

The Florida Senate
BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Education

BILL: CS/SB 156

INTRODUCER: Education Committee and Senator Perry

SUBJECT: Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program

DATE: November 13, 2019 REVISED: _____

	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1.	Dew	Sikes	ED	Fav/CS
2.			AED	
3.			AP	

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 156 extends the scheduled expiration of the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program from June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2022. The bill also modifies the eligibility requirements for the pilot program by changing the requirement from each elementary school in the district having a comprehensive music education program to specified elementary schools in the district having a comprehensive music education program.

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures. The pilot program is contingent upon legislative appropriation.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

II. Present Situation:

The legislature established the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program (pilot program) in 2017¹ for three years to assist certain school districts in implementing comprehensive music education programs in kindergarten through grade 2, beginning with the 2017-2018 school year.²

¹ Section 69, ch. 2017-116, L.O.F.

² Section 1003.481(1), F.S.

For a school district to be eligible for participation in the pilot program, the district school superintendent must certify to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner) that each elementary school within the district has established a comprehensive music education program that:³

- Includes all students enrolled at the school in kindergarten through grade 2;
- Is staffed by certified music educators;
- Provides music instruction for at least 30 consecutive minutes 2 days a week;
- Complies with class size requirements under the law;⁴ and
- Complies with the Department of Education’s standards for early childhood music education programs for students in kindergarten through grade 2.

The commissioner must select school districts for participation in the pilot program, subject to legislative appropriation, based on the school district’s proximity to the University of Florida and needs-based criteria established by the State Board of Education.⁵ Selected school districts must annually receive \$150 per full-time equivalent student in kindergarten through grade 2 who is enrolled in a comprehensive music education program.⁶

The University of Florida’s College of Education is required to evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot program.⁷ The State Board of Education may adopt rules to administer the pilot program.⁸

The pilot program is scheduled to expire on June 30, 2020.⁹

The pilot program has not been implemented by the Department of Education.¹⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill extends the scheduled expiration of the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program from June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2022. The bill also modifies the eligibility requirements for the pilot program by changing the requirement from each elementary school in the district having a comprehensive music education program to specified elementary schools in the district having a comprehensive music education program.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

³ Section 1003.481(2)(a)-(e), F.S.

⁴ The maximum number of students assigned to each teacher who is teaching core-curriculum courses in public school classrooms for prekindergarten through grade 3 may not exceed 18 students. Section 1003.03(1)(a), F.S.

⁵ Section 1003.481(3)(a), F.S.

⁶ *Id.*

⁷ Section 1003.481(4), F.S.

⁸ Section 1003.481(5), F.S.

⁹ Section 1003.481(6), F.S.

¹⁰ Telephone Interview with staff, Florida Department of Education (Jan 28, 2019). In 2017, the Legislature appropriated \$250,000 for the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program, which was vetoed by the Governor. Specific Appropriation 108, s. 2, ch. 2017-70, L.O.F. In 2018, the Legislature appropriated \$300,000 for the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Pilot Program, which was vetoed by the Governor. Specific Appropriation 108, s. 2, ch. 2018-9, L.O.F.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill has no impact on state revenues or expenditures. The pilot program is contingent upon legislative appropriation.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1003.481 of the Florida Statutes:

IX. Additional Information:

- A. **Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:**
(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Education on November 12, 2019:

The committee substitute changes eligibility requirement for the Early Childhood Music Education Incentive Program from each elementary school in the district having a comprehensive music education program to specified elementary schools in the district having a comprehensive music education program.

- B. **Amendments:**

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.
