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Proposed Committee Substitute by the Committee on Appropriations (Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice)

A bill to be entitled

2 An act relating to criminal justice; amending s. 3 893.13, F.S.; prohibiting the imprisonment for longer 4 than a certain time for persons who possess, purchase, 5 or possess with the intent to purchase less than a 6 specified amount of a controlled substance; providing 7 exceptions; amending s. 893.135, F.S.; authorizing a 8 court to impose a sentence other than a mandatory 9 minimum term of imprisonment and mandatory fine for a 10 person convicted of trafficking if the court makes 11 certain findings on the record; creating s. 900.06, 12 F.S.; defining terms and specifying covered offenses; 13 requiring that a custodial interrogation conducted at 14 a place of detention in connection with certain 15 offenses be electronically recorded in its entirety; requiring law enforcement officers who do not comply 16 with the electronic recording requirement or who 17 18 conduct custodial interrogations at a location other 19 than a place of detention to prepare a specified 20 report; providing exceptions to the electronic 21 recording requirement; requiring a court to consider a 22 law enforcement officer's failure to comply with the 23 electronic recording requirement in determining the 24 admissibility of a statement, unless an exception 25 applies; requiring a court, upon the request of a defendant, to give certain cautionary instructions to 26 27 a jury under certain circumstances; providing immunity

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28 from civil liability to law enforcement agencies that 29 enforce certain rules; providing that a cause of 30 action is not created against a law enforcement officer; amending s. 961.03, F.S.; revising the 31 32 circumstances under which a wrongfully incarcerated 33 person must file a petition with the court to 34 determine eligibility for compensation; authorizing 35 certain persons to petition the court to determine 36 eligibility for compensation within a specified 37 timeframe; amending s. 961.04, F.S.; revising the 38 circumstances under which a wrongfully incarcerated 39 person is eligible for compensation; amending s. 893.03, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; reenacting 40 ss. 961.02(4) and 961.03(1)(a), (2), (3), and (4), 41 42 F.S., all relating to eligibility for compensation for 43 wrongfully incarcerated persons; providing an effective date. 44 45 46 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 47 Section 1. Present subsection (10) of section 893.13, 48 49 Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (11), and a new subsection (10) is added to that section, to read: 50 51 893.13 Prohibited acts; penalties.-52 (10) Notwithstanding chapter 921, any provision of this 53 section, or any other law relating to the punishment for 54 possessing, purchasing, or possessing with the intent to 55 purchase a controlled substance, a person who possesses, 56 purchases, or possesses with the intent to purchase less than 2

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57	grams of a controlled substance, other than fentanyl or any
58	substance or mixture described in s. 893.135(1)(c)4.a.(I)-(VII),
59	may not be imprisoned for a term longer than 12 months.
60	Section 2. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section
61	893.135, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7)
62	and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that
63	section, to read:
64	893.135 Trafficking; mandatory sentences; suspension or
65	reduction of sentences; conspiracy to engage in trafficking
66	(6) Notwithstanding any provision of this section, a court
67	may impose a sentence for a violation of this section other than
68	the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment and mandatory fine if
69	the court finds on the record that all of the following
70	circumstances exist:
71	(a) The defendant has no prior conviction for a forcible
72	felony as defined in s. 776.08.
73	(b) The defendant did not use violence or credible threats
74	of violence, or possess a firearm or other dangerous weapon, or
75	induce another participant to use violence or credible threats
76	of violence, in connection with the offense.
77	(c) The offense did not result in the death of or serious
78	bodily injury to any person.
79	(d) The defendant was not an organizer, leader, manager, or
80	supervisor of others in the offense and was not engaged in a
81	continuing criminal enterprise as defined in s. 893.20.
82	(e) At the time of the sentencing hearing or earlier, the
83	defendant has truthfully provided to the state all information
84	and evidence that he or she possesses concerning the offense or
85	offenses that were part of the same course of conduct or of a

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86	common scheme or plan.
87	(f) The defendant has not previously benefited from the
88	application of this subsection.
89	
90	A court may not apply this subsection to an offense under this
91	section which carries a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment
92	<u>of 25 years.</u>
93	Section 3. Section 900.06, Florida Statutes, is created to
94	read:
95	900.06 Recording of custodial interrogations for certain
96	offenses
97	(1) As used in this section, the term:
98	(a) "Custodial interrogation" means questioning or other
99	conduct by a law enforcement officer which is reasonably likely
100	to elicit an incriminating response from an individual and which
101	occurs under circumstances in which a reasonable individual in
102	the same circumstances would consider himself or herself to be
103	in the custody of a law enforcement agency.
104	(b) "Electronic recording" means an audio recording or an
105	audio and video recording that accurately records a custodial
106	interrogation.
107	(c) "Covered offense" includes:
108	1. Arson.
109	2. Sexual battery.
110	3. Robbery.
111	4. Kidnapping.
112	5. Aggravated child abuse.
113	6. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult.
114	7. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon.

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576-02058-20 115 8. Murder. 116 9. Manslaughter. 117 10. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or 118 disabled adult. 119 11. Aggravated manslaughter of a child. 120 12. The unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a 121 destructive device or bomb. 122 13. Armed burglary. 123 14. Aggravated battery. 124 15. Aggravated stalking. 125 16. Home-invasion robbery. 126 17. Carjacking. 127 (d) "Place of detention" means a police station, sheriff's 128 office, correctional facility, prisoner holding facility, county 129 detention facility, or other governmental facility where an 130 individual may be held in connection with a criminal charge that 131 has been or may be filed against the individual. (e) "Statement" means a communication that is oral, 132 written, electronic, nonverbal, or in sign language. 133 134 (2) (a) A custodial interrogation at a place of detention, 135 including the giving of a required warning, the advisement of 136 the rights of the individual being questioned, and the waiver of 137 any rights by the individual, must be electronically recorded in 1.38 its entirety if the interrogation is related to a covered 139 offense. 140 (b) If a law enforcement officer conducts a custodial 141 interrogation at a place of detention without electronically recording the interrogation, the officer must prepare a written 142

report explaining why he or she did not record the 143

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144 interrogation.

145	(c) As soon as practicable, a law enforcement officer who
146	conducts a custodial interrogation at a location other than a
147	place of detention shall prepare a written report explaining the
148	circumstances of the interrogation and summarizing the custodial
149	interrogation process and the individual's statements.
150	(d) Paragraph (a) does not apply:
151	1. If an unforeseen equipment malfunction prevents
152	recording the custodial interrogation in its entirety;
153	2. If a suspect refuses to participate in a custodial
154	interrogation if his or her statements are to be electronically
155	recorded;
156	3. If an equipment operator error prevents recording the
157	custodial interrogation in its entirety;
158	4. If the statement is made spontaneously and not in
159	response to a custodial interrogation question;
160	5. If the statement is made during the processing of the
161	arrest of a suspect;
162	6. If the custodial interrogation occurs when the law
163	enforcement officer participating in the interrogation does not
164	have any knowledge of facts and circumstances that would lead an
165	officer to reasonably believe that the individual being
166	interrogated may have committed a covered offense;
167	7. If the law enforcement officer conducting the custodial
168	interrogation reasonably believes that making an electronic
169	recording would jeopardize the safety of the officer, the
170	individual being interrogated, or others; or
171	8. If the custodial interrogation is conducted outside of
172	this state.

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173	(3) Unless a court finds that one or more of the
174	circumstances specified in paragraph (2)(d) apply, the court
175	must consider the circumstances of an interrogation conducted by
176	a law enforcement officer in which he or she did not
177	electronically record all or part of a custodial interrogation
178	in determining whether a statement made during the interrogation
179	is admissible. If the court admits into evidence a statement
180	made during a custodial interrogation that was not
181	electronically recorded as required under paragraph (2)(a), the
182	court must, upon request of the defendant, give cautionary
183	instructions to the jury regarding the law enforcement officer's
184	failure to comply with that requirement.
185	(4) A law enforcement agency in this state which has
186	enforced rules adopted pursuant to this section which are
187	reasonably designed to ensure compliance with the requirements
188	of this section is not subject to civil liability for damages
100	
189	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not
189	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not
189 190	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer.
189 190 191	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
189 190 191 192	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
189 190 191 192 193	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated
189 190 191 192 193 194	<pre>arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated person; determination of eligibility for compensation</pre>
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189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196	<pre>arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated person; determination of eligibility for compensation (1) (b) The person must file the petition with the court:</pre>
189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197	<pre>arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated person; determination of eligibility for compensation (1) (b) The person must file the petition with the court: 1. Within <u>2 years</u> 90 days after the order vacating a</pre>
189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198	<pre>arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated person; determination of eligibility for compensation (1) (b) The person must file the petition with the court: 1. Within <u>2 years</u> 90 days after the order vacating a conviction and sentence becomes final <u>and the criminal charges</u></pre>
189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199	<pre>arising from a violation of this section. This section does not create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer. Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated person; determination of eligibility for compensation (1) (b) The person must file the petition with the court: 1. Within <u>2 years</u> 90 days after the order vacating a conviction and sentence becomes final <u>and the criminal charges</u> <u>against the person are dismissed</u> if the person's conviction and</pre>



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202	dismissed or did not file a claim because of the former 90-day
203	petition filing period under this subparagraph, he or she may
204	file a petition with the court within 2 years after July 1,
205	2020.
206	2. By July 1, 2010, if the person's conviction and sentence
207	was vacated by an order that became final <u>before</u> prior to July
208	1, 2008.
209	Section 5. Section 961.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to
210	read:
211	961.04 Eligibility for compensation for wrongful
212	incarceration.—A wrongfully incarcerated person is not eligible
213	for compensation under the act if any of the following apply:
214	(1) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
215	incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
216	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any violent
217	felony, or a crime committed in another jurisdiction the
218	elements of which would constitute a violent felony in this
219	state, or a crime committed against the United States which is
220	designated a violent felony, excluding any delinquency
221	disposition;
222	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
223	incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
224	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one
225	felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime
226	committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would
227	constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime
228	committed against the United States which is designated a
229	felony, excluding any delinquency disposition;
230	(1)-(3) During the person's wrongful incarceration, the
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231 person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, 232 regardless of adjudication, any violent felony.;

233 (2)(4) During the person's wrongful incarceration, the 234 person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, 235 regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a 236 violent felony.; or

237 <u>(3) (5)</u> During the person's wrongful incarceration, the 238 person was also serving a concurrent sentence for another felony 239 for which the person was not wrongfully convicted.

240 Section 6. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 241 893.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

242 893.03 Standards and schedules.-The substances enumerated 243 in this section are controlled by this chapter. The controlled 244 substances listed or to be listed in Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V are included by whatever official, common, usual, 245 246 chemical, trade name, or class designated. The provisions of 247 this section shall not be construed to include within any of the 248 schedules contained in this section any excluded drugs listed 249 within the purview of 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.22, styled "Excluded 250 Substances"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.24, styled "Exempt Chemical 251 Preparations"; 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.32, styled "Exempted 252 Prescription Products"; or 21 C.F.R. s. 1308.34, styled "Exempt 253 Anabolic Steroid Products."

(3) SCHEDULE III.-A substance in Schedule III has a
potential for abuse less than the substances contained in
Schedules I and II and has a currently accepted medical use in
treatment in the United States, and abuse of the substance may
lead to moderate or low physical dependence or high
psychological dependence or, in the case of anabolic steroids,

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260 may lead to physical damage. The following substances are 261 controlled in Schedule III:

(c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing limited quantities of any of the following controlled substances or any salts thereof:

1. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters
or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with an equal or
greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.

269 2. Not more than 1.8 grams of codeine per 100 milliliters 270 or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized 271 therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are 272 not controlled substances.

3. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium.

4. Not more than 300 milligrams of hydrocodone per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients that are not controlled substances.

5. Not more than 1.8 grams of dihydrocodeine per 100 milliliters or not more than 90 milligrams per dosage unit, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not controlled substances.

6. Not more than 300 milligrams of ethylmorphine per 100 milliliters or not more than 15 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts.

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7. Not more than 50 milligrams of morphine per 100 milliliters or per 100 grams, with recognized therapeutic amounts of one or more active ingredients which are not controlled substances.

294 For purposes of charging a person with a violation of s. 893.135 295 involving any controlled substance described in subparagraph 3. 296 or subparagraph 4., the controlled substance is a Schedule III 297 controlled substance pursuant to this paragraph but the weight 298 of the controlled substance per milliliters or per dosage unit 299 is not relevant to the charging of a violation of s. 893.135. 300 The weight of the controlled substance shall be determined pursuant to s. 893.135(7) s. 893.135(6). 301

302 Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 303 made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in a 304 reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 961.02, Florida 305 Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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293

961.02 Definitions.-As used in ss. 961.01-961.07, the term:

307 (4) "Eligible for compensation" means that a person meets 308 the definition of the term "wrongfully incarcerated person" and 309 is not disqualified from seeking compensation under the criteria 310 prescribed in s. 961.04.

311 Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments 312 made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in 313 references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 314 subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 961.03, Florida 315 Statutes, are reenacted to read:

316 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated 317 person; determination of eligibility for compensation.-

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318 (1) (a) In order to meet the definition of a "wrongfully incarcerated person" and "eligible for compensation," upon entry 319 of an order, based upon exonerating evidence, vacating a 320 321 conviction and sentence, a person must set forth the claim of wrongful incarceration under oath and with particularity by 322 323 filing a petition with the original sentencing court, with a 324 copy of the petition and proper notice to the prosecuting 325 authority in the underlying felony for which the person was incarcerated. At a minimum, the petition must: 326

327 1. State that verifiable and substantial evidence of actual 328 innocence exists and state with particularity the nature and 329 significance of the verifiable and substantial evidence of 330 actual innocence; and

331 2. State that the person is not disqualified, under the 332 provisions of s. 961.04, from seeking compensation under this 333 act.

334 (2) The prosecuting authority must respond to the petition335 within 30 days. The prosecuting authority may respond:

(a) By certifying to the court that, based upon the petition and verifiable and substantial evidence of actual innocence, no further criminal proceedings in the case at bar can or will be initiated by the prosecuting authority, that no questions of fact remain as to the petitioner's wrongful incarceration, and that the petitioner is not ineligible from seeking compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04; or

(b) By contesting the nature, significance, or effect of the evidence of actual innocence, the facts related to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, or whether the petitioner is ineligible from seeking compensation under the



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347 provisions of s. 961.04.

(3) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in 348 paragraph (2)(a), the original sentencing court, based upon the 349 350 evidence of actual innocence, the prosecuting authority's certification, and upon the court's finding that the petitioner 351 352 has presented clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner 353 committed neither the act nor the offense that served as the 354 basis for the conviction and incarceration, and that the 355 petitioner did not aid, abet, or act as an accomplice to a 356 person who committed the act or offense, shall certify to the 357 department that the petitioner is a wrongfully incarcerated 358 person as defined by this act. Based upon the prosecuting 359 authority's certification, the court shall also certify to the 360 department that the petitioner is eligible for compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04. 361

362 (4) (a) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth 363 in paragraph (2)(b), the original sentencing court shall make a determination from the pleadings and supporting documentation 364 365 whether, by a preponderance of the evidence, the petitioner is 366 ineligible for compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04, 367 regardless of his or her claim of wrongful incarceration. If the 368 court finds the petitioner ineligible under the provisions of s. 961.04, it shall dismiss the petition. 369

370 (b) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in 371 paragraph (2)(b), and the court determines that the petitioner is eligible under the provisions of s. 961.04, but the 372 373 prosecuting authority contests the nature, significance or effect of the evidence of actual innocence, or the facts related 374 375 to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, the court

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376 shall set forth its findings and transfer the petition by 377 electronic means through the division's website to the division 378 for findings of fact and a recommended determination of whether 379 the petitioner has established that he or she is a wrongfully 380 incarcerated person who is eligible for compensation under this 381 act.

382 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.