# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepa	red By: The	Professional St	aff of the Committe	e on Appropriations	
BILL:	CS/SB 1628					
INTRODUCER:	Education Committee; and Senators Book, Hooper, Rader, and others					
SUBJECT:	Holocaust Education					
DATE:	February 2	26, 2020	REVISED:			
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Dew		Sikes		ED	Fav/CS	
2. Underhill		Elwell		AED	Recommend: Fav/CS	
3. Underhill		Kynoch		AP	Pre-meeting	

## Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

# I. Summary:

CS/SB 1628 expands the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust and authorizes the Department of Education (DOE) to work with the Florida Holocaust Museum and other Holocaust educational organizations to develop relevant curricula, training, and resources. Specifically, the bill:

- Adds the policy against anti-Semitism to the required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Requires each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the DOE that instructional requirements on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Requires the DOE to prepare and offer grade-appropriate curriculum standards, training, and classroom resources for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.

The bill does not have an impact on state revenues or expenditures. However, DOE may incur minimal costs associated with preparing grade-appropriate curriculum standards, training and resources. In addition, DOE may incur minimal costs associated with verifying that each district has met the requirements of the bill. Such costs can be absorbed by the DOE within existing resources.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

### II. Present Situation:

## **Required Instruction in Florida**

Florida law specifies required standards and instruction for public school students. Instructional staff of public schools, subject to the rules of the State Board of Education and the district school board, are required by law to teach prescribed courses of study, including the following historical subject matter:<sup>1</sup>

- The history and content of the Declaration of Independence, including national sovereignty, natural law, self-evident truth, equality of all persons, limited government, popular sovereignty, and inalienable rights of life, liberty, and property, and how they form the philosophical foundation of our government.
- The history of the United States, including the period of discovery, early colonies, the War for Independence, the Civil War, the expansion of the United States to its present boundaries, the world wars, and the civil rights movement to the present.
- The history of the Holocaust (1933-1945), the systematic, planned annihilation of European Jews and other groups by Nazi Germany, a watershed event in the history of humanity, to be taught in a manner that leads to an investigation of human behavior, an understanding of the ramifications of prejudice, racism, and stereotyping, and an examination of what it means to be a responsible and respectful person, for the purposes of encouraging tolerance of diversity in a pluralistic society and for nurturing and protecting democratic values and institutions.
- The history of African Americans, including the history of African peoples before the political conflicts that led to the development of slavery, the passage to America, the enslavement experience, abolition, and the contributions of African Americans to society.

#### The History of the Holocaust

Florida Law was amended in 1994 to require instruction on the history of the Holocaust.<sup>2</sup> Florida school districts must report to the Commissioner of Education (commissioner), annually by July 1, details on the specific courses delivered for each grade level, as well as the materials and resources used, to deliver instruction for all required instruction, including the history of the Holocaust.<sup>3</sup>

The social studies standards for grades 9-12 World History<sup>4</sup> and American History<sup>5</sup> include standards on teaching about the Holocaust. These standards require students to be able to:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 1003.42(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Commission of Education's Task Force on Holocaust Education*, <a href="http://www.fldoe.org/holocausteducation">http://www.fldoe.org/holocausteducation</a> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020). *See* s. 1003.42(2)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Rule 6A-1.094124, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, World History, *SS.912.W.7.8*, available at https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3497 (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, American History, *SS.912.A.6.7*, *available at* <a href="https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3371">https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3371</a> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020); CPALMS, Standards, Social Studies, American History, *SS.912.A.6.3*, *available at* <a href="https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3367">https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewStandard/Preview/3367</a> (last visited Jan. 30, 2020).

• Explain the causes, events, and effects of the Holocaust (1933-1945) including its roots in the long tradition of anti-Semitism, nineteenth century ideas about race and nation, and Nazi dehumanization of the Jews and other victims.<sup>6</sup>

Analyze the impact of the Holocaust during World War II on Jews as well as other groups.<sup>7</sup>

#### Commissioner's Task Force on Holocaust Education

The commissioner created the Commissioner's Task Force on Holocaust Education (task force) in 1994 with the core mission of promoting Holocaust education in Florida. The task force serves as an advisory group to the commissioner and coordinates Holocaust education activities in Florida school districts throughout the state on the commissioner's behalf.

The task force continues to pursue efforts to help teachers, school administrators, and other educators identify effective instructional strategies and materials for integrating Holocaust education in classrooms kindergarten through grade 12. <sup>8</sup>

#### **Discrimination Policy**

The Florida Educational Equity Act prohibits discrimination against students and employees in the Florida K-20 public education system on the basis of criteria including race, ethnicity, national origin, and religion. Public K-20 educational institutions in Florida are required by law to treat discrimination by students or employees or resulting from institutional policies motivated by anti-Semitic intent in an identical manner to discrimination motivated by race. <sup>10</sup>

Examples of anti-Semitism include:<sup>11</sup>

- Calling for, aiding, or justifying the killing or harming of Jews, often in the name of a radical ideology or an extremist view of religion.
- Making mendacious, dehumanizing, demonizing, or stereotypical allegations about Jews as such or the power of Jews as a collective, especially, but not exclusively, the myth about a world Jewish conspiracy or of Jews controlling the media, economy, government or other societal institutions.
- Accusing Jews as a people of being responsible for real or imagined wrongdoing committed by a single Jewish person or group, the State of Israel, or even for acts committed by non-Jews.
- Accusing Jews as a people or the State of Israel of inventing or exaggerating the Holocaust.
- Accusing Jewish citizens of being more loyal to Israel, or the alleged priorities of Jews worldwide, than to the interest of their own nations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> CPALMS, supra note 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Another related standard requires students to be able to describe the attempts to promote international justice through the Nuremberg Trials. CPALMS, *supra* note 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Florida Department of Education, supra note 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1000.05(1)-(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> "Anti-Semitism" is defined as including a certain perception of the Jewish people, which may be expressed as hatred toward Jewish people, rhetorical and physical manifestation of anti-Semitism directed toward a person, his or her property, or toward Jewish community institutions or religious facilities. Section 1000.05(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 1000.05(7)(a), F.S.

Examples of anti-Semitism related to Israel include: 12

• Demonizing Israel by using the symbols and images associated with classic anti-Semitism to characterize Israel or Israelis, drawing comparisons of contemporary Israeli policy to that of the Nazis, or blaming Israel for all inter-religious or political tensions.

- Applying a double standard to Israel by requiring behavior of Israel that is not expected or demanded of any other democratic nation or focusing peace or human rights investigations only on Israel.
- Delegitimizing Israel by denying the Jewish people their right to self-determination and denying Israel the right to exist.

#### Florida Holocaust Museum

The Florida Holocaust Museum (FHM) is dedicated to honoring the memory of millions who suffered or died in the Holocaust and teaching members of all races and cultures to recognize the inherent worth and dignity of human life in order to prevent future genocides. <sup>13</sup> Funding for the FHM is derived from state grants and private donors. The FHM displays permanent and temporary exhibitions depicting events in the lives of Jews in Nazi-occupied Europe, <sup>14</sup> along with exhibits highlighting other persecuted groups. In 2018, the FHM brought in \$3.54 million in revenue, including approximately \$1 million from contributions and special events. <sup>15</sup>

During the 2018-2019 fiscal year, FHM's programs and exhibitions impacted approximately 218,000 people, <sup>16</sup> including: <sup>17</sup>

- Over 122,301 people through off-site observation of FHM exhibitions;
- 3,596 visitors to FHM's permanent and temporary exhibitions;
- 75,334 students participating in FHM programs; and
- 1,460 teachers.

The FHM also provides free curriculum for public, private, and parochial schools, and programs for educators, including Teaching Trunks<sup>18</sup> and a Summer Institute.<sup>19</sup>

FHM educational programs served 637 schools in 36 counties in Florida during the 2018-2019 school year.<sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 1000.05(7)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See also The Florida Holocaust Museum, Mission, <a href="https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/mission/">https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/mission/</a> (last visited Jan. 23, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *The Florida Holocaust Museum History*, <a href="https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/about/fhm-history">https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/about/fhm-history</a>/ (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Legacy Newsletter & Annual Report* (Spring 2019), *available at* <a href="https://issuu.com/pratthefhm/docs/spring">https://issuu.com/pratthefhm/docs/spring</a> 2019 newsletter template alt, at 15.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, About The Florida Holocaust Museum (2019), Handout, at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, The Florida Holocaust Museum Return on Investment Final Report (2019), at 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Teaching Trunks, available free of charge and selected to be appropriate for students at each grade level, are designed to accommodate the needs of one class or a team of teachers. Materials include videos, read-aloud selections, CD-Roms, picture books, student and teacher reference and resource materials, and poster sets. *See* The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Teaching Trunks*, https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/learn/teaching-trunks/ (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *Teacher Training*, <a href="https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/learn/teacher-training/">https://www.flholocaustmuseum.org/learn/teacher-training/</a> (last visited Jan. 29, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> The Florida Holocaust Museum, *supra* note 19, at 1.

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill expands the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust and authorizes the Department of Education (DOE) to work with the Florida Holocaust Museum and other Holocaust educational organizations to develop relevant curricula, training, and resources. Specifically, the bill:

- Adds the policy against anti-Semitism to the required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Requires each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the DOE that instructional requirements on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Requires the DOE to prepare and offer grade-appropriate curriculum standards, training, and classroom resources for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.

The requirements of the bill may assist school districts in providing required instruction on the history of the Holocaust and improve the quality of such instruction statewide.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2020.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Education (DOE) may incur minimal costs associated with preparing grade-appropriate curriculum standards, training and resources. In addition, DOE may incur minimal costs associated with verifying that each district has met the requirements of the bill. However, such costs can be absorbed by the DOE within existing resources.<sup>21</sup>

## VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 1003.42 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

## A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

## CS by Education on February 10, 2020:

The committee substitute amends the required instruction associated with the history of the Holocaust to:

- Include the policy against anti-Semitism described in s. 1000.05(7).
- Require each school district and charter school to annually certify and provide evidence to the Department of Education (DOE), in a manner prescribed by the DOE, that the requirements of instruction on the history of the Holocaust are met.
- Require the DOE to prepare and offer curriculum standards for instruction on the history of the Holocaust.
- Authorize the DOE to work with state or nationally recognized Holocaust educational organizations in addition to the Florida Holocaust Museum to develop:
  - o Grade-appropriate curricula;
  - o Training for instructional personnel; and
  - Classroom resources for required instruction on the history of the Holocaust.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Email from Elizabeth Moya, Director of Legislative Affairs, Florida Department of Education (February 12, 2020) (on file with the Appropriations Subcommittee on Education).