**By** Senator Baxley

	12-00824-20 2020508
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to sales tax absorption; amending s.
3	212.07, F.S.; authorizing dealers, subject to
4	specified conditions, to advertise or hold out to the
5	public that they will absorb all or part of the sales
6	and use tax on taxable transactions, or refund any
7	part thereof to the purchaser; revising a criminal
8	penalty; conforming provisions to changes made by the
9	act; amending s. 212.15, F.S.; providing that certain
10	persons who unlawfully fail to remit absorbed sales
11	taxes commit theft of state funds; providing an
12	effective date.
13	
14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
15	
16	Section 1. Subsections (4) and (8) of section 212.07,
17	Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (2) of that
18	section is republished, to read:
19	212.07 Sales, storage, use tax; tax added to purchase
20	price; <u>tax absorption</u> <del>dealer not to absorb</del> ; liability of
21	purchasers who cannot prove payment of the tax; penalties;
22	general exemptions
23	(2) A dealer shall, as far as practicable, add the amount
24	of the tax imposed under this chapter to the sale price, and the
25	amount of the tax shall be separately stated as Florida tax on
26	any charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible
27	evidence of sale. Such tax shall constitute a part of such
28	price, charge, or proof of sale which shall be a debt from the
29	purchaser or consumer to the dealer, until paid, and shall be

# Page 1 of 4

12-00824-20 2020508 30 recoverable at law in the same manner as other debts. Where it 31 is impracticable, due to the nature of the business practices 32 within an industry, to separately state Florida tax on any charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible evidence 33 34 of sale, the department may establish an effective tax rate for 35 such industry. The department may also amend this effective tax 36 rate as the industry's pricing or practices change. Except as otherwise specifically provided, any dealer who neglects, fails, 37 or refuses to collect the tax herein provided upon any, every, 38 39 and all retail sales made by the dealer or the dealer's agents or employees of tangible personal property or services which are 40 subject to the tax imposed by this chapter shall be liable for 41 42 and pay the tax himself or herself.

43 (4) (a) A dealer engaged in any business taxable under this 44 chapter may not advertise or hold out to the public, in any manner, directly or indirectly, that he or she will absorb all 45 46 or any part of the tax, or that he or she will relieve the 47 purchaser of the payment of all or any part of the tax, or that the tax will not be added to the selling price of the property 48 49 or services sold or released. However, such dealer may advertise 50 or hold out to the public or, when added, that he or she will 51 absorb all or any part of such tax or that it or any part 52 thereof will be refunded to the purchaser subject to both of the 53 following conditions:

54 <u>1. In so advertising or holding out to the public, the</u>
55 <u>dealer shall expressly state on any charge ticket, sales slip,</u>
56 <u>invoice, or other tangible evidence of sale given to the</u>
57 <u>purchaser that such dealer will pay the tax imposed by this</u>
58 <u>chapter to the state. The dealer may not indicate or imply that</u>

#### Page 2 of 4

87

12-00824-20 2020508 59 the transaction is exempt or excluded from the tax imposed by 60 this chapter. 61 2. A charge ticket, sales slip, invoice, or other tangible 62 evidence of sale given to the purchaser must separately state 63 the amount of such tax in accordance with subsection (2) either 64 directly or indirectly by any method whatsoever. 65 (b) A person who violates this subsection commits provision 66 with respect to advertising or refund is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 67 68 775.083. A second or subsequent offense constitutes a 69 misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 70 775.082 or s. 775.083. 71 (8) Any person who has purchased at retail, used, consumed, 72 distributed, or stored for use or consumption in this state 73 tangible personal property, admissions, communication or other 74 services taxable under this chapter, or leased tangible personal 75 property, or who has leased, occupied, or used or was entitled 76 to use any real property, space or spaces in parking lots or 77 garages for motor vehicles, docking or storage space or spaces 78 for boats in boat docks or marinas, and cannot prove that the tax levied by this chapter has been paid to his or her vendor, 79 lessor, or other person, or was absorbed by a dealer pursuant to 80 81 subsection (4), is directly liable to the state for any tax, 82 interest, or penalty due on any such taxable transactions. Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 212.15, Florida 83 Statutes, is amended to read: 84 85 212.15 Taxes declared state funds; penalties for failure to 86 remit taxes; due and delinquent dates; judicial review.-

## (2) Any person who, with intent to unlawfully deprive or

#### Page 3 of 4

12-00824-20 2020508 88 defraud the state of its moneys or the use or benefit thereof, 89 fails to remit taxes collected or absorbed under this chapter 90 commits theft of state funds, punishable as follows: 91 (a) If the total amount of stolen revenue is less than 92 \$1,000, the offense is a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a 93 94 second conviction, the offender commits a misdemeanor of the 95 first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Upon a third or subsequent conviction, the offender 96 97 commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in 98 s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084. 99 (b) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$1,000 or more, but less than \$20,000, the offense is a felony of the 100 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 101 or s. 775.084. 102 103 (c) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$20,000 or 104 more, but less than \$100,000, the offense is a felony of the 105 second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083,

106 or s. 775.084.
107 (d) If the total amount of stolen revenue is \$100,000 or

108 more, the offense is a felony of the first degree, punishable as 109 provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

110

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.

SB 508

### Page 4 of 4