters, including the imposition of an administrative 483 penalty. When the department seeks to enforce that portion of a 484 final order imposing administrative penalties pursuant to s. 485 120.69, the respondent may shall not assert as a defense the 486 inappropriateness of the administrative remedy. The department 487 retains its final-order authority in all administrative actions 488 that do not request the imposition of administrative penalties.

(e) After filing a petition requesting a formal hearing in
response to a notice of violation in which the department
imposes an administrative penalty, a respondent may request that
a private mediator be appointed to mediate the dispute by
contacting the Florida Conflict Resolution Consortium within 10

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494 days after receipt of the initial order from the administrative 495 law judge. The Florida Conflict Resolution Consortium shall pay 496 all of the costs of the mediator and for up to 8 hours of the 497 mediator's time per case at \$150 per hour. Upon notice from the 498 respondent, the Florida Conflict Resolution Consortium shall 499 provide to the respondent a panel of possible mediators from the 500 area in which the hearing on the petition would be heard. The 501 respondent shall select the mediator and notify the Florida 502 Conflict Resolution Consortium of the selection within 15 days 503 of receipt of the proposed panel of mediators. The Florida 504 Conflict Resolution Consortium shall provide all of the 505 administrative support for the mediation process. The mediation 506 must be completed at least 15 days before the final hearing date 507 set by the administrative law judge.

508 (f) In any administrative proceeding brought by the 509 department, the prevailing party shall recover all costs as 510 provided in ss. 57.041 and 57.071. The costs must be included in 511 the final order. The respondent is the prevailing party when an 512 order is entered awarding no penalties to the department and 513 such order has not been reversed on appeal or the time for 514 seeking judicial review has expired. The respondent is shall be 515 entitled to an award of attorney's fees if the administrative 516 law judge determines that the notice of violation issued by the 517 department seeking the imposition of administrative penalties was not substantially justified as defined in s. 57.111(3)(e). 518 519 An No award of attorney's fees as provided by this subsection 520 may not shall exceed \$15,000.

521 (g) Nothing herein shall be construed as preventing any522 other legal or administrative action in accordance with law.

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 523 Nothing in this subsection shall limit the department's 524 authority provided in ss. 403.131, 403.141, and this section to 525 judicially pursue injunctive relief. When the department 526 exercises its authority to judicially pursue injunctive relief, 527 penalties in any amount up to the statutory maximum sought by 528 the department must be pursued as part of the state court action 529 and not by initiating a separate administrative proceeding. The 530 department retains the authority to judicially pursue penalties in excess of \$50,000 <del>\$10,000</del> for violations not specifically 531 532 included in the administrative penalty schedule, or for multiple 533 or multiday violations alleged to exceed a total of \$50,000 534 \$10,000. The department also retains the authority provided in 535 ss. 403.131, 403.141, and this section to judicially pursue 536 injunctive relief and damages, if a notice of violation seeking 537 the imposition of administrative penalties has not been issued. 538 The department has the authority to enter into a settlement, 539 either before or after initiating a notice of violation, and the 540 settlement may include a penalty amount different from the 541 administrative penalty schedule. Any case filed in state court 542 because it is alleged to exceed a total of \$50,000 \$10,000 in 543 penalties may be settled in the court action for less than 544 \$50,000 <del>\$10,000</del>.

545 (h) Chapter 120 applies shall apply to any administrative 546 action taken by the department or any delegated program pursuing 547 administrative penalties in accordance with this section.

548 (3) Except for violations involving hazardous wastes, 549 asbestos, or underground injection, administrative penalties 550 must be calculated according to the following schedule: 551

(a) For a drinking water contamination violation, the

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552 department shall assess a penalty of \$3,000 \$2,000 for a Maximum 553 Containment Level (MCL) violation; plus \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> if the 554 violation is for a primary inorganic, organic, or radiological Maximum Contaminant Level or it is a fecal coliform bacteria 555 violation; plus \$1,500  $\frac{1}{000}$  if the violation occurs at a 556 557 community water system; and plus \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> if any Maximum 558 Contaminant Level is exceeded by more than 100 percent. For 559 failure to obtain a clearance letter prior to placing a drinking 560 water system into service when the system would not have been 561 eligible for clearance, the department shall assess a penalty of 562 \$4,500 \$3,000.

563 (b) For failure to obtain a required wastewater permit, 564 other than a permit required for surface water discharge, the 565 department shall assess a penalty of  $$2,000 \frac{$1,000}{$1,000}$ . For a domestic or industrial wastewater violation not involving a 566 567 surface water or groundwater quality violation, the department 568 shall assess a penalty of  $$4,000 = \frac{52,000}{52,000}$  for an unpermitted or 569 unauthorized discharge or effluent-limitation exceedance. For an 570 unpermitted or unauthorized discharge or effluent-limitation 571 exceedance that resulted in a surface water or groundwater 572 quality violation, the department shall assess a penalty of \$10,000 <del>\$5,000</del>. Each day the cause of an unauthorized discharge 573 574 of domestic wastewater is not addressed constitutes a separate 575 offense.

576 (c) For a dredge and fill or stormwater violation, the 577 department shall assess a penalty of  $\frac{$1,500}{$1,000}$  for 578 unpermitted or unauthorized dredging or filling or unauthorized 579 construction of a stormwater management system against the 580 person or persons responsible for the illegal dredging or

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 581 filling, or unauthorized construction of a stormwater management 582 system plus  $3,000 \frac{2}{2,000}$  if the dredging or filling occurs in an aquatic preserve, an Outstanding Florida Water, a 583 584 conservation easement, or a Class I or Class II surface water, 585 plus  $$1,500 \frac{$1,000}{$1,000}$  if the area dredged or filled is greater than 586 one-quarter acre but less than or equal to one-half acre, and 587 plus \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> if the area dredged or filled is greater than 588 one-half acre but less than or equal to one acre. The 589 administrative penalty schedule does shall not apply to a dredge 590 and fill violation if the area dredged or filled exceeds one 591 acre. The department retains the authority to seek the judicial 592 imposition of civil penalties for all dredge and fill violations 593 involving more than one acre. The department shall assess a 594 penalty of \$4,500 <del>\$3,000</del> for the failure to complete required 595 mitigation, failure to record a required conservation easement, 596 or for a water quality violation resulting from dredging or 597 filling activities, stormwater construction activities or 598 failure of a stormwater treatment facility. For stormwater 599 management systems serving less than 5 acres, the department 600 shall assess a penalty of \$3,000 \$2,000 for the failure to 601 properly or timely construct a stormwater management system. In 602 addition to the penalties authorized in this subsection, the 603 department shall assess a penalty of \$7,500 <del>\$5,000</del> per violation 604 against the contractor or agent of the owner or tenant that 605 conducts unpermitted or unauthorized dredging or filling. For 606 purposes of this paragraph, the preparation or signing of a 607 permit application by a person currently licensed under chapter 608 471 to practice as a professional engineer does shall not make 609 that person an agent of the owner or tenant.

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610 (d) For mangrove trimming or alteration violations, the department shall assess a penalty of \$7,500 <del>\$5,000</del> per violation 611 612 against the contractor or agent of the owner or tenant that 613 conducts mangrove trimming or alteration without a permit as 614 required by s. 403.9328. For purposes of this paragraph, the preparation or signing of a permit application by a person 615 616 currently licensed under chapter 471 to practice as a 617 professional engineer does shall not make that person an agent 618 of the owner or tenant.

(e) For solid waste violations, the department shall assess 619 a penalty of \$3,000 <del>\$2,000</del> for the unpermitted or unauthorized 620 621 disposal or storage of solid waste; plus \$1,000 if the solid 622 waste is Class I or Class III (excluding yard trash) or if the 623 solid waste is construction and demolition debris in excess of 624 20 cubic yards, plus  $$1,500 \frac{$1,000}{$1,000}$  if the waste is disposed of 625 or stored in any natural or artificial body of water or within 626 500 feet of a potable water well, plus  $$1,500 \frac{$1,000}{$1,000}$  if the 627 waste contains PCB at a concentration of 50 parts per million or 628 greater; untreated biomedical waste; friable asbestos greater 629 than 1 cubic meter which is not wetted, bagged, and covered; 630 used oil greater than 25 gallons; or 10 or more lead acid 631 batteries. The department shall assess a penalty of \$4,500 632 \$3,000 for failure to properly maintain leachate control; 633 unauthorized burning; failure to have a trained spotter on duty 634 at the working face when accepting waste; or failure to provide 635 access control for three consecutive inspections. The department 636 shall assess a penalty of \$3,000 + 2,000 for failure to construct 637 or maintain a required stormwater management system.

638

(f) For an air emission violation, the department shall

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639 assess a penalty of  $\frac{\$1,500}{\$1,000}$  for an unpermitted or 640 unauthorized air emission or an air-emission-permit exceedance, 641 plus \$1,000 if the emission results in an air quality violation, 642 plus \$4,500 \$3,000 if the emission was from a major source and 643 the source was major for the pollutant in violation; plus \$1,500644 \$1,000 if the emission was more than 150 percent of the 645 allowable level.

646 (g) For storage tank system and petroleum contamination 647 violations, the department shall assess a penalty of \$7,500 648  $\frac{5,000}{100}$  for failure to empty a damaged storage system as 649 necessary to ensure that a release does not occur until repairs 650 to the storage system are completed; when a release has occurred 651 from that storage tank system; for failure to timely recover 652 free product; or for failure to conduct remediation or 653 monitoring activities until a no-further-action or site-654 rehabilitation completion order has been issued. The department 655 shall assess a penalty of \$4,500 <del>\$3,000</del> for failure to timely 656 upgrade a storage tank system. The department shall assess a 657 penalty of \$3,000 <del>\$2,000</del> for failure to conduct or maintain 658 required release detection; failure to timely investigate a 659 suspected release from a storage system; depositing motor fuel 660 into an unregistered storage tank system; failure to timely 661 assess or remediate petroleum contamination; or failure to 662 properly install a storage tank system. The department shall assess a penalty of \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> for failure to properly 663 664 operate, maintain, or close a storage tank system.

(4) In an administrative proceeding, in addition to the
penalties that may be assessed under subsection (3), the
department shall assess administrative penalties according to

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668
     the following schedule:
669
           (a) For failure to satisfy financial responsibility
670
     requirements or for violation of s. 377.371(1), $7,500 $5,000.
671
           (b) For failure to install, maintain, or use a required
672
     pollution control system or device, $6,000 $4,000.
673
           (c) For failure to obtain a required permit before
674
     construction or modification, $4,500 $3,000.
675
           (d) For failure to conduct required monitoring or testing;
676
     failure to conduct required release detection; or failure to
677
     construct in compliance with a permit, $3,000 \frac{$2,000}{$2,000}.
678
           (e) For failure to maintain required staff to respond to
679
     emergencies; failure to conduct required training; failure to
680
     prepare, maintain, or update required contingency plans; failure
681
     to adequately respond to emergencies to bring an emergency
     situation under control; or failure to submit required
682
683
     notification to the department, $1,500 $1,000.
684
           (f) Except as provided in subsection (2) with respect to
685
     public water systems serving a population of more than 10,000,
686
     for failure to prepare, submit, maintain, or use required
687
     reports or other required documentation, $750 $500.
688
           (5) Except as provided in subsection (2) with respect to
689
     public water systems serving a population of more than 10,000,
690
     for failure to comply with any other departmental regulatory
691
     statute or rule requirement not otherwise identified in this
     section, the department may assess a penalty of $1,000 $500.
692
693
           (6) For each additional day during which a violation
694
     occurs, the administrative penalties in subsections subsection
695
     (3), subsection (4), and subsection (5) may be assessed per day
696
     per violation.
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576-04296-20 20201450c2 697 (7) The history of noncompliance of the violator for any 698 previous violation resulting in an executed consent order, but 699 not including a consent order entered into without a finding of 700 violation, or resulting in a final order or judgment after the 701 effective date of this law involving the imposition of \$3,000 702 \$2,000 or more in penalties shall be taken into consideration in 703 the following manner: 704 (a) One previous such violation within 5 years prior to the 705 filing of the notice of violation will result in a 25-percent 706 per day increase in the scheduled administrative penalty. 707 (b) Two previous such violations within 5 years prior to 708 the filing of the notice of violation will result in a 50-709 percent per day increase in the scheduled administrative 710 penalty. 711 (c) Three or more previous such violations within 5 years 712 prior to the filing of the notice of violation will result in a 713 100-percent per day increase in the scheduled administrative 714 penalty. 715 (8) The direct economic benefit gained by the violator from 716 the violation, where consideration of economic benefit is 717 provided by Florida law or required by federal law as part of a 718 federally delegated or approved program, shall be added to the 719 scheduled administrative penalty. The total administrative 720 penalty, including any economic benefit added to the scheduled administrative penalty, may shall not exceed \$15,000 \$10,000. 721 722 (9) The administrative penalties assessed for any 723 particular violation may shall not exceed \$10,000 \$5,000 against any one violator, unless the violator has a history of 724 725

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noncompliance, the economic benefit of the violation as

576-04296-2020201450c2726described in subsection (8) exceeds \$10,000 \$5,000, or there are727multiday violations. The total administrative penalties may728shall not exceed \$50,000 \$10,000 per assessment for all729violations attributable to a specific person in the notice of730(10) The administrative law judge may receive evidence in722mitigation.

732 mitigation. The penalties identified in subsections subsection 733 (3), subsection (4), and subsection (5) may be reduced up to 50 734 percent by the administrative law judge for mitigating 735 circumstances, including good faith efforts to comply prior to or after discovery of the violations by the department. Upon an 736 737 affirmative finding that the violation was caused by 738 circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the respondent 739 and could not have been prevented by respondent's due diligence, 740 the administrative law judge may further reduce the penalty.

741 (11) Penalties collected pursuant to this section shall be 742 deposited into the Water Quality Assurance Trust Fund or other 743 trust fund designated by statute and shall be used to fund the 744 restoration of ecosystems, or polluted areas of the state, as 745 defined by the department, to their condition before pollution 746 occurred. The Florida Conflict Resolution Consortium may use a 747 portion of the fund to administer the mediation process provided 748 in paragraph (2)(e) and to contract with private mediators for 749 administrative penalty cases.

(12) The purpose of the administrative penalty schedule and process is to provide a more predictable and efficient manner for individuals and businesses to resolve relatively minor environmental disputes. <u>Subsections (3)-(7) may</u> <del>Subsection (3),</del> <del>subsection (4), subsection (5), subsection (6), or subsection</del>

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755	<del>(7) shall</del> not be construed as limiting a state court in the
756	assessment of damages. The administrative penalty schedule does
757	not apply to the judicial imposition of civil penalties in state
758	court as provided in this section.
759	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 403.141, Florida
760	Statutes, is amended to read:
761	403.141 Civil liability; joint and several liability
762	(1) <u>A person who</u> Whoever commits a violation specified in
763	s. 403.161(1) is liable to the state for any damage caused to
764	the air, waters, or property, including animal, plant, or
765	aquatic life, of the state and for reasonable costs and expenses
766	of the state in tracing the source of the discharge, in
767	controlling and abating the source and the pollutants, and in
768	restoring the air, waters, and property, including animal,
769	plant, and aquatic life, of the state to their former condition,
770	and furthermore is subject to the judicial imposition of a civil
771	penalty for each offense in an amount of not more than $\$15,000$
772	\$10,000 per offense. However, the court may receive evidence in
773	mitigation. Each day during any portion of which such violation
774	occurs constitutes a separate offense. If a violation is an
775	unauthorized discharge of domestic wastewater, each day the
776	cause of the violation is not addressed constitutes a separate
777	offense until the violation is resolved by order or judgment.
778	Nothing herein <u>gives</u> <del>shall give</del> the department the right to
779	bring an action on behalf of any private person.
780	Section 16. Subsections (2) through (5) of section 403.161,
781	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
782	403.161 Prohibitions, violation, penalty, intent
783	(2) <u>A person who</u> <del>Whoever</del> commits a violation specified in

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576-04296-2020201450c2784subsection (1) is liable to the state for any damage caused and785for civil penalties as provided in s. 403.141.786(3) <u>A</u> Any person who willfully commits a violation787specified in paragraph (1) (a) <u>commits</u> is guilty of a felony of788the third degree, punishable as provided in ss. 775.082(3) (e)789and 775.083(1) (g) by a fine of not more than \$50,000 or by

imprisonment for 5 years, or by both, for each offense. Each day during any portion of which such violation occurs constitutes a separate offense.

(4) <u>A</u> Any person who commits a violation specified in
paragraph (1) (a) <u>or paragraph (1) (b)</u> due to reckless
indifference or gross careless disregard <u>commits</u> is guilty of a
misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in ss.
775.082(4) (b) and 775.083(1) (g) by a fine of not more than
<u>\$10,000</u> \$5,000 or by 60 days in jail, or by both, for each
offense.

(5) <u>A</u> Any person who willfully commits a violation
specified in paragraph (1)(b) or <u>who commits a violation</u>
<u>specified in</u> paragraph (1)(c) <u>commits</u> is <u>guilty of</u> a misdemeanor
of the first degree punishable as provided in ss. 775.082(4)(a)
and 775.083(1)(g) by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by 6
months in jail, or by both for each offense.

806 Section 17. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 807 403.413, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 808
- 809
- (6) PENALTIES; ENFORCEMENT.-

403.413 Florida Litter Law.-

(a) Any person who dumps litter in violation of subsection
(4) in an amount not exceeding 15 pounds in weight or 27 cubic
feet in volume and not for commercial purposes commits is guilty

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 813 of a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a civil penalty of 814 \$150 <del>\$100</del>, from which \$50 shall be deposited into the Solid 815 Waste Management Trust Fund to be used for the solid waste 816 management grant program pursuant to s. 403.7095. In addition, 817 the court may require the violator to pick up litter or perform 818 other labor commensurate with the offense committed. 819 Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 403.7234, Florida 820 Statutes, is amended to read: 821 403.7234 Small quantity generator notification and 822 verification program.-82.3 (5) Any small quantity generator who does not comply with 824 the requirements of subsection (4) and who has received a 825 notification and survey in person or through one certified 826 letter from the county is subject to a fine of between \$75  $\frac{550}{5}$ 827 and \$150 \$100 per day for a maximum of 100 days. The county may 828 collect such fines and deposit them in its general revenue fund. 829 Fines collected by the county shall be used to carry out the notification and verification procedure established in this 830 831 section. If there are excess funds after the notification and 832 verification procedures have been completed, such funds shall be 833 used for hazardous and solid waste management purposes only. 834 Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 403.726, Florida 835 Statutes, is amended to read: 836 403.726 Abatement of imminent hazard caused by hazardous 837 substance.-838 (3) An imminent hazard exists if any hazardous substance

839 creates an immediate and substantial danger to human health, 840 safety, or welfare or to the environment. The department may 841 institute action in its own name, using the procedures and

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 842 remedies of s. 403.121 or s. 403.131, to abate an imminent 843 hazard. However, the department is authorized to recover a civil 844 penalty of not more than \$37,500 <del>\$25,000</del> for each day of 845 continued violation. Whenever serious harm to human health, 846 safety, and welfare; the environment; or private or public 847 property may occur prior to completion of an administrative 848 hearing or other formal proceeding that which might be initiated to abate the risk of serious harm, the department may obtain, ex 849 850 parte, an injunction without paying filing and service fees 851 prior to the filing and service of process. 852 Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 853 403.727, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 854 403.727 Violations; defenses, penalties, and remedies.-855 (3) Violations of the provisions of this act are punishable 856 as follows: 857 (a) Any person who violates the provisions of this act, the 858 rules or orders of the department, or the conditions of a permit 859 is liable to the state for any damages specified in s. 403.141 860 and for a civil penalty of not more than \$75,000 \$50,000 for 861 each day of continued violation, except as otherwise provided 862 herein. The department may revoke any permit issued to the 863 violator. In any action by the department against a small 864 hazardous waste generator for the improper disposal of hazardous 865 wastes, a rebuttable presumption of improper disposal shall be 866 created if the generator was notified pursuant to s. 403.7234; 867 the generator shall then have the burden of proving that the 868 disposal was proper. If the generator was not so notified, the 869 burden of proving improper disposal shall be placed upon the 870 department.

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576-04296-20 20201450c2 871 Section 21. Subsection (8) of section 403.93345, Florida 872 Statutes, is amended to read: 873 403.93345 Coral reef protection.-874 (8) In addition to the compensation described in subsection 875 (5), the department may assess, per occurrence, civil penalties 876 according to the following schedule: 877 (a) For any anchoring of a vessel on a coral reef or for 878 any other damage to a coral reef totaling less than or equal to 879 an area of 1 square meter, \$225 <del>\$150</del>, provided that a 880 responsible party who has anchored a recreational vessel as 881 defined in s. 327.02 which is lawfully registered or exempt from registration pursuant to chapter 328 is issued, at least once, a 882 883 warning letter in lieu of penalty; with aggravating 884 circumstances, an additional \$225 <del>\$150</del>; occurring within a state 885 park or aquatic preserve, an additional \$225 \$150. 886 (b) For damage totaling more than an area of 1 square meter 887 but less than or equal to an area of 10 square meters, \$450 <del>\$300</del> 888 per square meter; with aggravating circumstances, an additional 889 \$450 <del>\$300</del> per square meter; occurring within a state park or 890 aquatic preserve, an additional \$450 \$300 per square meter. 891 (c) For damage exceeding an area of 10 square meters, 892 \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> per square meter; with aggravating circumstances, 893 an additional \$1,500 <del>\$1,000</del> per square meter; occurring within a 894 state park or aquatic preserve, an additional \$1,500 \$1,000 per 895 square meter. 896 (d) For a second violation, the total penalty may be 897 doubled.

898 (e) For a third violation, the total penalty may be899 tripled.

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900	(f) For any violation after a third violation, the total
901	penalty may be quadrupled.
902	(g) The total of penalties levied may not exceed $\frac{$375,000}{}$
903	<del>\$250,000</del> per occurrence.
904	Section 22. Section 125.569, Florida Statutes, is created
905	to read:
906	125.569 Sanitary sewer lateral inspection program
907	(1) As used in this section, the term "sanitary sewer
908	lateral" means a privately owned pipeline connecting a property
909	to the main sewer line which is maintained and repaired by the
910	property owner.
911	(2) By July 1, 2022, counties are encouraged to establish
912	an evaluation and rehabilitation program for sanitary sewer
913	laterals on residential and commercial properties within the
914	county's jurisdiction to identify and reduce extraneous flow
915	from leaking sanitary sewer laterals. At a minimum, the program
916	may do all of the following:
917	(a) Establish a system to identify defective, damaged, or
918	deteriorated sanitary sewer laterals on residential and
919	commercial properties within the jurisdiction of the county.
920	(b) Consider economical methods for a property owner to
921	repair or replace a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary
922	sewer lateral.
923	(c) Establish and maintain a publicly accessible database
924	to store information concerning properties where a defective,
925	damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral has been
926	identified. For each property, the database must include, but is
927	not limited to, the address of the property, the names of any
928	persons the county notified concerning the faulty sanitary sewer

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929	lateral, and the date and method of such notification.
930	Section 23. Section 166.0481, Florida Statutes, is created
931	to read:
932	166.0481 Sanitary sewer lateral inspection program
933	(1) As used in this section, the term "sanitary sewer
934	lateral" means a privately owned pipeline connecting a property
935	to the main sewer line which is maintained and repaired by the
936	property owner.
937	(2) By July 1, 2022, municipalities are encouraged to
938	establish an evaluation and rehabilitation program for sanitary
939	sewer laterals on residential and commercial properties within
940	the municipality's jurisdiction to identify and reduce
941	extraneous flow from leaking sanitary sewer laterals. At a
942	minimum, the program may do all of the following:
943	(a) Establish a system to identify defective, damaged, or
944	deteriorated sanitary sewer laterals on residential and
945	commercial properties within the jurisdiction of the
946	municipality.
947	(b) Consider economical methods for a property owner to
948	repair or replace a defective, damaged, or deteriorated sanitary
949	sewer lateral.
950	(c) Establish and maintain a publicly accessible database
951	to store information concerning properties where a defective,
952	damaged, or deteriorated sanitary sewer lateral has been
953	identified. For each property, the database must include, but is
954	not limited to, the address of the property, the names of any
955	persons the municipality notified concerning the faulty sanitary
956	sewer lateral, and the date and method of such notification.
957	Section 24. Section 689.301, Florida Statutes, is created
I	

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	576-04296-20 20201450c2										
958	to read:										
959	689.301 Disclosure of known defects in sanitary sewer										
960	laterals to prospective purchaserBefore executing a contract										
961	for sale, a seller of real property shall disclose to a										
962	prospective purchaser any defects in the property's sanitary										
963	sewer lateral which are known to the seller. As used in this										
964	section, the term "sanitary sewer lateral" means the privately										
965	owned pipeline connecting a property to the main sewer line.										
966	Section 25. Subsection (5) of s. 823.11, Florida Statutes,										
967	is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made										
968	by this act to s. 376.16, Florida Statutes, in a reference										
969	thereto.										
970	Section 26. Subsection (5) of s. 403.077, subsection (2) of										
971	s. 403.131, paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of s. 403.4154, and										
972	subsection (5) of s. 403.860, Florida Statutes, are reenacted										
973	for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act										
974	to s. 403.121, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.										
975	Section 27. Subsection (10) of s. 403.708, subsection (7)										
976	of s. 403.7191, and s. 403.811, Florida Statutes, are reenacted										
977	for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act										
978	to s. 403.141, Florida Statutes, in references thereto.										
979	Section 28. Subsection (2) of s. 403.7255, Florida										
980	Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the										
981	amendment made by this act to s. 403.161, Florida Statutes, in a										
982	reference thereto.										
983	Section 29. Subsection (8) of s. 403.7186, Florida										
984	Statutes, is reenacted for the purpose of incorporating the										
985	amendments made by this act to ss. 403.141 and 403.161, Florida										
986	Statutes, in references thereto.										

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987		Section	30.	This	act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2020.	
									-			
						<b>D</b>		25				